

## SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T)

For Use Under Emergency Use Authorization Only

For *in vitro* diagnostic use.

For prescription use only.

### Assay for the Detection of Total Antibodies to SARS-CoV-2

Current Revision and Date <sup>a</sup>	Rev. 01, 2020-05	
Product Name	Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T)	<div>REF 11206711 (100 tests)</div> <div>REF 11206923 (500 tests)</div>
Abbreviated Product Name	Atellica IM COV2T	
Test Name/ID	COV2T	
Systems	Atellica IM Analyzer	
Materials Required but Not Provided	Atellica IM COV2T QC	REF 11206712
Specimen Types	Serum, potassium EDTA plasma, lithium heparin plasma	
Sample Volume	50 µL	
Measuring Interval	0.05–10.00 Index	

<sup>a</sup> A vertical bar in the page margin indicates technical content that differs from the previous version.

### Intended Use

The Atellica® IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay is a chemiluminescent immunoassay intended for qualitative detection of total antibodies (including IgG and IgM) to SARS-CoV-2 in human serum and plasma (potassium EDTA and lithium heparin) using the Atellica® IM Analyzer. The Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay is intended as an aid in identifying patients with an adaptive immune response to SARS-CoV-2, indicating recent or prior infection. At this time, it is unknown for how long antibodies persist following infection and if the presence of antibodies confers protective immunity. Testing is limited to laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C 263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests.

Results are for the detection of SARS CoV-2 antibodies. Antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 are generally detectable in blood several days after initial infection, although the duration of time antibodies are present post-infection is not well characterized. Individuals may have detectable virus present for several weeks following seroconversion.

Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all positive results to the appropriate public health authorities.

The sensitivity of the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay early after infection is unknown. Negative results do not preclude acute SARS-CoV-2 infection. If acute infection is suspected, direct testing for SARS-CoV-2 is necessary.

False positive results for the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay may occur due to cross-reactivity from pre-existing antibodies or other possible causes.

The Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay is only for use under the Food and Drug Administration's Emergency Use Authorization.

## Summary and Explanation

COVID-19 (coronavirus disease 2019) is the illness resulting from infection with SARS-CoV-2 (severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2) virus.<sup>1-5</sup> The virus spreads readily from person to person or possibly from environmental exposure.<sup>6</sup> Evidence supports spread by both asymptomatic and symptomatic individuals.<sup>7</sup> About 20% of infections identified to date produce severe disease, principally Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS), requiring intensive care unit treatment.<sup>4,8,9</sup> Differentiating COVID-19 from other respiratory pathogens is essential for implementing infection control measures, such as isolation and contact tracing, as well as clinical monitoring and support.

Diagnosis of current infection with SARS-CoV-2 relies primarily on molecular testing for the viral RNA using a swab collection for sputum or throat/nasal secretions.<sup>10,11</sup> SARS-CoV-2 RNA testing is recommended as the most sensitive diagnostic test for early infection, as viral RNA can be detected prior to antibody seroconversion.<sup>12,13</sup> Production of antibodies to the virus (such as IgM and IgG) occur within 15 days in most patients, and seroconversion can be coincident with the continued detection of viral RNA.<sup>13-16</sup>

Serology testing is essential for disease surveillance. This is particularly true for understanding viral prevalence, as most infections cause mild or no symptoms. Assessment of antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 virus in the population aids in the understanding of disease spread (both current and recovered) and may support the assessment of immunity should the presence of antibodies prove to be protective.

## Principles of the Procedure

The Atellica IM COV2T assay is a fully automated 1-step antigen sandwich immunoassay using acridinium ester chemiluminescent technology, in which antigens are bridged by antibodies present in the patient sample. The Solid Phase contains a preformed complex of streptavidin-coated microparticles and biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 recombinant antigens. This reagent is used to capture anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibodies in the patient sample. The Lite Reagent contains acridinium-ester-labeled SARS-CoV-2 recombinant antigens used to detect anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibodies bound to the Solid Phase.

A direct relationship exists between the amount of SARS-CoV-2 antibodies present in the patient sample and the amount of relative light units (RLUs) detected by the system.

A result of reactive or nonreactive is determined according to the Index Value established with the calibrators. Refer to *Interpretation of Results*.

## Reagents

Material Description	Storage	Stability
<b>Atellica IM COV2T ReadyPack® primary reagent pack<sup>a, b</sup></b>	Unopened at 2–8°C	Until expiration date on product
<b>Lite Reagent</b> 10.0 mL/reagent pack Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD antigen (~0.3 µg/mL) labeled with acridinium ester in buffer; bovine serum albumin; goat serum; surfactant; sodium azide (< 0.1%)	Onboard	28 days
<b>Solid Phase</b> 10.0 mL/reagent pack Streptavidin-coated paramagnetic microparticles preformed with biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD antigen (~1.0 µg/mL) in buffer; bovine serum albumin; goat serum; surfactant; sodium azide (< 0.1%)		
<b>Atellica IM COV2T CAL<sup>a, b</sup></b> 1.0 mL/vial Processed* human plasma nonreactive for antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 and processed* human plasma spiked with antibodies to SARS-CoV-2; sodium azide (< 0.1%) <i>*Processed plasma is defibrinated and filtered plasma.</i>	Unopened at 2–8°C  Opened at 2–8°C  At room temperature	Until expiration date on product  60 days  8 hours

<sup>a</sup> Store in an upright position.

<sup>b</sup> Prevent exposure to sunlight and heat.

## Warnings and Precautions

For Use Under Emergency Use Authorization Only

For *in vitro* diagnostic use only.

For prescription use only.

This test has not been FDA cleared or approved; the test has been authorized by FDA under an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) for use by laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C 263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests.

This test has been authorized only for detecting the presence of antibodies against SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens.

This test is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of emergency use of *in vitro* diagnostic tests for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

### CAUTION

Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare professional.

Safety data sheets (SDS) available on [siemens-healthineers.com](https://www.siemens-healthineers.com).



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**CAUTION POTENTIAL BIOHAZARD**

Contains human source material. Each donation of human blood or blood component was tested by FDA-approved methods for the presence of antibodies to human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) and type 2 (HIV-2), as well as for hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and antibody to hepatitis C virus (HCV). The test results were negative (not repeatedly reactive). No test offers complete assurance that these or other infectious agents are absent; this material should be handled using good laboratory practices and universal precautions.<sup>17-19</sup>

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**CAUTION**

This device contains material of animal origin and should be handled as a potential carrier and transmitter of disease.

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Contains sodium azide as a preservative. Sodium azide can react with copper or lead plumbing to form explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush reagents with a large volume of water to prevent buildup of azides. Disposal into drain systems must be in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

Dispose of hazardous or biologically contaminated materials according to the practices of your institution. Discard all materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

**Storage and Stability**

Store all reagents at 2–8°C in an upright position, away from light and heat. Do not use products beyond the expiration date printed on the product labeling.

For information about product storage and stability, refer to *Reagents*.

**Onboard Stability**

Discard products at the end of the onboard stability interval. Do not use products beyond the expiration date printed on the product labeling.

For information about product onboard stability, refer to *Reagents*.

**Specimen Collection and Handling**

Serum and plasma (potassium EDTA and lithium heparin) are the recommended sample types for this assay. Do not use heat-inactivated specimens.

**Collecting the Specimen**

- Observe universal precautions when collecting specimens. Handle all specimens as if they are capable of transmitting disease.<sup>19</sup>
- Follow recommended procedures for collection of diagnostic blood specimens by venipuncture.<sup>20</sup>
- Follow the instructions provided with your specimen collection device for use and processing.<sup>21</sup>
- Allow blood specimens to clot completely before centrifugation.<sup>18</sup>
- Keep tubes capped at all times.<sup>18</sup>
- Test specimens as soon as possible after collecting. Store specimens at 2–8°C if not tested immediately within 8 hours.

## Storing the Specimen

- Thawed frozen specimens must be clarified by centrifugation prior to testing. Do not store in a frost-free freezer.
- Freeze samples, devoid of red blood cells, at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for longer storage.

The handling and storage information provided here is based on data or references maintained by the manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the individual laboratory to use all available references and/or its own studies when establishing alternate stability criteria to meet specific needs.

## Transporting the Specimen

Package and label specimens for shipment in compliance with applicable federal and international regulations covering the transport of clinical specimens and etiological agents.

Store samples capped and upright at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  upon arrival. If shipment is expected to exceed 2 days, ship specimens frozen.

## Preparing the Samples

This assay requires 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample for a single determination. This volume does not include the unusable volume in the sample container or the additional volume required when performing duplicates or other tests on the same sample. For a complete list of appropriate sample containers and information about determining the minimum required volume, refer to the system online help.

Do not use samples with apparent contamination.

Before placing samples on the system, ensure that samples are free of:

- Bubbles or foam.
- Fibrin or other particulate matter.

Remove particulates by centrifugation according to CLSI guidance and the collection device manufacturer's recommendations.<sup>18</sup>

## Procedure

### Materials Provided

The following materials are provided:

REF	Contents	Number of Tests
11206711	1 ReadyPack primary reagent pack containing Atellica IM COV2T Lite Reagent and Solid Phase Atellica IM COV2T master curve and test definition <span>MC TDEF</span> 1 vial Atellica IM COV2T CAL low calibrator <span>CAL L</span> 1 vial Atellica IM COV2T CAL high calibrator <span>CAL H</span> Atellica IM COV2T CAL calibrator assigned value sheet <span>CAL LOT VAL</span>	100
11206923	5 ReadyPack primary reagent packs containing Atellica IM COV2T Lite Reagent and Solid Phase Atellica IM COV2T master curve and test definition <span>MC TDEF</span> 2 vials Atellica IM COV2T CAL low calibrator <span>CAL L</span> 2 vials Atellica IM COV2T CAL high calibrator <span>CAL H</span> Atellica IM COV2T CAL calibrator assigned value sheet <span>CAL LOT VAL</span>	500

## Materials Required but Not Provided

The following materials are required to perform this assay, but are not provided:

REF	Description										
	Atellica IM Analyzer <sup>a</sup>										
11206712	Atellica IM COV2T QC (quality control material)	2 x 2.0 mL negative quality control, level 1 <table border="1"><tr><td>CONTROL</td><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr></table> 2 x 2.0 mL positive quality control, level 2 <table border="1"><tr><td>CONTROL</td><td>+</td><td>2</td></tr></table> Quality control assigned value sheet <table border="1"><tr><td>CONTROL</td><td>LOT</td><td>VAL</td></tr></table>	CONTROL	-	1	CONTROL	+	2	CONTROL	LOT	VAL
CONTROL	-	1									
CONTROL	+	2									
CONTROL	LOT	VAL									

<sup>a</sup> Additional system fluids are required to operate the system: Atellica IM Wash, Atellica IM Acid, Atellica IM Base, and Atellica IM Cleaner. For system fluid instructions for use, refer to the Document Library.

## Assay Procedure

The system automatically performs the following steps:

1. Dispenses 50 µL of sample into a cuvette.
2. Dispenses 100 µL of Solid Phase, then incubates for 3 minutes at 37°C.
3. Dispenses 100 µL of Lite Reagent, then incubates for 5 minutes at 37°C.
4. Separates, aspirates, then washes the cuvette with Atellica IM Wash.
5. Dispenses 300 µL each of Atellica IM Acid and Atellica IM Base to initiate the chemiluminescent reaction.
6. Reports results.

## Preparing the Reagents

All reagents are liquid and ready to use. Before loading the packs onto the system, reagents require mixing. For information about mixing the reagents, refer to the system online help.

## Preparing the System

A daily cleaning procedure must be completed prior to and after your laboratory's batched testing for the Atellica IM COV2T assay.

Ensure that sufficient materials are loaded on the system. Refer to *Materials Provided* and *Materials Required but Not Provided* for guidance about required reagents.

For information about loading products, refer to the system online help.

## Master Curve Definition

Before initiating calibration on each new lot of reagent, enter the assay master curve and test definition by scanning the 

MC TDEF
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 2D barcodes. For information about entering the master curve and test definition, refer to the system online help.

## Performing Calibration

For calibration of the Atellica IM COV2T assay, use the calibrators provided with each kit.

**Note** Calibrators provided in an assay kit must only be used with the reagent lot provided in the same kit.

## Calibration Frequency

Perform a calibration if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- When changing lot numbers of primary reagent packs.
- At the end of the lot calibration interval, for a specified lot of calibrated reagent on the system.
- At the end of the pack calibration interval, for calibrated reagent packs on the system.
- When indicated by quality control results.
- After major maintenance or service, if indicated by quality control results.

**Note** When loading a new primary reagent pack, a calibration is not required if there is a valid lot calibration. For information about lot calibration and pack calibration, refer to the system online help.

Stability Interval	Days
Lot Calibration	28
Pack Calibration	14
Reagent Onboard Stability	28

Follow government regulations or accreditation requirements for calibration frequency. Individual laboratory quality control programs and procedures may require more frequent calibration.

## Preparing the Calibrators

Calibrators are liquid and ready to use. Allow the calibrators to equilibrate to room temperature. Gently mix and invert the vials to ensure homogeneity of the material.

Use calibrators within the stability limits specified in *Reagents* and discard any remaining material.

## Calibration Procedure

The calibrators are provided in dropper vials. Each dispensed drop is approximately 50 µL.

The required sample volume for testing depends on several factors. For information about sample volume requirements, refer to the system online help.

Use the following lot-specific materials to perform calibration:

- For the master curve and assay test definitions, refer to the lot-specific master curve and test definition sheet **MC TDEF** provided with the assay reagents.
- Calibrators provided in an assay kit must only be used with reagents from that assay kit lot. Do not use calibrators from one assay kit lot with reagents from a different assay kit lot.
- For the calibrator definitions, refer to the calibrator assigned value sheet **CAL LOT VAL** provided with the calibrator materials.
- Generate lot-specific barcode labels to use with the calibrator samples.

For instructions about how to perform the calibration procedure, refer to the system online help.

## Performing Quality Control

For quality control of the Atellica IM COV2T assay, use the Atellica IM COV2T QC at least once during each day that samples are analyzed. Use the quality control material in accordance with the quality control instructions for use. For the assigned values, refer to the quality control value sheet 

CONTROL	LOT	VAL
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 provided.

A satisfactory level of performance is achieved when the analyte values obtained are within the expected control interval for the system or within your interval, as determined by an appropriate internal laboratory quality control procedure. Follow your laboratory's quality control procedures if the results obtained do not fall within the acceptable limits. For information about entering quality control definitions, refer to the system online help.

Follow government regulations or accreditation requirements for quality control frequency. Individual laboratory quality control programs and procedures may require more frequent quality control testing.

Test quality control samples after a successful calibration.

## Taking Corrective Action

If the quality control results do not fall within the expected control interval, do not report results. Perform corrective actions in accordance with established laboratory protocol. For suggested protocol, refer to the system online help.

## Results

### Calculation of Results

The system determines the result using the calculation procedure described in the system online help. Refer to *Interpretation of Results*.

### Interpretation of Results

The system reports Atellica IM COV2T assay results in Index Values and as Nonreactive or Reactive:

- **Nonreactive:** < 1.0 Index. These samples are considered negative for SARS-CoV-2 antibodies.
- **Reactive:** ≥ 1.0 Index. These samples are considered positive for SARS-CoV-2 antibodies.

The cut-off value for the Atellica IM COV2T assay was verified based on clinical agreement of results.

Results of this assay should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation, and other findings.

## Limitations

The following information pertains to limitations of the assay:

- This assay should not be used to diagnose or exclude acute infection. Results are not intended to be used as the sole basis for patient management decisions. Test results should be interpreted in conjunction with clinical observations, patient history, epidemiological information, and other laboratory findings.
- The performance of the assay has not been established with cord blood, neonatal specimens, cadaver specimens, or body fluids other than serum or plasma.
- A reactive test result does not exclude past or present infection by other coronaviruses, such as SARS-CoV-1, MERS-CoV, HKU1, 229E, NL63, or OC43.



- Patient specimens may be nonreactive if collected during the early (pre-seroconversion) phase of illness or due to a decline in titer over time. In addition, the immune response may be depressed in elderly, immunocompromised, or immunosuppressed patients.
- It is not known at this time if the presence of antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 confers immunity to re-infection.
- This test should not be used for donor screening.

## Conditions of Authorization for the Laboratory

The Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay Letter of Authorization, along with the authorized Fact Sheet for Healthcare Providers, the authorized Fact Sheet for Patients, and authorized labeling are available on the FDA website:

<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations#covid19ivd>

However, to assist clinical laboratories using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay, the relevant Conditions of Authorization are listed below:

- Authorized laboratories<sup>a</sup> using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay will include with result reports of the assay, all authorized Fact Sheets. Under exigent circumstances, other appropriate methods for disseminating these Fact Sheets may be used, which may include mass media.
- Authorized laboratories using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay will use the product as outlined in the Instructions for Use. Deviations from the authorized procedures, including the authorized instruments, authorized clinical specimen types, authorized control materials, authorized other ancillary reagents and authorized materials required to use the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay are not permitted.
- Authorized laboratories that receive the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay will notify the relevant public health authorities of their intent to run the assay prior to initiating testing.
- Authorized laboratories using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay will have a process in place for reporting test results to healthcare providers and relevant public health authorities, as appropriate.
- Authorized laboratories will collect information on the performance of the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay and report to DMD/OHT7-OIR/OPEQ/ CDRH (via email: CDRH EUA Reporting@fda.hhs.gov) and Siemens Healthineers Technical Support (<https://www.siemens-healthineers.com/en-us/> or tel: 1-877-229-3711) any suspected occurrence of false reactive or false non reactive results and significant deviations from the established performance characteristics of the assay of which they become aware.
- All laboratory personnel using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay must be appropriately trained in automated immunoassay techniques and use appropriate laboratory and personal protective equipment when handling this kit, and use the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay in accordance with the authorized labeling. All laboratory personnel using the assay must also be trained in and be familiar with the interpretation of results of the the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay.
- Siemens Healthineers, authorized distributors, and authorized laboratories using the Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay will ensure that any records associated with this EUA are maintained until otherwise notified by FDA. Such records will be made available to FDA for inspection upon request.

<sup>a</sup> The letter of authorization refers to, "Laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests" as "authorized laboratories".

## Performance Characteristics

### Measuring Interval

0.05–10.00 Index is reported as nonreactive (< 1.0 Index) or reactive ( $\geq$  1.0 Index).

### Clinical Agreement

Positive percent agreement and negative percent agreement were determined in accordance with CLSI Document EP12-A2.<sup>22</sup> A retrospective study was conducted in order to evaluate the clinical performance of the Atellica IM COV2T assay. The performance of the Atellica IM COV2T assay was determined by testing a total of 1341 samples using the Atellica IM Analyzer.

#### Positive Percent Agreement

Positive percent agreement was determined by testing 250 samples collected over the course of time from 66 unique donor subjects with a clinical diagnosis of COVID-19 based on a positive polymerase chain reaction (PCR) method. The following table describes positive percent agreement by time of sampling following a positive PCR result:

Days After PCR Method	Number Tested	Reactive	Nonreactive	Positive Percent Agreement (95% CI)
0–6	89	54	35	60.67% (49.75%–70.87%)
7–13	119	116	3	97.48% (92.81%–99.48%)
$\geq 14$	42	42	0	100.00% (91.59%–100.00%)

#### Negative Percent Agreement

Negative percent agreement was determined by testing 1091 samples collected prior to the COVID-19 outbreak (before November 2019) from apparently healthy individuals and apparently healthy pregnant women in the United States. The results are shown in the table below:

Group	Number Tested	Nonreactive	Reactive	Negative Percent Agreement (95% CI)
Apparently Healthy	993	991	2	99.80% (99.27%–99.98%)
Apparently Healthy Pregnant Women	98	98	0	100.00% (96.31%–100.00%)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1091</b>	<b>1089</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>99.82%</b> <b>(99.34%–99.98%)</b>

## Precision

Precision was determined in accordance with CLSI Document EP05-A3.<sup>23</sup> A single-site precision study for the Atellica IM COV2T assay was conducted. Samples and assay controls (a Negative Control and a Positive Control) were assayed in duplicate in 2 runs per day for 5 days using the Atellica IM Analyzer. Results for the precision of the Atellica IM COV2T assay are presented in the following table:

Specimen Type	N <sup>a</sup>	Mean (Index)	Repeatability		Within-Laboratory Precision	
			SD <sup>b</sup> (Index)	CV <sup>c</sup> (%)	SD (Index)	CV (%)
Serum A	20	0.72	0.029	4.0	0.041	5.7
Serum B	20	1.54	0.043	2.8	0.067	4.4
Control 1	20	0.03	0.017	N/A <sup>d</sup>	0.033	N/A
Control 2	20	1.25	0.023	1.8	0.064	5.1

<sup>a</sup> Number of measurements.

<sup>b</sup> Standard deviation.

<sup>c</sup> Coefficient of variation.

<sup>d</sup> Not applicable.

The assay was designed to have the following precision.

Concentration Interval	Precision	
Index Value	Repeatability (Within-Run)	Within-Laboratory (Total Precision)
0.70–2.00	≤ 12.0% CV	≤ 15.0% CV

Results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

## Specimen Equivalency

Matched sample sets (serum, EDTA plasma, and lithium heparin plasma) from the same donors were used for the matrix comparison studies. Negative samples for each claimed specimen type/matrix were spiked with the same amount of analyte (SARS-CoV-2 antibody positive patient sample) in order to have negative (unspiked), high negative, and low positive analyte levels. Specimen equivalency was determined by testing the samples with the Atellica IM COV2T assay using the Atellica IM Analyzer. Using a Deming linear regression model, results from plasma samples were compared to serum results in accordance with CLSI Document EP09-A3.<sup>24</sup> The following results were obtained:

Tube (y) vs. Serum (x)	N <sup>a</sup>	Sample Interval	Slope	Intercept	r <sup>b</sup>
EDTA (plasma)	18	0.01–2.47	0.99	-0.01	0.999
lithium heparin (plasma)	18	0.01–2.62	1.04	-0.03	0.996

<sup>a</sup> Number of samples tested.

<sup>b</sup> Correlation coefficient.

The assay is designed to have a slope of 0.90–1.10 for alternate tube types versus serum.

Agreement of the specimen types may vary depending on the study design and sample population used. Assay results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

## Interferences

Interference testing was performed in accordance with CLSI Document EP07-ed3.<sup>25</sup> The impact of potentially interfering substances on the detection of SARS-CoV-2 antibodies with the Atellica IM COV2T assay was evaluated with endogenous substances commonly found in serum and plasma specimens, including biotin, conjugated bilirubin, unconjugated bilirubin, hemoglobin, and triglycerides. Serum samples were spiked with SARS-CoV-2 antibody at the following levels: unspiked, high negative (~0.6 Index), and low positive (~1.0 Index). Testing demonstrated a  $\leq 10\%$  change for each substance at the indicated concentration.

Substance	Substance Test Concentration
Hemoglobin	1000 mg/dL
Bilirubin, conjugated	40 mg/dL
Bilirubin, unconjugated	40 mg/dL
Triglycerides (Intralipid)	2000 mg/dL
Biotin	3500 ng/mL

## Cross-Reactivity

Cross-reactivity was determined in accordance with CLSI Document EP07-ed3.<sup>25</sup> The assay was evaluated for potential cross-reactivity using specimens containing antibodies to other pathogens and other disease states using the Atellica IM COV2T assay with the Atellica IM Analyzer. No false positive results were observed with the potential cross-reactants listed in the following table:

Clinical Category	Number Tested	Number Reactive with Atellica IM COV2T Assay
Anti nuclear antibody (ANA)	5	0
Chlamydia IgG	5	0
Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG	5	0
Epstein Barr virus (EBV) IgG	5	0
Epstein Barr virus (EBV) IgM	5	0
Graves' disease	5	0
Hepatitis A virus (HAV) IgM	5	0
Hepatitis B core (anti-HBc) IgM	5	0
Hepatitis C virus (HCV) antibody	5	0
Human anti-mouse antibody (HAMA)	4	0
Human herpes virus (HHV) IgM	3	0
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antibody	10	0
Influenza antibody	10	0
Measles antibody	5	0
Parvovirus B19 antibody	5	0
Rheumatoid factor (RF)	4	0

Clinical Category	Number Tested	Number Reactive with Atellica IM COV2T Assay
Varicella zoster virus (VZV) antibody	5	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>0</b>

Results obtained at individual laboratories may vary from the data presented.

## Standardization

The Atellica IM COV2T assay standardization is traceable to an internal standard based on agreement with known positive and negative SARS-CoV-2 samples.

Currently no reference standard is available for this assay.

## Technical Assistance

For customer support, contact your local technical support provider or distributor.

siemens-healthineers.com


















## References



















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## Definition of Symbols

The following symbols may appear on the product labeling:

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
	Consult instructions for use
 Rev. 01	Version of instructions for use
 <a href="https://www.siemens.com/healthcare">siemens.com/healthcare</a>	Internet URL address to access the electronic instructions for use
 <a href="https://www.siemens.com/document-library">siemens.com/document-library</a>	
Rev. 	Revision
	Caution Consult instructions for use or accompanying documents for cautionary information such as warnings and precautions that cannot, for a variety of reasons, be presented on the medical device.
	Biological risks Potential biological risks are associated with the medical device.
	Corrosive
	Dangerous to environment
	Irritant Oral, dermal, or inhalation hazard
	Inhalation hazard Respiratory or internal health
	Flammable Flammable to extremely flammable
	Oxidizing
	Explosive
	Toxic
	Compressed gas
	Keep away from sunlight Prevent exposure to sunlight and heat.

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
	Up Store in an upright position.
	Do not freeze
	Temperature limit Upper and lower limits of temperature indicators are adjacent to the upper and lower horizontal lines.
	Handheld barcode scanner
	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests Total number of IVD tests the system can perform with the IVD kit reagents appears adjacent to the symbol.
<b>RxOnly</b>	Prescription device (US only) Applies only to United States-registered IVD assays. CAUTION: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare professional.
	Mixing of substances Mix product before use.
	Reconstitute and mix lyophilized product before use.
	Target
	Interval
	Legal Manufacturer
	Authorized Representative in the European Community
	Use-by date Use by the designated date.
	Batch code
	Catalog number
	Recycle
	Printed with soy ink
	CE Mark



Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
	CE Mark with notified body ID number Notified body ID number can vary.
YYYY-MM-DD	Date format (year-month-day)
	Variable hexadecimal number that ensures the Master Curve and Calibrator definition values entered are valid.
	Master Curve Definition
	Lot Details
	Common Units
	International System of Units
	Material
	Unique material identification number
	Name of control
	Type of control

## Legal Information

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## SARS-CoV-2 Total Quality Control (COV2T QC)

Current Revision and Date <sup>a</sup>	Rev. 01, 2020-05
Product Name	Atellica IM SARS-CoV-2 Total Quality Control (COV2T QC)
Abbreviated Product Name	Atellica IM COV2T QC
	2 x 2.0 mL negative quality control level 1 <span>CONTROL - 1</span> <span>REF 11206712</span> 2 x 2.0 mL positive quality control level 2 <span>CONTROL + 2</span> Quality control assigned value sheet <span>CONTROL LOT VAL</span>
Systems	Atellica IM Analyzer

<sup>a</sup> A vertical bar in the page margin indicates technical content that differs from the previous version.

FOR USA:

For Use Under Emergency Use Authorization Only

For *in vitro* diagnostic use.

For Professional Use.



## Intended Use

The Atellica® IM SARS-CoV-2 Total Quality Control (COV2T QC) is for *in vitro* diagnostic use in monitoring the precision and accuracy of the Atellica® IM SARS-CoV-2 Total (COV2T) assay using the Atellica® IM Analyzer.

## Material Description

Material Description	Storage	Stability
Atellica IM COV2T QC	At 2–8°C	Until expiration date on product
2.0 mL/vial		
Processed human plasma nonreactive and reactive for SARS-CoV-2 antibodies; sodium azide (< 0.1%)	Opened at 2–8°C	60 days
	At room temperature	8 hours
	Atellica® Sample Handler <sup>a</sup>	

<sup>a</sup> Refer to the supplementary document "Atellica Sample Handler Calibrator and QC Storage and Stability" for information about storage and stability of materials in the Cal-QC tube storage area.

## Warnings and Precautions

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### FOR USA:

#### For Use Under Emergency Use Authorization Only

---

For *in vitro* diagnostic use.

For Professional Use.

---

### CAUTION

Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare professional.

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Safety data sheets (SDS) available on [siemens-healthineers.com](http://siemens-healthineers.com).

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### CAUTION POTENTIAL BIOHAZARD

Contains human source material. Each donation of human blood or blood component was tested by FDA-approved methods for the presence of antibodies to human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) and type 2 (HIV-2), as well as for hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and antibody to hepatitis C virus (HCV). The test results were negative (not repeatedly reactive). No test offers complete assurance that these or other infectious agents are absent; this material should be handled using good laboratory practices and universal precautions.<sup>1-3</sup>

---

Contains sodium azide as a preservative. Sodium azide can react with copper or lead plumbing to form explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush reagents with a large volume of water to prevent buildup of azides. Disposal into drain systems must be in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

Dispose of hazardous or biologically contaminated materials according to the practices of your institution. Discard all materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in compliance with prevailing regulatory requirements.

## Storage and Stability

Store quality control materials in an upright position. Quality control materials are stable until the expiration date on the product when stored at 2–8°C. Discard products at the end of the onboard stability interval. Do not use products beyond the expiration date printed on the product labeling.

For information about product storage and stability, refer to *Material Description*.

**Note** Refer to the supplementary document "Atellica Sample Handler Calibrator and QC Storage and Stability" for information about storage and stability of materials in the Cal-QC tube storage area.

## Performing Quality Control

Perform the quality control procedure at least once during each day that samples are analyzed. Test quality control samples after a successful calibration.

Follow government regulations or accreditation requirements for quality control frequency. Individual laboratory quality control programs and procedures may require more frequent quality control testing.

Treat all quality control samples the same as patient samples.

## Preparing the Quality Control Materials

Quality control materials are liquid and ready to use. Gently mix and invert the vials to ensure homogeneity of the material.

**Note** Use quality control material within the stability limits specified in *Material Description* and discard any remaining material.

## Quality Control Procedure

The product is provided in dropper vials. Each dispensed drop is approximately 50 µL.

The required sample volume for testing depends on several factors. For information about sample volume requirements, refer to the system online help.

Use the following lot-specific materials to perform quality control:

- For the quality control (QC) definitions, refer to the lot-specific value sheet 

CONTROL	LOT	VAL
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 provided with the quality control materials.
- Generate lot-specific barcode labels to use with the quality control samples.

For instructions about how to perform the quality control procedure, refer to the system online help.

## Taking Corrective Action

If the quality control results do not fall within the assigned values, do not report results. Perform corrective actions in accordance with established laboratory protocol. For suggested protocol, refer to the system online help.

## Expected Values

For the assigned values, refer to the quality control value sheet 

CONTROL	LOT	VAL
---------	-----	-----

 provided. A satisfactory level of performance is achieved when the analyte values obtained are within the expected control interval for the system or within your interval, as determined by an appropriate internal laboratory quality control scheme. Follow your laboratory's quality control procedures if the results obtained do not fall within the acceptable limits. For information about entering QC definitions, refer to the system online help.

The assigned values are traceable to the standardization of the assay. For additional information, refer to the assay instructions for use.

## Limitations

The Atellica IM COV2T QC is for use only with the Atellica IM COV2T assay. Assay values have not been established for assays other than the Atellica IM COV2T assay.

The results obtained using quality control material depend on several factors. Erroneous results can occur from causes such as improper storage, inadequate mixing, reconstitution errors, or sample handling errors associated with system or assay procedures.

The assigned control values should be used as a guide in evaluating performance. The control targets and intervals should be adapted to each laboratory's individual requirements. Values obtained should fall within the established interval. Each laboratory should establish corrective measures if individual values fall outside the interval. Follow the applicable government regulations and local guidelines for quality control.

## Technical Assistance

For customer support, contact your local technical support provider or distributor.













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





## References














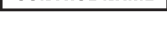
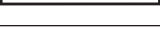
1. Centers for Disease Control. Perspectives in disease prevention and health promotion update: Universal precautions for prevention of transmission of human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus and other bloodborne pathogens in healthcare settings. *MMWR*. 1988;37(24):377–382, 387–388.
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Rev. 	Revision
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	Biological risks Potential biological risks are associated with the medical device.
	Corrosive
	Dangerous to environment
	Irritant Oral, dermal, or inhalation hazard
	Inhalation hazard Respiratory or internal health
	Flammable Flammable to extremely flammable

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
	Oxidizing
	Explosive
	Toxic
	Compressed gas
	Keep away from sunlight Prevent exposure to sunlight and heat.
	Up Store in an upright position.
	Do not freeze
	Temperature limit Upper and lower limits of temperature indicators are adjacent to the upper and lower horizontal lines.
	Handheld barcode scanner
	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests Total number of IVD tests the system can perform with the IVD kit reagents appears adjacent to the symbol.
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	Mixing of substances Mix product before use.
	Reconstitute and mix lyophilized product before use.
	Target
	Interval
	Legal Manufacturer

Symbol	Symbol Title and Description
	Authorized Representative in the European Community
	Use-by date Use by the designated date.
	Batch code
	Catalog number
	Recycle
	Printed with soy ink
	CE Mark
	CE Mark with notified body ID number Notified body ID number can vary.
YYYY-MM-DD	Date format (year-month-day)
	Variable hexadecimal number that ensures the Master Curve and Calibrator definition values entered are valid.
	Common Units
	International System of Units
	Material
	Unique material identification number
	Name of control
	Type of control

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