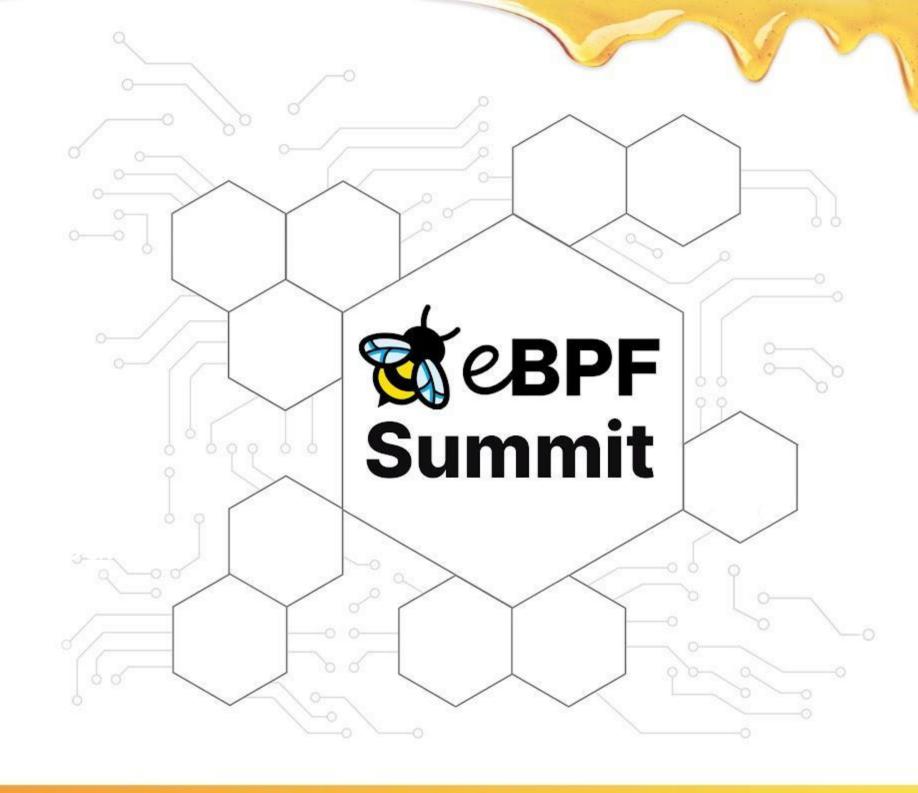
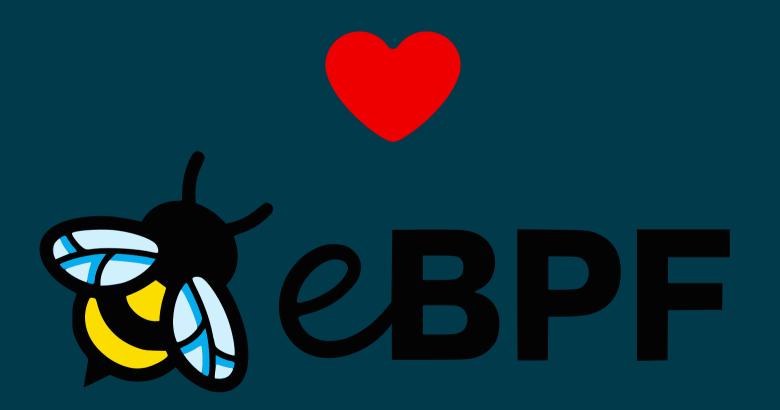
The Promise of eBPF for the Edge



Why am I here?







eBPF and Red Hat

We support eBPF on RHEL:

- Full kernel backports (RHEL 8.7: kernel 5.14, RHEL 9.1: kernel 5.16)
- Support for eBPF kernel features, bcc-tools and bpftrace

https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-us/red_hat_enterprise_linux/9/html/9.0_release_notes/new-features#BZ-2070506

We develop eBPF:

- Upstream kernel contributions (networking, tracing, HID)
- Userspace libraries and tools (libxdp, Aya)
- Code examples and docs (xdp-tutorial, bpf-examples)

We are a platinum member of the eBPF foundation.

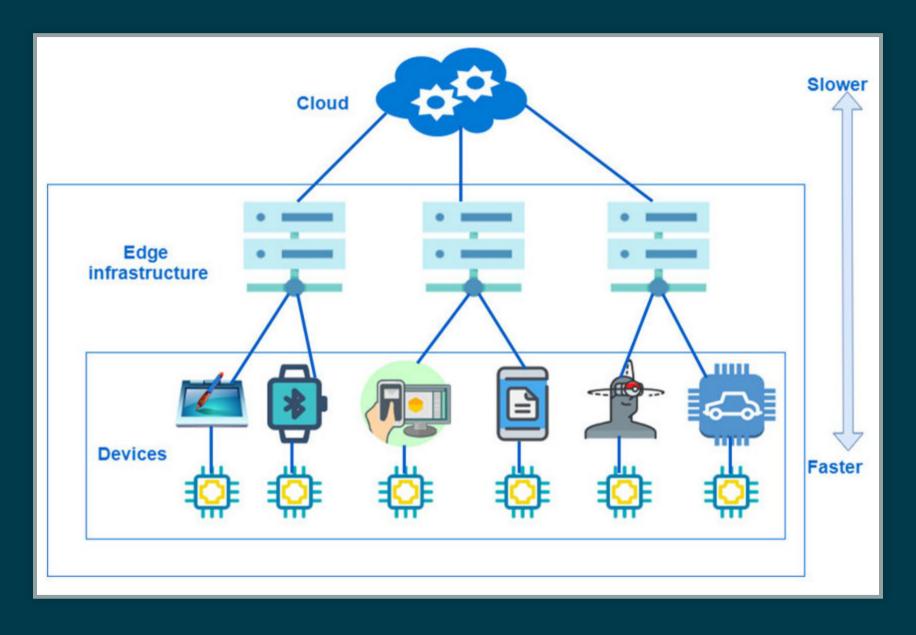


Please don't rely on the kernel version number for detecting eBPF features!

Use feature probing instead! See bpftool feature output



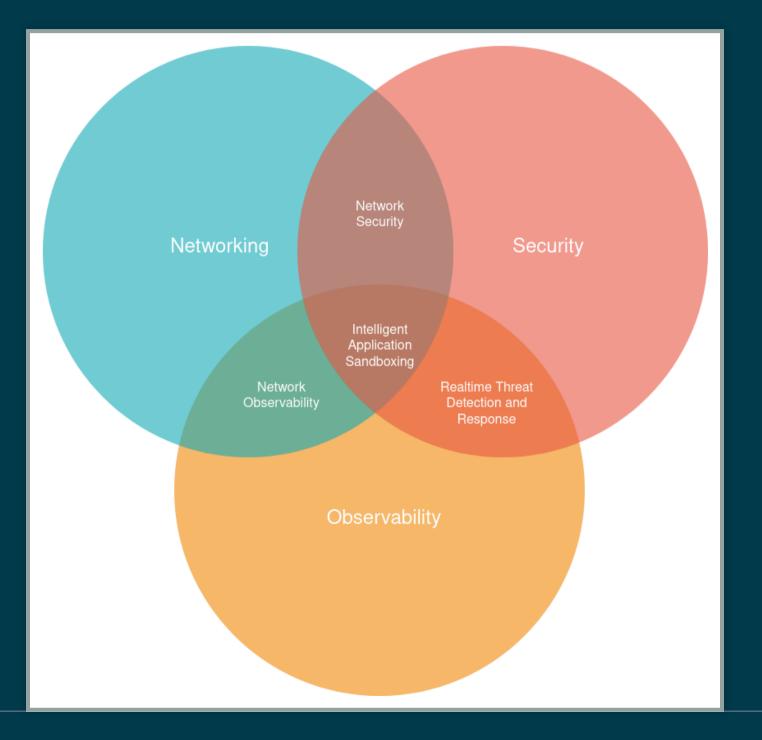
What is the edge?



From http://www.computerscijournal.org/vol12no2/an-edge-computing-tutorial/ - CC-BY-4.0



What can eBPF bring to the edge?





eBPF for the edge

- Networking
 - Lower overhead container networking and NFV
 - Smaller CPUs: With XDP acceleration we can keep up
 - Accelerate firewall, load balancing, forwarding
- Monitoring
 - Low-overhead performance monitoring
 - Application resource usage reporting
- Security
 - Firewalling and DDoS protection
 - Application isolation
 - Custom security monitoring and enforcement



eBPF hook co-existence

With more users, co-existence becomes important!

- Assume other programs will access your hooks!
 - Not every hook supports this
 - In particular, use libxdp for XDP hook (mandatory on RHEL)
- More work needed on this:
 - Security model definition
 - Admin override tools

See Daniel Borkmann's talk at LPC for an example of how this can break!





How will you leverage eBPF in your edge solution?



