# INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE

BASIC COMPUTATIONAL TOPOLOGY SM 402

# **BCT** Implementation Assignment

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# Group 1

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#### **Problem Statement**

Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute  $\beta_0$  using the boundary matrix method.

# Algorithm

We have used the formula given below in our code to calculate  $\beta_0$ :

$$\beta_0 = \dim(H_0(K)) = \dim(C_0(K)) - \dim(Im(\partial_1)) \tag{1}$$

In our program we take vertices, edges and faces (it is redundant) as input (from a .gts file). We then create a matrix corresponding to the linear transformation  $\partial_1$  and then compute  $dim(Im(\partial_1))$ , i.e. the  $rank(\partial_1)$ . As we know,

$$\partial_1(\overline{v_1v_2}) = \overline{v_2} - \overline{v_3}$$

As we also know  $C_0(K)$  is the vector space of 0-chains  $\implies dim(C_0(K))$ = number of vertices. By using all the above facts we can easily calculate  $\beta_0$  for a simplicial complex.

#### Implementation Steps

- 1. First we ask for filename as input from user (.gts file) (in main() function). We open the file corresponding to this filename. From here we get the number of vertices, edges and faces in the input simplicial complex, i.e.  $dim(C_0(K))$ .
- 2. In the next step we create the matrix corresponding to  $\partial_1$  using the edges of the input.
- 3. In the last and the final step we calculate  $\beta_0$  using equation 1.

## Steps to run the code

- 1. Open the terminal.
- 2. Enter the command "pip3 install sympy".
- 3. Enter the commmand "pip3 install numpy".
- 4. Enter the command "pip3 install scipy".
- 5. Enter the command "python3 topo.py".
- 6. Enter the filename of the .gts file you want to take input from.
- 7. Press Enter to get the final result.

**NOTE:-** Here the code may take time to calculate the result for very large data (depending on the system hardware specifications).

#### Demo Results

Figure 1: Testcase 1:- seashell

Figure 2: Testcase 2:- tetrahedron

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
scc.gts
The number of vertices are: 4
The number of edges are: 2
The number of faces are: 0
=========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 2 |
=======total execution time(in sec) = 0.06108403205871582
```

Figure 3: Testcase 3:- two line segments (created by us)

Figure 4: Testcase 4:- sphere

Figure 5: Testcase 5:- sphere

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
icosa.gts
The number of vertices are: 12
The number of edges are: 30
The number of faces are: 20
=========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 1 |
========
total execution time(in sec) = 0.02414536476135254
```

Figure 6: Testcase 6:- icosahedron

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/ToPoLogy PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
goblet.gts
The number of vertices are: 502
The number of edges are: 1500
The number of faces are: 1000
=========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 1 |
=======
total execution time(in sec) = 0.12866997718811035
```

Figure 7: Testcase 7:- goblet

Figure 8: Testcase 8:- Tangle Cube

Figure 9: Testcase 9:- Torus

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
2squares.gts
The number of vertices are: 8
The number of edges are: 8
The number of faces are: 0
========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 2 |
=======
total execution time(in sec) = 0.04158616065979004
```

Figure 10: Testcase 10:- 2 disconnected squares(created by us)

Figure 11: Testcase 11:- 2 disjoint vertices, a line segment and a square(created by us)

## Python Code

Python code for calculating  $\beta_0$ 

```
1 import sympy as sym
2 import numpy as np
3 import scipy.linalg.interpolative as sli
4 import time
7 def readfile(filename):
      f = open(filename, "r+");
      line = (f.readline());
9
      list_ver_edg_fac = line.split(' ');
      num_ver = int(list_ver_edg_fac[0]);
      print("The number of vertices are: ", num_ver);
12
13
      num_edg = int(list_ver_edg_fac[1]);
      print("The number of edges are: " ,num_edg);
14
15
      num_fac = int(list_ver_edg_fac[2]);
      print("The number of faces are: " ,num_fac);
16
17
18
      edges = []
19
20
      for i in range(0, num_ver):
21
          j = f.readline()
22
23
      for i in range(0, num_edg):
24
          edge = f.readline();
25
           edge_1 = list(map(int, edge.split(' ')))
          edges.append(edge_1)
27
      Return = []
28
      Return.append(num_ver)
      Return.append(num_edg)
30
31
      Return.append(edges)
      return Return
32
33
35 def image_space(edges, num_ver, num_edg):
      img_space = []
36
      for i in range(0, num_ver):
37
38
          temp1 = [0] * num_edg
39
40
          a=False
          b=False
41
42
          for j in range(0, num_edg):
               if(edges[j][0] == (i+1)):
43
                   temp1[j]=-1
44
                   a=True
45
46
               elif(edges[j][1] == i+1):
47
48
                   temp1[j]=1
                   b=True
49
```

```
elif(a==True and b==True):
                   continue
          img_space.append(temp1)
54
      return img_space
55
56 def calculate_betti_0(img_space, num_ver):
57
      begin=time.time()
58
      rank_matrix = np.array(img_space)
59
      rank=np.linalg.matrix_rank(rank_matrix)
     betti_0 = num_ver - rank
61
      print("======")
62
      print('| \N{GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA}\N{SUBSCRIPT ZERO} = ',betti_0,'|')
63
      print("======")
64
65
      end=time.time()
66
      print("total execution time(in sec) = ",end-begin)
67
      file_name = input("Enter the filename for reading the data\n")
69
      Return_list = readfile(file_name)
70
71
      num_ver = Return_list[0]
     num_edg = Return_list[1]
72
73
      edges_list = Return_list[2]
      img_space_list = image_space(edges_list, num_ver, num_edg)
74
      calculate_betti_0(img_space_list, num_ver)
75
76
77 main()
```

#### GitHub Link

Please visit this for the source code.

https://github.com/KaranjitSaha/TOPOLOGY-PROJECT

#### References

- 1. http://web.cse.ohio-state.edu/~wang.1016/courses/788/Lecs/lec7-qichao.pdf
- 2. https://www.math.rug.nl/~gert/documents/2006/rv\_ecg\_book\_chapter7.pdf
- 3. https://jeremykun.com/2013/04/10/computing-homology/
- 4. https://jeremykun.com/2014/01/23/fixing-bugs-in-computing-homology/
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quotient\_space\_(linear\_algebra
- 6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank%E2%80%93nullity\_theorem
- 7. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank\_(linear\_algebra)
- 8. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simplicial\_complex
- 9. http://gts.sourceforge.net/samples.html (for getting the testcases to test out code)