

# INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE

BASIC COMPUTATIONAL TOPOLOGY  
SM 402

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## BCT Implementation Assignment

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### Group 1

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## Problem Statement

Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute  $\beta_0$  using the boundary matrix method.

## Algorithm

We have used the formula given below in our code to calculate  $\beta_0$ :

$$\beta_0 = \dim(H_0(K)) = \dim(C_0(K)) - \dim(\text{Im}(\partial_1)) \quad (1)$$

In our program we take vertices, edges and faces (it is redundant) as input (from a .gts file). We then create a matrix corresponding to the linear transformation  $\partial_1$  and then compute  $\dim(\text{Im}(\partial_1))$ , i.e. the  $\text{rank}(\partial_1)$ .

As we also know  $C_0(K)$  is the vector space of 0-chains  $\implies \dim(C_0(K)) = \text{number of vertices}$ .

By using all the above facts we can easily calculate  $\beta_0$  for a simplicial complex.

## Implementation Steps

1. First we ask for filename as input from user (.gts file). From here we get the number of vertices, edges and faces in the input simplicial complex, i.e.  $\dim(C_0(K))$ .
2. In the next step we create the matrix corresponding to  $\partial_1$  using the edges of the input.
3. In the last and the final step we calculate  $\beta_0$  using equation 1.

## Steps to run the code

1. Open the terminal.
2. Enter the command "pip3 install numpy".
3. Enter the command "pip3 install scipy".
4. Enter the command "python3 topo.py".
5. Enter the filename of the .gts file you want to take input from.
6. Press Enter to get the final result.

**NOTE:-** Here the code may take time to calculate the result for very large data

## Demo Results

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
seashell.gts
The number of vertices are: 915
The number of edges are: 2594
The number of faces are: 1680
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 1$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 1.2641651630401611
```

Figure 1: Testcase 1:- seashell

```

(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
tetrahedron.gts
The number of vertices are: 4
The number of edges are: 6
The number of faces are: 4
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 1$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 0.028593778610229492

```

Figure 2: Testcase 2:- tetrahedron

```

(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
scc.gts
The number of vertices are: 4
The number of edges are: 2
The number of faces are: 0
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 2$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 0.06108403205871582

```

Figure 3: Testcase 3:- two line segments

```

(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
sphere20.gts
The number of vertices are: 4002
The number of edges are: 12000
The number of faces are: 8000
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 1$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 49.04568862915039

```

Figure 4: Testcase 4:- sphere

```

(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
sphere5.gts
The number of vertices are: 252
The number of edges are: 750
The number of faces are: 500
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 1$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 0.05487823486328125

```

Figure 5: Testcase 4:- sphere

```

(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
icosa.gts
The number of vertices are: 12
The number of edges are: 30
The number of faces are: 20
=====
|  $\beta_0 = 1$  |
=====
total execution time(in sec) = 0.02414536476135254

```

Figure 6: Testcase 4:- icosahedron

## Python Code

Python code for calculating  $\beta_0$

```

1 import sympy as sym
2 import numpy as np
3 import scipy.linalg.interpolative as sli
4 import time
5 begin=time.time()
6
7 def readfile(filename):
8     f = open(filename, "r+");
9     line = (f.readline());
10    list_ver_edg_fac = line.split(' ');
11    num_ver = int(list_ver_edg_fac[0]);
12    print("The number of vertices are: ", num_ver);
13    num_edg = int(list_ver_edg_fac[1]);
14    print("The number of edges are: " ,num_edg);
15    num_fac = int(list_ver_edg_fac[2]);
16    print("The number of faces are: " ,num_fac);
17
18
19    ver = []
20    edges = []
21    faces =[]
22    coords = []
23
24    for i in range(0, num_ver):
25        j = f.readline()
26        coords.append(j)
27
28    for i in range(0, num_ver):
29        ver.append(i+1);
30
31    for i in range(0, num_edg):
32        edge = f.readline();
33        edge_1 = list(map(int, edge.split(' ')))
34        edges.append(edge_1)
35    Return = []
36    Return.append(num_ver)
37    Return.append(num_edg)
38    Return.append(edges)
39    return Return
40
41
42 def image_space(edges, num_ver, num_edg):
43    img_space = []
44    for i in range(0, num_ver):
45
46        temp1=[0]*num_edg
47        a=False
48        b=False
49        for j in range(0, num_edg):
50            if(edges[j][0] == (i+1)):

```

```

51         templ[j] = -1
52         a = True
53
54         elif (edges[j][1] == i + 1):
55             templ[j] = 1
56             b = True
57         elif (a == True and b == True):
58             continue
59
60         img_space.append(templ)
61     return img_space
62
63 def calculate_betti_0(img_space, num_ver):
64     rank_matrix = np.array(img_space)
65     rank = np.linalg.matrix_rank(rank_matrix)
66     print("Rank: " + str(rank))
67     betti_0 = num_ver - rank
68
69     print("=====")
70     print('| \N{GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA}\N{SUBSCRIPT ZERO} =', betti_0, '|')
71     print("=====")
72     end = time.time()
73     print("total execution time(in sec) = ", end - begin)
74
75 def main():
76     file_name = input("Enter the filename for reading the data\n")
77     Return_list = readfile(file_name)
78     num_ver = Return_list[0]
79     num_edg = Return_list[1]
80     edges_list = Return_list[2]
81     img_space_list = image_space(edges_list, num_ver, num_edg)
82     calculate_betti_0(img_space_list, num_ver)
83
84 main()

```

## GitHub Link

Please visit this for the source code.

<https://github.com/KaranjitSaha/TOPOLOGY-PROJECT>

## References

1. <http://web.cse.ohio-state.edu/~wang.1016/courses/788/Lecs/lec7-qichao.pdf>
2. [https://www.math.rug.nl/~gert/documents/2006/rv\\_ecg\\_book\\_chapter7.pdf](https://www.math.rug.nl/~gert/documents/2006/rv_ecg_book_chapter7.pdf)
3. <https://jeremykun.com/2013/04/10/computing-homology/>
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5. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quotient\\_space\\_\(linear\\_algebra\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quotient_space_(linear_algebra))
6. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank%E2%80%93nullity\\_theorem](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank%E2%80%93nullity_theorem)
7. <http://gts.sourceforge.net/samples.html> ( for getting the testcases to test out code)