

Octopus

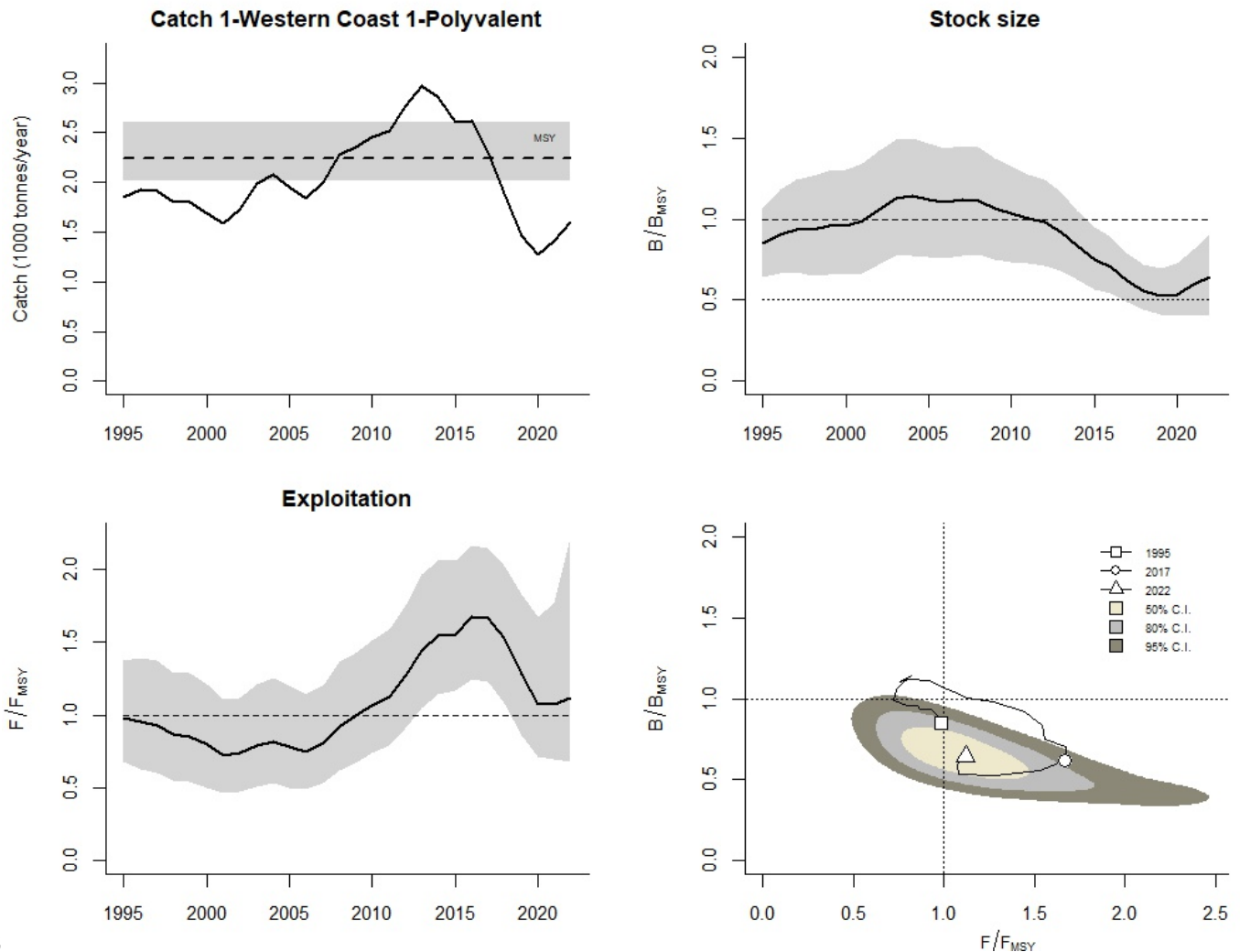
Species: *Octopus vulgaris*, Stock code: 1-Western Coast 1-Polyvalent

Region: Iberia

Marine Ecoregion: Portugal

Reconstructed catch data used from years 1995 - 2022

For figure captions and method see <http://www.seaaroundus.org/cmsy-method>



extext

Results for management (based on BSM analysis)

$F_{msy} = 0.3$, 95% CL = 0.2 - 0.443 (if $B > 1/2 B_{msy}$ then $F_{msy} = 0.5 r$)

$F_{msy} = 0.3$, 95% CL = 0.2 - 0.443 (r and F_{msy} are linearly reduced if $B < 1/2 B_{msy}$)

$MSY = 2.24$, 95% CL = 2.02 - 2.6; $B_{msy} = 7.46$, 95% CL = 5.06 - 11.6 (1000 tonnes)

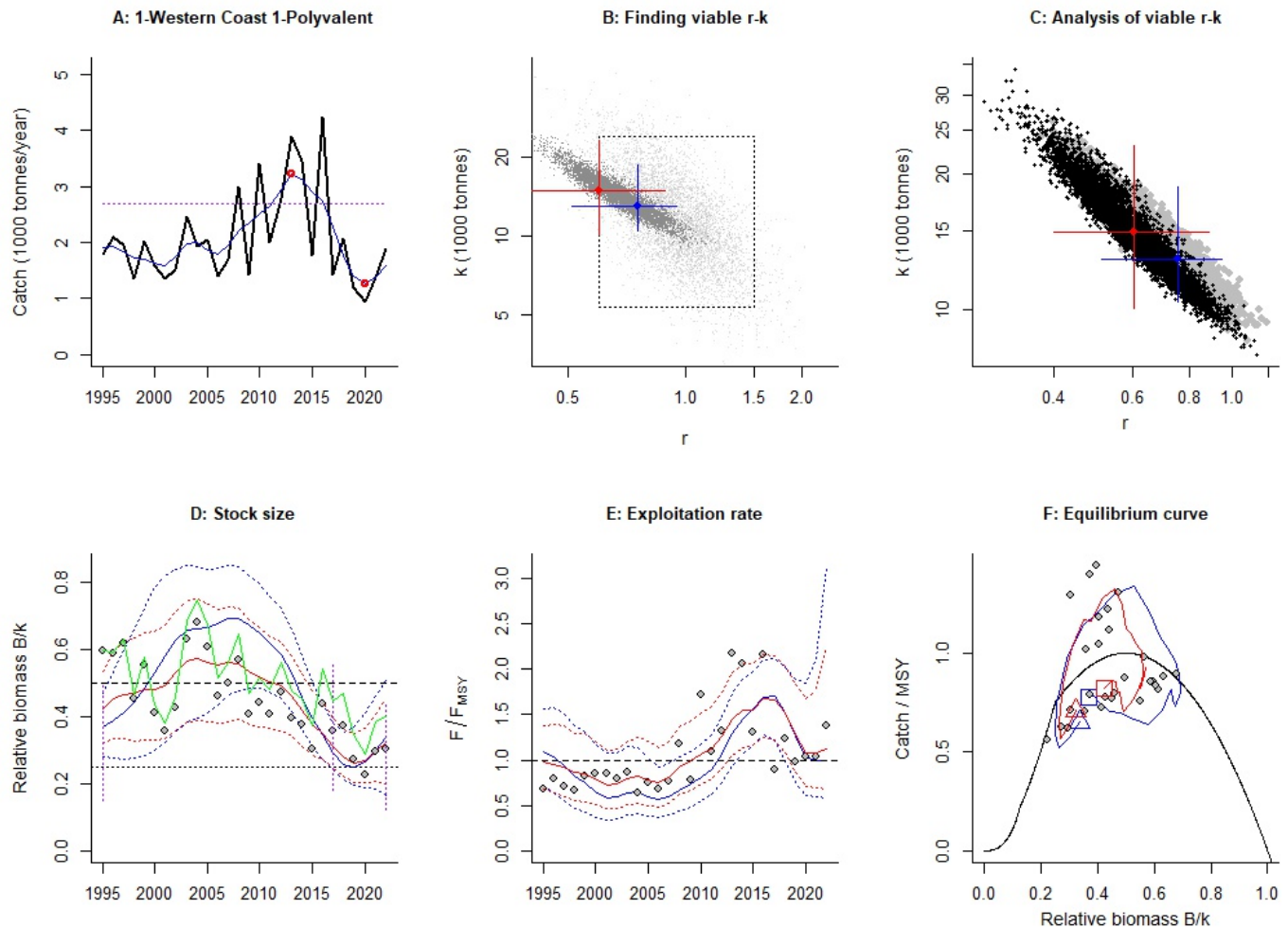
Biomass in last year = 4.72, 95% CL = 2.98 - 7.47 (1000 tonnes)

B/B_{msy} in last year = 0.642, 95% CL = 0.4 - 0.902

Fishing mortality in last year = 0.337, 95% CL = 0.194 - 0.591

$F/F_{msy} = 1.12$, 95% CL = 0.683 - 2.23

Comment:



extext

Results of CMSY analysis conducted in JAGS

$r = 0.756$, 95% CL = 0.51 - 0.946; $k = 12.9$, 95% CL = 10.4 - 18.7 (1000 tonnes)

MSY = 2.44, 95% CL = 2.14 - 2.74 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass last year = 0.336 k , 95% CL = 0.164 - 0.505

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 0.998

Results from Bayesian Schaefer model using catch and CPUE

$r = 0.601$, 95% CL = 0.4 - 0.887; $k = 14.9$, 95% CL = 10.1 - 23.2

r - k log correlation = -0.956

MSY = 2.24, 95% CL = 2.02 - 2.6 (1000 tonnes/year)

Relative biomass in last year = 0.336 k , 95% CL = 0.164 - 0.505

Exploitation $F/(r/2)$ in last year = 1.24

$q = 0.425$, 95% CL = 0.285 - 0.607

Prior range of $q = 0.169$ - 3.03

Relative abundance data type = CPUE

Prior initial relative biomass = 0.149 - 0.495 default

Prior intermediate relative biomass = 0.182 - 0.565 in year 2017 default

Prior final relative biomass = 0.122 - 0.438, default

Prior range for $r = 0.6$ - 1.5 default, prior range for $k = 5.38$ - 24.1 (1000 tonnes) default

Source for relative biomass:

DGRM