

Octopus

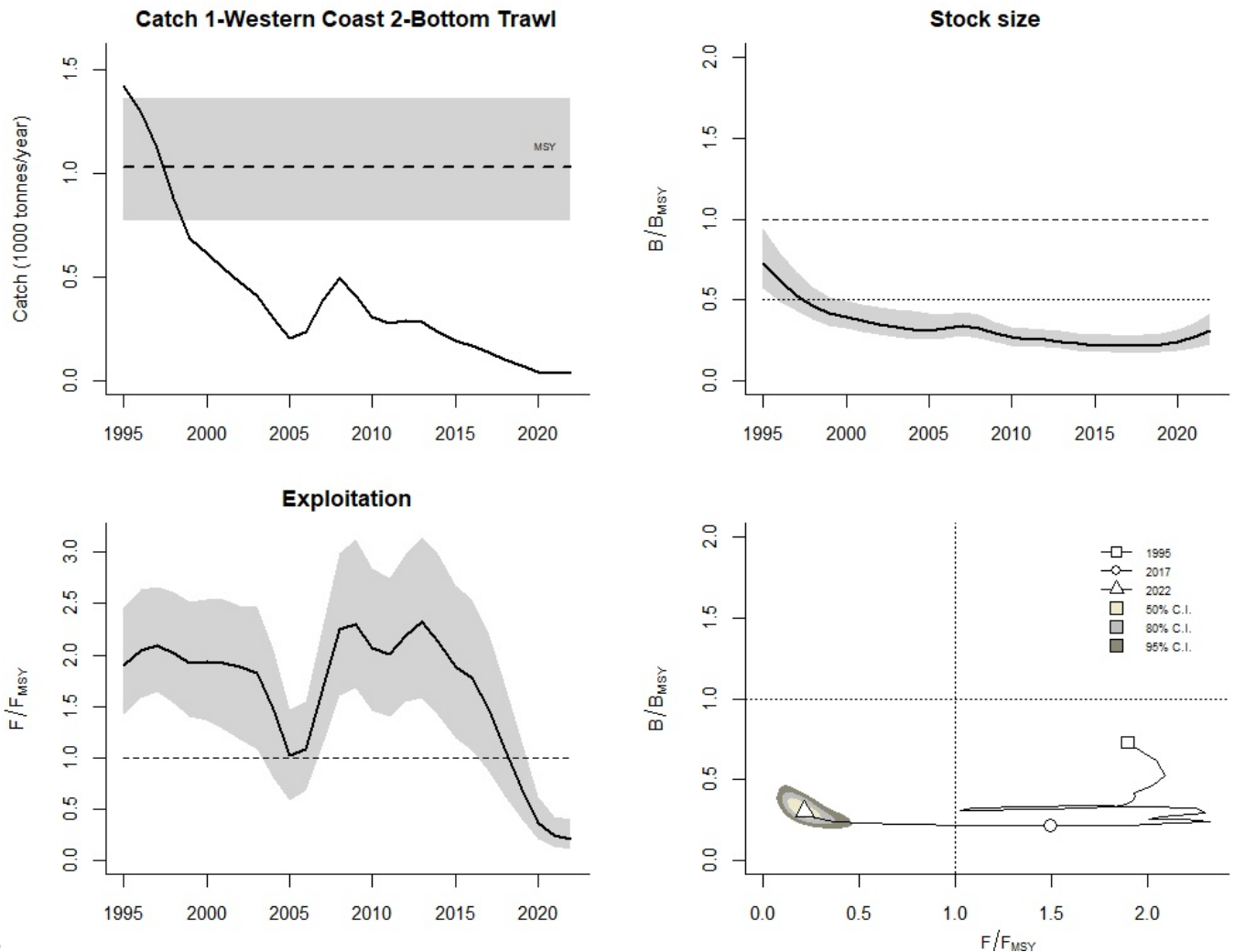
Species: *Octopus vulgaris*, Stock code: 1-Western Coast 2-Bottom Trawl

Region: Iberia

Marine Ecoregion: Portugal

Reconstructed catch data used from years 1995 - 2021

For figure captions and method see <http://www.seaaroundus.org/cmsy-method>



extext

Results for management (based on BSM analysis)

$F_{msy} = 0.234$, 95% CL = 0.161 - 0.346 (if $B > 1/2 B_{msy}$ then $F_{msy} = 0.5 r$)

$F_{msy} = 0.149$, 95% CL = 0.102 - 0.22 (r and F_{msy} are linearly reduced if $B < 1/2 B_{msy}$)

$MSY = 0.975$, 95% CL = 0.735 - 1.3; $B_{msy} = 4.16$, 95% CL = 2.81 - 5.93 (1000 tonnes)

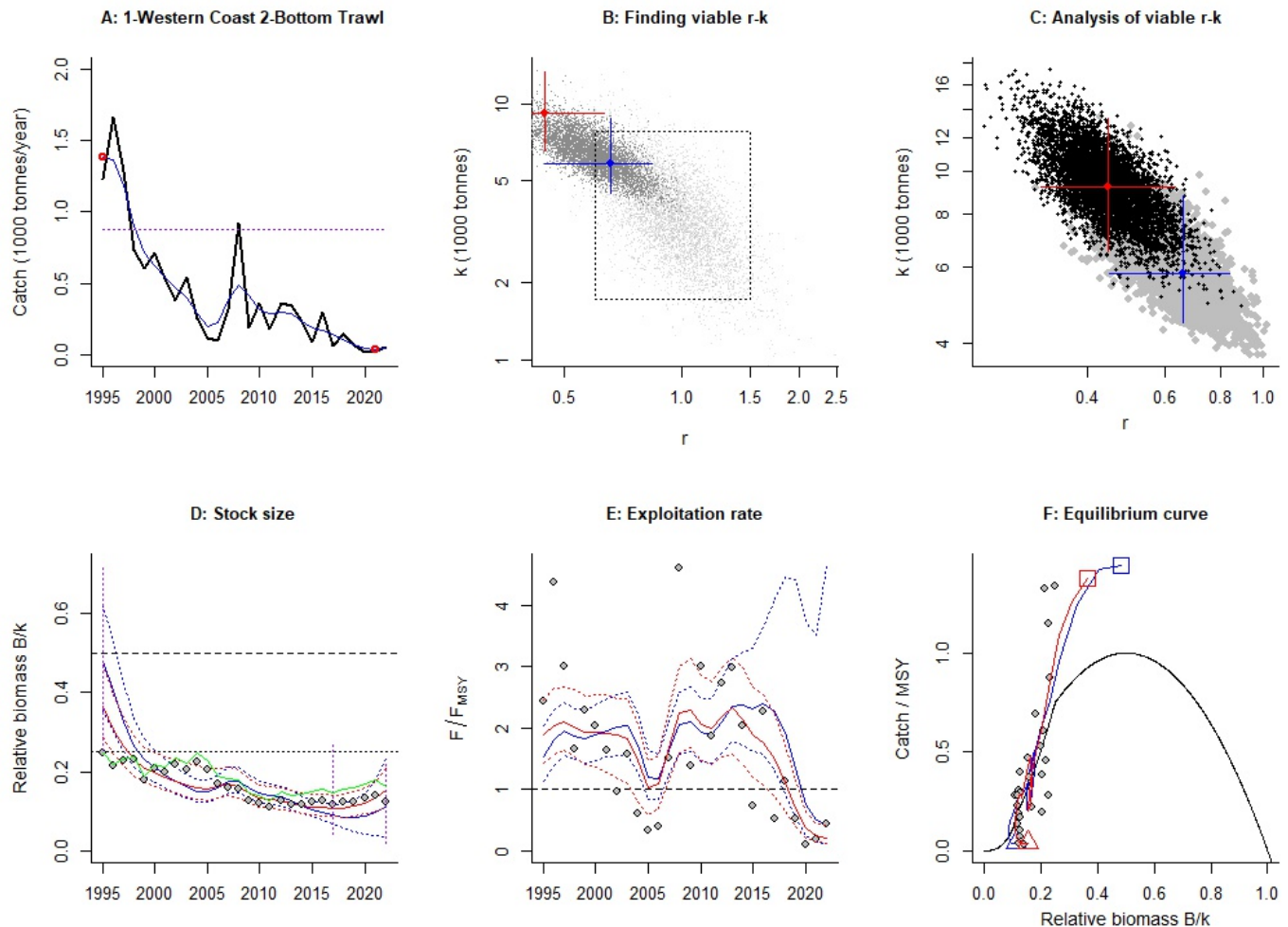
Biomass in last year = 1.32, 95% CL = 0.848 - 1.99 (1000 tonnes)

B/B_{msy} in last year = 0.317, 95% CL = 0.23 - 0.439

Fishing mortality in last year = 0.0225, 95% CL = 0.0136 - 0.0374

$F/F_{msy} = 0.151$, 95% CL = 0.0787 - 0.295

Comment:



extext

Results of CMSY analysis conducted in JAGS

$r = 0.659$, 95% CL = 0.456 - 0.841; $k = 5.6$, 95% CL = 4.44 - 8.37 (1000 tonnes)

MSY = 0.923, 95% CL = 0.713 - 1.21 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass last year = 0.0975 k , 95% CL = 0.0267 - 0.222

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 0.752

Results from Bayesian Schaefer model using catch and CPUE

$r = 0.468$, 95% CL = 0.322 - 0.692; $k = 8.32$, 95% CL = 5.62 - 11.9

r - k log correlation = -0.719

MSY = 0.975, 95% CL = 0.735 - 1.3 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass in last year = 0.0975 k , 95% CL = 0.0267 - 0.222

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 0.149

$q = 3.92$, 95% CL = 2.74 - 5.78

Prior range of $q = 1.04 - 18.3$

Relative abundance data type = CPUE

Prior initial relative biomass = 0.256 - 0.721 default

Prior intermediate relative biomass = 0.0501 - 0.285 in year 2016 default

Prior final relative biomass = 0.0169 - 0.215, default

Prior range for $r = 0.6 - 1.5$ default, prior range for $k = 1.77 - 7.77$ (1000 tonnes) default

Source for relative biomass:

DGRM