

Octopus

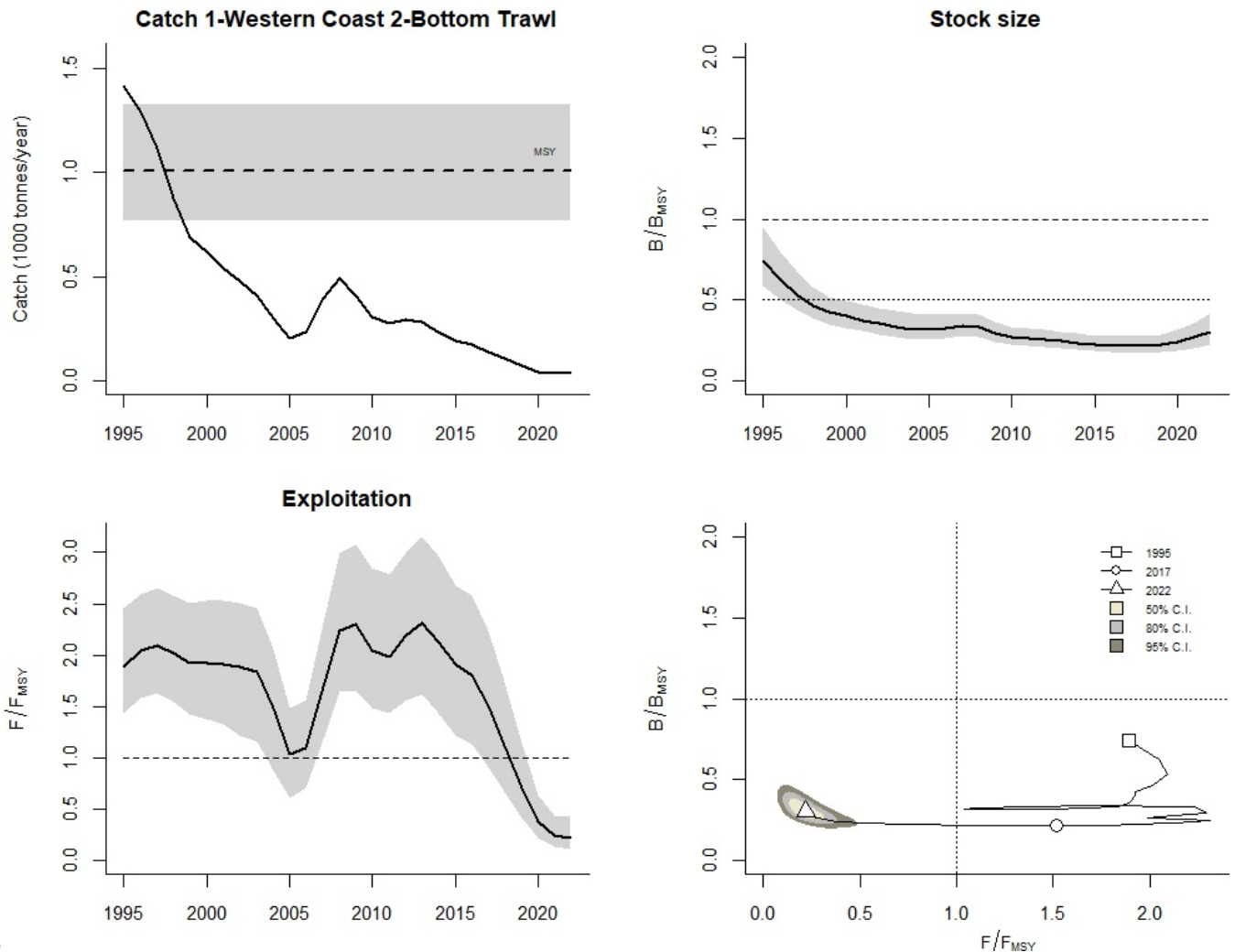
Species: *Octopus vulgaris*, Stock code: 1-Western Coast 2-Bottom Trawl

Region: Iberia

Marine Ecoregion: Portugal

Reconstructed catch data used from years 1995 - 2022

For figure captions and method see <http://www.seaaroundus.org/cmsy-method>



extext

Results for management (based on BSM analysis)

$F_{msy} = 0.223$, 95% CL = 0.157 - 0.32 (if $B > 1/2 B_{msy}$ then $F_{msy} = 0.5 r$)

$F_{msy} = 0.137$, 95% CL = 0.0961 - 0.196 (r and F_{msy} are linearly reduced if $B < 1/2 B_{msy}$)

$MSY = 1.01$, 95% CL = 0.766 - 1.33; $B_{msy} = 4.47$, 95% CL = 3.22 - 6.52 (1000 tonnes)

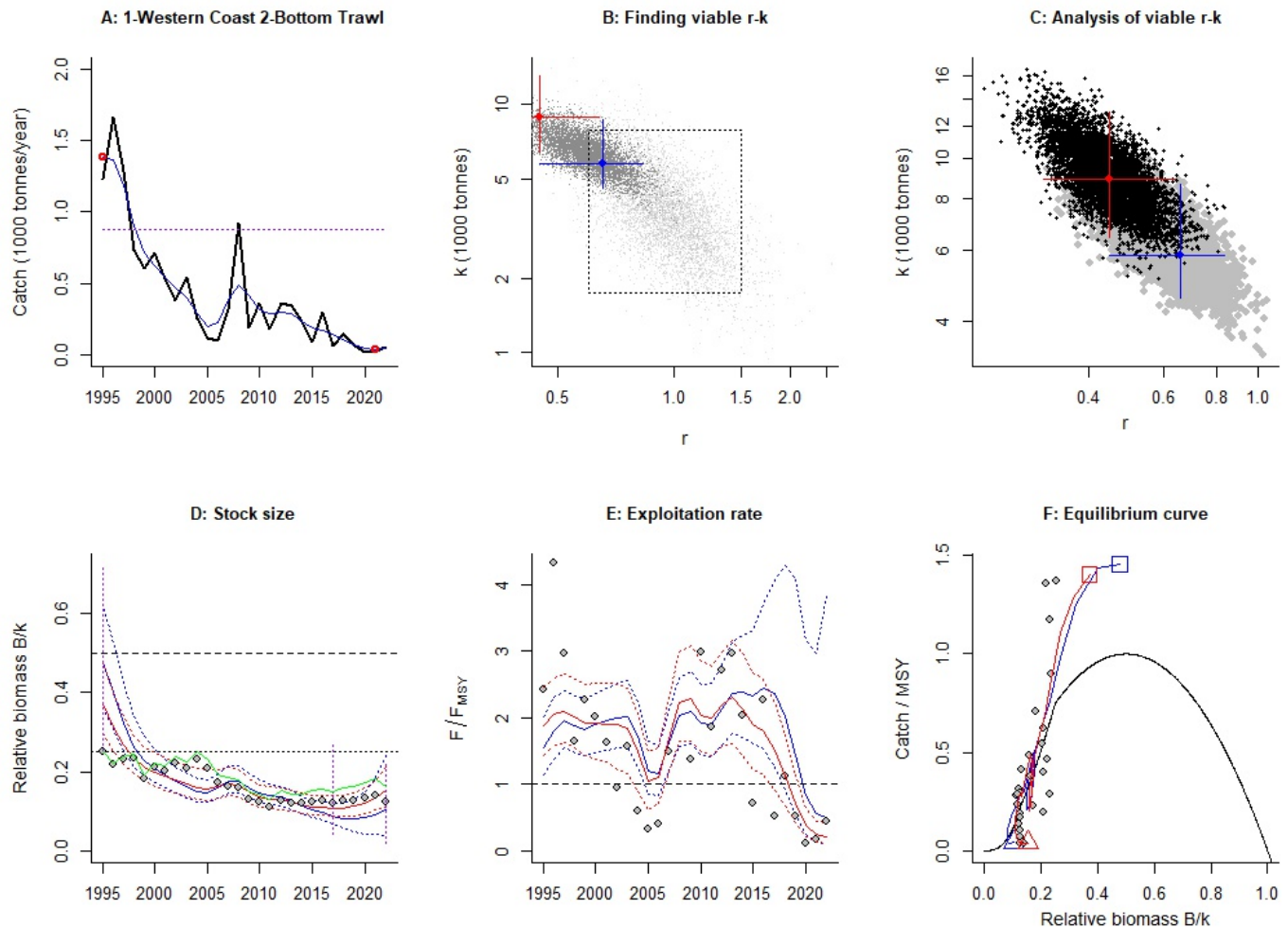
Biomass in last year = 1.38, 95% CL = 0.918 - 2.07 (1000 tonnes)

B/B_{msy} in last year = 0.306, 95% CL = 0.224 - 0.421

Fishing mortality in last year = 0.03, 95% CL = 0.0185 - 0.0496

$F/F_{msy} = 0.218$, 95% CL = 0.115 - 0.43

Comment:



extext

Results of CMSY analysis conducted in JAGS

$r = 0.656$, 95% CL = 0.447 - 0.835; $k = 5.81$, 95% CL = 4.59 - 8.67 (1000 tonnes)

MSY = 0.953, 95% CL = 0.745 - 1.24 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass last year = 0.104 k , 95% CL = 0.039 - 0.241

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 0.565

Results from Bayesian Schaefer model using catch and CPUE

$r = 0.447$, 95% CL = 0.314 - 0.641; $k = 8.93$, 95% CL = 6.44 - 13

r - k log correlation = -0.701

MSY = 1.01, 95% CL = 0.766 - 1.33 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass in last year = 0.104 k , 95% CL = 0.039 - 0.241

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 0.264

$q = 3.77$, 95% CL = 2.65 - 5.27

Prior range of q = 1.02 - 18.7

Relative abundance data type = CPUE

Prior initial relative biomass = 0.256 - 0.721 default

Prior intermediate relative biomass = 0.0426 - 0.269 in year 2017 default

Prior final relative biomass = 0.0196 - 0.22, default

Prior range for r = 0.6 - 1.5 default, prior range for k = 1.73 - 7.91 (1000 tonnes) default

Source for relative biomass:

DGRM