

English	Telugu	Meanings	Buttons
<a>	<ఎ>	It is used to make an actual link	Enter Into WorkSpace - కార్యస్థలంలోకి ప్రవేశించండి
<abbr>	<ఎబిదిర్>	Used with title attribute to define abbreviations.	Upload - అప్‌లోడ్ చేయండి
<address>	<చిరునామా>	General contact information for the website	Replace All - అన్నింటినీ భర్తీ చేయండి
<area>	<ప్రాంతం>	Establishes areas in an image map	Find - కనుగొనండి
<article>	<వ్యాసం>	Used to contain blog entries, forum posts, etc.	New - కొత్తది
<aside>	<పుట్టిన>	This element is for making sidebars that are placed next to the main content.	Language Changer - భాష మార్పు
<audio>	<ధ్వని>	This Tag is used to place an audio stream within an BHAML document.	Undo - చర్యరద్దు చేయండి
	<బి>	Specifies bold text without any extra importance.	Redo - పునరావృతం
<base>	<బేస్>	Used to set a base URL	Clear - చెరిపేయి
<blink>	<ఫ్లింక్>	Used for quoting from an external source	Save - డౌన్‌లోడ్
<bdo>	<దిడిట్>	Specifies the direction of text display	Home - హోమ్‌పేజీ
<bgsound>	<బీజిసౌండ్>	Specifies the background music	About - గురించి
<blockquote>	<బ్లాక్‌క్వోట్>	Used for quoting from an external source.	
<body>	<బోడీ>	It establishes the body of an BHAML document	
 	<బ్రేక్>	Used to break line in BHAML.	
<button>	<బటన్>	Specifies button that can be clicked.	
<canvas>	<కాన్వాస్>	Used for rendering graphics on the fly, typically in conjunction with a scripting	
<caption>	<కాప్షన్>	Used for table caption.	
<cite>	<సైటేషన్>	For citing.	
<code>	<సంకేతభాష>	Specifies a computer code text	
<col>	<కోల్>	Specifies properties of a <col> within a.	
<colgroup>	<కోల్‌గ్రూప్>	It is a group of column.	
<command>	<అదీక్షం>	Specifies a command the user can invoke	
<comment>	<వ్యాఖ్య>	Puts a comment in the document	
<datalist>	<డేటాలిస్ట్>	Together with the a new list attribute for input can be used to make comboboxes	
<dd>	<డిడి>	Specifies a definition description	
	<డెలీట్>	Specifies deleted text	
<details>	<డివైల్స్>	Specifies additional information or controls which the user can obtain on demand.	
<dfn>	<నిర్వచనం>	Specifies a definition term	
<dialog>	<డైలాగ్>	Dialog box	
<div>	<డివి>	A divider or a kind of generic container.	
<dl>	<డిఫిన్>	Specifies a definition list.	
<dt>	<డిటీ>	A term/name in a description list.	
<!DOCTYPE>	<డాక్టైప్>	Specifies the document type.	
	<ఉద్ఘాటించడం>	Used to define emphasized text.Content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<embed>	<ఎంబెడ్>	Defines external interactive content or plugin.	
<fieldset>	<ఫీల్డ్‌సెట్>	Used to group related elements in a form.	
<figure>	<అక్షరం>	It defines self contained content such as photos or diagrams.	
<footer>	<ఫుటర్>	It is a document, below the main content.	
<form>	<ఫామ్>	Forms for user input.	
<header>	<హెడర్>	Represents a container for introductory content or a set of navigational links.	

<head>	<హెడ్>	Used mostly for metadata.	
<h1>	<హ1>	Level 1 heading, the headline or title of a page	
<h2>	<హ2>	Level 2 heading, the subtitles of a page	
<h3>	<హ3>	Level 3 heading.	
<h4>	<హ4>	Level 4 heading.	
<h5>	<హ5>	Level 5 heading.	
<h6>	<హ6>	Level 6 heading.	
<hgroup>	<హగ్రూప్>	Used for grouping <h1>, <h2>, <h3>, etc.	
<hr>	<హర్>	It is used for separating text within a paragraph.	
<i>	<ఐ>	Defines a part of text in an alternate voice or mood. The content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<iframe>	<ఐఫ్రేమ్>	Makes it possible to embed another page within a page.	
<ilayer>	<ఐలేయర్>	Specifies an inline layer	
	<ఏల్మ్>	It is used for displaying images on a webpage.	
<input>	<ఇన్పుట్>	It specifies an input field where the user can enter data.	
<ins>	<ఇన్సార్ట్>	Defines a text that has been inserted into a document. Browsers will usually underline inserted text.	
<keygen>	<కీజెన్>	Specifies control for key pair generation.	
<kbd>	<కీబోర్డ్>	Specifies a keyboard text.	
<label>	<లేబుల్>	Used for assigning labels to interface elements such as forms.	
<layer>	<లైర్>	Specifies a label for a form control.	
<legend>	<లెగెండ్>	Specifies a title in a fieldset.	
	<లీ>	It represents a list item.	
<link>	<లింక్>	Used for linking to external resources.	
<main>	<మెయిన్>	It encloses the main content of an BHAML document.	
<map>	<మేప్>	Used when defining an image map.	
<mark>	<మార్క్>	This is essentially used for highlighting.	
<menu>	<మెను>	Used for creating various kinds of menus.	
<menuitem>	<మెనుఐటమ్>	Specifies actions that can be taken with a menu.	
<meta>	<మెటా>	Specifies meta information.	
<meter>	<మీటర్>	Specifies a measurement, such as disk usage.	
<multicol>	<మల్టికలమ్>	Specifies a multicolumn text flow.	
<nav>	<నావిగేషన్>	Used for specifying a navigational region within a document.	
<nobr>	<నోబ్రేక్>	No breaks allowed in the enclosed text.	
<noembed>	<నోఎంబెడ్>	Specifies content to be presented by browsers that do not support the embed tag.	
<noscript>	<నోస్క్రిప్ట్>	Specifies a noscript section.	
<object>	<ఆబ్జెక్ట్>	Specifies an embedded object.	
	<ఆర్డర్డ్ లిస్ట్>	Ordered list (1. 2. 3.). Used with list item .	
<optgroup>	<ఆప్షన్ గ్రూప్>	Specifies an option group.	
<option>	<ఆప్షన్>	Specifies an option in a drop down list.	
<output>	<అవుట్పుట్>	Specifies some type of output, such as from a calculation done through scripting.	
<p>	<పేర్>	Specifies a paragraph.	
<param>	<పారామితి>	Specifies a parameter for an object.	
<pre>	<ప్రీఫార్మాట్>	This is useful for demonstrating code, especially if there are multiple lines.	
<progress>	<ప్రోగ్రెస్స్>	It displays the progress of an action, such as with a script.	
<q>	<క్వోట్>	Quote from some source.	

<rb>	<ಆರ್ಬಿ>	Used for for Ruby annotations.	
<ruby>	<ರೂಬಿ>	Together with rt and rp allow for marking up ruby annotations.	
<samp>	<ಸಮ್ಪಾನ್>	Specifies sample computer code.	
<script>	<ಸ್ಕ್ರಿಪ್ಟ್>	It is useful for applying styles to or around text, especially inline.	
<section>	<ವಿಭಾಗ>	Represents a generic document or application section.	
<spacer>	<ಸ್ಪೇಸರ್>	Specifies a white space.	
	<ಸ್ಪಾನ್>	Specifies a section in a document.	
	<ಶಕ್ತಿಗಲ>	Specifies strong text.	
<style>	<ಶೈಲಿ>	Used for declaring style sheets within a document.	
<sub>	<ಸೂಬ್‌ಸ್ಕ್ರಿಪ್ಟ್>	Used for displaying subscript. Useful for math, especially in conjunction with <sup>.	
<select>	<ಎಂಪುಟೆಂಡೆ>	Specifies a selectable list	
<summary>	<ಸಾರಾಂಶ>	Used in conjunction with the <details> tag for specifying a summary.	
<sup>	<ಸೂಪರ್‌ಸ್ಕ್ರಿಪ್ಟ್>	Used for displaying superscript, Useful for math.	
<table>	<ಪಟ್ಟಿಕೆ>	Used for making tables in an BHAML page.	
<tbody>	<ತೆಲಾಡಿ>	Specifies a table body.	
<td>	<ತೆಡಿ>	This represents a data cell within a table.	
<textarea>	<ವಚನಪ್ರಾಂಶಂ>	Used for for multi-line text entry.	
<tfoot>	<ತೆಪುಟ್>	Table footer.	
<th>	<ಥೆ>	Table header cell.	
<thead>	<ತೆಲಾಡ್>	Table header cell.	
<time>	<ಸಮಯಂ>	It specifies the date/time within a document.	
<title>	<ಪಿರ್ದಿಟ>	The title of an BHAML document	
<tr>	<ತೆಲವರುಸು>	A row within a table.	
	<ಯೂಎಲ್>	It is used with (list item) to make unordered list	
<var>	<ವಾರ್ಯ>	Used to defines a variable in programming or in a mathematical expression.	
<video>	<ವಿಡಿಯಾ>	Used for embedding video within an BHAML page.	
<wbr>	<ಬ್ರೇಕ್‌ಪುಂಕ್ಟ್>	Specifies a line break opportunity.	
<html>	<ಛಾಮಲ>	Specifies an html document	