# Feinkonzept

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### 1 What is Bitcoin

## 2 Auction principle

Explain how the price of Bitcoin is determined

### 3 Exploited

### Edge

Is it even possible to make money? Because if there is a system wouldn't everbody be using it making the edge unusable or exploited?

#### 4 Data sources

Detail your data sources, signal processing, order management, etc.

#### 4.1 Formulas

Below I explain the mathematical formulas for the indicators I'm planning to use for an EMA with a 55-period window and for computing price deltas of 1%, 2.5%, and 5%.

#### 4.1.1 Exponential Moving Average (55)

An EMA<sub>55</sub> at time t (denoted as EMA<sub>55</sub>(t)) can be computed by:

$$EMA_{55}(t) = \alpha \cdot Price(t) + (1 - \alpha) \cdot EMA_{55}(t - 1), \tag{1}$$

where

$$\alpha = \frac{2}{55+1} = \frac{2}{56}. (2)$$

### 4.2 Orderbook Deltas

We define  $\Delta_{1\%}$ ,  $\Delta_{2.5\%}$ , and  $\Delta_{5\%}$  as follows:

$$\Delta_{1\%}(t) = 0.01 \cdot P(t), \tag{3}$$

$$\Delta_{2.5\%}(t) = 0.025 \cdot P(t),\tag{4}$$

$$\Delta_{5\%}(t) = 0.05 \cdot P(t). \tag{5}$$

Here, P(t) denotes the current market price (for example, the midpoint between the best bid and ask, or the last traded price). Each  $\Delta$  indicates how far away from P(t) we measure or place an order in the orderbook.

For instance, you could place an order on the ask side at  $P(t) + \Delta_{1\%}(t)$  or on the bid side at  $P(t) - \Delta_{1\%}(t)$  for a 1% offset from the current price.

## 5 Strategies

- 5.1 Bias
- 5.2 Risk Managment
- 5.3 Finding fitting strategy
- 5.3.1 EMA + Orderbook delta
- 5.3.2 Bias + trailing SL

# 6 Singal processing

# 7 Implementation and Operation

Discuss the programming tools, security measures, and other implementation details.

## 8 Monitoring