

English	Odia	Meanings	Buttons
<a>	<ଏ>	It is used to make an actual link	Enter Into WorkSpace - କାର୍ଯ୍ୟସ୍ଥଳରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରନ୍ତୁ
<abbr>	<ଅକ୍ଷର>	Used with title attribute to define abbreviations.	Upload - ଅପଲୋଡ୍ କରନ୍ତୁ
<address>	<ଠିକଣା>	General contact information for the website	Replace All - ସମସ୍ତକୁ ବଦଳାନ୍ତୁ
<area>	<କ୍ଷେତ୍ର>	Establishes areas in an image map	Find - ଖୋଜି
<article>	<ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧ>	Used to contain blog entries, forum posts, etc.	New - ନୂତନ
<aside>	<ଶେଷପଟେ>	This element is for making sidebars that are placed next to the main content.	Language Changer - ଭାଷା ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ
<audio>	<ଅଡ଼ିଓ>	This Tag is used to place an audio stream within an BHAML document.	Undo - ପୂର୍ବବର୍ତ୍ତ କରନ୍ତୁ
	<ଗୋଟା>	Specifies bold text without any extra importance.	Redo - ପୁନରୁତ୍ପାଦନ
<base>	<ଆଧାର>	Used to set a base URL	Clear - ଲିଭାନ୍ତୁ
<blink>	<ବିକିଚ୍ଛବ୍ଦ>	Used for quoting from an external source	Save - ଡାଉନଲୋଡ୍ କରନ୍ତୁ
<bdo>	<ବିକିଠ>	Specifies the direction of text display	Home - ପୃଷ୍ଠା
<bgsound>	<ବିଶ୍ୱସ୍ତ>	Specifies the background music	About - ବିଷୟରେ
<blockquote>	<ବ୍ଲକ୍‌କୋଟ>	Used for quoting from an external source.	
<body>	<ଶରୀର>	It establishes the body of an BHAML document	
 	<ବର>	Used to break line in BHAML.	
<button>	<ବଟମ>	Specifies button that can be clicked.	
<canvas>	<କାନଭାସ>	Used for rendering graphics on the fly, typically in conjunction with a scripting	
<caption>	<କ୍ୟାପସନ>	Used for table caption.	
<cite>	<ସିଟିଂ>	For citing.	
<code>	<କୋଡ>	Specifies a computer code text	
<col>	<କୋଲ>	Specifies properties of a <col> within a.	
<colgroup>	<କୋଲଗ୍ରୋପ୍>	It is a group of column.	
<command>	<କମାଣ୍ଡ>	Specifies a command the user can invoke	
<comment>	<କମେଣ୍ଟ>	Puts a comment in the document	
<datalist>	<ଡାଟାଲିଷ୍ଟ>	Together with the a new list attribute for input can be used to make comboboxes	
<dd>	<ଡିଡ>	Specifies a definition description	
	<ଡିଲିଟ>	Specifies deleted text	
<details>	<ଡିଟେଲ>	Specifies additional information or controls which the user can obtain on demand.	
<dfn>	<ଡଫିନିସନ୍>	Specifies a definition term	
<dialog>	<ଡାଲଗ>	Dialog box	
<div>	<ଡିଭ>	A divider or a kind of generic container.	
<dl>	<ଡିଲ>	Specifies a definition list.	
<dt>	<ଡିଟ>	A term/name in a description list.	
<!DOCTYPE>	<ଡକ୍ଟାଇପ୍>	Specifies the document type.	
	<ଇମାଲ>	Used to define emphasized text.Content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<embed>	<ଏମବେଡ>	Defines external interactive content or plugin.	
<fieldset>	<ଫିଲ୍ଡସେଟ>	Used to group related elements in a form.	
<figure>	<ଫିଗର>	It defines self contained content such as photos or diagrams.	
<footer>	<ଫୁଟର>	It is a document, below the main content.	
<form>	<ଫର୍ମ>	Forms for user input.	
<header>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Represents a container for introductory content or a set of navigational links.	
<head>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Used mostly for metadata.	
<h1>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 1 heading, the headline or title of a page	
<h2>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 2 heading, the subtitles of a page	
<h3>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 3 heading.	
<h4>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 4 heading.	
<h5>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 5 heading.	
<h6>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Level 6 heading.	
<hgroup>	<ହୀରଡେଷ>	Used for grouping <h1>, <h2>, <h3>, etc.	
<hr>	<ହର>	It is used for separating text within a paragraph.	
<i>	<ଇଟାଲିକ>	Defines a part of text in an alternate voice or mood. The content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<iframe>	<ଇଫ୍ରେମ>	Makes it possible to embed another page within a page.	
<ilayer>	<ଇଲେୟାର>	Specifies an inline layer	
	<ଇମେଜ>	It is used for displaying images on a webpage.	
<input>	<ଇନପୁଟ>	It specifies an input field where the user can enter data.	
<ins>	<ଇନ୍ସର୍ଟ>	Defines a text that has been inserted into a document. Browsers will usually underline inserted text.	

<keygen>	<କୀଜି>	Specifies control for key pair generation.	
<kbd>	<କୀବୋର୍ଡ଼>	Specifies a keyboard text.	
<label>	<ଲେବଲ>	Used for assigning labels to interface elements such as forms.	
<layer>	<ସ୍ତର>	Specifies a label for a form control.	
<legend>	<ଲେଜେଣ୍ଡ>	Specifies a title in a fieldset.	
	<ଲିଷ୍ଟିଟମ>	It represents a list item.	
<link>	<ଲିଙ୍କ>	Used for linking to external resources.	
<main>	<ମୁଖ୍ୟ>	It encloses the main content of an BHAML document.	
<map>	<ମାନଚିତ୍ର>	Used when defining an image map.	
<mark>	<ଚିହ୍ନ>	This is essentially used for highlighting.	
<menu>	<ମେନୁ>	Used for creating various kinds of menus.	
<menuitem>	<ମେନୁଇଟେମ୍ >	Specifies actions that can be taken with a menu.	
<meta>	<ମେଟା>	Specifies meta information.	
<meter>	<ମିଟର>	Specifies a measurement, such as disk usage.	
<multicol>	<ବହୁସ୍ତମ୍ଭ>	Specifies a multicolumn text flow.	
<nav>	<ନାଭିଗେସନ୍>	Used for specifying a navigational region within a document.	
<nobr>	<ନୋବ୍ରେକ>	No breaks allowed in the enclosed text.	
<noembed>	<ନୋଏମ୍ବେଡ୍>	Specifies content to be presented by browsers that do not support the embed tag.	
<noscript>	<ନୋସ୍କ୍ରିପ୍ଟ>	Specifies a noscript section.	
<object>	<ଓବଜେକ୍ଟ>	Specifies an embedded object.	
	<ଓରଡର>	Ordered list (1. 2. 3.). Used with list item .	
<optgroup>	<ଓପ୍ଟିମାଇଜେସନ୍ >	Specifies an option group.	
<option>	<ଓପ୍ସନ୍>	Specifies an option in a drop down list.	
<output>	<ଓଉଟପୁଟ>	Specifies some type of output, such as from a calculation done through scripting.	
<p>	<ପାରାଗ୍ରାଫ>	Specifies a paragraph.	
<param>	<ପାରାମିଟର>	Specifies a parameter for an object.	
<pre>	<ପ୍ରିଭିୟୁ>	This is useful for demonstrating code, especially if there are multiple lines.	
<progress>	<ପ୍ରଗ୍ରେସ>	It displays the progress of an action, such as with a script.	
<q>	<କ୍ୱୋଟ>	Quote from some source.	
<rb>	<ରବି>	Used for for Ruby annotations.	
<ruby>	<ରୁବି >	Together with rt and rp allow for marking up ruby annotations.	
<samp>	<ସାମ୍ପଲ>	Specifies sample computer code.	
<script>	<ସ୍କ୍ରିପ୍ଟ>	It is useful for applying styles to or around text, especially inline.	
<section>	<ସିକ୍ସନ୍>	Represents a generic document or application section.	
<spacer>	<ସ୍ପେସର>	Specifies a white space.	
	<ସ୍ପ୍ୟାନ୍>	Specifies a section in a document.	
	<ସ୍ଟ୍ରଙ୍ଗ>	Specifies strong text.	
<style>	<ସ୍ଟାଇଲ>	Used for declaring style sheets within a document.	
<sub>	<ସବ>	Used for displaying subscript. Useful for math, especially in conjunction with <sup>.	
<select>	<ସିଲେକ୍ଟ>	Specifies a selectable list	
<summary>	<ସାମ୍ମାରୀ>	Used in conjunction with the <details> tag for specifying a summary.	
<sup>	<ସପ>	Used for displaying superscript, Useful for math.	
<table>	<ଟେବୁଲ>	Used for making tables in an BHAML page.	
<tbody>	<ଟିବଡି>	Specifies a table body.	
<td>	<ଟିଡି>	This represents a data cell within a table.	
<textarea>	<ଟେକ୍ସଟାରିଆ>	Used for multi-line text entry.	
<tfoot>	<ଟିଫୁଟ>	Table footer.	
<th>	<ଟିଥ>	Table header cell.	
<thead>	<ଟିଥେଡ>	Table header cell.	
<time>	<ଟାଇମ>	It specifies the date/time within a document.	
<title>	<ଟାଇଟଲ>	The title of an BHAML document	
<tr>	<ଟ୍ରି>	A row within a table.	
	<ୟୁଲିଷ୍ଟ>	It is used with (list item) to make unordered list	
<var>	<ସ୍ଟ୍ରିକ୍ଟ>	Used to defines a variable in programming or in a mathematical expression.	
<video>	<ଭିଡିଓ>	Used for embedding video within an BHAML page.	
<wbr>	<ବ୍ରେକ>	Specifies a line break opportunity.	
<html>	<ଇଏଚ୍ଟିଏଲ>	Specifies an html document	