

English	Hindi	Meanings	Buttons
<a>	<ए>	It is used to make an actual link	Enter Into WorkSpace - कार्यक्षेत्र में प्रवेश करें
<abbr>	<एबबर>	Used with title attribute to define abbreviations.	Upload - डालना
<address>	<पता>	General contact information for the website	Replace All - सबको बदली करें
<area>	<क्षेत्र>	Establishes areas in an image map	Find - खोजें
<article>	<लेख>	Used to contain blog entries, forum posts, etc.	New - नया
<aside>	<अलग>	This element is for making sidebars that are placed next to the main content.	Language Changer - भाषा परिवर्तक
<audio>	<ऑडियो>	This Tag is used to place an audio stream within an BHAML document.	Undo - पूर्ववत् करें
	<मोटा>	Specifies bold text without any extra importance.	Redo - फिर से करें
<base>	<बेस>	Used to set a base URL	Clear - साफ़
<blink>	<ब्लिंक>	Used for quoting from an external source	Save - डाउनलोड करना
<bdo>	<बीडीओ>	Specifies the direction of text display	Home - होम
<bgsound>	<बीज़ीध्वनि>	Specifies the background music	About - इसके बारे में
<blockquote>	<ब्लॉककोट>	Used for quoting from an external source.	
<body>	<बोडी>	It establishes the body of an BHAML document	
 	<बर>	Used to break line in BHAML.	
<button>	<बटन>	Specifies button that can be clicked.	
<canvas>	<कैनवस>	Used for rendering graphics on the fly, typically in conjunction with a scripting	
<caption>	<कैप्शन>	Used for table caption.	
<cite>	<कथन>	For citing.	
<code>	<कोड>	Specifies a computer code text	
<col>	<कौल>	Specifies properties of a <col> within a.	
<colgroup>	<कौलग्रुप>	It is a group of column.	
<command>	<आदेश>	Specifies a command the user can invoke	
<comment>	<कमेंट>	Puts a comment in the document	
<datalist>	<डेटालिस्ट>	Together with the a new list attribute for input can be used to make comboboxes	
<dd>	<डीडी>	Specifies a definition description	
	<हटा>	Specifies deleted text	
<details>	<विवरण>	Specifies additional information or controls which the user can obtain on demand.	
<dfn>	<परिभाषा>	Specifies a definition term	
<dialog>	<संवाद>	Dialog box	
<div>	<डिव>	A divider or a kind of generic container.	
<dl>	<डील>	Specifies a definition list.	
<dt>	<डीटी>	A term/name in a description list.	
<!DOCTYPE>	<डॉकटाइप>	Specifies the document type.	

	<ज़ोर>	Used to define emphasized text.Content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<embed>	<एम्बेड>	Defines external interactive content or plugin.	
<fieldset>	<फील्डसेट>	Used to group related elements in a form.	
<figure>	<चित्र>	It defines self contained content such as photos or diagrams.	
<footer>	<रेखा>	It is a document, below the main content.	
<form>	<फ़ार्म>	Forms for user input.	
<header>	<हैडर>	Represents a container for introductory content or a set of navigational links.	
<head>	<हैड>	Used mostly for metadata.	
<h1>	<ह1>	Level 1 heading, the headline or title of a page	
<h2>	<ह2>	Level 2 heading, the subtitles of a page	
<h3>	<ह3>	Level 3 heading.	
<h4>	<ह4>	Level 4 heading.	
<h5>	<ह5>	Level 5 heading.	
<h6>	<ह6>	Level 6 heading.	
<hgroup>	<हगुप>	Used for grouping <h1>, <h2>, <h3>, etc.	
<hr>	<एचआर>	It is used for separating text within a paragraph.	
<i>	<तिरछा>	Defines a part of text in an alternate voice or mood. The content inside is typically displayed in italic.	
<iframe>	<इफ्रेम>	Makes it possible to embed another page within a page.	
<ilayer>	<इलेयर>	Specifies an inline layer	
	<चित्र>	It is used for displaying images on a webpage.	
<input>	<इनपुट>	It specifies an input field where the user can enter data.	
<ins>	<डाल>	Defines a text that has been inserted into a document. Browsers will usually underline inserted text.	
<keygen>	<कुंजी>	Specifies control for key pair generation.	
<kbd>	<कीबोर्ड>	Specifies a keyboard text.	
<label>	<लेबल>	Used for assigning labels to interface elements such as forms.	
<layer>	<लेयर>	Specifies a label for a form control.	
<legend>	<उपाख्या>	Specifies a title in a fieldset.	
	<सूची>	It represents a list item.	
<link>	<कड़ी>	Used for linking to external resources.	
<main>	<मुख्य>	It encloses the main content of an BHAML document.	
<map>	<नक्शा>	Used when defining an image map.	
<mark>	<निशान>	This is essentially used for highlighting.	
<menu>	<मेनू>	Used for creating various kinds of menus.	
<menuitem>	<मेनूवस्तु>	Specifies actions that can be taken with a menu.	
<meta>	<मैटा>	Specifies meta information.	

<meter>	<मीटर>	Specifies a measurement, such as disk usage.	
<multicol>	<बहुस्तंभ>	Specifies a multicolumn text flow.	
<nav>	<पथ>	Used for specifying a navigational region within a document.	
<nobr>	<नोबर>	No breaks allowed in the enclosed text.	
<noembed>	<नोएम्बेड>	Specifies content to be presented by browsers that do not support the embed tag.	
<noscript>	<नोलिपि>	Specifies a noscript section.	
<object>	<वस्तु>	Specifies an embedded object.	
	<आसूची>	Ordered list (1. 2. 3.). Used with list item .	
<optgroup>	<विसमूह>	Specifies an option group.	
<option>	<विकल्प>	Specifies an option in a drop down list.	
<output>	<उत्पाद>	Specifies some type of output, such as from a calculation done through scripting.	
<p>	<पैरा>	Specifies a paragraph.	
<param>	<परम>	Specifies a parameter for an object.	
<pre>	<पूर्व>	This is useful for demonstrating code, especially if there are multiple lines.	
<progress>	<प्रगति>	It displays the progress of an action, such as with a script.	
<q>	<क्>	Quote from some source.	
<rb>	<आरबी>	Used for for Ruby annotations.	
<ruby>	<रूबी>	Together with rt and rp allow for marking up ruby annotations.	
<samp>	<नमूना>	Specifies sample computer code.	
<script>	<लिपि>	It is useful for applying styles to or around text, especially inline.	
<section>	<भाग>	Represents a generic document or application section.	
<spacer>	<अंतर>	Specifies a white space.	
	<पाट>	Specifies a section in a document.	
	<बल>	Specifies strong text.	
<style>	<शैली>	Used for declaring style sheets within a document.	
<sub>	<अनु>	Used for displaying subscript. Useful for math, especially in conjunction with <sup>.	
<select>	<चयन>	Specifies a selectable list	
<summary>	<सारांश>	Used in conjunction with the <details> tag for specifying a summary.	
<sup>	<उत्तम>	Used for displaying superscript, Useful for math.	
<table>	<टेबल>	Used for making tables in an BHAML page.	
<tbody>	<टीबीडी>	Specifies a table body.	
<td>	<टीडी>	This represents a data cell within a table.	
<textarea>	<पाठक्षेत्र>	Used for for multi-line text entry.	
<tfoot>	<टीफुट>	Table footer.	
<th>	<टीह>	Table header cell.	

<thead>	<टीहैड>	Table header cell.	
<time>	<समय>	It specifies the date/time within a document.	
<title>	<शीर्षक>	The title of an BHAML document	
<tr>	<टीर>	A row within a table.	
	<असूची>	It is used with (list item) to make unordered list	
<var>	<बदल>	Used to defines a variable in programming or in a mathematical expression.	
<video>	<वीडियो>	Used for embedding video within an BHAML page.	
<wbr>	<वबर>	Specifies a line break opportunity.	
<html>	<भमल>	Specifies an html document	