



VIT[®]
Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

SWE1004 - (L 9 + L10)

Lab Sheet 3

Integrity Constraints

Important guidelines to be followed

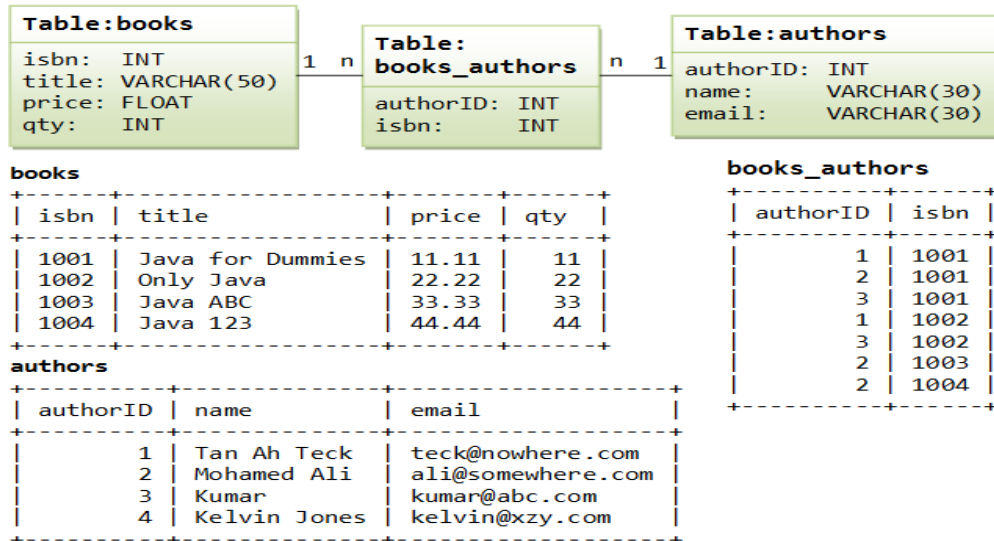
- Every table created should have the last four digits of your registration number **together with the table name(eg:emp_1021)**
 - Insert a minimum of 5 **records** for each table as per the requirements of the query.
 - No query must return an answer **"No rows found"**
 - Upload a **PDF** document with
 - the screenshots of tables created,
 - Records of the tables,
 - SQL queries with answers
-

Exercise: SQL - Integrity Constraints

Create the following tables and apply constraints as follows

1. Books Table:
 - a. isbn - primary key
 - b. title
 - c. price
 - d. qty - not null
2. Authors Table:
 - a. authorId - primary key
 - b. email - unique
3. Book_Authors:
 - a. isbn - foreign key references books table
 - b. authorId - foreign key references authors table

Database: mybookstore



Write SQL Queries for the following:

Constraints:

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM books_table_1119_;

  ISBN TITLE                                     PRICE
-----
  QTY
-----
  1001 Java for Dummies                           11.11
    11
  1002 Only Java                                   22.22
    22
  1003 Java ABC                                    33.33
    33
  ISBN TITLE                                     PRICE
-----
  QTY
-----
  1004 Java for 123                               44.44
    44
```

1. Add unique constraint to title in books table

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE books_table_1119_
2  MODIFY title varchar(50) UNIQUE;

Table altered.
```

2. Add not null constraint to price in books table

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE books_table_1119_
2  MODIFY title varchar(50) UNIQUE;

Table altered.
```

3. Alter not null constraint in price attribute in books table and set the check constraint so that value is greater than 0.0

```
SQL> ALTER table books_table_1119_ ADD CHECK(price> 0);

Table altered.
```

4. Drop not null constraint for qty in books table

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE books_table_1119_
2 MODIFY qty int;

Table altered.
```

5. Set a default value of qty in books table as 0

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE books_table_1119_
2 MODIFY qty int DEFAULT'0';
```

6. Drop unique constraint for email attribute in authors table

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE authors_1119
2 MODIFY email varchar(30);

Table altered.
```

7. Drop any one foreign key constraint.

8. Drop a primary key [after referenced foreign key is dropped]

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE books_table_1119
2 DROP COLUMN isbn;

Table altered.
```

9. Add an attribute for authors table and set a constraint for it.

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE authors_1119
2 ADD review varchar(30) UNIQUE;

Table altered.
```