Analysis for the manuscript 'Hepcidin levels can distinguish anemia of chronic disease from iron deficiency anemia in a cross-sectional study of hidradenitis suppurativa patients'

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This document details the analysis and generation of figures found in "Hepcidin levels can distinguish anemia of chronic disease from iron deficiency anemia in a cross-sectional study of hidradenitis suppurativa patients". The dataset related to this article can be found at https://data.mendeley.com/datasets/9x4n84cxxw/1, an open-source online data repository hosted at Mendeley Data Ghias, Mondana; Johnston, Andrew; Babbush, Kayla; Cohen, Steven (2020), "Elevated hepcidin in hidradenitis suppurativa", Mendeley Data, v1 http://dx.doi.org/10.17632/9x4n84cxxw.1.

Overview of Analysis

- 1. Examine the relationship among acute phase reactants, hepcidin, and disease severity (HS-PGA) 1a. Univariate ordinal regression Hepcidin and HS-PGA
- 2. Examine the relationship between hepcidin and different anemia classifications.
- 3. Using Hepcidin to distinguish among IDA, ACD, and ACD/IDA
- 4. Making Table 1
- 5. Making Figure 1

Curate Data

Load in packages

```
# load in libraries
library(data.table)
library(ggplot2)
library(ggthemes)
library(reshape2)
library(ggpubr)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(MASS)
library(AER)
library(scales)
library("flexplot")
library(overlapping)
library(lattice)
library(lubridate)
library(ROCit)
library(pROC)
library(plotROC)
library(OptimalCutpoints)
library(cutpointr)
library(pastecs)
library(Hmisc)
library(mblm)
library(polycor)
library(psych)
library(table1)
library(dunn.test)
# set options
options(scipen = 999, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

download the data.

```
hep_dat <- read.csv("Hepcidin Data Reformated_7.31.19.csv", header = T)
tail(hep_dat[1:132, ])
       Sample Sample.Date Gender Age Race
##
                                            BMI Hurley
                                                          Hb Anemic MCV PLT Fe
## 127
           29
                  12/4/18
                               0 22
                                        2
                                             NA
                                                      3 15.2
                                                                  0 91.8 276 74
## 128
           52
                 12/17/18
                               0
                                  27
                                        1 31.14
                                                      3 15.3
                                                                  0 90.9 193 74
## 129
          150
                  2/11/19
                               1 37
                                        3 34.33
                                                      2 15.5
                                                                  0 94.9 285 50
## 130
                                                      1 15.7
                                                                  0 90.0 303 89
          59
                 12/18/18
                               1 24
                                        3
                                             NA
## 131
          124
                  1/28/19
                               0 48
                                        0 36.34
                                                      3 16.4
                                                                  0 81.0 224 81
## 132
          NA
                              NA NA
                                       NA
                                             NA
                                                    NA
                                                          NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                      NA NA NA
       Hepcidin Ferritin Ferritin.class CRP CRP.class ESR PGA PGA.class Tsat
##
## 127
         43.00
                     212
                                      2 3.3
                                                    1 83
                                                             5
          80.10
## 128
                     102
                                                     2 30
                                                             3
                                                                           30
                                      1 NA
                                                                       1
## 129
          12.50
                      37
                                      1 0.7
                                                    0
                                                       9
                                                             3
                                                                       1
                                                                           12
                      88
                                      1 0.7
                                                    0 15
                                                             2
                                                                       0
## 130
          34.33
                                                                           19
## 131
          35.17
                     270
                                      2 0.5
                                                    0 17 3
                                                                       1
                                                                           25
## 132
             NA
                      NA
                                     NA NA
                                                   NA NA NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                           NA
       Transferrin Visit Paired.ID
## 127
               188
                       1
## 128
               195
                       1
                              11-1
## 129
               344
                       1
## 130
               368
## 131
               256
                       1
## 132
               NA
hep_dat <- hep_dat[1:131, ] # remove blanks rows
hep_dat <- hep_dat[hep_dat$Visit == 1, ] # use only the 1st visit data
# removing 1 individual without sufficient data, anemic but no ferritin and tsat
# data
hep_dat <- hep_dat[!(hep_dat$Anemic == 1 & (is.na(hep_dat$Tsat) | is.na(hep_dat$Ferritin))),
hep_dat$PGA <- as.factor(hep_dat$PGA)
hep_dat$Gender <- as.factor(hep_dat$Gender)
hep dat 3 <- hep dat
hep_dat_3$Anemic <- as.factor(hep_dat_3$Anemic)</pre>
seq_col <- brewer.pal(6, "YlOrRd")</pre>
hep_dat_4 <- hep_dat_3
hep_dat_4$PGA <- as.numeric(hep_dat_4$PGA)
```

1 Relationship among hepcidin, acute phase reactants, and disease severity

1a. Univariate ordinal regression Hepcidin and HS-PGA

Hepcidin levels positively predict HS-PGA in univariate ordinal regression

```
ord_uni_PGA_hep <- polr(PGA ~ Hepcidin, data = hep_dat, Hess = TRUE)
coeftest(ord_uni_PGA_hep)

##
## z test of coefficients:
##
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Hepcidin 0.0324693 0.0067663 4.7987 0.0000015971625323 ***
```

```
## 0|1
           -3.9637873 1.0145094 -3.9071 0.0000934113601393 ***
## 1|2
           -0.7079215  0.2973038  -2.3811
                                                  0.017259 *
## 2|3
           0.7937646 0.2800878 2.8340
                                                  0.004597 **
            1.6491474 0.3092996 5.3319 0.0000000972030791 ***
## 3|4
## 4|5
            ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
summary(ord uni PGA hep)
## polr(formula = PGA ~ Hepcidin, data = hep_dat, Hess = TRUE)
## Coefficients:
##
             Value Std. Error t value
## Hepcidin 0.03247 0.006766
## Intercepts:
      Value
              Std. Error t value
## 0|1 -3.9638 1.0145
                         -3.9071
## 1|2 -0.7079 0.2973
                         -2.3811
## 2|3 0.7938 0.2801
                          2.8340
## 3|4 1.6491 0.3093
                          5.3319
## 4|5 2.8090 0.3827
                          7.3407
## Residual Deviance: 338.2186
## AIC: 350.2186
## store table
(tab ord PGA hep <- coef(summary(ord uni PGA hep)))</pre>
                 Value Std. Error
                                   t value
## Hepcidin 0.03246928 0.006766297 4.798678
## 0|1
           -3.96378728 1.014509364 -3.907098
## 1|2
           -0.70792154 0.297303846 -2.381138
## 2|3
           0.79376463 0.280087819 2.833985
## 3|4
            1.64914740 0.309299628 5.331876
## 4|5
            2.80898823 0.382660842 7.340673
## calculate and store p values
p_ord_PGA_hep <- pnorm(abs(tab_ord_PGA_hep[, "t value"]), lower.tail = FALSE) * 2</pre>
## combined table
(tab_ord_PGA_hep <- cbind(tab_ord_PGA_hep, `p value` = p_ord_PGA_hep))</pre>
##
                 Value Std. Error t value
                                                         p value
## Hepcidin 0.03246928 0.006766297 4.798678 0.000001597162532254
           -3.96378728 1.014509364 -3.907098 0.000093411360139315
## 0|1
## 1|2
           -0.70792154 0.297303846 -2.381138 0.017259236927527309
## 2|3
            0.79376463 \ 0.280087819 \ 2.833985 \ 0.004597151568501760
## 3|4
            1.64914740 0.309299628 5.331876 0.000000097203079144
## 4|5
            2.80898823 0.382660842 7.340673 0.000000000000212522
## odds ratio
exp(coef(ord_uni_PGA_hep))
## Hepcidin
```

1.033002

```
## odds ratio with 95% CI
c(exp(coef(ord_uni_PGA_hep)), exp(confint(ord_uni_PGA_hep)))

## Hepcidin    2.5 %   97.5 %

## 1.033002 1.020202 1.047762

# Hepcidin and Hurley
table(hep_dat$Hurley)

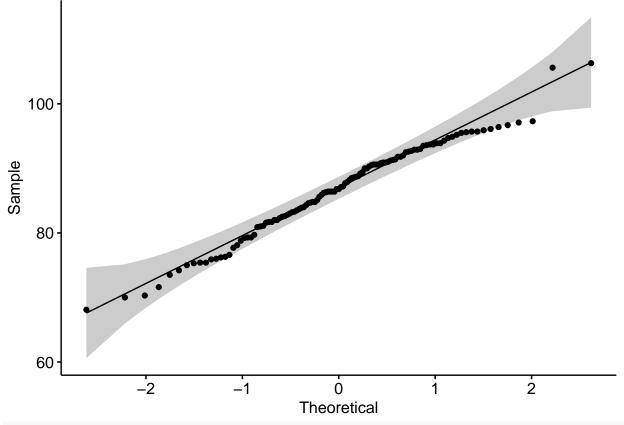
##

## 1 2 3
## 21 11 79
```

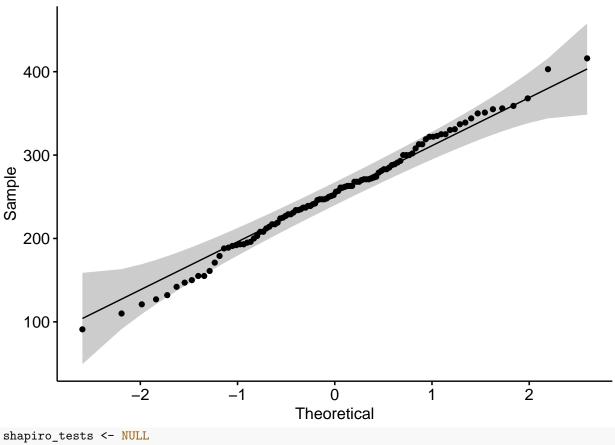
1b. Correlation among quantitive factors

Age, BMI, Hb, MCV, PLT,Fe, Hepcidin, Ferritin, CRP, ESR, Tsat, Transferrin are the factors for which we have data points. First, we will assess the distribution of the variables; Only MCV and Transferrin are normally distributed; therefore, will use pearson correlation test (http://www.sthda.com/english/wiki/normality-test-in-r).

```
in-r).
colnames(hep_dat)
    [1] "Sample"
                          "Sample.Date"
                                            "Gender"
                                                              "Age"
                                                              "Hb"
    [5] "Race"
                          "BMI"
                                            "Hurley"
##
       "Anemic"
                          "MCV"
                                            "PLT"
                                                              "Fe"
##
    [9]
## [13] "Hepcidin"
                          "Ferritin"
                                            "Ferritin.class" "CRP"
## [17] "CRP.class"
                          "ESR"
                                            "PGA"
                                                              "PGA.class"
## [21] "Tsat"
                                            "Visit"
                          "Transferrin"
                                                              "Paired.ID"
# Age, BMI, Hb, MCV, PLT, Fe, Hepcidin, Ferritin, CRP, ESR, Tsat, Transferrin
hep_dat_quant <- hep_dat[, c(4, 6, 8, 10:14, 16, 18, 21:22)]
tail(hep_dat_quant)
                    Hb MCV PLT Fe Hepcidin Ferritin CRP ESR Tsat Transferrin
##
       Age
                                        34.74
## 125
        30
              NA 15.1 92.6 229 144
                                                    71 0.25
                                                                   42
                                                                               273
                                                              15
## 127
        22
              NA 15.2 91.8 276 74
                                        43.00
                                                    212 3.30
                                                              83
                                                                   31
                                                                               188
## 128
        27 31.14 15.3 90.9 193
                                74
                                        80.10
                                                    102
                                                          NA
                                                              30
                                                                   30
                                                                               195
## 129
        37 34.33 15.5 94.9 285
                                 50
                                        12.50
                                                    37 0.70
                                                               9
                                                                   12
                                                                               344
              NA 15.7 90.0 303
## 130
        24
                                 89
                                        34.33
                                                    88 0.70
                                                              15
                                                                   19
                                                                               368
        48 36.34 16.4 81.0 224
                                                    270 0.50 17
                                                                   25
## 131
                                81
                                        35.17
                                                                               256
dim(hep_dat_quant)
## [1] 113 12
l_qqplot <- list()</pre>
for (i in 1:ncol(hep_dat_quant)) {
    l_qqplot[[i]] <- ggqqplot(hep_dat_quant[, i])</pre>
    names(l_qqplot)[i] <- colnames(hep_dat_quant)[i]</pre>
1_qqplot[[4]] # MCV
```



1_qqplot[[12]] # transferrin



```
shapiro_tests <- NULL
for (i in 1:ncol(hep_dat_quant)) {
    shapiro_tests[i] <- unlist(shapiro.test(hep_dat_quant[, i])[2])
    names(shapiro_tests)[i] <- colnames(hep_dat_quant)[i]
}
which(shapiro_tests > 0.05)
```

MCV Transferrin
4 12

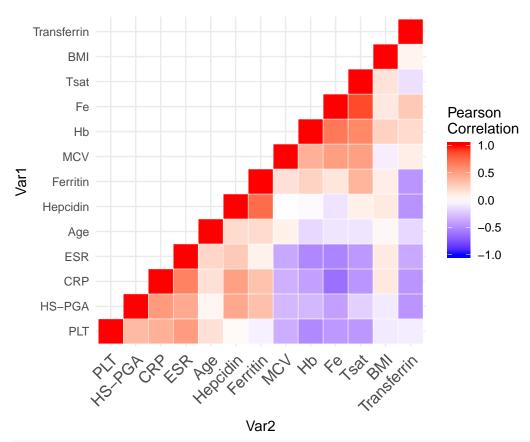
Will graphically represent the correlation among factors

```
cormat_quant <- rcorr(x = as.matrix(hep_dat_quant), type="spearman")
cormat_quant <- round(cormat_quant$r,2)

# make corelations between HS-PGA and other variables
cor_hspga <- NULL
j<-1
for (i in c(4,6,8,10:14,16,18,21:22)) {
   temp <- rcorr(hep_dat$PGA, hep_dat[,i], type = "spearman") # 0.7226236
   cor_hspga <- c(cor_hspga,temp$r[1,2])
   names(cor_hspga)[j] <- colnames(hep_dat)[i]
   j<-j+1
}
cor_hspga</pre>
```

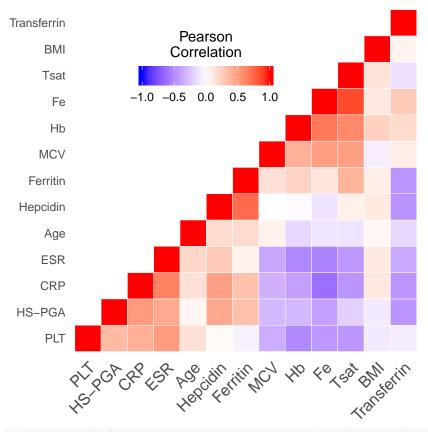
Age BMI Hb MCV PLT Fe ## 0.04830706 -0.09423165 -0.31165635 -0.30534103 0.35934420 -0.40514345 ## Hepcidin Ferritin CRP ESR Tsat Transferrin

```
## 0.45255453 0.32809537 0.52079243 0.43722563 -0.20070701 -0.45999236
cormat_all <- rbind(cormat_quant, cor_hspga)</pre>
cormat_all <- cbind(cormat_all, c(cor_hspga,1))</pre>
#round
cormat_all <- round(cormat_all,2)</pre>
#fix names
rownames(cormat_all)[13] <- "HS-PGA"</pre>
colnames(cormat_all)[13] <- "HS-PGA"</pre>
# Reorder the correlation matrix
cormat <- reorder_cormat(cormat_all)</pre>
# make lower triangle
upper_tri <- get_upper_tri(cormat)</pre>
# Melt the correlation matrix
melted_cormat <- melt(upper_tri, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
# Create a ggheatmap
ggheatmap <- ggplot(melted_cormat, aes(Var2, Var1, fill = value))+</pre>
geom_tile(color = "white")+
scale_fill_gradient2(low = "blue", high = "red", mid = "white",
  midpoint = 0, limit = c(-1,1), space = "Lab",
    name="Pearson\nCorrelation") +
 theme_minimal()+ # minimal theme
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, vjust = 1,
    size = 12, hjust = 1))+
coord fixed()
# Print the heatmap
print(ggheatmap)
```



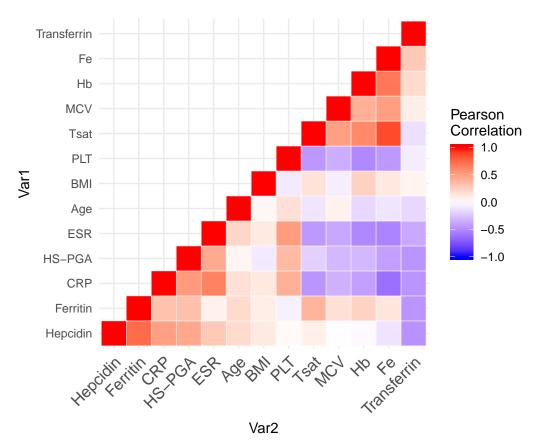
```
# labeled heatmap
ggheatmap_labeled <- ggheatmap +</pre>
geom_text(aes(Var2, Var1, label = value), color = "black", size = 4) +
theme(
  axis.title.x = element_blank(),
  axis.title.y = element_blank(),
  panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
  panel.border = element_blank(),
  panel.background = element_blank(),
  axis.ticks = element_blank(),
  legend.justification = c(1, 0),
  legend.position = c(0.6, 0.7),
  legend.direction = "horizontal")+
  guides(fill = guide_colorbar(barwidth = 7, barheight = 1,
                title.position = "top", title.hjust = 0.5))
print(ggheatmap_labeled)
```

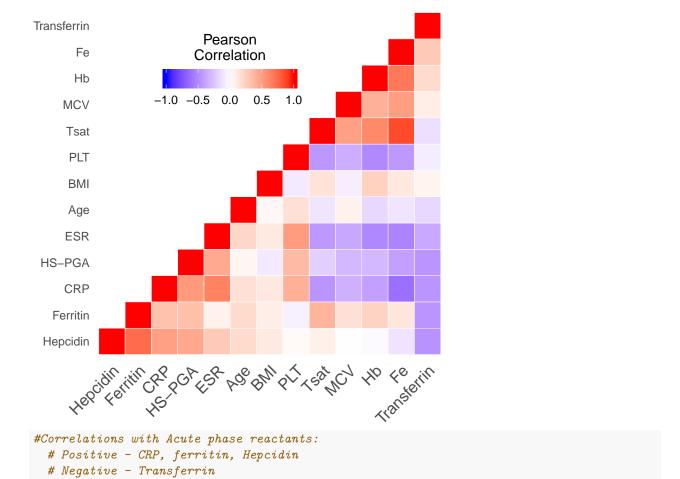
```
Transferrin
                                       Pearson
        BMI
                                     Correlation
                                                                                 0.1<del>5</del>0.13
       Tsat
                            -1.0 -0.5 0.0
                                                  0.5
                                                        1.0
                                                                       1 0.860.120.28
         Fe
                                                                     0.68 0.6 0.240.19
         Hb
      MCV
                                                               0.41<mark>0.5</mark>0.49</mark>0.070.09
                                                        0.160.230.13<mark>0.39</mark>0.09<mark>0.4</mark>6
    Ferritin
                                                   <mark>0.73</mark>-0.040.020.12.08<mark>0.11</mark>-0.47
  Hepcidin
                                             <mark>0.190.19</mark>0.070.170.140.10.040.17
        Age
                                      <mark>0.210.28</mark>0.070.380.520.530.44.110.37
       ESR
       CRP
                                <mark>0.63</mark>0.16<mark>0.490.32</mark>0.340.4<mark>10.62</mark>0.4<mark>6</mark>.120.46
 HS-PGA
                           <mark>0.520.44</mark>0.05<mark>0.45</mark>0.33</mark>0.340.340.440.20.090.46
        PLT
                     <mark>0.360.410.51</mark>0.160.03-0.060.350.510.440.450.090.08
```



supervised clustering to more easily see hepcidin's relationships with other variables
cormat <- reorder_cormat(cormat_all)
rownames(cormat)</pre>

```
## [1] "PLT"
                                      "CRP"
                       "HS-PGA"
                                                    "ESR"
                                                                   "Age"
##
   [6] "Hepcidin"
                       "Ferritin"
                                      "MCV"
                                                    "Hb"
                                                                   "Fe"
## [11] "Tsat"
                       "BMI"
                                     "Transferrin"
# Hepcidin, ferritin, CRP, HS-PGA, ESR, Age, BMI, PLT, Tsat MCV, Hb, Fe, Transferrin
cormat_{hep} \leftarrow cormat[c(6:7,3,2,4,5,12,1,11,8:10,13),c(6:7,3,2,4,5,12,1,11,8:10,13)]
upper_tri_cormat_hep <- get_upper_tri(cormat_hep)</pre>
melted_cormat_hep <- melt(upper_tri_cormat_hep, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
# Create a ggheatmap
ggheatmap_cormat <- ggplot(melted_cormat_hep, aes(Var2, Var1, fill = value))+</pre>
geom_tile(color = "white")+
scale_fill_gradient2(low = "blue", high = "red", mid = "white",
   midpoint = 0, limit = c(-1,1), space = "Lab",
    name="Pearson\nCorrelation") +
 theme minimal()+ # minimal theme
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, vjust = 1,
    size = 12, hjust = 1))+
 coord_fixed()
# Print the heatmap
print(ggheatmap_cormat)
```





Ferritin and hepcidin levels are strongly correlated (.73). Hepcidin levels also correlate with markers of inflammation (CRP, r=0.49) and disease-severity (HS-PGA, r=0.45). Of note, hepcidin levels do not reach the r=0.30 cutoff for ESR (r=0.28); perhaps showing that hepcidin is more affected by acute rather chronic inflammation.

1c. Correlation among quantitive factors

0.20996710 0.85633036

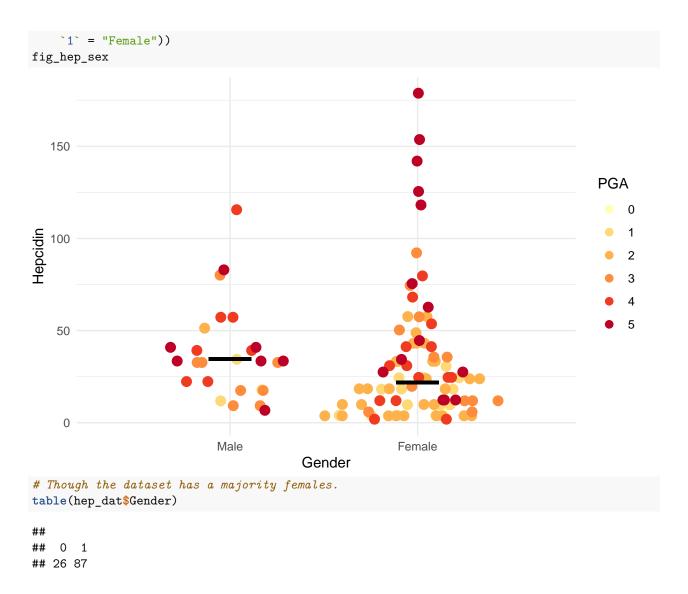
BMI

Using univariate analysis, do any variables seem to influence hepcidin levels? Checked with non-parametric linear regression using Siegel method (as hepcidin distribution contains outliers) as follows:

```
results_hep_mblm <- NULL</pre>
j <- 1
for (i in c(1:6, 8:ncol(hep_dat_quant))) {
    col_nam <- colnames(hep_dat_quant)[i]</pre>
    hep_no_na <- hep_dat[!is.na(hep_dat[, i]), ]
    m2 <- mblm(as.formula(paste0("Hepcidin", "~", col_nam)), data = hep_no_na, repeated = TRUE)
    results_hep_mblm <- rbind(results_hep_mblm, summary(m2)$coefficients[2, ])
    rownames(results_hep_mblm)[j] <- col_nam</pre>
    j <- j + 1
}
results hep mblm
                  Estimate
                                   MAD V value
                                                                  Pr(>|V|)
## Age
                0.31708333 0.82373531
                                           4860 0.00000265978211406526013
```

1752 0.40195633244911327386362

```
## Hb
              -0.17285714 4.50971057
                                         3048 0.62218695159868575572659
## MCV
                                         3468 0.47918339594259029556866
               0.17765568 1.15689552
              -0.01231481 0.09643465
## PLT
                                         3107 0.74614440838550866175183
              -0.14071429 0.28354648
                                         505 0.00000339360881651369732
## Fe
## Ferritin
               0.39451229 0.19033319
                                         5550 0.0000000000000001186543
               7.98275410 7.53082897
                                         4343 0.0000000001097890230257
## CRP
## ESR
               0.17329425 0.24120162
                                         4780 0.00000000421070839419191
               0.37972222 1.06868985
                                         3342 0.04736973660137799163605
## Tsat
## Transferrin -0.23193936 0.13194403
                                          357 0.0000000000000902649555
# Hepcidin not affected by BMI
# Obesity how many patients were obese?
mean(!is.na(hep_dat$BMI))
## [1] 0.699115
mean(hep_dat$BMI > 30, na.rm = TRUE) #65%
## [1] 0.6455696
wilcox.test(hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$BMI >= 30], hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$BMI < 30])</pre>
##
##
  Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
## data: hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$BMI >= 30] and hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$BMI < 30]
## W = 860, p-value = 0.1359
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
# No statistically significant difference
# what about non-continuous value, such as sex of individual
biserial(hep_dat$Hepcidin, hep_dat$Gender)
##
              [,1]
## [1,] -0.1007311
# -0.1007311 no correlation.
wilcox.test(hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$Gender == 0], hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$Gender ==
    1])
##
   Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$Gender == 0] and hep_dat$Hepcidin[hep_dat$Gender == 1]
## W = 1430, p-value = 0.04172
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
# statistically significant difference
fig_hep_sex <- ggplot(hep_dat, aes(x = Gender, y = Hepcidin, fill = PGA)) + geom_dotplot(binaxis = "y",
    stackdir = "center", stackratio = 1, dotsize = 1, col = NA, position = position_jitterd(width = NUL
       height = NULL, quad.points = 100, seed = NA)) + scale fill manual(values = seq col) +
   theme_minimal() + stat_summary(data = hep_dat_3, mapping = aes(x = as.numeric(Gender),
   y = Hepcidin), fun.y = "median", geom = "point", color = "black", inherit.aes = FALSE,
    shape = 95, size = 20) + ggtitle("") + scale_x_discrete(labels = c(`0` = "Male",
```



2 Relationship between Hepcidin and Anemia

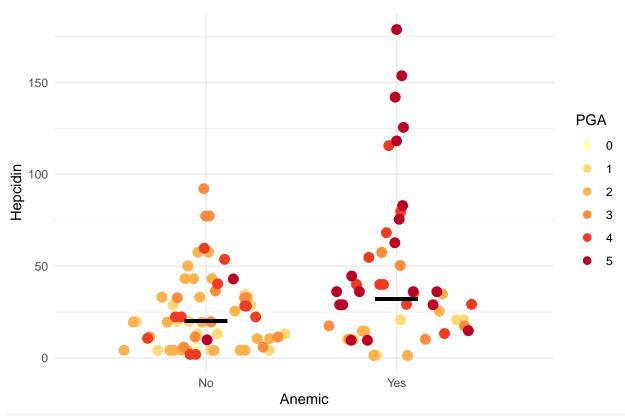
2a. Hepcidin levels in anemia vs. non-anemic

```
hep_dat_3 <- hep_dat
hep_dat_3$Anemic <- as.factor(hep_dat_3$Anemic)

seq_col <- brewer.pal(6, "YlOrRd")

fig_hep_anemia <- ggplot(hep_dat_3, aes(x = Anemic, y = Hepcidin, fill = PGA)) +
    geom_dotplot(binaxis = "y", stackdir = "center", stackratio = 1, dotsize = 1,
        col = NA, position = position_jitterd(width = NULL, height = NULL, quad.points = 100,
            seed = NA)) + scale_fill_manual(values = seq_col) + theme_minimal() +
    stat_summary(data = hep_dat_3, mapping = aes(x = as.numeric(Anemic), y = Hepcidin),
        fun.y = "median", geom = "point", color = "black", inherit.aes = FALSE, shape = 95,
        size = 20) + ggtitle("") + scale_x_discrete(labels = c(^o) = "No", ^1 = "Yes"))

fig_hep_anemia</pre>
```



```
# is the hepcidin level significantly different
wilcox.test(hep_dat_3$Hepcidin[hep_dat_3$Anemic == "0"], hep_dat_3$Hepcidin[hep_dat_3$Anemic ==
    "1"], conf.int = TRUE)
```

```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: hep_dat_3$Hepcidin[hep_dat_3$Anemic == "0"] and hep_dat_3$Hepcidin[hep_dat_3$Anemic == "1"]
## W = 1143, p-value = 0.01392
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -19.120038 -1.840049
## sample estimates:
## difference in location
## -9.634167
```

2b. Hepcidin levels predicting anemia

Likely driven by the high number of ACD individuals (who would have elevated hepcidin)

```
binom_anemia_hep <- glm(Anemic ~ Hepcidin, family = binomial(link = "logit"), data = hep_dat)
summary(binom_anemia_hep)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Anemic ~ Hepcidin, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
## data = hep_dat)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
```

```
Median
                                   3Q
                1Q
                                        1.5791
## -1.5930 -0.9855 -0.8421
                              1.2711
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -0.924625
                          0.301774 -3.064 0.00218 **
                           0.007394
                                    2.734 0.00625 **
## Hepcidin
               0.020216
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 154.65 on 112 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 145.05 on 111 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 149.05
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
anova(binom_anemia_hep, test = "Chisq")
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Model: binomial, link: logit
##
## Response: Anemic
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##
##
            Df Deviance Resid. Df Resid. Dev Pr(>Chi)
                              112
                                      154.65
## NULL
## Hepcidin 1
                9.6074
                              111
                                      145.05 0.001938 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Hepcidin 1 9.6192 112 146.69 0.001926 **
confint(binom_anemia_hep)
##
                      2.5 %
## (Intercept) -1.542973218 -0.35321635
## Hepcidin
               0.006946112 0.03619856
exp(coef(binom_anemia_hep)) # exponentiated coefficients
## (Intercept)
                 Hepcidin
    0.3966801
                 1.0204219
exp(confint(binom_anemia_hep)) # 95% CI for exponentiated coefficients
                   2.5 %
                            97.5 %
## (Intercept) 0.2137446 0.7024252
              1.0069703 1.0368617
## Hepcidin
predict(binom_anemia_hep, type = "response") # predicted values
                               3
                                         5
                                                   6
                                                                       8
## 0.3268508 0.3540769 0.4154722 0.9364716 0.4942543 0.6797250 0.5590729 0.3124758
##
         10
                    11
                              12
                                        13
                                                  14
                                                            15
                                                                      16
```

```
## 0.4023777 0.2915993 0.4450983 0.4315117 0.6114738 0.3416040 0.3486862 0.4376217
      19 20 22 24 25 26
                                                 28
## 0.4296778 0.2874409 0.6650759 0.8337588 0.5453267 0.3380664 0.4026694 0.8749734
         31 32 33 34 35 36 38
## 0.4427029 0.5849509 0.2902231 0.4744140 0.4806179 0.3365751 0.5231971 0.8986209
            40 41 42 43 44 47 48
      39
## 0.8121925 0.6460442 0.3187638 0.3991249 0.3548633 0.4470964 0.3767133 0.3187638
            51 52 53 54 55 56 57
## 0.3902865 0.3395609 0.3814718 0.3122152 0.2910984 0.3846728 0.3579238 0.3830949
      58 59 60 61 62 64 65
## 0.3190272 0.4048107 0.4064192 0.3113910 0.3680671 0.3057409 0.6414078 0.3057838
   67 68 69 70 71 73 74 75
## 0.2930212 0.3092277 0.3672681 0.3134755 0.2985373 0.3246307 0.2895157 0.4533513
## 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83
## 0.4458474 0.3335574 0.3042838 0.2902231 0.3625830 0.2953719 0.8041386 0.4614793
  84 85 86 87 89 90 92 93
## 0.5400085 0.3715063 0.3525526 0.3350421 0.3679731 0.2937756 0.5550824 0.4651488
   95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102
## 0.3261839 0.5282377 0.7188369 0.4954166 0.4301733 0.2911818 0.3327939 0.3967032
     103 104 105 106 107 109 110 111
## 0.4785996 0.3298379 0.3625830 0.3283203 0.4429523 0.3327041 0.3759541 0.4222631
            113
                   114 115 116 117 118
## 0.4202916 0.5156276 0.3991249 0.4241877 0.4842523 0.5641497 0.5702538 0.4301733
         123 124 125 127 128 129 130
## 0.4728012 0.3290786 0.3712232 0.4446490 0.4861711 0.6670095 0.3380664 0.4426032
## 0.4467966
```

residuals(binom_anemia_hep, type = "deviance") # residuals

```
5
                                   6
                                            7
                2
                       3
   1.4954943 1.4410004 1.3253977 0.3623149 1.1871858 0.8787114 1.0784019
               10
                   11
                           12 13 14 15
  1.5252727 1.3493436 1.5699521 1.2723680 1.2965034 0.9918500 1.4656760
       16
               17
                   19
                               20
                                  22
                                               24 25
  1.4516080 1.2856131 1.2997844 1.5790744 0.9031656 0.6030110 1.1012449
        26
                28
                   29
                           30
                                   31
                                          32
##
  1.4727613 1.3488064 0.5168400 1.2766020 1.0355939 1.5729624 1.2212083
##
                                  39
        34
                35
                       36
                          38
  1.2105229 1.4757601 1.1382417 0.4623723 0.6450084 0.9347592 1.5121541
               43
                       44
                               47
                                       48
                                               50
  1.3553456 1.4394600 1.2688428 1.3973338 1.5121541 1.3717684 1.4697632
               53
                       54
                               55
                                   56 57
  -0.9802167 -0.8651928 -0.8295041 -0.9854959 -0.9413270 -0.9828937 -0.8766218
                  61 62
                                  64
##
          60
                                           65
  -1.0187010 -1.0213539 -0.8638075 -0.9580941 -0.8542950 -1.4321798 -0.8543674
           68
                  69 70 71 73
  -0.8327719 \ -0.8601686 \ -0.9567743 \ -0.8673101 \ -0.8421254 \ -0.8859973 \ -0.8268112
           76
                   77
                          78
                                   79 80
 -1.0990440 1.2710457 -0.9008898 -0.8518374 -0.8280152 1.4244310 -0.8367618
              83 84 85 86 87 89
  0.6602782 1.2436384 -1.2462321 -0.9637732 -0.9324353 1.4788504 1.4140335
                   93 95
                                   96 97
                92
## -0.8340530 -1.2726871 1.2372533 -0.8885923 -1.2257895 -1.5929974 -1.1696343
             100
                      101
                           102 103 104
```

```
## -1.0605875 -0.8296460 -0.8996179 -1.0053318 -1.1412598 -0.8946906 -0.9490323
##
                     107
          106
                                 109
                                             110
                                                        111
                                                                    112
                                                                               113
##
   -0.8921588 -1.0817619 -0.8994684 -0.9711142 -1.0475081 -1.0442509 -1.2040774
                                                                               122
##
          114
                     115
                                 116
                                             117
                                                        118
                                                                    119
##
   -1.0093247 -1.0506888 -1.1507715 -1.2887642 -1.2996619 -1.0605875 -1.1315279
                                                        128
##
          123
                     124
                                 125
                                             127
                                                                    129
                                                                               130
  -0.8934241 -0.9633057 -1.0845782 -1.1540060 -1.4829978 -0.9083942 -1.0811825
##
          131
## -1.0881448
```

2c. Prevalence of anemia and iron deficiency

As previously found in Tennant et al. (1968), there is a high proportion of anemia in our cohort (43%). Tennant et al. (1968) examined 42 patients, finding 10 had "marked" anemia (Hb <10). Additionally, the found ESR to elevated but only had results for 13 patients (11/13 had elevated ESR). Though a large cross-sectional study in Denmark (Miller et al. 2016) demonstrated no difference in Hb level after age-sex-smoking-adjusted analyses between HS patients and 20,780 of the general population. Though it should be noted that they only found 4.65% of their HS patients to have anemia. Another European (Poland) study, Ponikowska et al 2020 only found 3 HS patients (3/74; 4%) to have anemia.

Our high prevalence may be present in the Bronx

20)] <- 1

```
table(hep_dat$Anemic)

##

## 0 1

## 64 49

prop.table(table(hep_dat$Anemic)) #43% of our population

##

## 0 1

## 0 1

## 0 0 1

## 0.5663717 0.4336283
```

A recent (2020) study, Ponikowska et al 2020 "Deranged Iron Status Evidenced by Iron Deficiency Characterizes Patients with Hidradenitis Suppurativa" defined iron deficiency as ferrtin <100ug/L or ferritin 100-299 with TSat <20%. They found that 75% of their population met iron deficient criteria.

```
sum(hep_dat_compare$Ponikowska == 1) # 89 individuals

## [1] 89

prop.table(table(hep_dat_compare$Ponikowska == 1))

##

## FALSE TRUE

## 0.1442308 0.8557692

# 85.57692 % of patient are iron deficient as defined by parameters in the

# Ponikowska study
```

2d. Classifying anemia in our cohort

Prior studies classified IDA, IDA/ACD, ACD by the following:

IDA 1) absence of inflammation AND 2) i. T-sat <20% and ferritin <30 ug/l (van Santen et al, 2011; Scholz et al, 2019) OR ii. sTfR-index >=1 mg/ug (van Santen et al, 2011) OR iii. T-sat levels <15% together with ferritin <50 ug/l and MCH in the lowest quintile (Scholz et al, 2019 as Thurnnham et al. 2010 showed that mean ferritin concentrations that were 50% (P , 0.001) and 38% (P , 0.002) higher when CRP and AGP were elevated by inflammation, respectively)

Inflammation was defined in prior studies as: 1) RA study, inflammation solely by CRP >10 mg/ml (1mg/L) OR DAS28-ESR (Scholz et al, 2019) 2) RA study, active inflammation (defined as a CRP level of >=10 mg/ml or an ESR of >=30 mm/hour) (van Santen et al, 2011; Khalaf et al.[30996848]) 3) IBD study, only using CRP >5 mg/ml AND clinical disease activity indices, CDAI (Crohn's disease activity index) for CD and MTWAI (Modified Truelove and Witts activity index) for UC (Mecklenburg et al.)

ACD was defined as the following in van Santen et al, 2011: 1) Presence of inflammation 2) i. transferrin saturation <20% and ferritin level >=100 g/ml OR ii. sTfR index <1 mg/micro-g and ferritin level >=30 micro-g/ml

 ${f IDA/ACD}$ 1) Presence of inflammation 2) i. ferritin < 100 ng/mL and Tsat < 20% OR ii. 2) sTfR index 1 mg/micro-g.

Notes: ESR 30 is the upper limit of normal for women.

Our CRP classifiation was as follows: CRP 0 <1 mg/dL CRP 1 1-5 mg/dL CRP 2 >5 mg/dL

Total body iron stores were classified by ferritin class (0 for ferritin < 20; 1 for 20 == 200).

Our criteria: IDA 1) absence of inflammation (CRP <10 mg/mL or ESR <50)) AND 2) i. T-sat <20% and ferritin <30 ug/l OR ii. T-sat levels <15% together with ferritin <50 ug/l

ACD 1) Presence of inflammation (CRP >=10 mg/mL or ESR >=50) 2) i. transferrin saturation <20% and ferritin level >=100 g/ml OR ii. Ferritin level >=200 g/mL

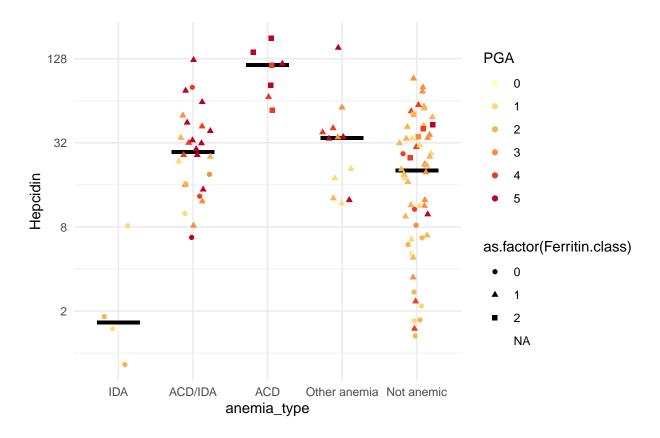
IDA/ACD 1) Presence of inflammation (CRP >=10 mg/mL or ESR >=50) 2) ferritin <100 ng/mL and Tsat <20%

```
# Determining anemic status
anemia_dat <- hep_dat
anemia_dat$anemia_type <- "Not anemic"

# IDA ferritin <30 ug/l
anemia_dat$anemia_type[which(anemia_dat$Anemic == 1 & ((anemia_dat$Ferritin < 30)))] <- "IDA"
nrow(anemia_dat[anemia_dat$anemia_type == "IDA", ]) #10</pre>
```

[1] 10

```
## defining inflammation ACD
anemia_dat$anemia_type[which(anemia_dat$Anemic == 1 & (anemia_dat$CRP.class >= 1 |
    anemia dat$ESR >= 50) & ((anemia dat$Tsat < 20 & anemia dat$Ferritin >= 100)
    anemia dat$Ferritin >= 200))] <- "ACD"</pre>
nrow(anemia_dat[anemia_dat$anemia_type == "ACD", ]) #7
## [1] 7
# ACD/IDA
anemia_dat$anemia_type[which(anemia_dat$Anemic == 1 & (anemia_dat$CRP.class >= 1 |
    anemia dat$ESR >= 50) & anemia dat$Tsat < 20 & anemia dat$Ferritin < 100)] <- "ACD/IDA"
nrow(anemia dat[anemia dat$anemia type == "ACD/IDA", ]) # 26
## [1] 26
# Other anemia
anemia_dat$anemia_type[which(anemia_dat$anemia_type == "Not anemic" & anemia_dat$Anemic ==
    1)] <- "Other anemia"
table(anemia_dat$anemia_type)
##
##
            ACD
                     ACD/IDA
                                      IDA
                                            Not anemic Other anemia
##
prop.table(table(anemia_dat$anemia_type[anemia_dat$Anemic == 1]))
##
##
            ACD
                     ACD/IDA
                                      IDA Other anemia
     0.14285714
                  0.53061224
                               0.08163265
                                            0.24489796
anemia_dat$anemia_type <- factor(anemia_dat$anemia_type, levels = c("IDA", "ACD/IDA",
    "ACD", "Other anemia", "Not anemic"))
table(anemia_dat$Ferritin.class)
##
## 0 1 2
## 22 74 10
anemia_dat$CRP_class <- anemia_dat$CRP.class</pre>
fig hep anemia type <- ggplot(anemia dat, aes(x = anemia type, y = Hepcidin, col = PGA,
    shape = as.factor(Ferritin.class))) + # geom_dotplot(binaxis='y', stackdir='center', stackratio=1,
# position = position_jitterd(width = .2, height = NULL, quad.points = 100, #seed
# = NA)) +
stat summary(data = anemia dat, mapping = aes(x = anemia type, y = Hepcidin), fun.y = "median",
    geom = "point", color = "black", inherit.aes = FALSE, shape = 95, size = 20) +
    geom_point(position = position_jitterd(width = 0.3, height = NULL, quad.points = 100,
        seed = NA)) + scale_color_manual(values = seq_col) + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("") +
    scale_y_continuous(trans = "log2")
fig_hep_anemia_type
```

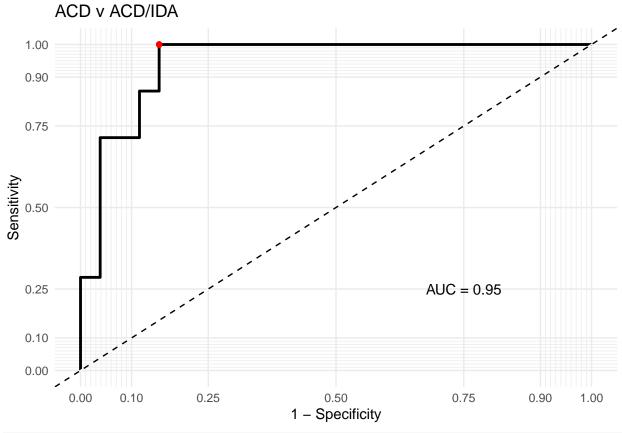


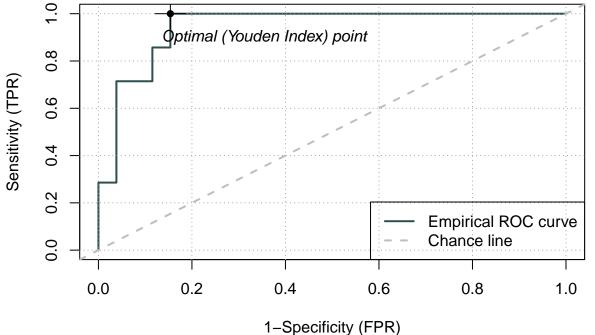
3 Using anemia to distinguish anemia type

3a Hepcidin distinguishes ACD/IDA and ACD

First, we will examine the ability of hepcidin to discern between ACD/IDA and ACD

```
# ROC of IDA/ACD vs ACD
anemia_dat_roc_1 <- anemia_dat[(anemia_dat$anemia_type == "ACD/IDA" | anemia_dat$anemia_type ==
    "ACD"), ]
anemia_dat_roc_1$anemia_type <- factor(anemia_dat_roc_1$anemia_type, levels = c("ACD/IDA",
    "ACD"))
rocfit_1 <- pROC::roc(anemia_dat_roc_1$anemia_type, anemia_dat_roc_1$Hepcidin)
pROC::auc(rocfit_1)
## Area under the curve: 0.9451
youden_coord_1 <- pROC::coords(rocfit_1, x = "b")</pre>
rocplot_1 <- ggplot(anemia_dat_roc_1, aes(m = Hepcidin, d = as.numeric(anemia_type))) +</pre>
    geom_roc(n.cuts = 0)
rocplot_1 <- rocplot_1 + style_roc(theme = theme_minimal, xlab = "1 - Specificity",</pre>
   ylab = "Sensitivity") + annotate("text", x = 0.75, y = 0.25, label = paste("AUC =",
   round(calc_auc(rocplot_1)$AUC, 2))) + geom_point(aes(x = 1 - youden_coord_1$specificity,
   y = youden coord 1$sensitivity), colour = "red") + geom abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0,
   lty = "dashed") + ggtitle("ACD v ACD/IDA")
rocplot_1
```

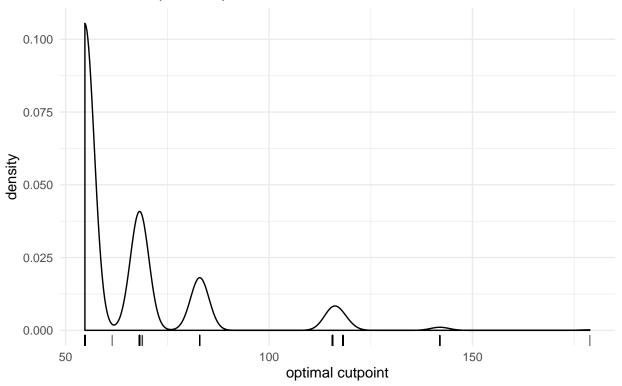




```
set.seed(200)
ciAUC_boot_1 <- ciAUC(roc_1, level = 0.9, nboot = 1000)</pre>
print(ciAUC_boot_1)
##
##
      estimated AUC: 0.945054945054945
##
      AUC estimation method : empirical
##
      bootstrap CI of AUC with 1000 boot samples
##
      confidence level = 90%
##
      lower = 0.868131868131868
##
                                     upper = 1
youden_coord_1
##
     threshold specificity sensitivity
         52.53
                 0.8461538
## 1
opt_cut_1 <- cutpointr(anemia_dat_roc_1, Hepcidin, anemia_type, boot_runs = 1000)</pre>
plot_cut_boot(opt_cut_1) + theme_minimal()
```

Bootstrap

distribution of optimal cutpoints



3a Hepcidin distinguishes IDA and ACD/IDA

Second, we will examine the ability of hepcidin to discern between IDA and ACD/IDA

```
# ROC of IDA/ACD vs IDA
anemia_dat_roc_4 <- anemia_dat[(anemia_dat$anemia_type == "ACD/IDA" | anemia_dat$anemia_type ==
    "IDA"), ]
anemia_dat_roc_4$anemia_type <- factor(anemia_dat_roc_4$anemia_type, levels = c("IDA",</pre>
```

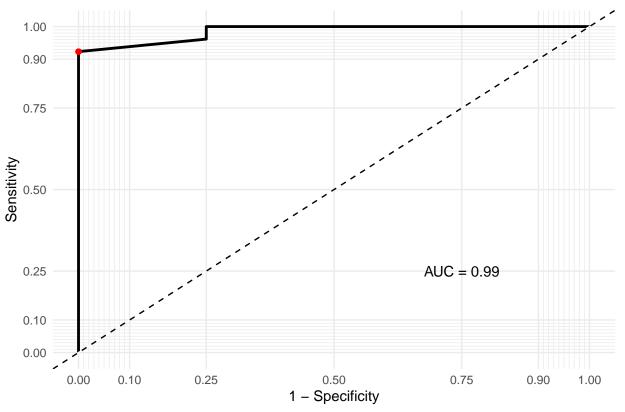
```
"ACD/IDA"))
rocfit_4 <- pROC::roc(anemia_dat_roc_4$anemia_type, anemia_dat_roc_4$Hepcidin)
pROC::auc(rocfit_4)

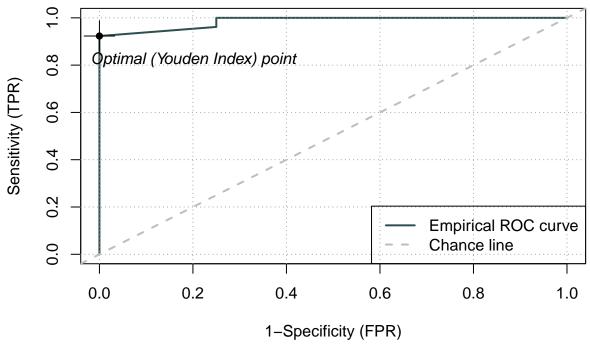
## Area under the curve: 0.9856
youden_coord_4 <- pROC::coords(rocfit_4, x = "b")

rocplot_4 <- ggplot(anemia_dat_roc_4, aes(m = Hepcidin, d = as.numeric(anemia_type))) +
    geom_roc(n.cuts = 0)

rocplot_4 <- rocplot_4 + style_roc(theme = theme_minimal, xlab = "1 - Specificity",
    ylab = "Sensitivity") + annotate("text", x = 0.75, y = 0.25, label = paste("AUC =",
    round(calc_auc(rocplot_4)$AUC, 2))) + geom_point(aes(x = 1 - youden_coord_4$specificity,
    y = youden_coord_4$sensitivity), colour = "red") + geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0,
    lty = "dashed") + ggtitle("ACD v ACD/IDA")
rocplot_4</pre>
```

ACD v ACD/IDA

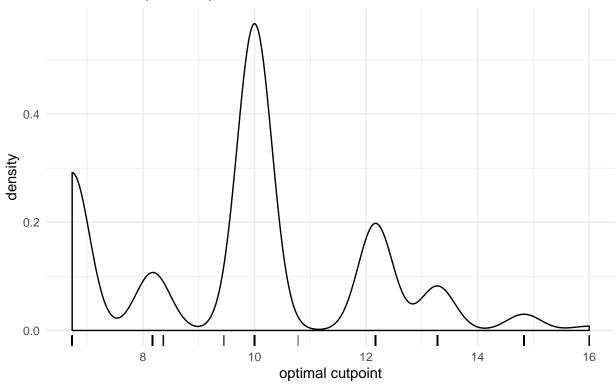




```
set.seed(200)
ciAUC_boot_4 <- ciAUC(roc_4, level = 0.9, nboot = 1000)</pre>
print(ciAUC_boot_4)
##
      estimated AUC : 0.985576923076923
##
##
      AUC estimation method : empirical
##
      bootstrap CI of AUC with 1000 boot samples
##
##
      confidence level = 90%
      lower = 0.942307692307692
                                     upper = 1
youden_coord_4
     threshold specificity sensitivity
##
                              0.9230769
opt_cut_4 <- cutpointr(anemia_dat_roc_4, Hepcidin, anemia_type, boot_runs = 1000)</pre>
plot_cut_boot(opt_cut_4) + theme_minimal()
```

Bootstrap





4 Making Demographic/blood parameter panel table

This code chunk is not evaluated but kept for reference for how Table 1 was generated.

```
tab1_dat <- anemia_dat
tab1_dat$Gender <- factor(tab1_dat$Gender, levels = c(0, 1), labels = c("Male", "Female"))</pre>
label(tab1_dat$Gender) <- "Sex"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Age) <- "Years"</pre>
tab1_dat$Race <- factor(tab1_dat$Race, levels = c(1, 0, 2, 3), labels = c("African-American",
    "Caucasian", "Other", "Unavailable/Declined"))
label(tab1_dat$Race) <- "Race"</pre>
tab1_dat$PGA <- factor(tab1_dat$PGA, levels = c(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5), labels = c("Clear (0)",
    "Minimal (1)", "Mild (2)", "Moderate (3)", "Severe (4)", "Very Severe (5)"))
label(tab1_dat$PGA) <- "HS-PGA score"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Hepcidin) <- "ng/mL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Hb) <- "g/dL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$MCV) <- "fL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$PLT) <- "K/uL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Fe) <- "ug/dL"</pre>
units(tab1 dat$Transferrin) <- "mg/dL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Tsat) <- "%"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$Ferritin) <- "ng/mL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$CRP) <- "mg/dL"</pre>
units(tab1_dat$ESR) <- "mm/h"</pre>
```

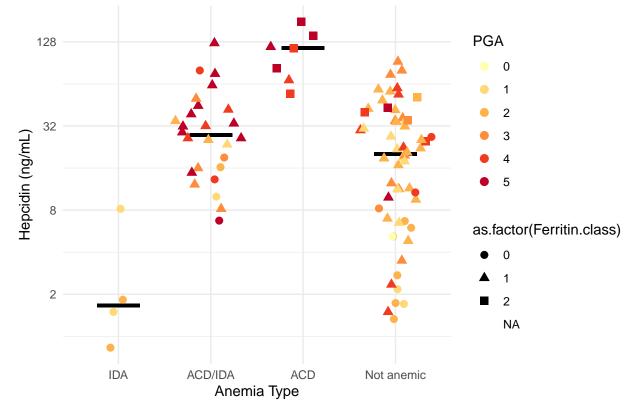
5 Figure 1A

This code chunk creates figure 1 Hepcidin levels by anemia type and performs Kruskal-Wallis ANOVA with Dunn's multiple comparisons test.

```
anemia_dat_fig1 <- anemia_dat[!(anemia_dat$anemia_type == "Other anemia"), ]</pre>
# Obtain signficiance
dunn.test(anemia_dat_fig1$Hepcidin, g = anemia_dat_fig1$anemia_type, method = "bonferroni",
    kw = TRUE, label = TRUE, wrap = FALSE, table = TRUE, list = FALSE, rmc = FALSE,
    alpha = 0.05, altp = FALSE)
##
    Kruskal-Wallis rank sum test
##
## data: x and group
## Kruskal-Wallis chi-squared = 27.5406, df = 3, p-value = 0
##
##
##
                               Comparison of x by group
##
                                     (Bonferroni)
## Col Mean-|
## Row Mean |
                     ACD
                             ACD/IDA
                                            IDA
   ACD/IDA |
                3.010979
##
                 0.0078*
            - 1
##
            1
        IDA |
##
                4.745143
                           3.150434
##
            -1
                 0.0000*
                            0.0049*
##
            1
## Not anem |
                4.197057
                           1.671444 -2.528841
                 0.0001*
                            0.2839
                                         0.0343
##
            1
## alpha = 0.05
## Reject Ho if p <= alpha/2
```

```
fig_1 <- ggplot(anemia_dat_fig1, aes(x = anemia_type, y = Hepcidin, col = PGA, shape = as.factor(Ferrit
    # geom_dotplot(binaxis='y', stackdir='center', stackratio=1, dotsize=.75, col=NA,

# position = position_jitterd(width = .2, height = NULL, quad.points = 100, #seed
# = NA)) +
stat_summary(data = anemia_dat_fig1, mapping = aes(x = anemia_type, y = Hepcidin),
    fun.y = "median", geom = "point", color = "black", inherit.aes = FALSE, shape = 95,
    size = 20) + geom_point(size = 2.5, position = position_jitterd(width = 0.4,
    height = NULL, quad.points = 100, seed = NA)) + scale_color_manual(values = seq_col) +
    ylab("Hepcidin (ng/mL)") + xlab("Anemia Type") + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("") +
    scale_y_continuous(trans = "log2")
fig_1</pre>
```



Session Information:

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS High Sierra 10.13.6
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base
```

```
##
## other attached packages:
                                table1 1.2
   [1] dunn.test 1.3.5
                                                       psych_2.0.12
   [4] polycor_0.7-10
                                mblm_0.12.1
                                                       Hmisc_4.3-0
##
##
   [7] Formula 1.2-3
                                pastecs_1.3.21
                                                       cutpointr_1.0.32
## [10] OptimalCutpoints 1.1-4
                                                       pROC 1.16.1
                               plotROC 2.2.1
## [13] ROCit 2.1.1
                                                       lattice 0.20-38
                                lubridate 1.7.9
## [16] overlapping_1.6
                                testthat_2.3.1
                                                       flexplot_0.7.5
## [19] scales 1.1.0
                                AER_1.2-8
                                                       survival_3.1-8
## [22] sandwich_2.5-1
                                lmtest_0.9-37
                                                       zoo_1.8-7
## [25] car_3.0-6
                                carData_3.0-3
                                                       MASS_7.3-51.5
## [28] RColorBrewer_1.1-2
                                ggpubr_0.2.4
                                                       magrittr_1.5
## [31] reshape2_1.4.3
                                ggthemes_4.2.0
                                                       ggplot2_3.2.1
## [34] data.table_1.12.8
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
   [1] nlme_3.1-143
                             tools_3.5.1
                                                 backports_1.1.5
   [4] R6 2.4.1
                             rpart 4.1-15
                                                 lazveval 0.2.2
                            nnet_7.3-12
                                                 withr_2.1.2
   [7] colorspace_1.4-1
## [10] tidyselect 0.2.5
                             gridExtra_2.3
                                                 mnormt 1.5-5
## [13] curl_4.3
                             compiler_3.5.1
                                                 formatR_1.7
## [16] htmlTable_1.13.3
                             labeling_0.3
                                                 checkmate_1.9.4
## [19] stringr_1.4.0
                             digest_0.6.23
                                                 foreign_0.8-75
## [22] rmarkdown 2.1
                             rio 0.5.16
                                                 base64enc 0.1-3
## [25] pkgconfig_2.0.3
                            htmltools_0.4.0
                                                 htmlwidgets_1.5.1
## [28] rlang_0.4.7
                             readxl_1.3.1
                                                 rstudioapi_0.10
## [31] farver_2.0.3
                             generics_0.0.2
                                                 acepack_1.4.1
## [34] dplyr_0.8.3
                             zip_2.0.4
                                                 Matrix_1.2-18
## [37] Rcpp_1.0.3
                                                 abind_1.4-5
                             munsell_0.5.0
## [40] lifecycle_0.2.0
                             stringi_1.4.5
                                                 yaml_2.2.0
## [43] plyr_1.8.5
                             grid_3.5.1
                                                 parallel_3.5.1
## [46] forcats_0.4.0
                             crayon_1.3.4
                                                 haven_2.2.0
## [49] splines_3.5.1
                             hms_0.5.3
                                                 knitr_1.27
## [52] pillar_1.4.3
                             boot_1.3-24
                                                 ggsignif_0.6.0
                             glue_1.3.1
## [55] codetools 0.2-16
                                                 evaluate 0.14
                            vctrs_0.3.4
                                                 foreach_1.4.7
## [58] latticeExtra_0.6-28
## [61] cellranger 1.1.0
                             tidyr 1.0.0
                                                 gtable 0.3.0
## [64] purrr_0.3.3
                             assertthat_0.2.1
                                                 xfun_0.12
## [67] openxlsx 4.1.4
                             tibble_3.0.3
                                                 iterators_1.0.12
## [70] cluster_2.1.0
                             ellipsis_0.3.0
```