

## DEPARTMENT OF MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION

## ACTIVITY-1 MFCA JUPG22MCA14932

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## **Question:**

Given two bit strings of length a, find the bitwise AND, bitwise OR, and bitwise XOR these strings.

## **Program/Solution:**

Operator Meaning of Operator OR A

Bitwise AND Bitwise OR Bitwise XOR

**Bitwise AND Operator (&.):** 

The output of bitwise AND is 1 if the Corresponding bits two of operands is 1. Either bit of an operand and is 0 the result of corresponding bit is evaluated to 0.

In C programming, the bitwise AND operator is denoted by &. Suppose the bitwise AND operation of two string integers 12 and 25.

```
12-00001100 (In Binary)
25- 00011001 (In Binary)

Bit operation of 12 and 25

00001100
0001100 1

00001000= 8 (In Decimal)

Ex-#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{

int a = 12, b = 25,
    printf ("Output = ·/·d", a & b)",
```

```
return 0;
}
Bitwise OR Operator | :-
The output of bitwise OR is + y at least one corresponding bit of two
operands is 1.In C programming, bitwise OR operation is denoted by I
12=00001106
25=00011001 (In Binary)
Bitwise OR operation of 12 and 25.
00001100
00011101 =00011101=29(in decimal)
Ex:-#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int a = 12 = 12, b = 25;
printf ("Output = %d",a/b);
return 0;
o/p- Output = 29
Bitwise XOR (exclusive OR) Operator :-
A The result of bitwise XOR operator is 1 If the corresponding bits of two
operands are opposite. It is denoted by ^
12 -00001100
25-00011001(in binary)
Bitwise XOR Operation of 12 and 25
00001100
00011001
00010101=21(in decimal)
Ex-#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
int a = 12, b = 25;
print ("Output = %d", a ^b)";
return 0;
}

0/p - Output = 21
```