## Synthesizing Comics via Conditional Generative Adversarial Networks

Darwin Burkard Morris

Supervised by Prof. Lydia Chen, Dr. Zilong Zhao Delft University of Technology

# TUDelft

#### Background

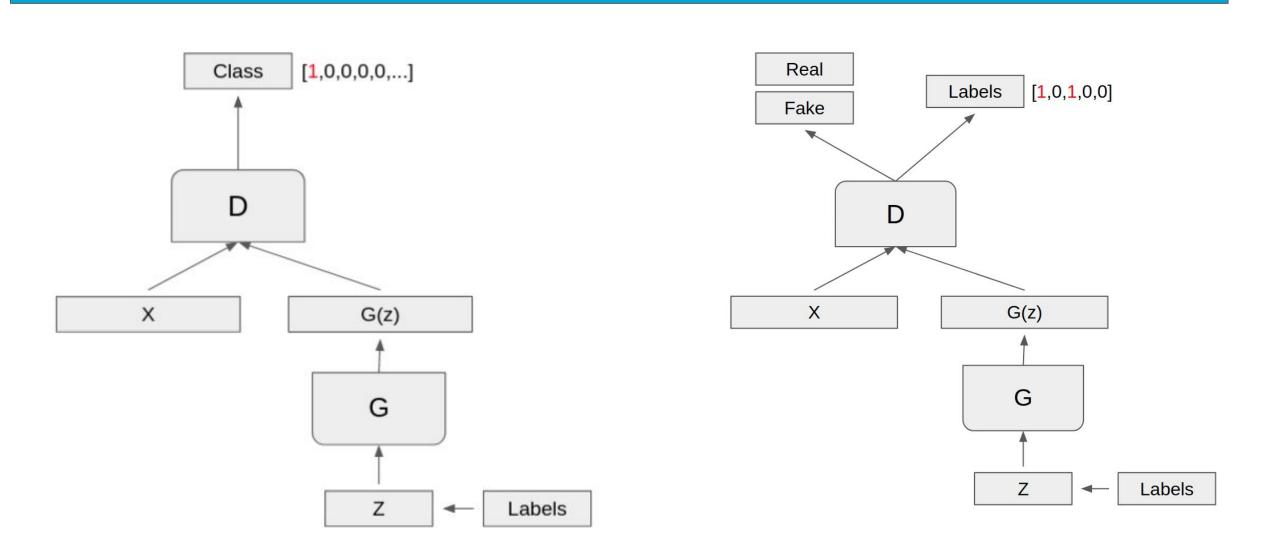
- Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) [1] excel at image synthesis.
- Deep Convolutional GAN (DCGAN)[2], Wasserstein GAN with Gradient Penalty (WGAN-GP)[3], and Stability GAN (SGAN)[4] represent the state-of-the-art.
- Conditional GANs can be conditioned in order to generate output that matches a class label.

#### Research Question

#### Can conditional Generative Adversarial Networks Synthesize Images that accurately match preconditions?

- How does the unconditional performance of DCGAN, WGAN-GP, and SGAN compare in the comics domain?
- Can a multi-label and multi-label version of the best performing architecture conditionally generate semantically accurate panels?
- How does the performance compare between the two networks?

### Method



#### 1. Empirical Analysis

MC-SGAN

Compare DCGAN, WGAN-GP, and SGAN on comics domain. Assess prominence of conditions.

ML-SGAN

#### 2. Conditions

- Most prominent conditions were determined to be background color and character presence.

#### 3. GAN Architectures

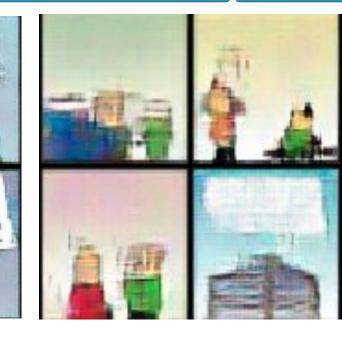
- Multi-Class SGAN: ResNet based architecture using multi-class classification via LP transformation.
- Multi-Label SGAN: ResNet based architecture using multi-label auxiliary classification technique [5].

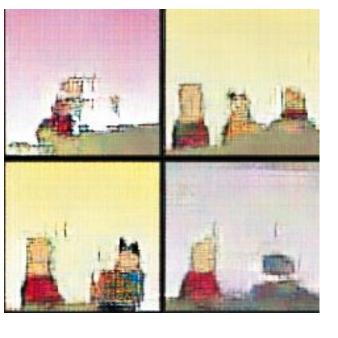
#### 4. Evaluation

- Frechet Inception Distance [6]
- Accuracy of label occurrence
- Network loss

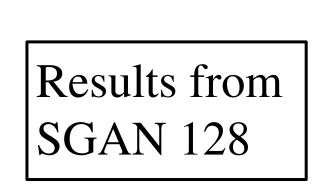
#### Empirical Analysis

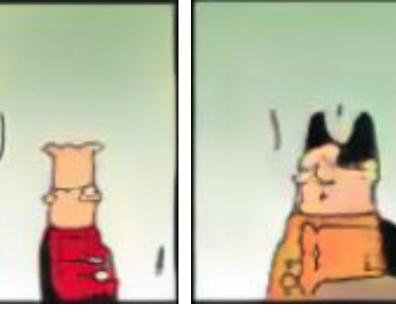




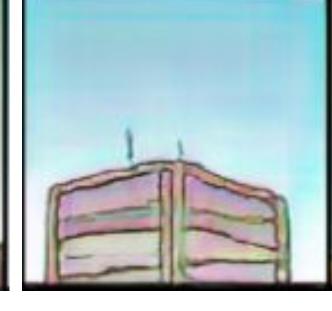


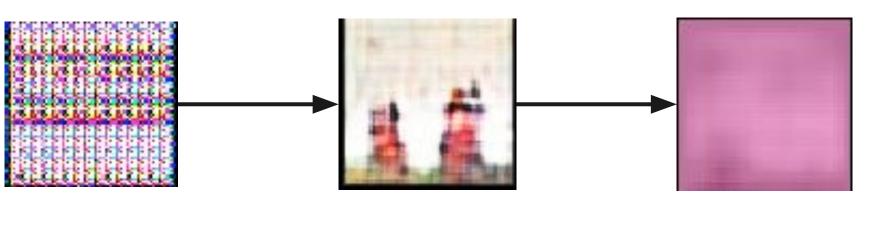
Results from DCGAN, WGAN-GP 64, and WGAN-GP









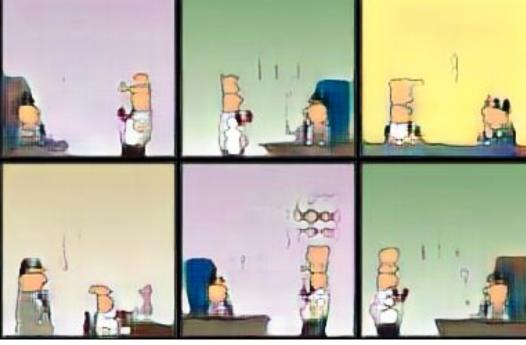


Example of vanishing gradients seen in **DCGAN** 

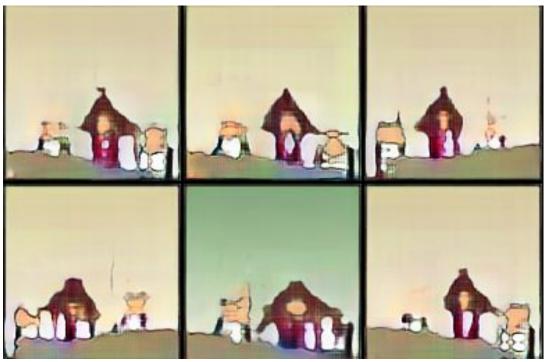
Through empirical analysis it was determined that the ResNet based SGAN architecture synthesized superior comics to both DCGAN and WGAN-GP. SGAN also proved to be extremely stable.

#### Results

Network	Color	Two-Character	Four-Character
MC-SGAN	100%	96%	84%
ML-SGAN	100%	92%	63.10%



 $[1, 1, 0, 0] \rightarrow 4$ 

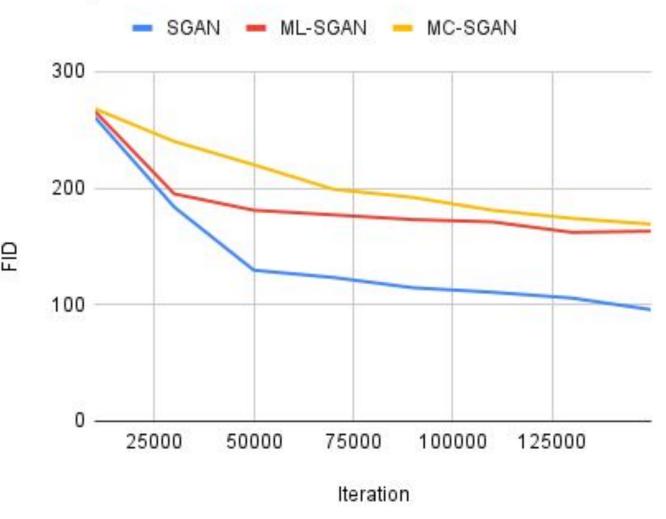


 $[0, 0, 1, 1] \rightarrow 7$ 

FID was similar between ML-GAN and MC-GAN during although it was lower than unconditional SGAN. This is likely due to differences in data.

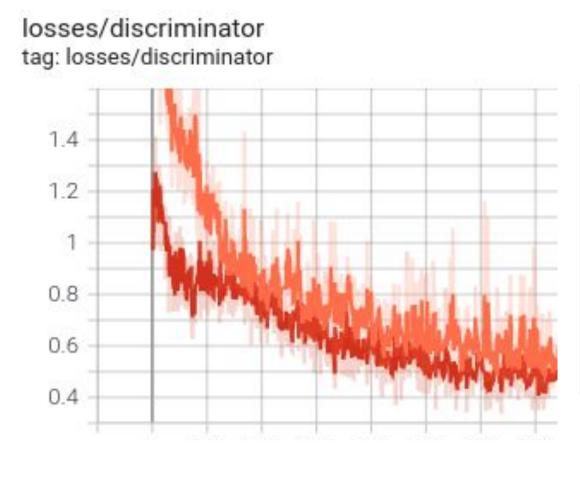
Both ML-GAN and MC-GAN performed exceedingly well at generating semantically correct panels during experiments with color and with two-characters. MC-SGAN outperformed ML-SGAN in output accuracy when conditioned on four characters.

#### SGAN, ML-SGAN and MC-SGAN



#### Conclusion

- Generative Adversarial Networks provide a great platform for conditional synthesis of comics
- SGAN outperforms both WGAN-GP and DCGAN when applied to comics
- MC-SGAN generates comics with high semantic accuracy although it is limited by growth in class number
- ML-SGAN struggles on more complex problems due to collapse of the auxiliary classifier



Result of auxiliary classifier collapse in ML-SGAN. A viable solution could be a pre-trained classifier.

#### Contact

Name: Darwin Morris

Email: <u>dmorris@student.tudelft.nl</u> Responsible Professor: Dr. Lydia Chen

Supervisor: Dr. Zilong Zhao

Other Researchers: Ben Provan-Bessel, Maciej Styczen,

Bartlomiej Kotlicki, Krzysztof Garbowicz

#### References

- [1] I. J. Goodfellow, J. Pouget-Abadie, M. Mirza, B. Xu, D. Warde-Farley, S. Ozair, A. Courville, and Y. Bengio, "Generative adversarial networks," arXiv preprint arXiv:1406.2661, 2014.
- [2] A. Radford, L. Metz, and S. Chintala, "Unsupervised representation learning with deep convolutional generative adversarial networks," arXiv preprint arXiv:1511.06434, 2015.
- [3] I. Gulrajani, F. Ahmed, M. Arjovsky, V. Dumoulin, and A. Courville, "Improved training of wasserstein gans," arXiv preprint arXiv:1704.00028, 2017.
- [4] L. Mescheder, A. Geiger, and S. Nowozin, "Which training methods for gans do actually converge?" in International conference on machine learning. PMLR, 2018, pp. 3481–3490
- [5] A. Odena, C. Olah, and J. Shlens, "Conditional image synthesis with auxiliary classifier gans," in International conference on machine learning. PMLR, 2017, pp. 2642–2651.
- [6] A. Mathiasen and F. Hvilshøj, "Fast fr\'echet inception distance," arXiv preprint arXiv:2009.14075, 2020.