

# **Exam on Mathematical Methods for Macroeconomics**

Pascal Michailat

Duration: one hour

### Problem 1. (50 pts)

Let  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$ ,  $\delta \in (0, 1)$ ,  $\rho \in (0, 1)$ , and  $\sigma > 0$ . Impose that  $\rho + \delta < 1$ . Given  $k(0)$ , we want to find the function  $c(t)$  to maximize

$$\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\rho \cdot t} \cdot \frac{c(t)^{1-\sigma} - 1}{1-\sigma} dt,$$

subject to the law of motion

$$\dot{k}(t) = k(t)^\alpha - c(t) - \delta \cdot k(t).$$

- A. (20 pts) Which variable do you choose as a state variable? Which variable do you choose as a control variable? Write down the current-value Hamiltonian and derive the optimality conditions.
- B. (5 pts) The Euler equation is the first-order differential equation that characterizes the optimal function  $c(t)$ . Determine the Euler equation.
- C. (10 pts) Suppose  $\alpha = 1$  and  $\sigma = 1$ . Show that the system describing the optimal functions  $\{k(t), c(t)\}$  reduces to a linear, homogenous system of first-order differential equations. Show that the system is unstable by computing the eigenvalues.
- D. (15 pts) Suppose  $\alpha < 1$  and  $\sigma > 0$ . Show that the system describing the optimal functions  $\{k(t), c(t)\}$  reduces to a nonlinear system of first-order differential equations. Use a phase-diagram to show that the steady state of the system is a saddle point. Explain how you draw the phase diagram.

## Problem 2. (50 pts)

Let  $\beta \in (0, 1)$  and  $r > 0$ . Given  $k_0 > 0$ , we want to find a collection of sequences  $\{c_t, k_{t+1}\}_{t=0}^{+\infty}$  to maximize

$$\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \cdot \ln(c_t),$$

subject to the constraints

$$k_{t+1} = (1 + r) \cdot k_t - c_t$$

for all  $t \geq 0$ .

*Lagrangian.* We first solve the maximization problem using the Lagrangian method.

- A. (5 pts) Write down the Lagrangian of the problem.
- B. (5 pts) Derive the first-order condition(s) of the maximization problem.
- C. (5 pts) Derive the Euler equation.

*Dynamic Programming.* Next we solve the maximization problem using the dynamic programming method.

- D. (5 pts) Which variable do you choose as a state variable? Which variable do you choose as a control variable? Write down the Bellman equation.
- E. (5 pts) Derive the first-order condition associated with the Bellman equation.
- F. (5 pts) Derive the Benveniste-Scheinkman equation.
- G. (5 pts) Derive the Euler equation. Compare it with the Euler equation obtained with the Lagrangian method and discuss.
- H. (5 pts) Suppose that the policy function takes the form  $h(k) = A \cdot (1 + r) \cdot k$  where  $A \in (0, 1)$ . Derive  $A$ .
- I. (10 pts) Suppose that the value function takes the form  $V(k) = B + D \cdot \ln(k)$ , where  $B$  and  $D$  are constants. Using the expression for the policy function that you derived in the previous question, derive  $B$  and  $D$ .