INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE

BASIC COMPUTATIONAL TOPOLOGY SM 402

BCT Implementation Assignment

May 10, 2022

Group 1

Karanjit Saha (IMT2020003) Arya Kondawar (IMT2020084) Paras Vekariya (IMT2020547) Anshul Madurwar(IMT2020554)



Problem Statement

Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute β_0 using the boundary matrix method.

Algorithm

We have used the formula given below in our code to calculate β_0 :

$$\beta_0 = \dim(H_0(K)) = \dim(C_0(K)) - \dim(Im(\partial_1)) \tag{1}$$

In our program we take vertices, edges and faces (it is redundant) as input (from a .gts file). We then create a matrix corresponding to the linear transformation ∂_1 and then compute $dim(Im(\partial_1))$, i.e. the $rank(\partial_1)$. As we know,

$$\partial_1(\overline{v_1v_2}) = \overline{v_2} - \overline{v_3}$$

As we also know $C_0(K)$ is the vector space of 0-chains $\implies dim(C_0(K))$ = number of vertices. By using all the above facts we can easily calculate β_0 for a simplicial complex.

Implementation Steps

- 1. First we ask for filename as input from user (.gts file) (in main() function). We open the file corresponding to this filename. From here we get the number of vertices, edges and faces in the input simplicial complex, i.e. $dim(C_0(K))$.
- 2. In the next step we create the matrix corresponding to ∂_1 using the edges of the input.
- 3. In the last and the final step we calculate β_0 using equation 1.

Steps to run the code

- 1. Open the terminal.
- 2. Enter the command "pip3 install sympy".
- 3. Enter the command "pip3 install numpy".
- 4. Enter the command "pip3 install scipy".
- 5. Enter the command "python3 topo.py".
- 6. Enter the filename of the .gts file you want to take input from.
- 7. Press Enter to get the final result.

NOTE:- Here the code may take time to calculate the result for very large data (depending on the system hardware specifications).

Demo Results

Figure 1: Testcase 1:- seashell

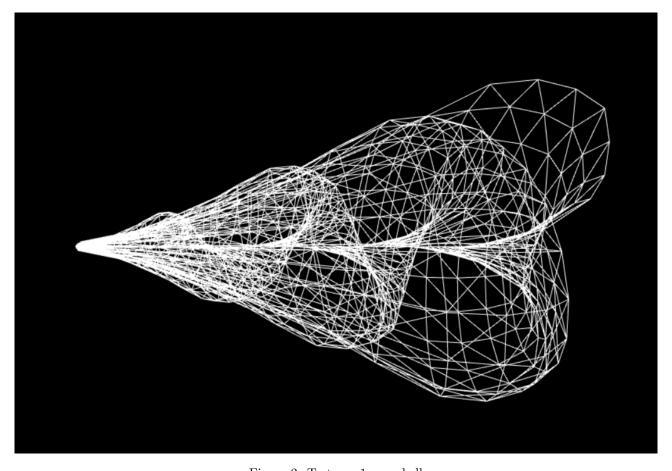


Figure 2: Test case 1:- seashell

Figure 3: Testcase 2:- tetrahedron

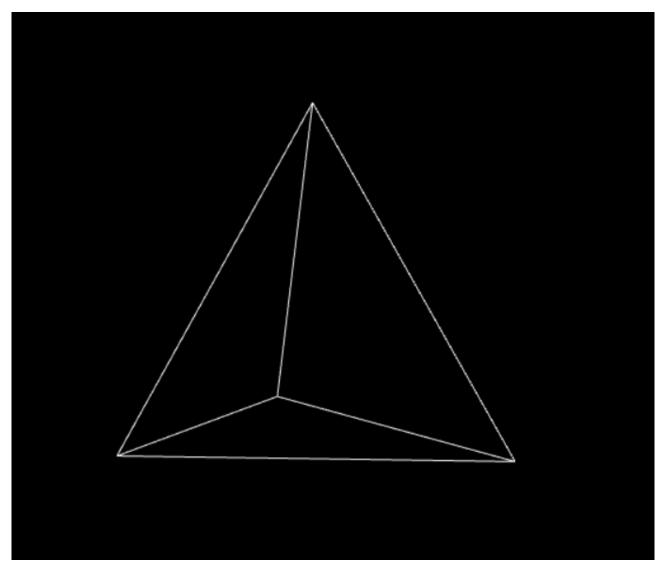


Figure 4: Testcase 2:- tetrahedron

Figure 5: Testcase 3:- two line segments (created by us)

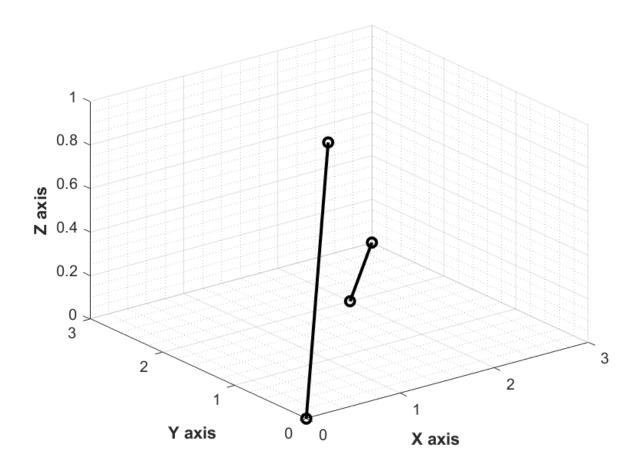


Figure 6: Testcase 3:- two line segments (created by us)

Figure 7: Testcase 4:- sphere(20)

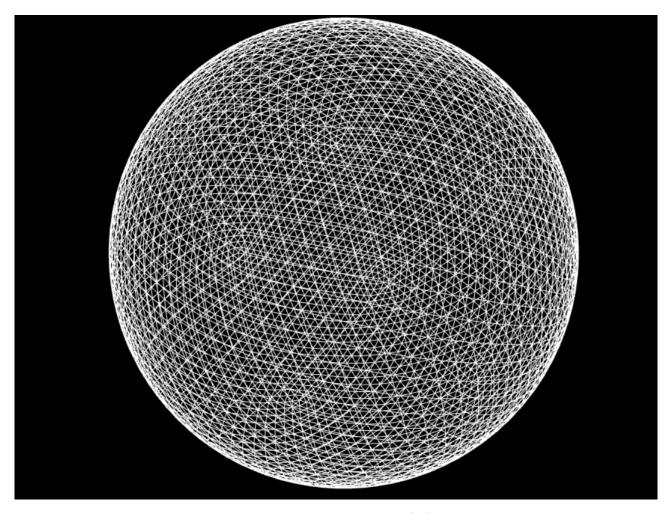


Figure 8: Test case 4:- $\operatorname{sphere}(20)$

Figure 9: Testcase 5:- sphere(5)

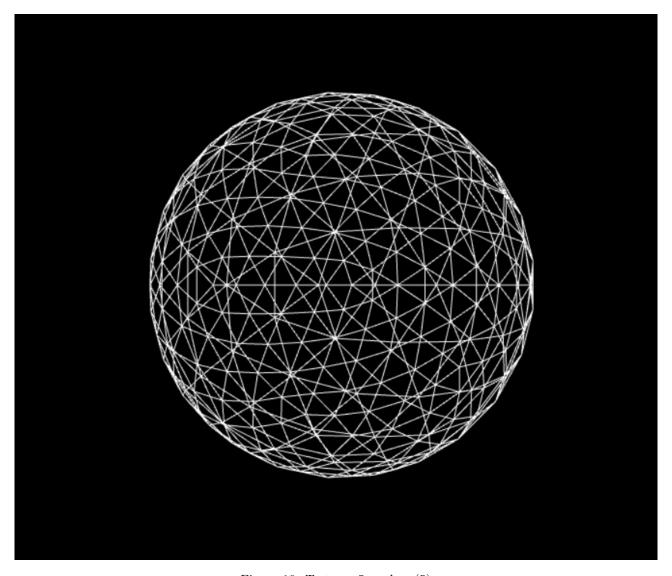


Figure 10: Testcase 5:- sphere(5)

Figure 11: Testcase 6:- icosahedron

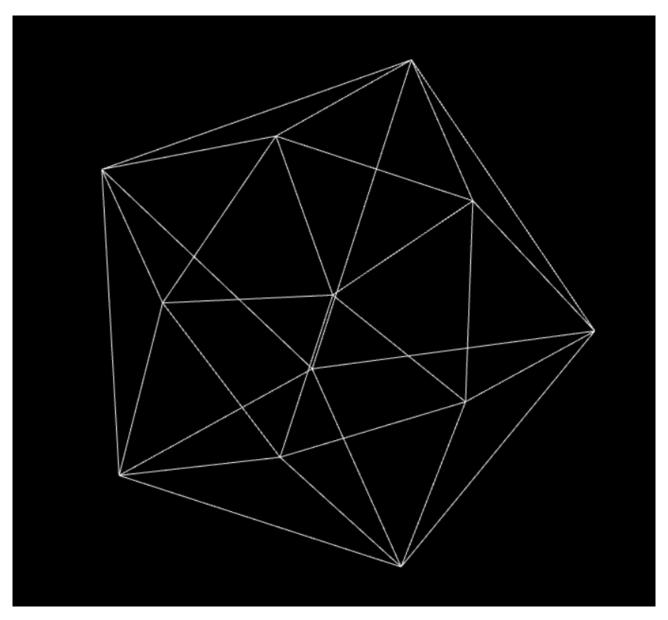


Figure 12: Testcase 6:- icosahedron

Figure 13: Test case 7:- goblet

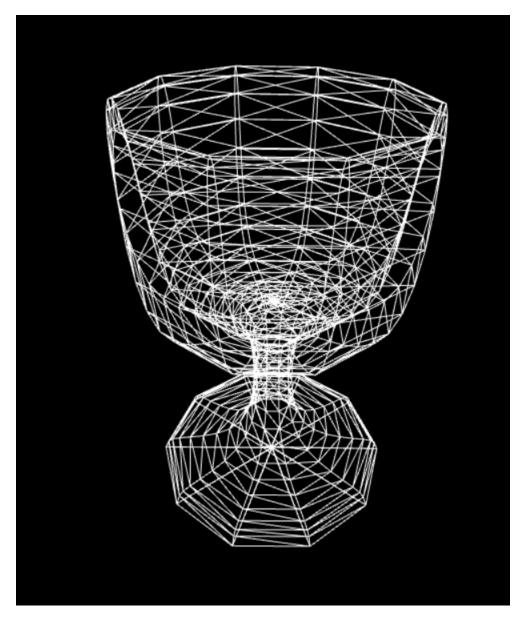


Figure 14: Testcase 7:- goblet

Figure 15: Test case 8:- Tangle Cube

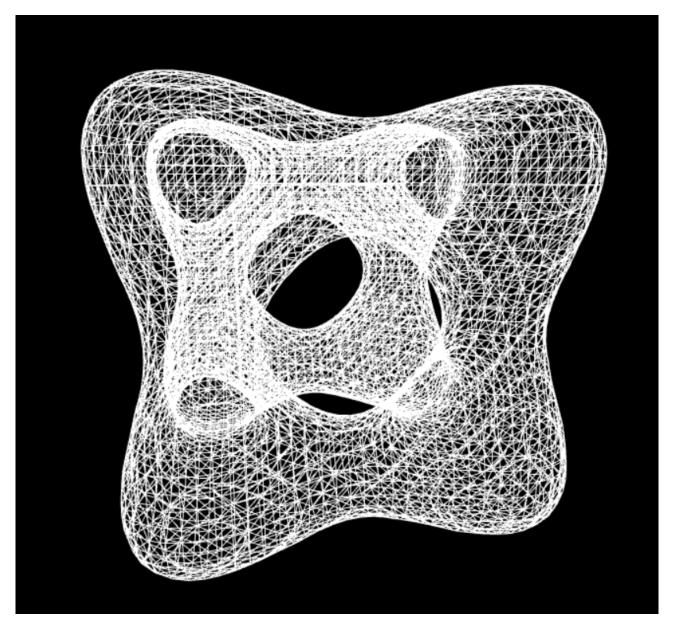


Figure 16: Testcase 8:- Tangle Cube

Figure 17: Testcase 9:- Torus

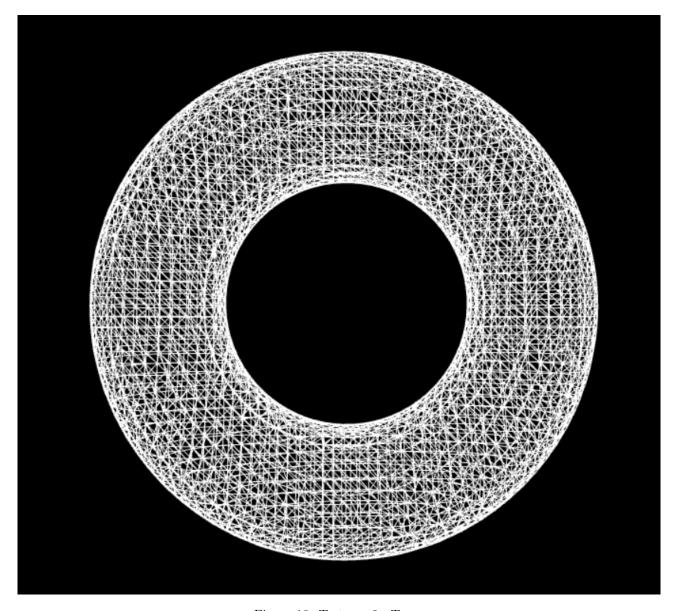


Figure 18: Test case 9:- Torus

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
2squares.gts
The number of vertices are: 8
The number of edges are: 8
The number of faces are: 0
=========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 2 |
=======
total execution time(in sec) = 0.04158616065979004
```

Figure 19: Testcase 10:- 2 disconnected squares(created by us)

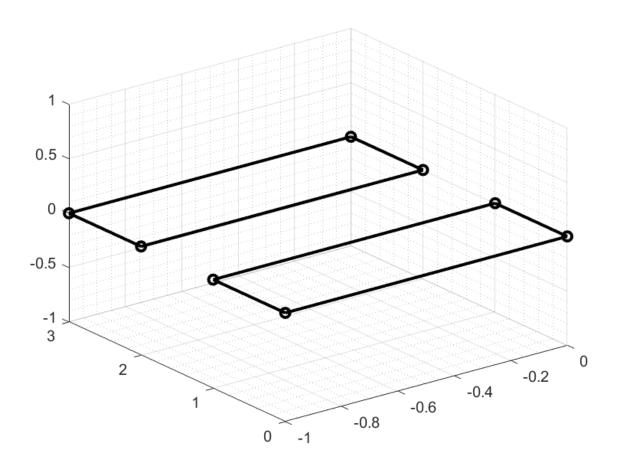


Figure 20: Testcase 10:- 2 disconnected squares(created by us)

```
(base) karanjitsaha@pop-os:~/Desktop/TOPOLOGY PROJECT$ python3 topo.py
Enter the filename for reading the data
demotestcase1.gts
The number of vertices are: 8
The number of edges are: 5
The number of faces are: 0
=========
| β<sub>o</sub> = 4 |
========
total execution time(in sec) = 0.03651547431945801
```

Figure 21: Testcase 11:- 2 disjoint vertices, a line segment and a square(created by us)

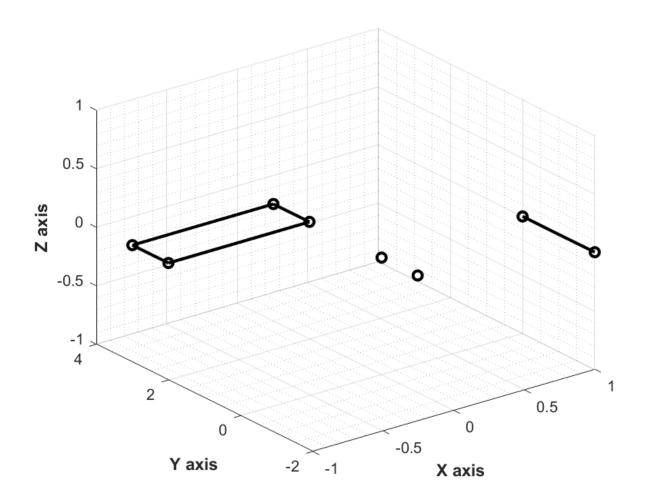


Figure 22: Testcase 11:- 2 disjoint vertices, a line segment and a square(created by us)

Python Code

Python code for calculating β_0

```
1 import sympy as sym
 2 import numpy as np
 3 import scipy.linalg.interpolative as sli
 4 import time
 7 def readfile(filename):
       f = open(filename, "r+");
       line = (f.readline());
 9
       list_ver_edg_fac = line.split(' ');
       num_ver = int(list_ver_edg_fac[0]);
11
       print("The number of vertices are: ", num_ver);
12
       num_edg = int(list_ver_edg_fac[1]);
13
14
       print("The number of edges are: " ,num_edg);
       num_fac = int(list_ver_edg_fac[2]);
       print("The number of faces are: " ,num_fac);
16
17
18
19
       edges = []
20
21
       for i in range(0, num_ver):
           j = f.readline()
22
23
24
       for i in range(0, num_edg):
           edge = f.readline();
25
           edge_1 = list(map(int, edge.split(' ')))
26
           edges.append(edge_1)
27
       Return = []
28
29
       Return.append(num_ver)
       Return.append(num_edg)
30
       Return.append(edges)
31
32
       return Return
33
34
35 def image_space(edges, num_ver, num_edg):
       img_space = []
36
37
       for i in range(0, num_ver):
38
           temp1=[0]*num_edg
39
40
           a=False
           b=False
41
           for j in range(0, num_edg):
42
               if(edges[j][0] == (i+1)):
                    temp1[j]=-1
44
                    a=True
45
46
               elif(edges[j][1] == i+1):
47
48
                    temp1[j]=1
                    b=True
49
               elif(a==True and b==True):
50
51
                    continue
52
53
           img_space.append(temp1)
       return img_space
55
56 def calculate_betti_0(img_space, num_ver):
       begin=time.time()
57
       rank_matrix = np.array(img_space)
58
59
       rank=np.linalg.matrix_rank(rank_matrix)
       betti_0 = num_ver - rank
60
61
       print("=======")
62
       print('| \N{GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA}\N{SUBSCRIPT ZERO} =',betti_0,'|')
63
       print("======")
64
65
       end=time.time()
       print("total execution time(in sec) = ",end-begin)
66
67
68 def main():
```

```
file_name = input("Enter the filename for reading the data\n")
Return_list = readfile(file_name)
num_ver = Return_list[0]
num_edg = Return_list[1]
edges_list = Return_list[2]
img_space_list = image_space(edges_list, num_ver, num_edg)
calculate_betti_0(img_space_list, num_ver)

main()
```

GitHub Link

Please visit this for the source code.

https://github.com/KaranjitSaha/TOPOLOGY-PROJECT

References

```
1.\ \mathtt{http://web.cse.ohio-state.edu/^wang.1016/courses/788/Lecs/lec7-qichao.pdf}
```

- 2. https://www.math.rug.nl/~gert/documents/2006/rv_ecg_book_chapter7.pdf
- 3. https://jeremykun.com/2013/04/10/computing-homology/
- 4. https://jeremykun.com/2014/01/23/fixing-bugs-in-computing-homology/
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quotient_space_(linear_algebra
- 6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank%E2%80%93nullity_theorem
- 7. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rank_(linear_algebra)
- 8. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simplicial_complex
- $9.\ \mathtt{http://gts.sourceforge.net/samples.html}\ (\ \mathrm{for\ getting\ the\ test cases\ to\ test\ out\ code})$