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/*HW05 part2.c
/*Written by Mustafa Akilli on March 22, 2015
/*Description
    Provides the following output values using the input values.
/*Inputs:
  -Array
/*Outputs:
  -Max Number in the Array
  -Max Second Number in the Array
  -Sum All Array
   -How many of the value
   -Where is the value
/*
                      Includes
#include <stdio.h>
/*-----*/
typedef enum{NOPE=-1}bool;
int max_array(int array[], int n);
int second_max_array(int array[], int n);
int sum_all_array (int array[], int n);
int count_array(int array[], int n, int value);
bool search_array (int array[], int n, int value);
int
main(void)
   int myarray[9]={6,8,3,3,12,8,3,8,2};
   int max,second_max,sum_all,count,count2,count3,search,search2,search3;
   max = max_array(myarray,9);
   second max = second max array(myarray,9);
   sum_all = sum_all_array(myarray,9);
   printf("+++++++++++++++\n");
   printf("Maksimum array is %d\n",max);
   printf("+++++++++++++++++\n");
   printf("Maksimum second array is %d\n",second_max);
   printf("+++++++++++++++++++++);
   printf("Sum of all array is %d\n", sum all);
   printf("+++++++++++++++++\n");
   count = count_array(myarray,9,6);
   printf("%d\n",count);
   count2 = count array(myarray,9,8);
   printf("%d\n",count2);
   count3 = count_array(myarray,9,3);
   printf("%d\n",count3);
   printf("++++++++++++++++\n");
   search = search_array(myarray,9,2);
   search2 = search_array(myarray,9,8);
   search3 = search_array(myarray,9,12);
   printf("+++++++++++++++\n");
   return 0;
* array[0] assign to the max.
* if array[location] bigger than max,
* array[location] assign to the max.
* when array is end,
 * return max.
 int max_array(int array[], int n)
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{
   int max,location;
   max = array[0];
   for(location=1;location<n;++location)</pre>
      if(max<array[location])</pre>
          max = array[location];
   }
   return max;
* if array[0] not equal to maximum value,
* array[0] assign to the second max.
* if array[location] bigger than second_max
  and array[location] not equal to maximum value,
* array[location] assign to the second_max.
  when array is end,
* return second max.
*****************
int second_max_array(int array[], int n)
   int second_max,location,max,temp;
   max = max_array(array,9);
   temp=array[0];
   if (max != temp)
       {
          second_max = array[location];
      }
   for(location=1;location<n;++location)</pre>
      if(second_max<array[location])</pre>
          temp=array[location];
          if (max != temp)
              second_max = array[location];
          }
      }
   }
   return second_max;
* array[0] assign to the sum.
* when array is not end,
* array[location] add to sum.
* when array is end,
* return sum.
int sum_all_array (int array[], int n)
{
   int sum,array_number,location;
   array_number = array[0];
   sum = array_number;
   for(location=1;location<n;++location)</pre>
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array_number = array[location];
     sum = sum+array number;
  }
  return sum;
* if value is equal to array[location],
 count add to 1.
st when array is end,
 return count.
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int count_array(int array[], int n, int value)
  int location,array_number,count=0;
  for(location=0;location<n;++location)</pre>
     array_number = array[location];
     if(array_number==value)
       ++count:
  }
  printf("Count of value %d is ",value);
  return count;
* if array[location] not equal to value,
 location add to 1.
* if array[location] equal to value,
* Prints location of value
bool search_array (int array[], int n, int value)
  int location;
  for(location=0;(location<n) && (array[location]!=value);++location)</pre>
  }
  if(location==n)
     location= NOPE;
  printf("%d is at [%d]\n",value,location);
End of HW05_part2.c
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