# **Quiz on Matching Function**

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#### **Question 1**

Which of these matching functions does not have constant returns to scale?

- A.  $m(U, V) = a \times U + b \times V$
- B.  $m(U, V) = U^{a} \times V^{1-a}$
- C.  $m(U, V) = [b \times U^a + (1 b) \times V^a]^{1/a}$
- D.  $m(U, V) = U \times V$
- E.  $m(U, V) = \sqrt{U} \times \sqrt{V}$

#### **Question 2**

A Cobb-Douglas matching function gives the flow of new worker-firm matches created when they are U unemployment workers and V vacancies:  $m = \omega \times U^{\eta} \times V^{1-\eta}$ . We define the labor market tightness as  $\theta = V/U$ . What is the expression for the rate q at which a vacancy is filled?

- A.  $q(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{\eta}$
- B.  $q(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{1-\eta}$
- C.  $q(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{-\eta}$
- D.  $q(\theta) = \omega \times \eta^{\theta}$
- E.  $q(\theta) = \theta^{-\eta}$

## **Question 3**

A Cobb-Douglas matching function gives the flow of new worker-firm matches created when they are U unemployment workers and V vacancies:  $m = \omega \times U^{\eta} \times V^{1-\eta}$ . What is the expression for the rate f at which a worker finds a job?

- A.  $f(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{\eta}$
- B.  $f(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{1-\eta}$
- C.  $f(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{-\eta}$
- D.  $f(\theta) = \omega \times \eta^{\theta}$
- E.  $f(\theta) = \omega \times \theta^{1+\eta}$

### **Question 4**

What is a realistic specification for the matching function?

- A.  $m(U, V) = \omega \times U^{0.2} \times V^{0.8}$
- B.  $m(U, V) = \omega \times U^{0.5} \times V^{0.5}$
- C.  $m(U, V) = \omega \times U^{0.5} \times V^{0.8}$
- D.  $m(U, V) = \omega \times U^{0.3} \times V^{0.4}$
- E.  $m(U, V) = 0.5 \times U + 0.5 \times V$

#### **Question 5**

For any matching function, what is a key relationship between the job-finding rate f, vacancy-filling rate q, and labor market tightness  $\theta$ ?

- A.  $f + q = \theta$
- B.  $f \times q = \theta$
- C.  $f/q = \theta$
- D.  $f q = \theta$
- E.  $q/f = \theta$