# **Assignment 2**

(COMP 3601 - Design and Analysis of Algorithms, 2022-2023)

Date Available: 8AM, Wednesday, March 01, 2023 Due Date: 11.50 PM, Wednesday, March 15, 2023 Total Mark: 100 marks (weighted 16% out of 100%)

#### **Answer ALL Questions**

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Type or write your answers neatly.
- 2. Show all working of your answers.
- **3**. Your solutions must be your own. You must not share your working or solutions with your peers.
- 4. You are not permitted to copy, summarize, or paraphrase the work of others in your solutions.
- **5**. Submit your answers in a single zipped file named A2\_ID.zip to the email comp3601daa@gmail.com, where ID is replaced with your student ID. The file A2\_ID.zip contains
- a single PDF file containing all of your typed, handwritten, and screenshots answers.
- a signed and dated UWI Plagiarism Declaration indicating that the work submitted is your own.

#### **Question 1** [20 marks]

**a**. [10 marks] The exponentiation  $a^n$  can be computed by using the squaring algorithm as follows.

$$a^{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ a & \text{if } n = 1 \\ (a^{2})^{n/2} & \text{if } n \text{ is even and } n > 0 \\ (a^{2})^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} \cdot a & \text{if } n \text{ is odd and } n > 1 \end{cases}$$

where a is a positive integer and n is a nonnegative integer.

Set up and solve a recurrence relation by the backward substitution method for the number of multiplications made by the squaring algorithm for  $n = 2^k$ .

**b**. [10 marks] You are given a sorted array  $A[\ell]$ ,  $A[\ell+1]$ , ..., A[r] whose values increase linearly, the interpolation search that is used to find whether a search key v in the array A compares the key v with the element A[x] whose index x is computed as

$$x = \ell + \left\lfloor \frac{(v - A[\ell])(r - \ell)}{A[r] - A[\ell]} \right\rfloor,$$

where  $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$  is the floor function. Derive the above formula

#### PLEASE TURN TO THE NEXT PAGE

## **Question 2** [20 marks]

**a.** [10 marks] Solve the recurrence relation  $T(n) = T(\sqrt{n}) + 1$ , where T(n) is a constant c for  $n \le 2$ , by using the backward substitution method.

**b**. [2 marks] Prove the equality  $a^{\log_b c} = c^{\log_b a}$ .

c. [8 marks] Show that  $a^{62}$  can be computed with only eight multiplications.

## **Question 3** [20 marks]

**a.** [10 marks] The best-case recurrence relation for the number of key comparisons made by the merge sort algorithm is  $C_b(n) = 2C_b(n/2) + n/2$  for n > 1,  $C_b(1) = 0$ .

Solve the above recurrence by the backward substitution method for  $n = 2^k$ .

**b**. [10 marks] Use mathematical induction to prove that  $n! > 2^n$  for all integers  $n \ge 4$ .

## **Question 4** [20 marks]

a. [10 marks] Use the mathematical induction method to prove the following equality

$$\begin{bmatrix} F(n-1) \\ F(n) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ for } n \ge 1,$$

where F(n) is the *n*th Fibonacci number, F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2) for  $n \ge 2$ , F(0) = 0, F(1) = 1.

**b**. [10 marks] The average-case number of key comparisons made by the insertion sort algorithm is

$$C_a(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (\frac{i}{2} + \frac{i}{i+1}).$$

Show that  $C_a(n) \approx \frac{n(n+3)}{4} - \ln n$ , where  $\ln n = \log_e n$ ,  $e \approx 2.718$ .

## **Question 5** [20 marks]

The average-case number of key comparisons made by the bubble sort algorithm is

$$C_a(n) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} C(i),$$

where 
$$C(i) = \sum_{j=n-1}^{n-i} j$$
. Show that  $C_a(n) = \frac{n^2}{3} - \frac{n}{6}$ .

# **End of Assignment 2**