|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Aldrin and Dieldrin | |
| Sum of HHDN and HEOD | |
| Asparagus | E0.1 |
| Banana | E0.05 |
| Brassica (cole or cabbage) vegetables, Head cabbages, Flowerhead brassicas | E0.1 |
| Cereal grains | E0.02 |
| Citrus fruits | E0.05 |
| Crustaceans | E0.1 |
| Diadromous fish | E0.1 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E0.2 |
| Egg plant | E0.1 |
| Eggs | E0.1 |
| Freshwater fish | E0.1 |
| Fruit | E0.05 |
| Fruiting vegetables, cucurbits | E0.1 |
| Lettuce, head | E0.1 |
| Lettuce, leaf | E0.1 |
| Marine fish | E0.1 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E0.2 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.15 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E0.1 |
| Onion, bulb | E0.1 |
| Peanut | E0.05 |
| Peppers, sweet | E0.1 |
| Pimento, fruit | E0.1 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E0.2 |
| Poultry meat (in the fat) | E0.2 |
| Radish leaves (including radish tops) | E0.1 |
| Root and tuber vegetables | E0.1 |
| Sugar cane | E\*0.01 |
|  |  |
| BHC  (other than the gamma isomer, Lindane) | |
| Sum of isomers of 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane, other than lindane | |
| Cereal grains | E0.1 |
| Crustaceans | E0.01 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E0.3 |
| Eggs | E0.1 |
| Fish | E0.01 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E0.3 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.1 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E0.01 |
| Peanut | E0.1 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E0.3 |
| Poultry meat (in the fat) | E0.3 |
| Sugar cane | E0.005 |
|  |  |
| Chlordane | |
| Sum of cis- and trans-chlordane and in the case of animal products also includes ‘oxychlordane’ | |
| Cereal grains | E0.02 |
| Citrus fruits | E0.02 |
| Cotton seed oil, crude | E0.05 |
| Cotton seed oil, edible | E0.02 |
| Crustaceans | E0.05 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E0.02 |
| Eggs | E0.02 |
| Fish | E0.05 |
| Fruiting vegetables, cucurbits | E0.05 |
| Linseed oil, crude | E0.05 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E0.2 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.05 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E0.05 |
| Pineapple | E0.02 |
| Pome fruits | E0.02 |
| Soya bean oil, crude | E0.05 |
| Soya bean oil, refined | E0.02 |
| Stone fruits | E0.02 |
| Sugar beet | E0.1 |
| Vegetables [except as otherwise listed under this chemical] | E0.02 |
|  |  |
| DDT | |
| Sum of p,p ′-DDT; o,p ′-DDT; p,p ′-DDE and p,p ′-TDE (DDD) | |
| Cereal grains | E0.1 |
| Crustaceans | E1 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E5 |
| Eggs | E0.5 |
| Fish | E1 |
| Fruit | E1 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E5 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E1.25 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E1 |
| Peanut | E0.02 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E5 |
| Poultry meat (in the fat) | E5 |
| Vegetable oils, edible | E1 |
| Vegetables | E1 |
|  |  |
| HCB | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | |
| Cereal grains | E0.05 |
| Crustaceans | E0.1 |
| Diadromous fish | E0.1 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E1 |
| Eggs | E1 |
| Freshwater fish | E0.1 |
| Marine fish | E0.1 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E1 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.5 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E0.1 |
| Peanut | E0.01 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E1 |
| Poultry meat (in the fat) | E1 |
|  |  |
| Heptachlor | |
| Sum of heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide | |
| Carrot | E0.2 |
| Cereal grains | E0.02 |
| Citrus fruits | E0.01 |
| Cotton seed | E0.02 |
| Crustaceans | E0.05 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E0.2 |
| Eggs | E0.05 |
| Fish | E0.05 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E0.2 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.15 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E0.05 |
| Peanut | E0.01 |
| Pineapple | E0.01 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E0.2 |
| Poultry meat | E0.2 |
| Soya bean | E0.02 |
| Soya bean oil, crude | E0.5 |
| Soya bean oil, refined | E0.02 |
| Sugar cane | E0.02 |
| Tomato | E0.02 |
| Vegetables [except as otherwise listed under this chemical] | E0.05 |
|  |  |
| Lindane | |
| Lindane | |
| Apple | E2 |
| Cereal grains | E0.5 |
| Cherries | E0.5 |
| Cranberry | E3 |
| Crustaceans | E1 |
| Edible offal (mammalian) | E2 |
| Eggs | E0.1 |
| Fish | E1 |
| Fruits [except as otherwise listed in Schedules 1 and 2] | E0.5 |
| Grapes | E0.5 |
| Meat (mammalian) (in the fat) | E2 |
| Milks (in the fat) | E0.2 |
| Molluscs (including cephalopods) | E1 |
| Oilseed [except peanut] | E0.05 |
| Peach | E2 |
| Peanut | E0.05 |
| Plums (including prunes) | E0.5 |
| Poultry, edible offal of | E0.7 |
| Poultry meat (in the fat) | E0.7 |
| Strawberry | E3 |
| Sugar cane | E\*0.002 |
| Vegetables | E2 |
|  |  |

ANIMAL FOOD COMMODITIES

MAMMALIAN PRODUCTS

*Meat (mammalian)*

Meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fatty tissues such as intramuscular, intermuscular and subcutaneous fat from animal carcasses or cuts of these as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. Meat (mammalian) includes farmed and game meat. The cuts offered may include bones, connective tissues and tendons as well as nerves and lymph nodes. It does not include edible offal. The entire commodity except bones may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Buffalo meat; Camel meat; Cattle meat; Deer meat; Donkey meat; Goat meat; Hare meat; Horse meat; Kangaroo meat; Pig meat; Possum meat; Rabbit meat; Sheep meat; Wallaby meat.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity (without bones). When the commodity description is qualified by (in the fat) a proportion of adhering fat is analysed and the MRLs apply to the fat.

*Edible offal (mammalian)*

Edible offal is the edible tissues and organs other than muscles and animal fat from slaughtered animals as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. Edible offal includes brain, heart, kidney, liver, pancreas, spleen, thymus, tongue and tripe. The entire commodity may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Buffalo, edible offal of; Cattle, edible offal of; Camel, edible offal of; Deer, edible offal of; Donkey, edible offal of; Goat, edible offal of; Hare, edible offal of; Horse, edible offal of; Kangaroo, edible offal of; Pig, edible offal of; Possum, edible offal of; Rabbit, edible offal of; Sheep, edible offal of; Wallaby, edible offal of.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Fats (mammalian)

Mammalian fats, excluding milk fats are derived from the fatty tissues of animals (not processed). The entire commodity may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Buffalo fat; Camel fat; Cattle fat; Goat fat; Horse fat; Pig fat; Rabbit fat; Sheep fat.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Milks

Milks are the mammary secretions of various species of lactating herbivorous ruminant animals.

*Commodities:* Buffalo milk; Camel milk; Cattle milk; Goat milk; Sheep milk. The entire commodity may be consumed.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity. When an MRL for cattle milk or milks is qualified by ‘(in the fat)’ the compound is regarded as fat-soluble, and the MRL applies to the fat portion of the milk. In the case of a derived or a manufactured milk product with a fat content of 2% or more, the MRL also applies to the fat portion. For a milk product with fat content less than 2%, the MRL applied should be 1/50 that specified for ‘milk (in the fat)’, and should apply to the whole product.

POULTRY

Poultry meat

Poultry meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fat and skin, from poultry carcasses as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. The entire product may be consumed. Poultry meat includes farmed and game poultry.

*Commodities:* Chicken meat; Duck meat; Emu meat; Goose meat; Guinea-fowl meat; Ostrich meat; Partridge meat; Pheasant meat; Pigeon meat; Quail meat; Turkey meat.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity (without bones). When the commodity description is qualified by (in the fat) a proportion of adhering fat is analysed and the MRLs apply to the fat.

Poultry, edible Offal

Poultry edible offal is the edible tissues and organs, other than poultry meat and poultry fat, as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution and include liver, gizzard, heart, skin. The entire product may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Chicken, edible offal of; Duck, edible offal of; Emu, edible offal of; Goose, edible offal of; Ostrich, edible offal of; Turkey, edible offal of.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Note that poultry meat includes any attached skin, but poultry skin on its own (not attached) is considered as ‘poultry edible offal’.

Poultry fats

Poultry fats are derived from the fatty tissues of poultry (not processed). The entire product may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Chicken fat; Duck fat; Goose fat; Turkey fat.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Eggs

Eggs are the reproductive bodies laid by female birds, especially domestic fowl. The edible portion includes egg yolk and egg white after removal of the shell.

*Commodities:* Chicken eggs; Duck eggs; Goose eggs; Quail eggs.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole egg whites and yolks combined after removal of shell.

FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND MOLLUSCS

Fish includes freshwater fish, diadromous fish and marine fish.

Diadromous fish

Diadromous fish include species which migrate from the sea to brackish and/or fresh water and in the opposite direction. Some species are domesticated and do not migrate. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

*Commodities:* Barramundi; Salmon species; Trout species; Eel species.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity including bones and head (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Freshwater fish

Freshwater fish include a variety of species which remain lifelong, including the spawning period, in fresh water. Several species of freshwater fish are domesticated and bred in fish farms. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

*Commodities:* a variety of species

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity including bones and head (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Marine fish

Marine fish generally live in open seas and are almost exclusively wild species. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

*Commodities:* a variety of species.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity including bones and head (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Molluscs – and other marine invertebrates

Molluscs includes Cephalopods and Coelenterates. Cephalopods and Coelenterates are various species of aquatic animals, wild or cultivated, which have an inedible outer or inner shell (invertebrates). A few species of cultivated edible land snails are included in this group. The edible aquatic molluscs live mainly in brackish water or in the sea.

*Commodities:* Clams; Cockles; Cuttlefish; Mussels; Octopus; Oysters; Scallops; Sea-cucumbers; Sea urchins; Snails, edible; Squids.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of shell.

Crustaceans

Crustaceans include various species of aquatic animals, wild and cultivated, which have an inedible chitinous outer shell. A small number of species live in fresh water, but most species live in brackish water and/or in the sea.

Crustaceans are largely prepared for wholesale and retail distribution after catching by cooking or parboiling and deep freezing.

*Commodities:* Crabs; Crayfish; Lobsters; Prawns; Shrimps.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity or the meat without the outer shell, as prepared for wholesale and retail distribution.

HONEY AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PRIMARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

Honey

*Commodity:* Honey.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

CROP COMMODITIES

FRUIT

Tropical and sub-tropical fruit - edible peel

Tropical and sub-tropical fruits - edible peel are derived from the immature or mature fruits of a large variety of perennial plants, usually shrubs or trees. The fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. The whole fruit may be consumed in a succulent or processed form.

*Commodities:* Ambarella; Arbutus berry; Babaco; Barbados cherry; Bilimbi; Brazilian cherry (Grumichama); Carambola; Caranda; Carob; Cashew apple; Chinese olive; Coco plum; Cumquats; Date; Fig; Hog plum; Jaboticaba; Jujube; Natal plum; Olives; Otaheite gooseberry; Persimmon, Japanese; Pomerac; Rose apple; Sea grape; Surinam cherry; Tree tomato (Tamarillo).

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity. Dates and olives: Whole commodity after removal of stems and stones but residue calculated and expressed on the whole fruit.

Tropical and sub-tropical fruit - inedible peel

Tropical and sub-tropical fruits - inedible peel are derived from the immature or mature fruits of a large variety of perennial plants, usually shrubs or trees. Fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season but the edible portion is protected by skin, peel or husk. The edible part of the fruits may be consumed in a fresh or processed form.

*Commodities:* Akee apple; Avocado; Banana (includes banana dwarf); Bread fruit; Canistel; Cherimoya; Custard apple; Doum; Durian; Elephant fruit; Feijoa; Guava; Ilama; Jackfruit; Jambolan; Java apple; Kiwifruit; Longan; Litchi; Mammy apple; Mango; Mangosteen; Marmalade box; Mombin, yellow; Naranjilla; Passionfruit; Papaya (Pawpaw); Persimmon, American; Pineapple; Plantain; Pomegranate; Prickly pear; Pulasan; Rambutan; Rollinia; Sapodilla; Sapote, black; Sapote, green; Sapote, mammey; Sapote, white; Sentul; Soursop; Spanish lime; Star apple; Sugar apple; Tamarind; Tonka bean.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole fruit. Avocado, mangos and similar fruit with hard seeds: whole commodity after removal of stone but calculated on whole fruit. Banana: whole commodity after removal of any central stem and peduncle. Longan, edible aril: edible portion of the fruit. Pineapple: after removal of crown.

Berries And Other Small Fruits

Berries and other small fruits are derived from a variety of perennial plants and shrubs having fruit characterised by a high surface to weight ratio. The fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. The entire fruit, often including seed, may be consumed in a succulent or processed form.

*Commodities:* Bilberry; Blackberries; Blueberries; Cranberry; Currants, black, red, white; Dewberries (including Boysenberry, Loganberry and Youngberry); Elderberries; Gooseberry; Grapes; Juneberries; Mulberries; Raspberries, Red, Black; Rose hips; Strawberry; Vaccinium berries.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of caps and stems. Currants: fruit with stem.

Citrus fruits

Citrus fruits are produced on trees and shrubs of the family Rutaceae. These fruits are characterised by aromatic oily peel, globular form and interior segments of juice-filled vesicles. The fruit is fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Post-harvest treatments with pesticides and liquid waxes are often carried out to avoid deterioration due to fungal diseases, insect pests or loss of moisture. The fruit pulp may be consumed in succulent form and as a juice. The entire fruit may be used for preserves.

*Commodities:* Citron; Grapefruit; Lemon; Lime; Mandarins; Oranges, sweet, sour; Shaddock (Pomelo); Tangelo; Tangors.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Pome fruits

Pome fruits are produced on trees and shrubs belonging to certain genera of the rose family (Rosaceae), especially the genera *Malus* and *Pyrus*. They are characterised by fleshy tissue surrounding a core consisting of parchment-like carpels enclosing the seeds.

Pome fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Post-harvest treatments directly after harvest may also occur. The entire fruit, except the core, may be consumed in the succulent form or after processing.

*Commodities:* Apple; Crab-apple; Loquat; Medlar; Pear; Quince.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of stems.

Stone fruits

Stone fruits are produced on trees belonging to the genus Prunus of the family Rosaceae. They are characterised by fleshy tissue surrounding a single hard shelled seed. The entire fruit, except the seed, may be consumed in a succulent or processed form. The fruit is fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Dipping of fruit immediately after harvest, especially with fungicides, may also occur.

*Commodities:* Apricot; Cherries; Nectarine; Peach; Plums\*.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of stems and stones, but the residue calculated and expressed on the whole commodity without stem.

\*where plums is specified as ‘(including Prunes)’ it includes all relevant prunes.

VEGETABLES

Brassica (cole or cabbage) vegetables

Cole vegetables (cabbage and flowerhead brassicas) are foods derived from the leafy heads and stems of plants belonging to the genus *Brassica* of the family Cruciferae. The edible part of the crop is partly protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by outer leaves, or skin. The entire vegetable after discarding obviously decomposed or withered leaves may be consumed.

*Commodities:* Broccoli; Broccoli, Chinese; Brussels sprouts; Cabbages, head; Cauliflower; Kohlrabi.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* Head cabbages and kohlrabi, whole commodity as marketed, after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves. Cauliflower and broccoli: flower heads (immature inflorescence only). Brussels sprouts: ‘buttons only’.

Bulb Vegetables

Bulb vegetables are pungent, highly flavoured bulbous vegetables derived from fleshy scale bulbs of the genus *Allium* of the lily family (Liliaceae). Bulb fennel has been included in this group as the bulb-like growth of this commodity gives rise to similar residues. The subterranean parts of the bulbs and shoots are protected from direct exposure to pesticides during the growing season. Although chives are alliums they have been classified with herbs. The entire bulb may be consumed after removal of the parchment-like skin. The leaves and stems of some species or cultivars may also be consumed.

*Commodities:* Fennel, bulb; Garlic; Leek; Onion, bulb; Onion, Chinese; Onion, Welsh; Shallot; Spring onion; Tree onion.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* Bulb/dry. Onions and garlic: Whole commodity after removal of roots and adhering soil and whatever parchment skin is easily detached. Leeks and spring onions: Whole vegetable after removal of roots and adhering soil.

Fruiting vegetables, cucurbits

Fruiting vegetables, Cucurbits are derived from the immature and mature fruits of various plants, belonging to the botanical family Cucurbitaceae. These vegetables are fully exposed to pesticides during the period of fruit development.

The edible portion of those fruits of which the inedible peel is discarded before consumption is protected from most pesticides by the skin or peel, except from pesticides with a systemic action.

The entire fruiting vegetable or the edible portion after discarding the inedible peel may be consumed in the fresh form or after processing.

*Commodities:* Balsam apple; Balsam pear; Bottle gourd; Chayote; Cucumber; Gherkin; Loofah; Melons, except Watermelon; Pumpkins; Snake gourd; Squash, summer (including Zucchini); Squash, winter; Watermelon.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* Whole commodity after removal of stems.

Fruiting vegetables, other than cucurbits

Fruiting vegetables, other than Cucurbits are derived from the immature and mature fruits of various plants, usually annual vines or bushes. The group includes edible fungi and mushrooms, being comparable organs of lower plants. The entire fruiting vegetable or the edible portion after discarding husks or peels may be consumed in a fresh form or after processing. The vegetables of this group are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the period of fruit development, except those of which the edible portion is covered by husks, such as sweet corn.

*Commodities:* Cape gooseberry (ground cherries); Egg plant; Fungi, edible; Mushrooms; Okra; Pepino; Peppers, sweet, Chili; Roselle; Sweet corn\*; Tomato.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of stems. Mushrooms: Whole commodity. Sweet corn and fresh corn: kernels plus cob without husk.

\*sweet corn is specified as either ‘(corn-on-the-cob)’ to indicate that the MRL is set on the cob plus kernels, or as ‘(kernels) ‘ to indicate that the MRL is set on the kernels only.

Leafy vegetables (including brassica leafy vegetables)

Leafy vegetables are foods derived from the leaves of a wide variety of edible plants. They are characterised by a high surface to weight ratio. The leaves are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. The entire leaf may be consumed either fresh or after processing.

*Commodities:* Amaranth; Box thorn; Chard (silver beet); Chervil; Chicory leaves; Chinese cabbage (Pe-tsai); Choisum; Cress, garden; Dandelion; Dock; Endive; Grape leaves; Indian mustard; Japanese greens; Kale; Kangkung; Komatsuma; Lettuce, Head; Lettuce, Leaf; Marsh marigold; Mizuna; Mustard greens; New Zealand spinach; Pak-choi; Pokeweed; Purslane; Radish leaves (including radish tops); Rape greens; Rucola; Sowthistle; Spinach; Turnip greens; Watercress.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves.

Legume vegetables

Legume vegetables are derived from the succulent seed and immature pods of leguminous plants commonly known as beans and peas. Pods are fully exposed to pesticides during the growing season, whereas the succulent seed is protected within the pod from most pesticides, except pesticides with systemic action.

*Commodities:* Beans, except broad bean and soya bean; Broad bean (green pods and immature seeds); Chick-pea (green pods); Cluster bean (young pods); Common bean (pods and/or immature seeds); Cowpea (immature pods); Garden pea (young pods); Garden pea, shelled; Goa bean (immature pods); Haricot bean (green pods and/or immature seeds); Hyacinth bean (young pods, immature seeds); Lentil (young pods); Lima bean (young pods and/or immature beans); Lupin; Mung bean (green pods); Pigeon pea (green pods and/or young green seeds); Podded pea (young pods); Snap bean (immature seeds); Soya bean (immature seeds); Vetch.

Common bean (pods and/or immature seeds) includes Dwarf bean (immature pods and/or seeds); Field bean (green pods); Flageolet (fresh beans); French bean (immature pods and seeds); Green bean (green pods and immature seeds); Kidney bean (pods and/or immature seeds); Navy bean (young pods and/or immature seeds) and Runner bean (green pods and seeds).

Podded pea (young pods) includes sugar snap pea (young pods) and snow pea.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity (seed plus pod) unless otherwise specified.

Pulses

Pulses are derived from the mature seeds, naturally or artificially dried, of leguminous plants known as beans (dry) and peas (dry). The seeds in the pods are protected from most pesticides applied during the growing season except pesticides which show a systemic action. There may be registered post harvest treatments for dried peas and beans.

*Commodities:* Beans (dry); Peas (dry); Adzuki bean (dry); Broad bean (dry); Chick-pea (dry); Common bean (dry); Cowpea (dry); Field pea (dry); Hyacinth bean (dry); Lentil (dry); Lima bean (dry); Lupin (dry); Mung bean (dry); Pigeon pea (dry); Soya bean (dry).

Common bean (dry) includes Dwarf bean (dry); Field bean (dry); Flageolet (dry); Kidney bean (dry); Navy bean (dry).

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity (dried seed only).

Root and tuber vegetables

Root and tuber vegetables are the starchy enlarged solid roots, tubers, corms or rhizomes, mostly subterranean, of various species of plants. The underground location protects the edible portion from most pesticides applied to the aerial parts of the crop during the growing season, however the commodities in this group are exposed to pesticide residues from soil treatments. The entire vegetable may be consumed in the form of fresh or processed foods.

*Commodities:* Arrowroot; Beetroot; Canna, edible; Carrot; Cassava; Celeriac; Chicory, roots; Horseradish; Jerusalem artichoke; Parsnip; Potato; Radish; Radish, Japanese; Salsify; Scorzonera; Sugar beet; Swede; Sweet potato; Taro; Turnip, garden; Yams.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removing tops. Remove adhering soil (e.g. by rinsing in running water or by gentle brushing of the dry commodity).

Stalk and stem vegetables

Stalk and stem vegetables are the edible stalks, leaf stems or immature shoots from a variety of annual or perennial plants. Globe artichokes have been included in this group. Depending upon the part of the crop used for consumption and the growing practices, stalk and stem vegetables are exposed, in varying degrees, to pesticides applied during the growing season. Stalk and stem vegetables may be consumed in whole or in part and in the form of fresh, dried or processed foods.

*Commodities:* Artichoke, globe; Asparagus; Bamboo shoots; Celery; Celtuce; Palm hearts; Rhubarb; Witloof chicory.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves. Rhubarb: leaf stems only. Globe artichoke: flowerhead only. Celery and asparagus: remove adhering soil.

GRASSES

Cereal Grains

Cereal grains are derived from the (heads) of starchy seeds produced by a variety of plants, primarily of the grass family (Gramineae). The edible seeds are protected to varying degrees from pesticides applied during the growing season by husks. Husks are removed before processing and/or consumption. There may be registered post harvest treatments for cereal grains.

*Commodities:* Barley; Buckwheat; Maize; Millet; Oats; Popcorn; Rice\*; Rye; Sorghum; Triticale; Wheat; Wild rice.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity

\* ‘Rice’ means ‘Rice in Husk.’

Grasses for sugar or syrup production

Grasses for sugar or syrup production, includes species of grasses with a high sugar content especially in the stem. The stems are mainly used for sugar or syrup production.

*Commodities:* Sugar cane.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

NUTS AND SEEDS

Tree nuts

Tree nuts are the seeds of a variety of trees and shrubs which are characterised by a hard inedible shell enclosing an oily seed. The seed is protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell and other parts of the fruit. The edible portion of the nut is consumed in succulent, dried or processed forms.

*Commodities:* Almonds; Beech nuts; Brazil nut; Cashew nut; Chestnuts; Coconut; Hazelnuts; Hickory nuts; Japanese horse-chestnut; Macadamia nuts; Pecan; Pine nuts; Pili nuts; Pistachio nuts; Sapucaia nut; Walnuts.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of shell. Chestnuts: whole in skin.

Oilseed

Oilseed consists of seeds from a variety of plants used in the production of edible vegetable oils. Some oilseeds are used directly, or after slight processing, as food or for food flavouring. Oilseeds are protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell or husk.

*Commodities:* Acacia seed; Cotton seed; Linseed; Mustard seed; Palm nut; Peanut; Plantago ovata seed; Poppy seed; Rape seed; Safflower seed; Sesame seed; Sunflower seed.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* seed or kernels, after removal of shell or husk.

Seed for beverages and sweets

Seeds for beverages and sweets are derived from tropical and sub-tropical trees and shrubs. These seeds are protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell or other parts of the fruit.

*Commodities:* Cacao beans; Coffee beans; Cola nuts.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

HERBS AND SPICES

Herbs

Herbs consist of leaves, flowers, stems and roots from a variety of herbaceous plants, used in relatively small amounts as condiments to flavour foods or beverages. They are used either in fresh or naturally dried form. Herbs are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. There may be registered post-harvest treatments for dried herbs.

*Commodities:* Angelica; Balm leaves (Melissa officinalis); Basil; Bay leaves; Burnet, great (*Banguisorba officinalis*); Burnet, salad; Burning bush (*Dictamnus albus*); Catmint; Celery leaves; Chives; Curry leaves; Dill (*Anethum graveolens*); Fennel; Hops; Horehound; Hyssop; Kaffir lime leaves; Lavender; Lemon balm; Lemon grass; Lemon verbena; Lovage; Marigold flowers (*Calendula officinalis*); Marjoram; Mints; Nasturtium leaves (*Tropaeolum majus* L.); Parsley; Rosemary; Rue (*Ruta graveolens*); Sage; Sassafras leaves; Savoury, summer, winter; Sorrel; Sweet cicely; Tansy; Tarragon; Thyme; Winter cress; Wintergreen leaves (*Gaultheria procumbens* L.); Woodruff (*Asperula odorata*); Wormwoods (*Artemisia* spp.).

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Spices

Spices consist of the aromatic seeds, roots, berries or other fruits from a variety of plants, which are used in relatively small quantities to flavour foods. Spices are exposed in varying degrees to pesticides applied during the growing season. There may be registered post harvest treatments for dried spices.

*Commodities:* Angelica seed; Anise seed; Calamus root; Caper buds; Caraway seed; Cardamom seed; Cassia buds; Celery seed; Cinnamon bark; Cloves; Coriander, seed; Cumin seed; Dill seed; Elecampane root; Fennel seed; Fenugreek seed; Galangal, rhizomes; Ginger, root; Grains of paradise; Juniper berry; Licorice root; Lovage seed; Mace; Nasturtium pods; Nutmeg; Pepper, black, white; Pepper, long; Pimento, fruit; Tonka bean; Turmeric, root; Vanilla, beans.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

PROCESSED FOODS OF PLANT AND ANIMAL ORIGIN

DERIVED EDIBLE COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN

‘Derived edible products’ are foods or edible substances isolated from primary food commodities or raw agricultural commodities using physical, biological or chemical processing. This includes groups such as vegetable oils (crude and refined), by-products of the fractionation of cereals and teas (fermented and dried).

Cereal grain milling fractions

This group includes milling fractions of cereal grains at the final stage of milling and preparation in the fractions, and includes processed brans.

*Commodities:* Cereal brans, processed; Maize flour; Maize meal; Rice bran, processed; Rye bran, processed; Rye flour; Rye wholemeal; Wheat bran, processed; Wheat germ; Wheat flour; Wheat wholemeal.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Tea

Teas are derived from the leaves of several plants, principally *Camellia sinensis*. They are used mainly in a fermented and dried form or only as dried leaves for the preparation of infusions.

*Commodities:* Tea, green, black

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Vegetable oils, crude

This group includes the crude vegetable oils derived from oil seed, tropical and sub-tropical oil-containing fruits such as olives, and some pulses. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatment of the relevant crops or post-harvest treatment of the oilseeds or oil-containing pulses.

*Commodities:* Vegetable oils, crude; Cotton seed oil, crude; Coconut oil, crude; Maize oil, crude; Olive oil, crude; Palm oil, crude; Palm kernel oil, crude; Peanut oil, crude; Rape seed oil, crude; Safflower seed oil, crude; Sesame seed oil, crude; Soya bean oil, crude.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Vegetable oils, edible

Vegetable oils, edible are derived from the crude oils through a refining and/or clarifying process. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatment of the relevant crops or post-harvest treatment of the oilseeds or oil-containing pulses.

*Commodities:* Vegetable oils, edible; Cotton seed oil, edible; Coconut oil, refined; Maize oil, edible; Olive oil, refined; Palm oil, edible; Palm kernel oil, edible; Peanut oil, edible; Rape seed oil, edible; Safflower seed oil, edible; Sesame seed oil, edible; Soya bean oil, refined; Sunflower seed oil, edible.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Manufactured multi-ingredient cereal products

The commodities of this group are manufactured with several ingredients; products derived from cereal grains however form the major ingredient.

*Commodities:* Bread and other cooked cereal products; Maize bread; Rye bread; White bread; Wholemeal bread.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Miscellaneous

*Commodities:* Olives, processed; peppermint oil; Sugar cane molasses.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

SECONDARY COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN

The term ‘Secondary food commodity’ refers to a primary food commodity which has undergone simple processing, such as removal of certain portions, drying (except natural drying), husking, and comminution, which do not basically alter the composition or identity of the product. For the commodities referred to in dried fruits, dried vegetables and dried herbs refer to the commodity groupings for fruits, vegetables and herbs. Naturally field dried mature crops such as pulses or cereal grains are not considered as secondary food commodities.

Dried fruits

Dried fruits are generally artificially dried. Exposure to pesticides may arise from pre-harvest application, post-harvest treatment of the fruits before processing, or treatment of the dried fruit to avoid losses during transport and distribution.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity after removal of stones, but the residue is calculated on the whole commodity.

Dried herbs

Dried herbs are generally artificially dried and often comminuted. Exposure to pesticides is from pre-harvest applications and/or treatment of the dry commodities.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Dried vegetables

Dried vegetables are generally artificially dried and often comminuted. Exposure to pesticides is from pre-harvest application and/or treatment of the dry commodities.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Milled cereal products (early milling stages)

The group ‘milled cereal products (early milling stages)’ includes the early milling fractions of cereal grains, except buckwheat, such as husked rice, polished rice and the unprocessed cereal grain brans. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatments of the growing cereal grain crop and especially through post-harvest treatment of cereal grains.

*Commodities:* Bran, unprocessed; Rice bran, unprocessed; Rice, husked; Rice, polished; Rye bran, unprocessed; Wheat bran, unprocessed.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

SECONDARY COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term ‘secondary food commodity’ refers to a primary food commodity which has undergone simple processing, such as removal of certain portions, drying, and comminution, which do not basically alter the composition or identity of the commodity.

Animal fats, processed

This group includes rendered or extracted (possibly refined and/or clarified) fats from mammals and poultry and fats and oils derived from fish.

*Commodities:* Tallow and lard from cattle, goats, pigs and sheep; Poultry fats, processed.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Dried meat and fish products

For the commodities referred to in dried meat and dried fish products refer to the commodity groupings for meat and fish. Dried meat and fish products includes naturally or artificially dried meat products and dried fish, mainly marine fish.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Milk fats

Milk fats are the fatty ingredients derived from the milk of various mammals.

*Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed):* whole commodity.

Amendment History

The Amendment History provides information about each amendment to the Standard. The information includes commencement or cessation information for relevant amendments.

These amendments are made under section 92 of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991* unless otherwise indicated. Amendments do not have a specific date for cessation unless indicated as such.

About this compilation

This is a compilation of Standard 1.4.2 as in force on **5 November 2013** (up to Amendment No. 144 / APVMA 6, 2013). It includes any commenced amendment affecting the compilation to that date.

This compilation is composed of four volumes:

Volume 1: Clauses 1–4

Volume 2: Schedule 1 (A–L)

Volume 3: Schedule 1 (M–Z))

Volume 4: Schedules 2–4

Prepared by Food Standards Australia New Zealand on **5 November 2013**.

Uncommenced amendments or provisions ceasing to have effect

To assist stakeholders, the effect of any uncommenced amendments or provisions which will cease to have effect, may be reflected in the Standard as shaded boxed text with the relevant commencement or cessation date. These amendments will be reflected in a compilation registered on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments including or omitting those amendments and provided in the Amendment History once the date is passed.

The following abbreviations may be used in the table below:

ad = added or inserted am = amended

exp = expired or ceased to have effect rep = repealed

rs = repealed and substituted

**Standard 1.4.2** was published in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette* No. P 30 on 20 December 2000 as part of Amendment 53 (F2008B00619 –- 30 September 2008) and has since been amended as follows:

| Clause affected | A’ment No. | FRLI registration  Gazette | Commencement  (Cessation) | How affected | Description of amendment |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Purpose | 71 | F2008B00818  24 Dec 2008  FSC13  14 May 2004 | 14 May 2004 | ad | References to ‘chemical. |
| Purpose | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | rep | Reference to the New Zealand *Food Regulations (1984)*. |
| Purpose | 103 | F2008L03741  9 Oct 2008  FSC45  9 Oct 2008 | 9 Oct 2008 | am | Reference to New Zealand requirements. |
| Purpose | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | rep | Reference to Schedule 3. |
| Table of Provs | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | ad | Schedule Headings |
| Table of Provs | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | rep | Omit reference to Schedule 3. |
| 1 | 71 | F2008B00818  24 Dec 2008  FSC13  14 May 2004 | 14 May 2004 | am | Definition of ‘chemical. |
| 1 | 116 | F2010L01310  20 May 2010  FSC58  20 May 2010 | 20 May 2010 | am | Definitions for ‘extraneous residue limit’ and ‘maximum residue limit’ and related consequential amendments. |
| 2 | 101 | F2008L03058  14 Aug 2008  FSC43  14 Aug 2008 | 14 Aug 2008 | rep | Editorial note after clause 2. |
| 2(2) | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | Editorial note relating to pesticides in drinking water. |
| 2(3) | 71 | F2008B00818  24 Dec 2008  FSC13  14 May 2004 | 14 May 2004 | ad | New subclause relating to detections of chemical residues not listed in the Standard. |
| 2(3) | 88 | F2006L03270  5 Oct 2006  FSC30  5 Oct 2006 | 5 Oct 2006 | rs | Correct typographical error. |
| 4(3) | 103 | F2008L03741  9 Oct 2008  FSC45  9 Oct 2008 | 9 Oct 2008 | am | Wording for ‘must not exceed’. |
| 4(3) | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Subclause and following Editorial note. |
| Sch 1 | 55 | F2008B00791  9 Dec 2008  P23  30 Aug 2001 | 30 Aug 2001 | ad | Sulphadoxine |
| Sch 1 | 55 | F2008B00791  9 Dec 2008  P23  30 Aug 2001 | 30 Aug 2001 | am | Chlortetracycline, Lasalocid, Lincomycin, Neomycin, Oxytetracycline, Spectinomycin, Sulphadiazine and Virginiamycin |
| Sch 1 | 58 | F2008B00796  10 Dec 2008  P28  20 December 2001 | 20 Dec 2001 | ad | Isoxaflutole and Novaluron |
| Sch 1 | 58 | F2008B00796  10 Dec 2008  P28  20 Dec 2001 | 20 Dec 2001 | am | Abamectin, Bifenthrin, Bromoxynil, Carbendazim, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Cyanamide, Diafenthiuron, Difenoconazole, Diflufenican, Diofenolan, Emamectin benzoate, Ethephon, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Glufosinate ammonium, Glyphosate, Haloxyfop, Iprodione, Lufenuron, Metalaxyl, Myclobutanil, Norflurazon, Novaluron, Oryzalin, Oxyfluorfen, Parathion-methyl, Phosphorous acid, Pymetrozine, Spinosad, Tebufenozide, Trichlorfon. |
| Sch 1 | 58 | F2008B00796  10 Dec 2008  P28  20 Dec 2001 | 20 December 2001 | rs | ‘Emamectin benzoate’, substitute ‘Emamectin’ |
| Sch 1 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | To move Butroxydim and Linuron to their correct alphabetical placement |
| Sch 1 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | ad | Aminoethoxyvinylglycine, Avilamycin, Azoxystrobin, Benzocaine, Buprofezin, Butafenacil, Carbosulfuron, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Ceftiofur, Cefuroxime, Cephalonium, Dichlofluanid, Dichlorvos, Diclazuril, Diclobutrazol, Diclop-methyl, Fenhexamid, Furathiocarb, Imazamox, Imazapyr, Indoxacarb, Iodosulfuron, Kresoxim-methyl, Lambda-cyhalothrin, Metsulfuron-methyl, Methoxyfenozide, Naled, Oxydemeton-methyl, Thiamethoxam, Thiobencarb, Tolylfluanid, Trifloxysulfuron sodium, Zetacypermethrin and Zinc phosphide. |
| Sch 1 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | Abamectin, Albendazole, Aldicarb, Alloxydim, Ampicillin, Atrazine, Benfluralin, Bentazone, Benzofenap Benzyl G penicillin, Bifenthrin, Bioresmethrin, Bitertanol, Brodifacoum, Bupirimate, Butroxydim, Captan, Carbaryl, Carbendazim, Carbofuran, Carbon disulphide, Carbon sulphide, Chlorfenapyr, Chlorfenvinphos, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpropham, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Clavulanic acid, Clodinafop-propargyl, Clomazone, Clorsulon, Cyanamide, Cyclanide, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Cyproconazole, Cyprodinil, Cyromazine, 2,4-D, Deltamethrin, Diafenthiuron, Diazinon, Difenoconazole, Diflubenzuron, Dimethipin, Dimethoate, Dimethomorph, Diofenolan, 2,2-DPA, Diquat, Dithiocarbamates, Doramectin, Emamectin, Endosulfan, Erythromycin, Ethephon, Ethion, Ethofumesate, Fenarimol, Fenbendazole, Fenitrothion, Fenoxycarb, Fenthion, Fipronil, Flavophospholipol, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluazinam, Fludioxonil, Flumethrin, Flumetsulam, Fluquinconazole, Fluroxypyr, Flusilazole, Flutriafol, Fluvalinate, Fosetyl aluminium, Glufosinate and Glufosinate ammonium, Glyphosate, Halosulfuron-methyl, Haloxyfop, Hexazinone, Imazapic, Imazethapyr, Imidacloprid, Ioxynil, Iprodione, Isoxaflutole, Ivermectin, Lasalocid, Linuron, Maldison, Mefenpyr-diethyl, Metalaxyl, Metaldehyde, Methabenzthiazuron, Methacrifos, Methamidophos, Methidathion, Methiocarb, Methomyl, Methoprene, Methyl bromide, Metolachlor, Monocrotophos, Moxidectin, Myclobutanil, Neomycin, Novaluron, Oryzalin, Oxamyl, Oxyfluorfen, Oxytetracycline, Paclobutrazol, Parathion, Pendimethalin, Permethrin, Phenothrin, Phosphine, Phosphorous acid, Piperonyl butoxide, Pirimicarb, Procaine penicillin, Prochloraz, Procymidone, Propachlor, Propaquizafop, Propargite, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Pyridaben, Pyrimethanil, Pyrithiobac sodium, Rimosulfuron, Sethoxydim, Simazine, Spectinomycin, Spinosad, Streptomycin and Dihydrostreptomycin, Sulphadimine, Sulphosulfuron, Tebuconazole, Tebufenozide, Temephos, Terbacil, Tebuthiuron, Terbufos, Terbutryn, Thiodicarb, Trenbolone acetate, Triadimefon, Triadimenol, Trichlorfon, Triclopyr, Triflurin, Triticonazole and Uniconazole-p. |
| Sch 1 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | rep | Azinphos-ethyl, Bromuconazole, 3-(2-chloro-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-[1,3,5]oxadiazinan-4-ylidene-N-nitroamine, Chloroxuron, DEF see Tribufos, Demeton-S-methyl, EDB, Flufenoxuron, Formothion, Lenacil, Lindane, Naphthoxyacetic acid, Pirimiphos-ethyl, Poloxalene, Pyrifenox, Tribufos, Vernolate and Vinclozolin and all associated residue definitions, foods and MRLs. |
| Sch 1 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | Chemical names and residue definitions for Dimethomorph, Disulfoton, Emamectin, Ivermectin, Thiodicarb and Vamidothion. |
| Sch 1 | 62 | F2008B00807  19 Dec 2008  FSC4  17 Sept 2002 | 17 Sept 2002 | ad | Acetamiprid, Cephapirin, CGA279202, Dichlorprop, Meloxicam, Picolinafen, Quinoxyfen, Quizalofop-p-tefuryl, Semduramicin and Trifloxystrobin. |
| Sch 1 | 62 | F2008B00807  19 Dec 2008  FSC4  17 Sept 2002 | 17 September 2002 | am | Aminoethoxyvinylglycine, Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Butafenacil, Cadusafos, Dithiocarbamates, Fludioxonil, Indoxacarb, Kresoxim-methyl, Metalaxyl, Myclobutanil, Procymidone, Spinosad, Tebufenozide and Thiodicarb. |
| Sch 1 | 64 | F2008B00810  23 Dec 2008  FSC6 13  December 2002 | 13 Dec 2002 | rep | Febantel |
| Sch 1 | 64 | F2008B00810  23 Dec 2008  FSC6 13  December 2002 | 13 Dec 2002 | ad | Ethametsulfuron methyl, Flutolanil, Pyriproxyfen, Spiroxamine and Thiacloprid. |
| Sch 1 | 64 | F2008B00810  23 Dec 2008  FSC6 13  December 2002 | 13 Dec 2002 | am | Abamectin, Benalaxyl, Bifenthrin, Buprofezin, Butafenacil, Chlorpyrifos, 2,4-D, Doramectin, Ethylene dichloride (EDC), Fenoxaprop-ethyl, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Fludioxonil, Fluquinconazole, Imazapic, Pirimiphos-methyl, Procymidone, Profenofos, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Spinosad, Tebufenozide, Triadimenol and Trifluralin. |
| Sch 1 | 66 | F2008B00813  23 Dec 2008  FSC8  22 May 2003 | 22 May 2003 | rep | Monocrotophos, Parathion and Rafoxanide. |
| Sch 1 | 66 | F2008B00813  23 Dec 2008  FSC8  22 May 2003 | 22 May 2003 | ad | Ketoprofen and Mesosulfuron-methyl. |
| Sch 1 | 66 | F2008B00813  23 Dec 2008  FSC8  22 May 2003 | 22 May 2003 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Bitertanol, Carbendazim, Ceftiofur, Chlorpyrifos, Cyanazine, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Diflufenican, Dithiocarbamates, Endosulfan, E Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluazinam, Imazamox, Kresoxim-methyl, Methabenzthiazuron, Methidathion, Methomyl, Pendimethalin, Procymidone, Propachlor, Propyzamide, Quinoxyfen, Quizalofop-ethyl, Quizalofop-p-tefuryl, Simazine, Triadimenol, Tebufenozide, Thiamethoxam and Triadimenol. |
| Sch 1 | 67 | 2 F2008B00814  4 Dec 2008  FSC9  31 July 2003 | 31 July 2003 | am | Fipronil. |
| Sch 1 | 69 | F2008B00816  24 Dec 2008  FSC11  17 Dec 2003 | 17 Dec 2003 | ad | Flunixin, Ractopamine, 2-(thiocyanomethylthio) Benzothiazole and Tolfenamic acid. |
| Sch 1 | 69 | F2008B00816  24 Dec 2008  FSC11  17 Dec 2003 | 17 Dec 2003 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bentazone, Benzyladenine, Bifenthrin, Buprofezin, Captan, Carbaryl, Carbendazim, Chlorfenapyr, Chlorothalonil, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin, Diafenthiuron, Diazinon, Dichlorvos, Dithiocarbamates, Emamectin, Ethephon, Fluquinconazole, Flutriafol, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Iprodione, Meloxicam, Methomyl, Methoprene, Methoxyfenozide, Mevinphos, Pendimethalin, Pirimicarb, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Pyrazophos, Pyridaben, Pyriproxyfen, Thiacloprid and Trifloxysulfuron sodium. |
| Sch 1 | 72 | F2008B00819  24 Dec 2008  FSC14  20 May 2004 | 20 May 2004 | am | Residue definition for Pirimicarb. |
| Sch 1 | 72 | F2008B00819  24 Dec 2008  FSC14  20 May 2004 | 20 May 2004 | ad | Bromochloromethane, Tepraloxydim and Trinexapac-ethyl. |
| Sch 1 | 72 | F2008B00819  24 Dec 2008  FSC14  20 May 2004 | 20 May 2004 | am | Chlorpyrifos, Chlorthal-dimethyl, Cyhalothrin, Diafenthiuron, Diazinon, Dimethomorph, Dithiocarbamates, Ethofumesate, Glyphosate, Halofuginone, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Ioxynil, Linuron, Methomyl, Metolachlor, Mesosulfuron-methyl, Oxyfluorfen, Permethrin, Procymidone, Pyrimethanil, Tebuconazole, Tebufenozide and Terbutryn. |
| Sch 1 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | rep | Bioresmethrin, CGA279202, Fenpiclonil, Sulphosulfuron and Phoxim. |
| Sch 1 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | ad | Fluazifop-p-butyl, Lindane and Sulfosulfuron. |
| Sch 1 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | am | Abamectin, Acifluorfen, Aldicarb, Aminoethoxyvinylglycine, Asulam, Azinphos-methyl, Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Bitertanol, Brodifacoum, Bupirimate, Buprofezin, Butroxydim, Carbaryl, Carbendazim, Carbonyl sulphide, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Cyanazine, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Clomazone, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Cyprodinil, Deltamethrin, Diafenthiuron, Diflubenzuron, Dimethoate, Dimethomorph, Diofenolan, Dithiocarbamates, Doramectin, Emamectin, Ethofumesate, Ethoprophos, Fenhexamid, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluazinam, Fludioxonil, Flupropanate, Fluquinconazole, Glyphosate, Halosulfuron-methyl, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Iprodione, Ivermectin, Lincomycin, Lufenuron, Metalaxyl, Metaldehyde, Methabenzthiazuron, Methidathion, Methiocarb, Methomyl, Methoprene, Methyl bromide, Monensin, Oxycarboxin, Oxyfluorfen, Parathion-methyl, Permethrin, Piperonyl butoxide, Pirimiphos-methyl, Procymidone, Propargite, Propazine, Propiconazole, Pyrimethanil, Pyrethrins, Pyrimethanil, Pyrithiobac sodium, Quinzalofop-ethyl, Sethoxydim, Simazine, Spinosad, Sulphadimidine, Sulphadoxine, Tebuconazole, Tebufenozide, Terbufos, Thiamethoxam, Thiodicarb, Tilmicosin, Triadimefon, Trichlorfon and Triclopyr. |
| Sch 1 | 74 | F2008B00821  24 Dec 2008  FSC16  14 Oct 2004 | 14 Oct 2004 | rep | Fenchlorphos, Fenoprop, Methacrifos and Promacyl. |
| Sch 1 | 74 | F2008B00821  24 Dec 2008  FSC16  14 Oct 2004 | 14 Oct 2004 | ad | Bifenazate, Bioresmethrin and Florfenicol. |
| Sch 1 | 74 | F2008B00821  24 Dec 2008  FSC16  14 Oct 2004 | 14 Oct 2004 | am | Acetamiprid, Azoxystrobin, Benalaxyl, Buprofezin, Cyproconazole, Difenoconazole, Dimethomorph, Dithiocarbamates, Fipronil, Fluvalinate, Glyphosate, Haloxyfop, Lasalocid, Metalaxyl, Propiconazole, Propyzamide, Pyrethrins, Tebufenozide and Triadimefon. |
| Sch 1 | 77 | F2005L00989  28 April 2005  FSC19  28 April 2005 | 28 April 2005 | am | Chemical definitions for Glyphosate, Ractopamine and Thiamethoxam. |
| Sch 1 | 77 | F2005L00989  28 April 2005  FSC19  28 April 2005 | 28 April 2005 | ad | Acibenzolar-S-methyl. |
| Sch 1 | 77 | F2005L00989  28 April 2005  FSC19  28 April 2005 | 28 April 2005 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Benzocaine, Glyphosate, Imazamox, Isoxaflutole, Methomyl, Metolachlor, Permethrin, Ractopamine, Spinosad, Thiacloprid and Thiamethoxam. |
| Sch 1 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | rep | Metsulfuron-methyl. |
| Sch 1 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | am | Chemical definitions for Pyridate, Sethoxydim and Thiometon and to amend the chemical name and reside definition for Quizalofop-ethyl to correct typographical errors. |
| Sch 1 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | am | A number of commodity names to ensure consistency in the Standard. |
| Sch 1 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | ad | Epoxiconazole and Pyraclofos. |
| Sch 1 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | am | Avilamycin, Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Buprofezin, Captan, Carbaryl, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos, Cyhalothrin, Cyprodinil, Diafenthiuron, Dimethoate, Diphenylamine, Fenvalerate, Fipronil, Fludioxonil, Flumethrin, Glyphosate, Imidacloprid, Methomyl, Methyl bromide, Metsulfuron-methyl, Permethrin, Propachlor, Pymetrozine, Sethoxydim, Spinosad, Tebufenozide, Triclabendazole, Trifloxystrobin and Zeranol. |
| Sch 1 | 79 | F2005L01954  11 July 2005  FSC21  11 July 2005 | 11 July 2005 | am | 2,4-D. |
| Sch 1 | 80 | F2005L02027  21 July 2005  FSC22  21 July 2005 | 21 July 2005 | rep | To omit Cloquintocet acid. |
| Sch 1 | 80 | F2005L02027  21 July 2005  FSC22  21 July 2005 | 21 July 2005 | am | Chemical definitions for Cloquintocet-mexyl and Fludioxonil. |
| Sch 1 | 80 | F2005L02027  21 July 2005  FSC22  21 July 2005 | 21 July 2005 | ad | Boscalid, Ethoxysulfuron, Etoxazole, Pinoxaden and Pyraclostrobin. |
| Sch 1 | 80 | F2005L02027  21 July 2005  FSC22  21 July 2005 | 21 July 2005 | am | Bifenthrin, Carbendazim, Chlorhexidine, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Clofentezine, Cloquintocet-mexyl, Deltamethrin, Dithiocarbamates, Emamectin, Fludioxonil, Guazatine, Imidacloprid, Iprodione, Linuron, Metolachlor, Metsulfuron-methyl, Oryzalin, Pendimethalin, Procymidone, Pyrimethanil, Ractopamine, Spinosad, Spiroxamine, Tebuconazole and Thiodicarb. |
| Sch 1 | 81 | F2005L02787  22 Sept 2005  FSC23  22 Sept 2005 | 22 Sept 2005 | rep | Fenchlorazole-ethyl. |
| Sch 1 | 81 | F2005L02787  22 Sept 2005  FSC23  22 Sept 2005 | 22 Sept 2005 | ad | Fenbuconazole and Flumioxazin. |
| Sch 1 | 81 | F2005L02787  22 Sept 2005  FSC23  22 Sept 2005 | 22 Sept 2005 | am | Chemical definitions for Abamectin, Dinitolmide, Fluometuron and Imidacloprid. |
| Sch 1 | 81 | F2005L02787  22 Sept 2005  FSC23  22 Sept 2005 | 22 Sept 2005 | am | Abamectin, Azoxystrobin, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Cyproconazole, Difenoconazole, Dimethomorph, Dithiocarbamates, Etoxazole, Fluazifop-butyl, Imidacloprid, Methidathion, Neomycin, Spinosad and Trifloxystrobin. |
| Sch 1 | 83 | F2005L03673  24 Nov 2005  FSC25  24 Nov 2005 | 24 Nov 2005 | am | Amoxycillin, Lasalocid, Sulphadiazine, Sulphadimidine, Sulphaquinoxaline and Trimethoprim. |
| Sch 1 | 86 | F2006L01578  25 May 2006  FSC28  25 May 2006 | 25 May 2006 | rep | Alloxydim, Alloxydim Sodium, Diclobutrazol, Diofenolan, Diphenamid, Methazole and Promecarb. |
| Sch 1 | 86 | F2006L01578  25 May 2006  FSC28  25 May 2006 | 25 May 2006 | am | Chemical definition for Tylosin. |
| Sch 1 | 86 | F2006L01578  25 May 2006  FSC28  25 May 2006 | 25 May 2006 | ad | Clothianidin, Flumiclorac pentyl, Forchlorfenuron, Methyl isothiocyanate and Robenidine. |
| Sch 1 | 86 | F2006L01578  25 May 2006  FSC28  25 May 2006 | 25 May 2006 | am | Abamectin, Azoxystrobin, Benfluralin, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Bupirimate, Carbendazim, Chlormequat, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Cyproconazole, Difenoconazole, Dimethomorph, Diquat, Dithiocarbamates, Dodine, Epoxiconazole, Ethephon, Ethoprophos, Fenoxycarb, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Fludioxonil, Fluvalinate, Glyphosate, Halosulfuron-methyl, Imazalil, Imazapic, Iprodione, Linuron, Maleic hydrazide, Meloxicam, Metalaxyl, Methomyl, Metribuzin, Norflurazon, Phenmedipham, Phosphorous acid, Picolinafen, Pirimicarb, Procymidone, Propachlor, Pymetrozine, Sethoxydim, Spinosad, Tolclofos-methyl, Toltrazuril, Tolylfluanid, Trichlorfon, Triclopyr and Trifloxystrobin. |
| Sch 1 | 87 | F2006L02539  3 Aug 2006  FSC29  8 Aug 2006 | 8 Aug 2006 | ad | Cyhalofop-butyl. |
| Sch 1 | 87 | F2006L02539  3 Aug 2006  FSC29  8 Aug 2006 | 8 Aug 2006 | am | Chemical definition for Uniconazole-p. |
| Sch 1 | 87 | F2006L02539  3 Aug 2006  FSC29  8 Aug 2006 | 8 Aug 2006 | am | Abamectin, Acephate, Azoxystrobin, Boscalid, Chlorpyrifos, Cypermethrin, Dithiocarbamates, Doramectin, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluquinconazole, Glufosinate and Glufosinate ammonium, Iprodione, Methamidophos, Metolachlor, Oxamyl, Procymidone, Prometryn, Pyridaben, Pyrimethanil, Sethoxydim, Tebuconazole, Terbufos, Thiamethoxam, Triadimenol, Trifloxystrobin and Uniconazole-p. |
| Sch 1 | 88 | F2006L03270  5 Oct 2006  FSC30  5 Oct 2006 | 5 Oct 2006 | am | Typographical error for the parsley MRL entry for Diazinon. |
| Sch 1 | 90 | F2006L03956  7 Dec 2006  FSC32  7 Dec 2006 | 7 Dec 2006 | am | Certain commodity names listed for Carbofuran, Indoxacarb, Kresoxim-methyl, Novaluron and Parathion-methyl. |
| Sch 1 | 90 | F2006L03956  7 Dec 2006  FSC32  7 Dec 2006 | 7 Dec 2006 | rep | Propamocarb. |
| Sch 1 | 90 | F2006L03956  7 Dec 2006  FSC32  7 Dec 2006 | 7 Dec 2006 | am | Chemical definitions for Chlorothalonil, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium and Sethoxydim. |
| Sch 1 | 90 | F2006L03956  7 Dec 2006  FSC32  7 Dec 2006 | 7 Dec 2006 | ad | Bupivacaine, Cetrimide, Isoxaben and Lignocaine. |
| Sch 1 | 90 | F2006L03956  7 Dec 2006  FSC32  7 Dec 2006 | 7 Dec 2006 | am | Abamectin, Azoxystrobin, Buprofezin, Chlorfenapyr, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Chlorthal-dimethyl, Cyprodinil, Diflufenican, Endosulfan, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Fludioxonil, Forchlorfenuron, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium, Glyphosate, Imidacloprid, Iprodione, Metaldehyde, Methomyl, Metolachlor, Paclobutrazol, Procymidone, Propachlor, Propiconazole, Sethoxydim, Spinosad and Thiodicarb. |
| Sch 1 | 91 | F2007L00373  15 Feb 2007  FSC33  15 Feb 2007 | 15 Feb 2007 | am | Commodity names to ensure consistency in the Standard. |
| Sch 1 | 91 | F2007L00373  15 Feb 2007  FSC33  15 Feb 2007 | 15 Feb 2007 | rep | 2-(thiocyanomethylthio) Benzothiazole. |
| Sch 1 | 91 | F2007L00373  15 Feb 2007  FSC33  15 Feb 2007 | 15 Feb 2007 | am | Chemical definitions for Bifenazate, Clothianidin and Pirimicarb. |
| Sch 1 | 91 | F2007L00373  15 Feb 2007  FSC33  15 Feb 2007 | 15 Feb 2007 | ad | Aminopyralid and Cymiazole. |
| Sch 1 | 91 | F2007L00373  15 Feb 2007  FSC33  15 Feb 2007 | 15 Feb 2007 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Bifenthrin, Buprofezin, Chlorothalonil, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Epoxiconazole, Ethephon, Flumiclorac pentyl, Fluquinconazole, Forchlorfenuron, Fluroxypyr, Imazamox, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Ioxynil, Iprodione, Metalaxyl, Metolachlor, Metribuzin, Pendimethalin, Permethrin, Phosphine, Pirimicarb, Pymetrozine, Pyraclostrobin, Pyrazophos, Sethoxydim and Uniconazole-p. |
| Sch 1 | 92 | F2007L02406  2 Aug 2007  FSC34  2 Aug 2007 | 2 Aug 2007 | rep | Dinocap. |
| Sch 1 | 92 | F2007L02406  2 Aug 2007  FSC34  2 Aug 2007 | 2 Aug 2007 | am | Chemical definition for Pinoxaden. |
| Sch 1 | 92 | F2007L02406  2 Aug 2007  FSC34  2 Aug 2007 | 2 Aug 2007 | ad | Florasulam and Tetraconazole. |
| Sch 1 | 92 | F2007L02406  2 Aug 2007  FSC34  2 Aug 2007 | 2 Aug 2007 | am | Amitrole, Bifenazate, Boscalid, Chlorothalonil, Clopyralid, Cloquintocet-mexyl, Difenoconazole, Fenbutatin oxide, Fenoxycarb, Imidacloprid, Metalaxyl, Oxytetracycline, Pinoxaden and Propiconazole. |
| Sch 1 | 94 | F2007L04074  11 Oct 2007  FSC36  11 Oct 2007 | 11 Oct 2007 | rep | Coumaphos. |
| Sch 1 | 94 | F2007L04074  11 Oct 2007  FSC36  11 Oct 2007 | 11 Oct 2007 | ad | Azimsulfuron and Prohexadione-calcium. |
| Sch 1 | 94 | F2007L04074  11 Oct 2007  FSC36  11 Oct 2007 | 11 Oct 2007 | am | Chemical definition for Thiabendazole. |
| Sch 1 | 94 | F2007L04074  11 Oct 2007  FSC36  11 Oct 2007 | 11 Oct 2007 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Chlorothalonil, Cypermethrin, Difenoconazole, Ethephon, Etoxazole, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium, Glyphosate, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, MCPA, Methomyl, Paclobutrazol, Procymidone, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Quinoxyfen, Tebuconazole, Tetrachlorvinphos, Thiabendazole, Thiamethoxam, Trifloxysulfuron sodium and Uniconazole-P. |
| Sch 1 | 95 | F2007L04700  13 Dec 2007  FSC37  13 Dec 2007 | 13 Dec 2007 | rep | Avoparcin and Oxolinic acid. |
| Sch 1 | 97 | F2008L00708  13 March 2008  FSC39  13 March 2008 | 13 March 2008 | am | Oxytetracycline. |
| Sch 1 | 98 | F2008L01488  15 May 2008  FSC40  15 May 2008 | 15 May 2008 | am | Chemical definition for Triclabendazole. |
| Sch 1 | 98 | F2008L01488  15 May 2008  FSC40  15 May 2008 | 15 May 2008 | ad | Prosulfocarb. |
| Sch 1 | 98 | F2008L01488  15 May 2008  FSC40  15 May 2008 | 15 May 2008 | am | Abamectin, Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Bifenthrin, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Endosulfan, Fenvalerate, Flumioxazin, Imidacloprid, Methomyl, Oxamyl, Tebufenozide and Thiamethoxam. |
| Sch 1 | 101 | F2008L03058  14 Aug 2008  FSC43  14 Aug 2008 | 14 Aug 2008 | rep | Dichlorprop. |
| Sch 1 | 101 | F2008L03058  14 Aug 2008  FSC43  14 Aug 2008 | 14 Aug 2008 | am | Chemical definitions for Acibenzolar-S-methyl, Boscalid, Dimetridazole, Emamectin, Fipronil and Indoxacarb. |
| Sch 1 | 101 | F2008L03058  14 Aug 2008  FSC43  14 Aug 2008 | 14 Aug 2008 | ad | Coumaphos, Dichlorprop-P, Milbemectin, Prothioconazole, Pyraflufen-ethyl, Pyrasulfotole and Tulathromycin. |
| Sch 1 | 101 | F2008L03058  14 Aug 2008  FSC43  14 Aug 2008 | 14 Aug 2008 | am | Abamectin, Acibenzolar-S-methyl, Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Carbofuran, Chlorpyrifos, Cloquintocet-mexyl, Clothianidin, Cyfluthrin, Diazinon, Difenoconazole, Dimethomorph, Dimetridazole, Diuron, Emamectin, Fenitrothion, Fipronil, Florasulam, Fluquinconazole, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Iprodione, Methabenzthiazuron, Methomyl, Nitroxynil, Oryzalin, Oxytetracycline, Permethrin, Phosphorous acid, Prometryn, Propiconazole, Pyraclofos, Pyrimethanil, Pyriproxyfen, Simazine, Tebuconazole, Tebufenpyrad, Thiamethoxam, Trifloxystrobin, Trinexapac-ethyl. |
| Sch 1 | 103 | F2008L03741  9 Oct 2008  FSC45  9 Oct 2008 | 9 Oct 2008 | am | Chemical definition for Bendiocarb. |
| Sch 1 | 103 | F2008L03741  9 Oct 2008  FSC45  9 Oct 2008 | 9 Oct 2008 | am | Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Cetrimide, Chlorpyrifos, Clomazone, Cymiazole, Diazinon, Dimethoate, Dithiocarbamates, Emamectin, Glyphosate, Imazamox, Ivermectin, Lasalocid, Pymetrozine, Pyrimethanil, Ractopamine, Spinosad and Tolfenamic acid. |
| Sch 1 | 105 | F2009L00076  15 Jan 2009  FSC47  15 Jan 2009 | 15 Jan 2009 | am | Chemical definition for Clothianidin. |
| Sch 1 | 105 | F2009L00076  15 Jan 2009  FSC47  15 Jan 2009 | 15 Jan 2009 | ad | Dimethenamid-P and Sulfuryl fluoride. |
| Sch 1 | 105 | F2009L00076  15 Jan 2009  FSC47  15 Jan 2009 | 15 Jan 2009 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Bifenthrin, Chlorpyrifos, Closantel, Clothianidin, Cyanamide, Cyprodinil, Florfenicol, Fludioxonil, Fluorine (inorganic salts), Glyphosate, Isoxaben, Maldison, Methomyl, Metsulfuron-methyl, Phosphorous acid, Propiconazole, Prosulfocarb, Prothioconazole, Pyrasulfotole, Ractopamine, Thiamethoxam, Toltrazuril and Tolyfluanid. |
| Sch 1 | 113 | F2009L04112  5 Nov 2009  FSC55  5 Nov 2009 | 5 Nov 2009 | am | Chemical definition for Abamectin and Propachlor. |
| Sch 1 | 113 | F2009L04112  5 Nov 2009  FSC55  5 Nov 2009 | 5 Nov 2009 | ad | Flubendiamide, Profoxydim, Pyroxsulam and Sulphur dioxide. |
| Sch 1 | 113 | F2009L04112  5 Nov 2009  FSC55  5 Nov 2009 | 5 Nov 2009 | am | Abamectin, Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Carbofuran, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Dithiocarbamates, Etoxazole, Fenhexamid, Fenvalerate, Glufosinate and glufosinate-ammonium, Halofuginone, Indoxacarb, Isoxaflutole, Linuron, Maldison, Methomyl, Metribuzin, Phosphorous acid, Pirimicarb, Prochloraz, Pymetrozine, Pyraclostrobin and Trinexapac-ethyl. |
| Sch 1 | 116 | F2010L01310  20 May 2010  FSC58  20 May 2010 | 20 May 2010 | am | Commodity names to ensure consistency in the Standard. |
| Sch 1 | 116 | F2010L01310  20 May 2010  FSC58  20 May 2010 | 20 May 2010 | am | Chemical definition for Amitraz. |
| Sch 1 | 116 | F2010L01310  20 May 2010  FSC58  20 May 2010 | 20 May 2010 | ad | Chlorantraniliprole, Spinetoram and Spirotetramat. |
| Sch 1 | 116 | F2010L01310  20 May 2010  FSC58  20 May 2010 | 20 May 2010 | am | Abamectin, Amitraz, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Bromoxynil, Bupirimate, Buprofezin, Chlorpyrifos, Clothianidin, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Cyprodinil, Ethoxysulfuron, Fenvalerate, Flubendiamide, Fludioxonil, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Iprodione, Metalaxyl, Methomyl, Methoxyfenozide, Metribuzin, Myclobutanil, Oxamyl, Permethrin, Phenmedipham, Praziquantel, Propiconazole, Pymetrozine, Pyraclostrobin, Pyrimethanil, Quinoxyfen, Spinosad, Tebuconazole, Thiacloprid and Triadimenol. |
| Sch 1 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Commodity names to ensure consistency in the Standard. |
| Sch 1 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | rep | Cymiazole, Fluorine (inorganic salts) and Sulphur dioxide. |
| Sch 1 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Chemical definition for Acetamiprid. |
| Sch1 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | ad | Fenpropathrin, Metalaxyl-M, Sulphur dioxide and Terbuthylazine. |
| Sch 1 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Abamectin, Acetamiprid, Amitrole, Azoxystrobin, Bentazone, Bupirimate, Buprofezin, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Chlorfenapyr, Clopyralid, Cyanazine, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Dimethomorph, Diquat, Etoxazole, Fenarimol, Fenhexamid, Flubendiamide, Fludioxonil, Forchlorfenuron, Glufosinate and glufosinate-ammonium, Glyphosate, Indoxacarb, Ioxynil, Iprodione, Isoxaben, Linuron, Metalaxyl, Methidathion, Metolachlor, Myclobutanil, Pendimethalin, Pirimicarb, Propiconazole, Prosulfocarb, Pyrimethanil, Pyriproxyfen, Quinoxyfen, Sethoxydim, Spinosad, Spirotetramat, Tebuconazole, Thiamethoxam and Triadimenol. |
| Sch 1 | 122 | F2011L00694  5 May 2011  FSC64  5 May 2011 | 5 May 2011 | rep | Fosetyl aluminium. |
| Sch 1 | 122 | F2011L00694  5 May 2011  FSC64  5 May 2011 | 5 May 2011 | am | Chemical definitions for Chlorothalonil and Mefenpyr-diethyl. |
| Sch 1 | 122 | F2011L00694  5 May 2011  FSC64  5 May 2011 | 5 May 2011 | ad | Flonicamid, Fosetyl, Ipconazole, Metconazole and Propamocarb. |
| Sch 1 | 122 | F2011L00694  5 May 2011  FSC64  5 May 2011 | 5 May 2011 | am | Abamectin, Benzyladenine, Bifenazate, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Bromoxynil, Buprofezin, Carbaryl, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Clothianidin, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Dithiocarbamates, Epoxiconazole, Etoxazole, Fenbuconazole, Fenbutatin oxide, Fenvalerate, Fipronil, Fluazifop-butyl, Flubendiamide, Fludioxonil, Flumetsulam, Imazamox, Imazapyr, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Iodosulfuron methyl, Iprodione, Metalaxyl, Methomyl, Methoxyfenozide, Oxyfluorfen, Paclobutrazol, Pendimethalin, Permethrin, Phosphorous acid, Pirimicarb, Profenofos, Prothioconazole, Pyraclostrobin, Pyrimethanil, Pyriproxyfen, Simazine, Spirotetramat, Tebuconazole, Tebufenozide, Terbuthylazine, Tolclofos-methyl, Triadimenol, Trichlorfon, Trifloxystrobin, Triflumizole, Trifluralin, Trinexapac-ethyl and Uniconazole-p |
| Sch 1 | 124 | F2011L01450  8 Jul 2011  FSC66  11 July 2011 | 11 July 2011 | am | Schedule heading. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA1 | F2011L01651  15 Aug 2011  APVMA16  16 Aug 2011 | 16 Aug 2011 | rep | Bromochloromethane, Diclazuril, Dimetridazole, Famphur and Parbendazole. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA1 | F2011L01651  15 Aug 2011  APVMA16  16 Aug 2011 | 16 Aug 2011 | am | Chemical definitions for Nicarbazin and Triallate. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA1 | F2011L01651  15 Aug 2011  APVMA16  16 Aug 2011 | 16 Aug 2011 | ad | Mandipropamid, Metrafenone and Monepantel. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA1 | F2011L01651  15 Aug 2011  APVMA16  16 Aug 2011 | 16 Aug 2011 | am | Avilamycin, Azoxystrobin, Boscalid, Captan, Carbaryl, Carfentrazone-ethyl, Chlorantraniliprole, Chlorothalonil, Chlorpyrifos, Clothianidin, Coumaphos, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Cyproconazole, Cyprodinil, Dimethenamid-P, Emamectin, Ethephon, Ethofumesate, Etoxazole, Fenhexamid, Fipronil, Flubendiamide, Fludioxonil, Halofuginone, Imazalil, Imazamox, Iprodione, Kresoxim-methyl, MCPA, Maldison, Methabenzthiazuron, Methomyl, Methoprene, Milbemectin, Monensin, Nicarbazin, Phosphorous acid, Procymidone, Prohexadione-calcium, Propachlor, Propiconazole, Propyzamide, Prothioconazole, Pyraclostrobin, Pyroxsulam, Spinetoram, Spirotetramat, Tebuconazole, Thiamethoxam, Thiodicarb, Triadimenol, Triallate, Triclabendazole, Trifloxystrobin, Trifluralin, Trinexapac-ethyl and Tylosin. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA2 | F2011L01762  29 Aug 2011  AVC Gazette 17  30 Aug 2011 | 30 Aug 2011 | ad | Propylene oxide. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA2 | F2011L01762  29 Aug 2011  AVC Gazette 17  30 Aug 2011 | 30 Aug 2011 | am | To amend Isoxaflutole and Metosulam. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA3 | F2011L01964  27 Sept 2011  AVC Gazette 19  27 Sept 2011 | 27 Sept 2011 | am | Bromoxynil, Carbendazim, Flupropanate, Imidacloprid, Iprodione, Methoxyfenozide, Phenmedipham, Phosphorous acid, Prothioconazole, Quinoxyfen, Thiabendazole, Thiamethoxam and Trifloxystrobin. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA4 | F2011L02325  10 Nov 2011  AVC Gazette 22  8 Nov 2011 | 8 Nov 2011 | ad | Pyroxasulfone. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA4 | F2011L02325  10 Nov 2011  AVC Gazette 22  8 Nov 2011 | 8 Nov 2011 | am | Chlorothalonil, Mandipropamid, Triadimenol and Trinexapac-ethyl. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA5 | F2012L02557  5 Dec 2011  AVC Gazette 24  6 Dec 2011 | 6 Dec 2011 | am | Azoxystrobin, Chlorothalonil, Difenoconazole, Metsulfuron-methyl, Toltrazuril and Triclopyr. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA6 | F2012L00046  16 Jan 2012  AVC Gazette 1  17 Jan 2012 | 17 Jan 2012 | am | Chemical definition for Pyroxasulfone. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA6 | F2012L00046  16 Jan 2012  AVC Gazette 1  17 Jan 2012 | 17 Jan 2012 | am | Captan, Carbendazim, Cyprodinil, Fludioxonil, Maldison, Metolachlor, Prosulfocarb, Pyroxasulfone and Trichlorfon. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA7  (APVMA 1, 2012) | F2012L00097  30 Jan 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 2  31 Jan 2012 | 31 Jan 2012 | am | Chemical definition for Phenmedipham. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA7  (APVMA 1, 2012) | F2012L00097  30 Jan 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 2  31 Jan 2012 | 31 Jan 2012 | am | Boscalid, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Fenhexamid, Fluazifop-butyl, Phenmedipham, Pyraclostrobin, Thiabendazole. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA8  (APVMA 2, 2012) | F2012L00278  13 Feb 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 3  14 Feb 2012 | 14 Feb 2012 | am | To amend Buprofezin, Imidacloprid and Trichlorfon. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA9  (APVMA 3, 2012) | F2012L00689  27 March 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 6  27 March 2012 | 27 March 2012 | rep | Bupivacaine, Cetrimide and Lignocaine. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA9  (APVMA 3, 2012) | F2012L00689  27 March 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 6  27 March 2012 | 27 March 2012 | ad | Saflufenacil. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA9  (APVMA 3, 2012) | F2012L00689  27 March 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 6  27 March 2012 | 27 March 2012 | am | Chlorantraniliprole, Clothianidin and Sethoxydim. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA10  (APVMA 4, 2012) | F2012L00912  23 April 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 8  24 April 2012 | 24 April 2012 | am | Captan, Cyprodinil, Fludioxonil, Flutriafol, Indoxacarb, Metolachlor and Spinetoram. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA11  (APVMA 5, 2012) | F2012L01131  31 May 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 11  5 June 2012 | 5 June 2012 | am | Chemical definition for Emamectin. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA11  (APVMA 5, 2012) | F2012L01131  31 May 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 11  5 June 2012 | 5 June 2012 | am | Abamectin, Cypermethrin, Dichlobenil, Emamectin, Fenhexamid, Fipronil, Glyphosate, Imidacloprid, Metalaxyl, Pyrimethanil, Spinetoram and Spirotetramat. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA12  (APVMA 6, 2012) | F2012L01344  26 June 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 13  3 July 2012 | 3 July 2012 | am | Bentazone, Bifenazate, Clothianidin, Imazamox, Imazapyr, Milbemectin, Propachlor and Pyraclostrobin. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA13  (APVMA 7, 2012) | F2012L01598  24 July 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 15  31 July 2012 | 31 July 2012 | am | Abamectin, Amitrole, Bifenthrin, Clodinafop acid, Clodinafop-propargyl, Cyhalothrin, Diquat, Etoxazole, Isoxaben, Pendimethalin and Pyrimethanil |
| Sch 1 | APVMA14  (APVMA 8, 2012) | F2012L01769  27 Aug 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 17  28 Aug 2012 | 28 Aug 2012 | am | Chlorantraniliprole, Chlorfenapyr, Clofentezine, Cyprodinil, Difenoconazole, Fenbutatin oxide, Fludioxonil, Haloxyfop, Ioxynil, Iprodione, Linuron, Pirimicarb, Prochloraz, Pyraclostrobin and Pyriproxyfen. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA15  (APVMA 9, 2012) | F2012L01869  13 Sept 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 19  25 Sept 2012 | 25 Sept 2012 | am | Chemical definitions for Methomyl and Thiodicarb. |
| Sch | APVMA15  (APVMA 9, 2012) | F2012L01869  13 Sept 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 19  25 Sept 2012 | 25 Sept 2012 | ad | Penflufen. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA15  (APVMA 9, 2012) | F2012L01869  13 Sept 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 19  25 Sept 2012 | 25 Sept 2012 | am | Clopyralid, Cypermethrin, Glyphosate, Methomyl, Paclobutrazol, Phosphorous acid, Prothioconazole and Tebuconazole. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA16  (APVMA 10, 2012) | F2012L02068  23 Oct 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 21  23 Oct 2012 | 23 Oct 2012 | ad | Ametoctradin, Fluxapyroxad and Proquinazid. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA16  (APVMA 10, 2012) | F2012L02068  23 Oct 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 21  23 Oct 2012 | 23 Oct 2012 | am | Chlorantraniliprole, Emamectin, Fenbutatin oxide, Imazalil, Methomyl, Propylene oxide, Prothioconazole, Spiroxamine and Terbuthylazine. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA17  (APVMA 11, 2012) | F2012L02303  30 Nov 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 24  4 Dec 2012 | 4 Dec 2012 | ad | Penthiopyrad. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA17  (APVMA 11, 2012) | F2012L02303  30 Nov 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 24  4 Dec 2012 | 4 Dec 2012 | am | Bifenazate, Flubendiamide, Methomyl, Paclobutrazol, Proquinazid, and Thiacloprid. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA18  (APVMA 12, 2012) | F2012L02525  18 Dec 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 25  18 Dec 2012 | 18 Dec 2012 | ad | Sedaxane and Metalayl. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA18  (APVMA 12, 2012) | F2012L02525  18 Dec 2012  AVC Gazette APVMA 25  18 Dec 2012 | 18 Dec 2012 | am | Difenoconazole, Diquat, Fluazifop-butyl, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium, Glyphosate, Metalaxyl, Paraquat, Pendimethalin and Pyriproxyfen. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA19  (APVMA 1, 2013) | F2013L00048  14 Jan 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 1  15 Jan 2013 | 15 Jan 2013 | am | Glufosinate and Glufosinate ammonium, Glyphosate, Imidacloprid, Iprodione, Methoxyfenozide, and Spinetoram. |
| Sch 1 | 138 | F2013L00047  14 Jan 2013  FSC80  18 Jan 2013 | 18 Jan 2013 | ad | Acequinocyl, Dicamba, Fluoxastrobin, Fluxapyroxad, Spirodiclofen and Spiromesifen. |
| Sch 1 | 138 | F2013L00047  14 Jan 2013  FSC80  18 Jan 2013 | 18 Jan 2013 | am | Abamectin, Acetamiprid, Azoxystrobin, Bifenazate, Carbendazim, Chlorantraniliprole, Chlorpyrifos, Clothianidin, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Cyprodinil, Difenoconazole, Dimethoate, Fenpropathrin, Fenpyroximate, Glyphosate, Hexazinone, Indoxacarb, Mandipropamid, Metrafenone, Novaluron, Pyridaben, Pyrimethanil and Spinetoram. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA20  (APVMA 2, 2013) | F2013L00419  6 March 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 5  12 March 2013 | 12 March 2013 | am | Cloquintocet-mexyl, Cyhalothrin, Difenoconazole, Flubendiamide, Iprodione, Penflufen, Pyroxsulam, and Thiamethoxam. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 3, 2013 | F2013L01209  28 June 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 13  2 July 2013 | 2 July 2013 | rep | Metalayl. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 3, 2013 | F2013L01209  28 June 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 13  2 July 2013 | 2 July 2013 | ad | Cyflufenamid. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 3, 2013 | F2013L01209  28 June 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 13  2 July 2013 | 2 July 2013 | am | Bifenazate, Dimethoate, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluazinam, Fludioxonil, Flutriafol, Metalaxyl, Metsulfuron-methyl, Pyraclostrobin, Spirotetramat, Terbuthylazine and Triclopyr. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 4, 2013 | F2013L01498  1 Aug 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 16  13 Aug 2013 | 13 Aug 2013 | am | Chemical definitions for Fluazifop-p-butyl and Isoxaflutole. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 4, 2013 | F2013L01498  1 Aug 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 16  13 Aug 2013 | 13 Aug 2013 | am | Abamectin, Bifenthrin, Boscalid, Chlorantraniliprole, Chlorothalonil, Dimethoate, Fluazifop-butyl, Fluazifop-p-butyl, Glufosinate and Glufosinate-ammonium, Isoxaflutole, Mandipropamid, Penflufen, Spinosad, Terbuthylazine and Trifloxystrobin. |
| Sch 1 | 143 | F2013L01661  3 Sept 2013  FSC85  5 Sept 2013 | 5 Sept 2013 | am | Azoxystrobin, Bifenthrin, Fenhexamid, Fludioxonil. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 5, 2013 | F2013L01669  6 Sept 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 18  10 Sept 2013 | 10 Sept 2013 | am | Cyprodinil, Fipronil, Fludioxonil and Phosphorous acid. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 6, 2013 | F2013L01878  4 Nov 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 22  5 Nov 2013 | 5 Nov 2013 | ad | Sulfoxaflor. |
| Sch 1 | APVMA 6, 2013 | F2013L01878  4 Nov 2013  AVC Gazette APVMA 22  5 Nov 2013 | 5 Nov 2013 | am | Abamectin, Acetamiprid, Azoxystrobin, Boscalid, Clothianidin, Etoxazole, Imidacloprid, Indoxacarb, Linuron, Methoxyfenozide, Paclobutrazol, Prochloraz, Pyraclostrobin, Spirotetramat, Terbuthylazine, Trifloxystrobin, Uniconazole-p. |
| Sch 2 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | Chlordane |
| Sch 2 | 60 | F2008B00798  19 Dec 2008  FSC2  20 June 2002 | 20 June 2002 | am | Heading relating to Molluscs. |
| Sch 2 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | am | Aldrin and Dieldrin and Lindane. |
| Sch 2 | 78 | F2005L01246  26 May 2005  FSC20  26 May 2005 | 26 May 2005 | am | Aldrin and Dieldrin. |
| Sch 2 | 98 | F2008L01488  15 May 2008  FSC40  15 May 2008 | 15 May 2008 | ad | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene with an ERL for honey (to be omitted on 15 May 2013). |
| Sch 2 | 113 | F2009L04112  5 Nov 2009  FSC55  5 Nov 2009 | 5 Nov 2009 | am | Aldrin and Dieldrin. |
| Sch 2 | 124 | F2011L01450  8 Jul 2011  FSC66  11 July 2011 | 11 July 2011 | am | Schedule heading. |
| Sch 2 | 98 | F2008L01488  15 May 2008  FSC40  15 May 2008 | 15 May 2008 | rep | ERL for honey for 1,4-Dichlorobenzene. |
| Sch 3 | 66 | F2008B00813  23 Dec 2008  FSC8  22 May 2003 | 22 May 2003 | rep | Monocrotophos and Parathion. |
| Sch 3 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | rep | Bioresmethrin. |
| Sch 3 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | rep | Schedule 3. |
| Sch 4 | 73 | F2008B00820  24 Dec 2004  FSC15  5 Aug 2004 | 5 Aug 2004 | ad | Reference to ‘Mizuna’ in the Herb Commodities. |
| Sch 4 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Reference to mizuna as a leafy vegetable, not a herb. |
| Sch 4 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | ad | Reference to the portion to which a reference applies for longan under tropical and sub-tropical fruit – inedible peel. |
| Sch 4 | 119 | F2010L02542  30 Sept 2010  FSC61  30 Sept 2010 | 30 Sept 2010 | am | Reference to podded peas under legume vegetables. |