

## **PARTITIONING ASSIGNMENT IN LINUX**

**Q. CREATE A PARTITION OF SIZE 40MB, FORMAT THE PARTITION WITH EXT4,  
CREATE A DIR /XYZ, MOUNT THIS PARTITION ON /XYZ DIR  
PERMANENTLY. AND CREATE THE FOLLOWING FILES WITHIN IT:  
F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 F10 = EMPTY FILES,  
DISPLAY THE CONTENT IN FILE1 WITH "WELCOME TO WIPRO" ?**

**ANSWER:**

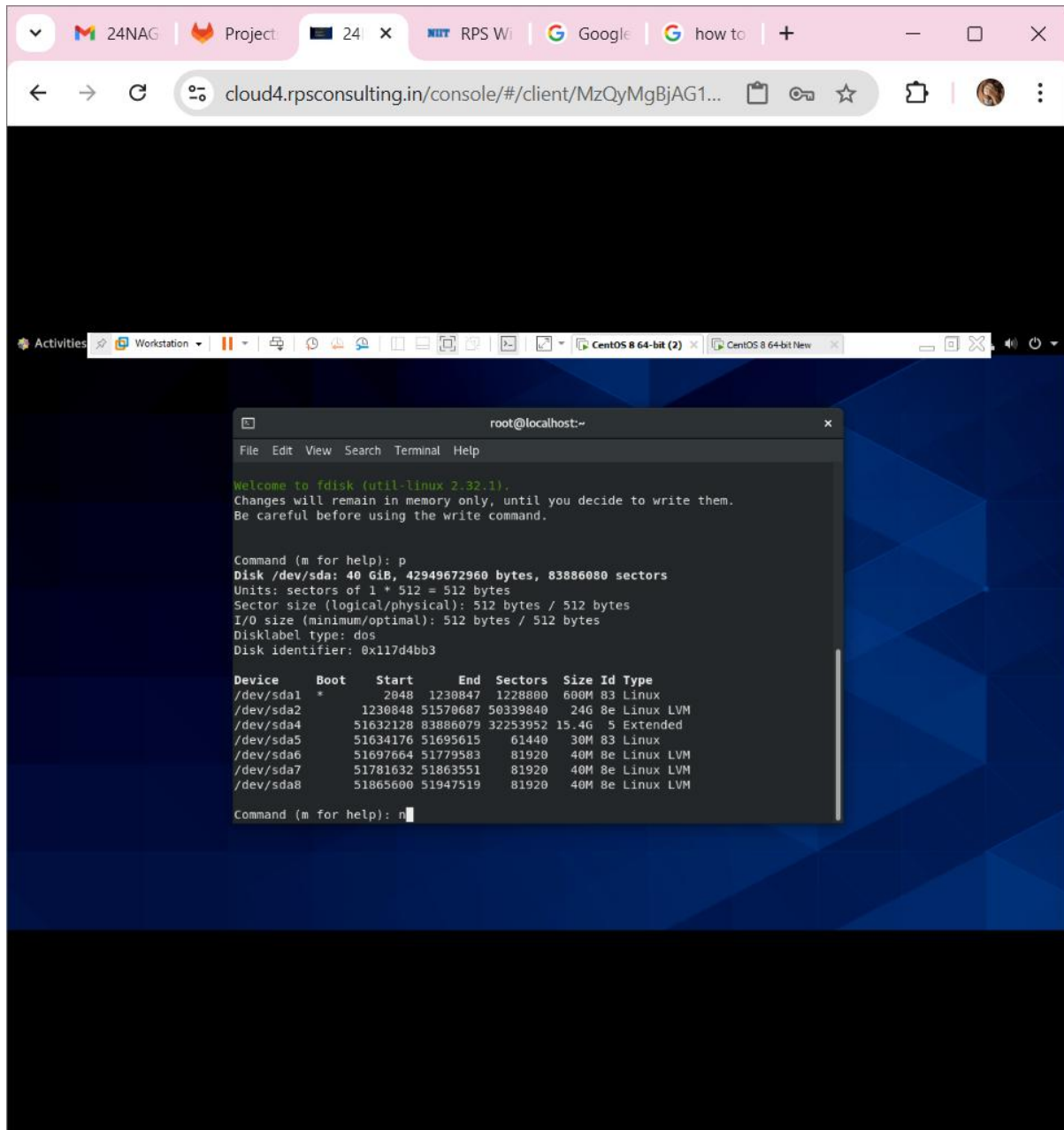
**STEP -1: FIRST GO TO THE TERMINAL AND GIVE THE COMMAND IN THE  
ROOT DIRECTORY AS "fdisk -l /dev/sda" .**

**FDISK : THIS COMMAND IS USED FOR CREATING THE PARTITIONS.**

**/DEV/SDA : THIS COMMAND IS USED TO ACCESS THE FIRST SCSI HARD  
DISK DRIVE IN A SYSTEM.**

**NOW, WE HAVE TO CREATE A NEW PARTITION:**

- **TYPE N TO CREATE A NEW PARTITION.**
- **CHOOSE THE PARTITION TYPE (PRIMARY OR EXTENDED).**
- **SET THE PARTITION SIZE TO 40MB. (E.G., STARTING FROM THE FIRST AVAILABLE SECTOR AND SETTING THE END SECTOR TO CREATE A 40MB PARTITION).**
- **WRITE THE CHANGES BY TYPING W.**



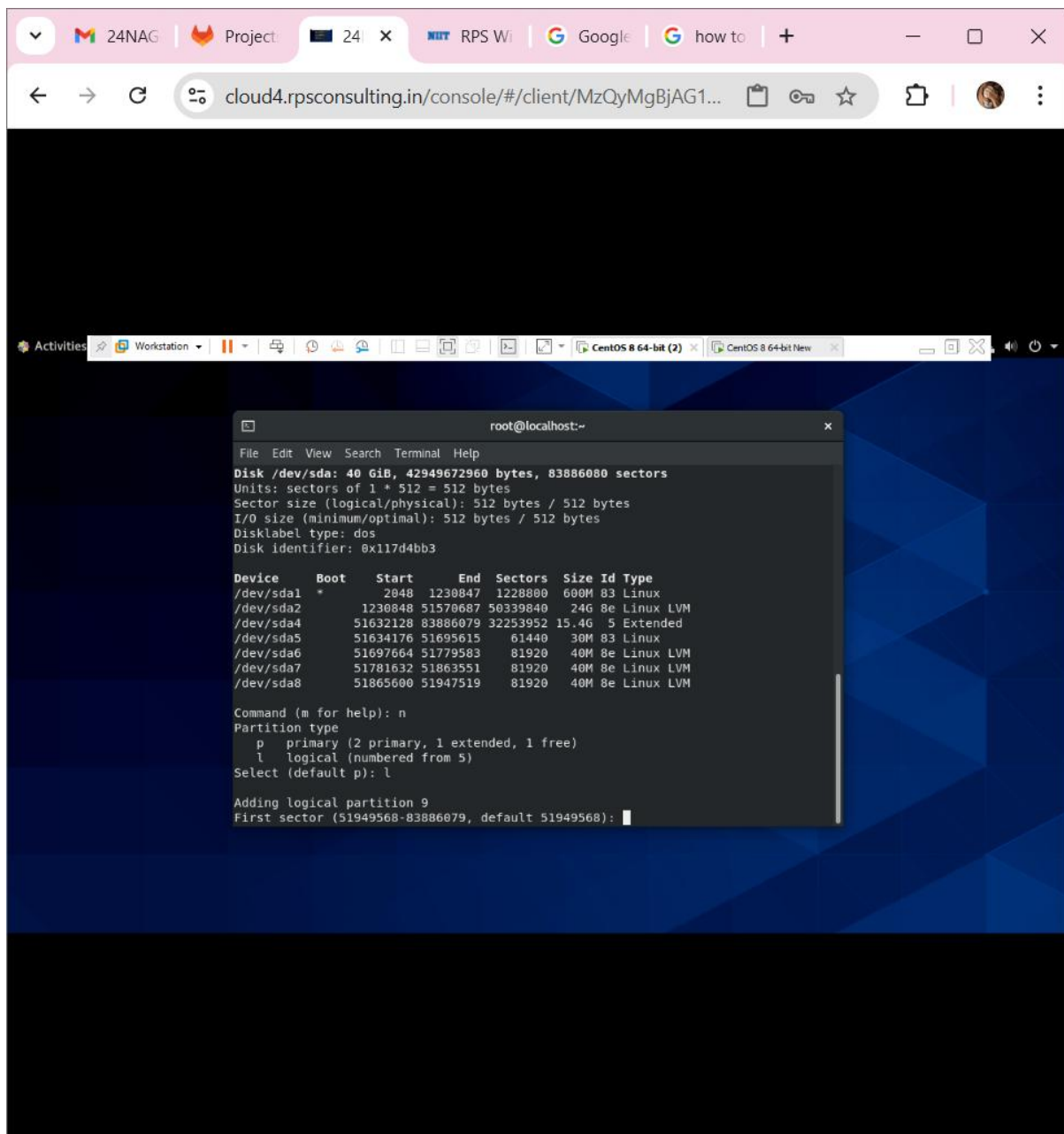
WE CAN SEE THE DEVICES, BOOT, START, END , SECTORS ,SIZES, ID AND TYPE.

### STEP -2:

AFTER CREATING THE PARTITION, REFRESH THE PARTITION TABLE WITH PARTPROBE OR RESTART YOUR SYSTEM TO MAKE THE NEW PARTITION AVAILABLE.

P – TO PRINT THE PARTITION

N – TO CREATE THE PARTITIONS.



**STEP -3 : AFTER THE "n" COMMAND WE HAVE TO SELECT THE PARTITION**

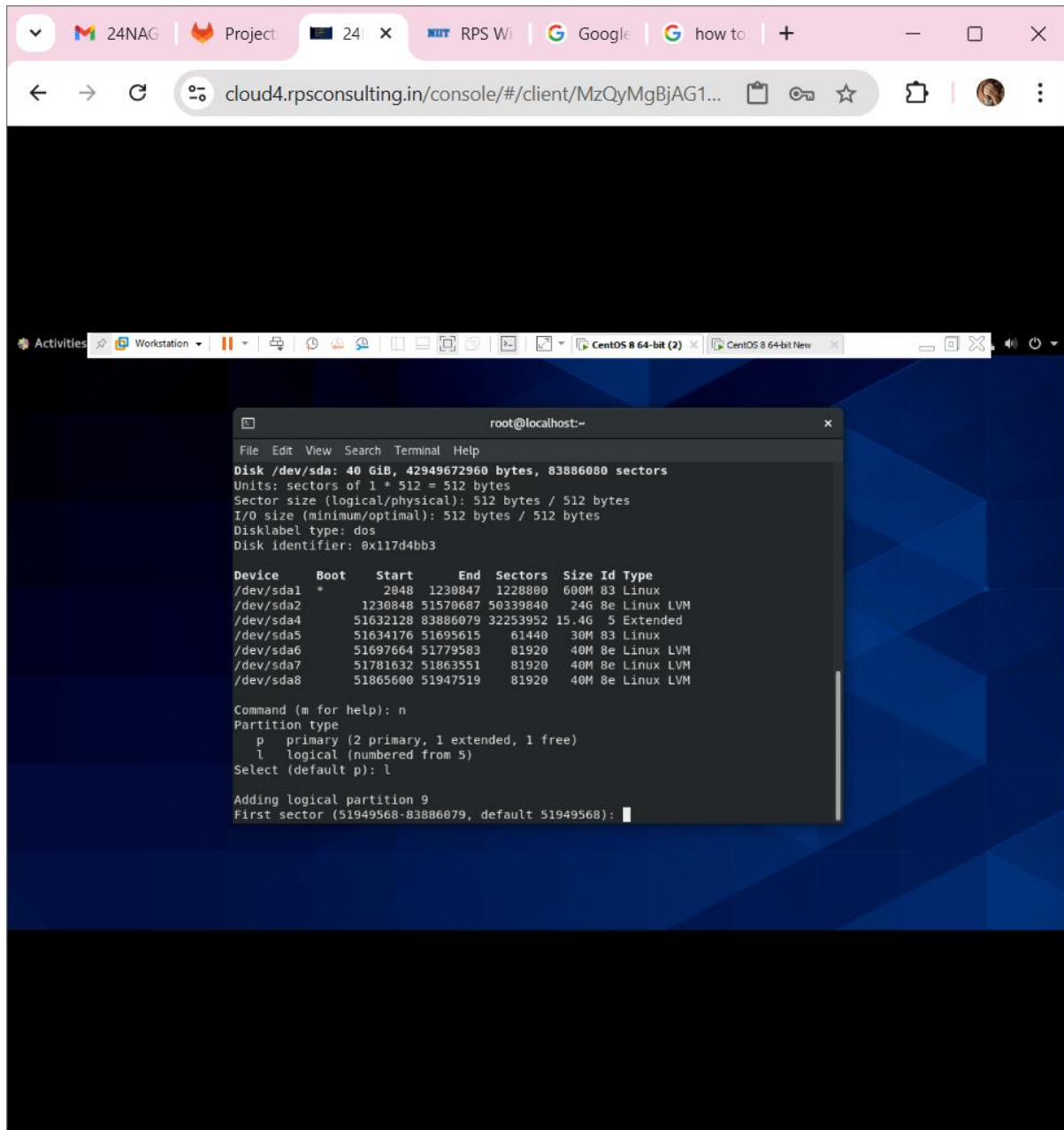
**TYPE, P AS PRIMARY**

**L AS LOGICAL PRIMARY.**

**SELECT THE "L" OPTION TO CREATE THE PARTITION IN THE LOGICAL PARTIITONS.**

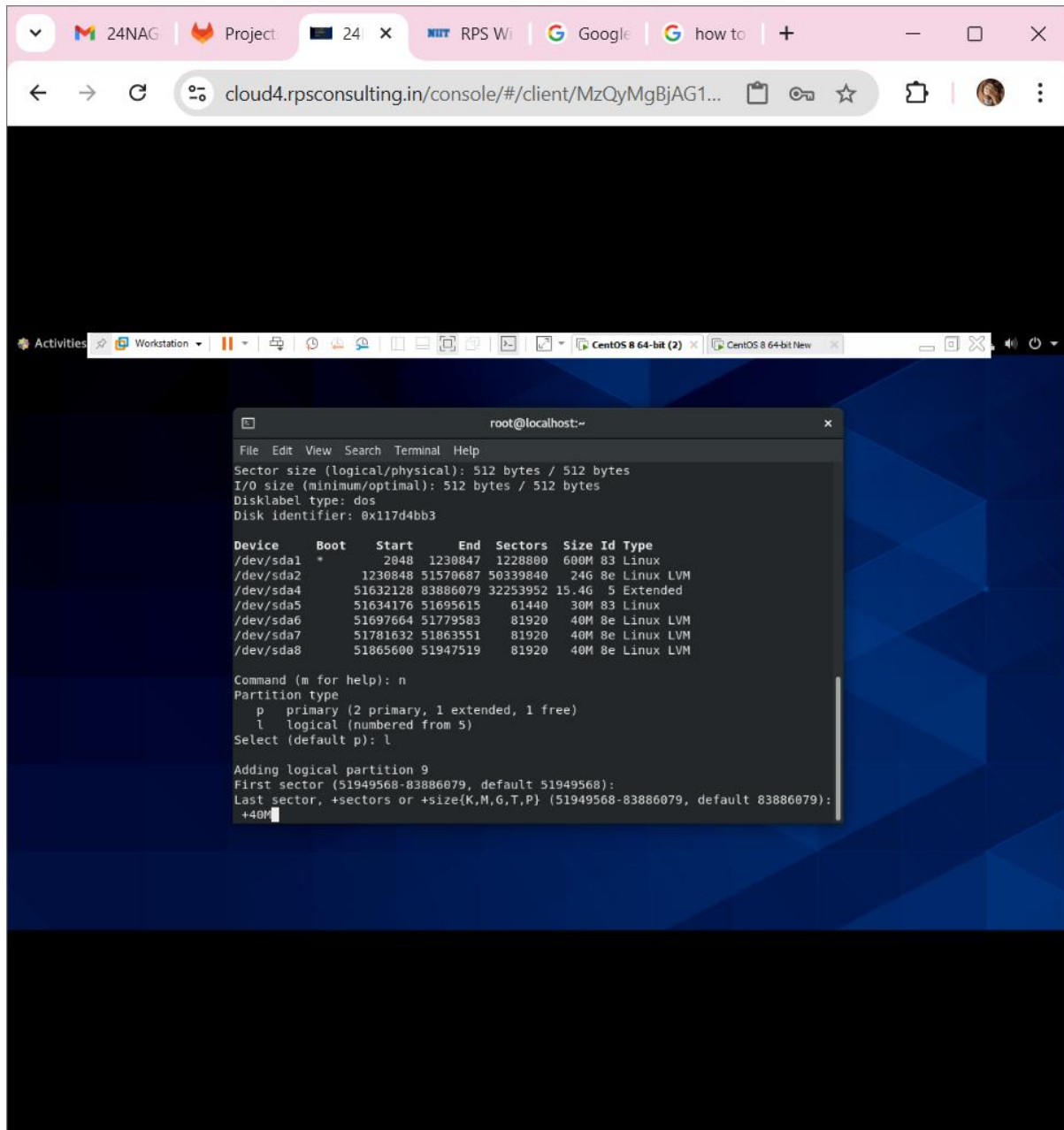
**BY DEFAULTS, IT TAKES THE NEXT PARTITION NUMBER AND CLICK ENTER.**

**GIVE THE BLANK FOR THE FIRST SECTOR,**



**IN THE LAST SECTOR WE HAVE TO GIVE THE SIZE OF THE PARTITON AS WE  
REQUIRED +40MB.**

**CLICK ON THE ENTER.**



**STEP -4 :**

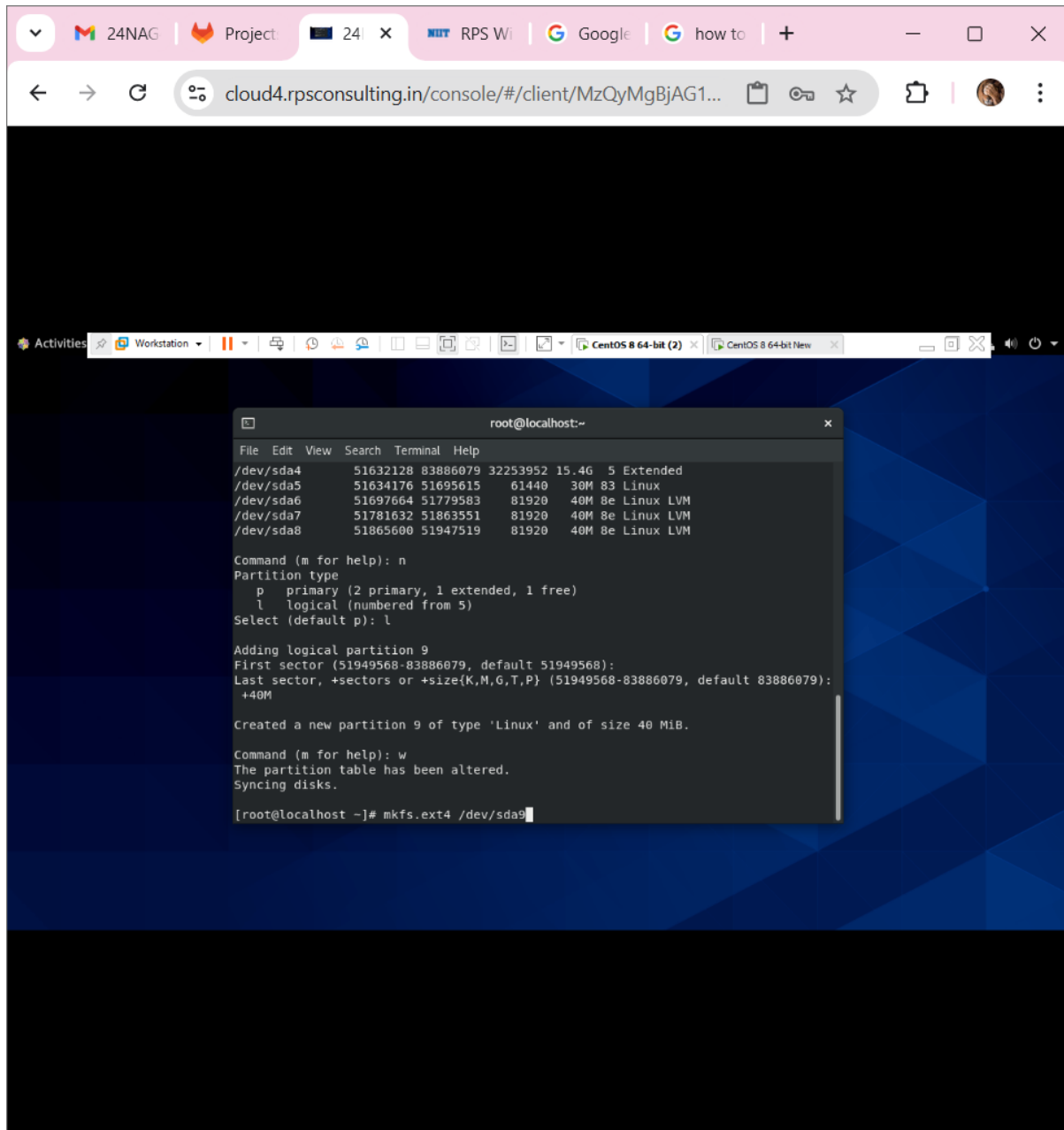
**FORMAT THE PARTITION WITH EXT4**

**NOW THAT THE PARTITION IS CREATED (LET'S ASSUME THE NEW PARTITION IS /DEV/SDA1), FORMAT IT WITH THE EXT4 FILESYSTEM.**

**CODE : “ mkfs.ext4 /dev/sda9 ”.**

**NOW, CLICK ON THE ENTER.**

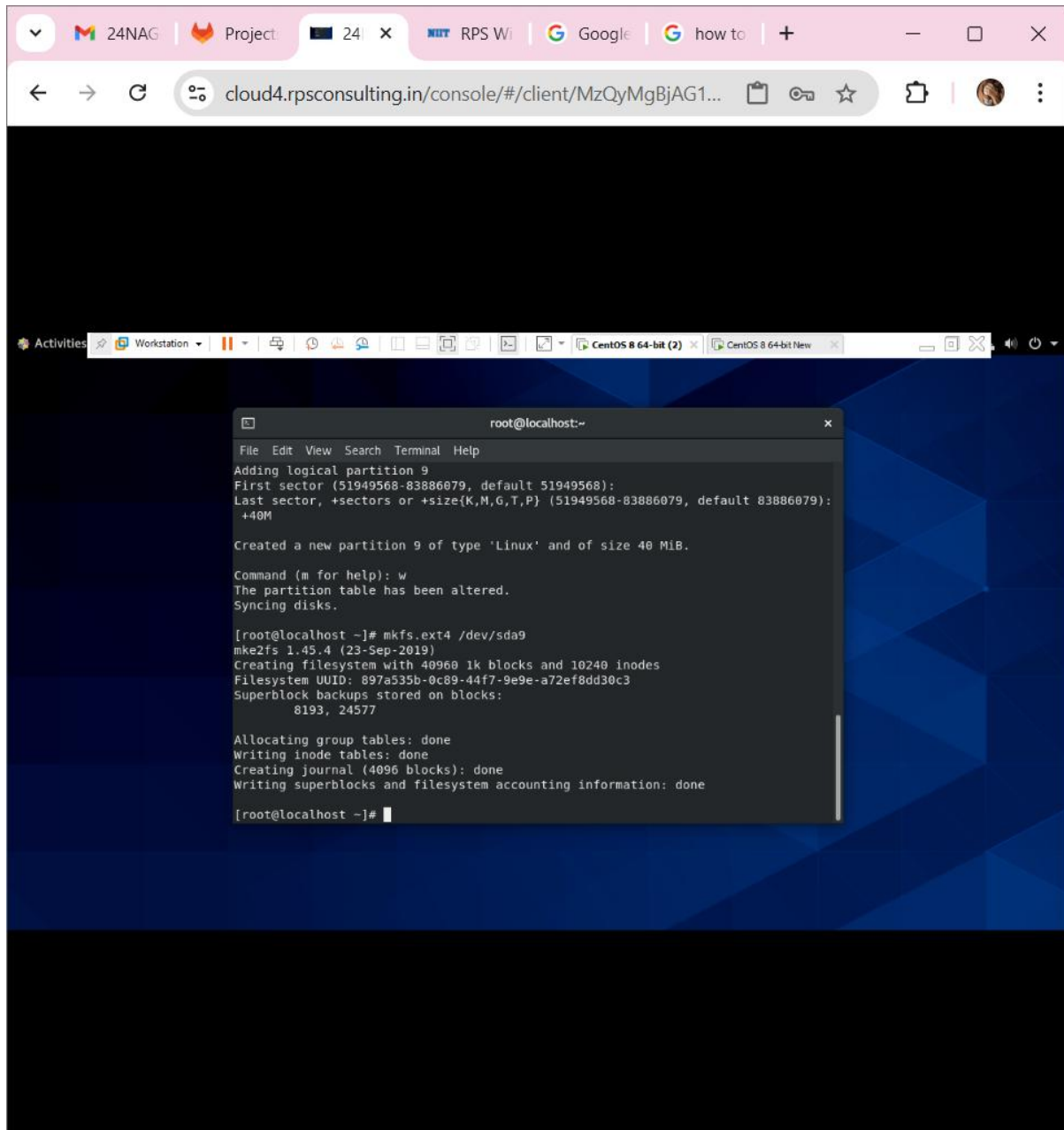
**AND GIVE THE COMMAND “W” TO SAVE.**



**STEP -5 :**

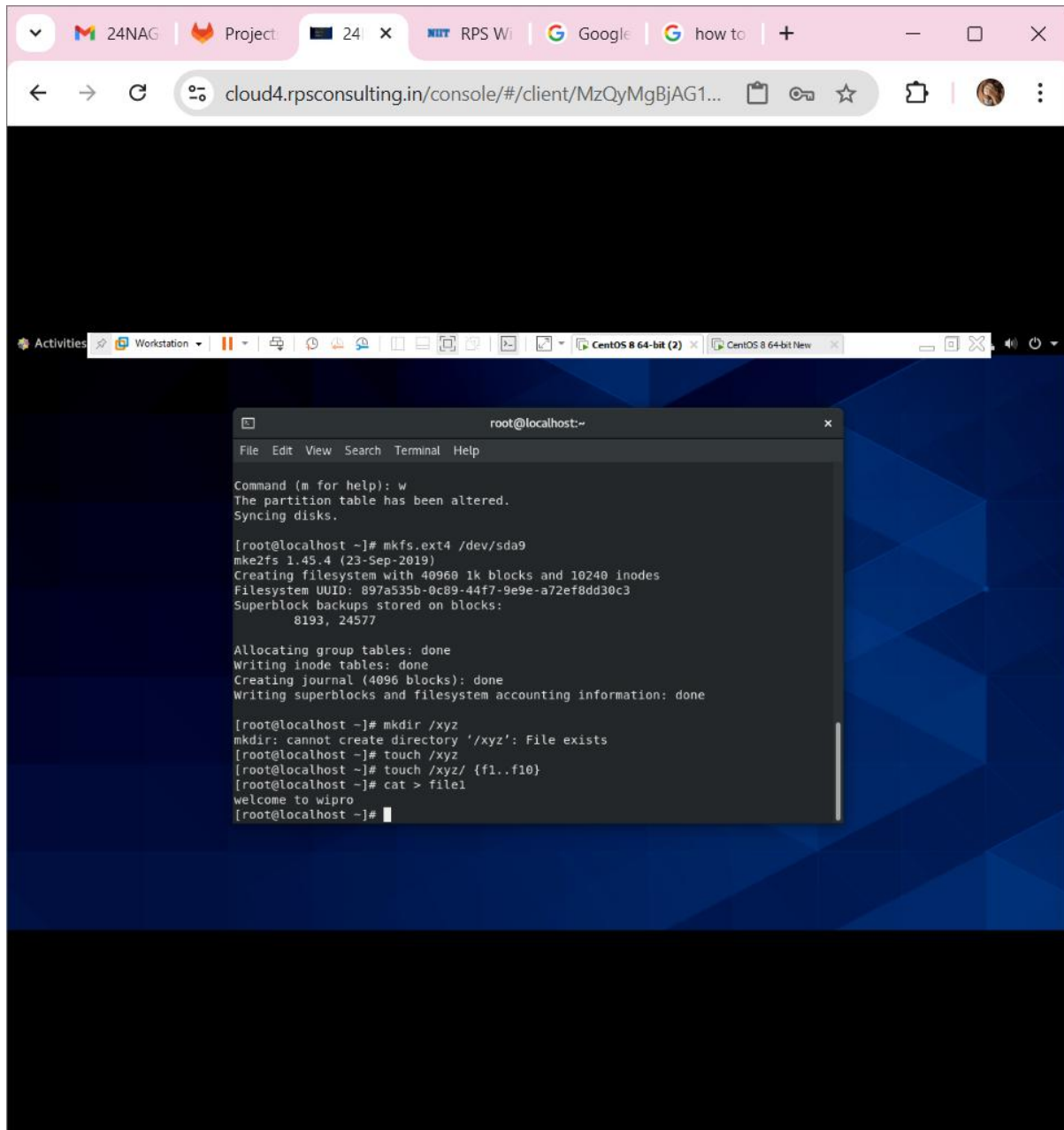
**CREATE THE DIRECTORY /XYZ**

**NEXT, CREATE A DIRECTORY CALLED /XYZ TO MOUNT THE PARTITION ON.**



**STEP -6 : MOUNT THE PARTITION ON /XYZ**

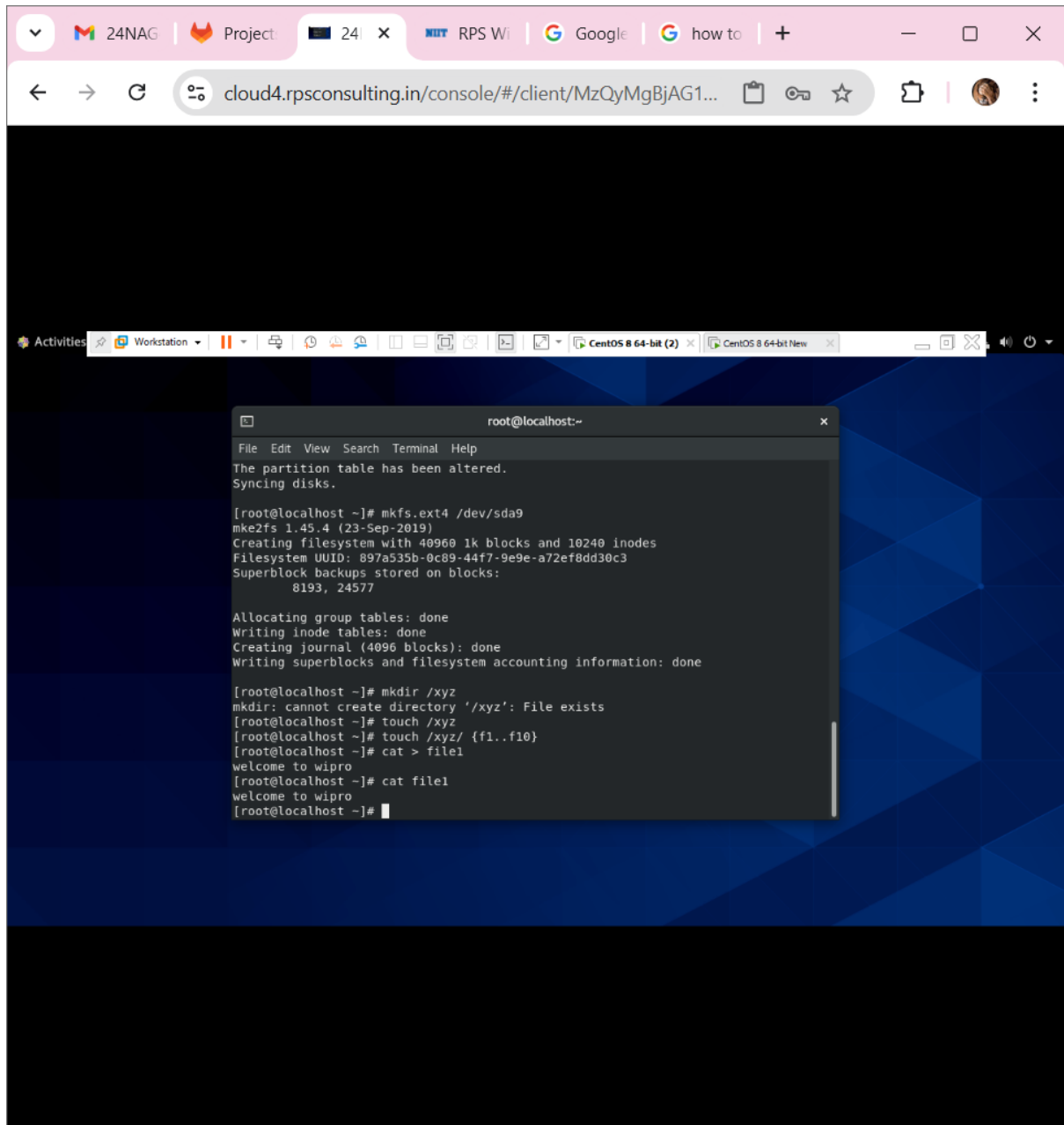
**MOUNT THE NEWLY CREATED PARTITION TO THE /XYZ DIRECTORY.**



## STEP -7 : MAKE THE MOUNT PERMANENT

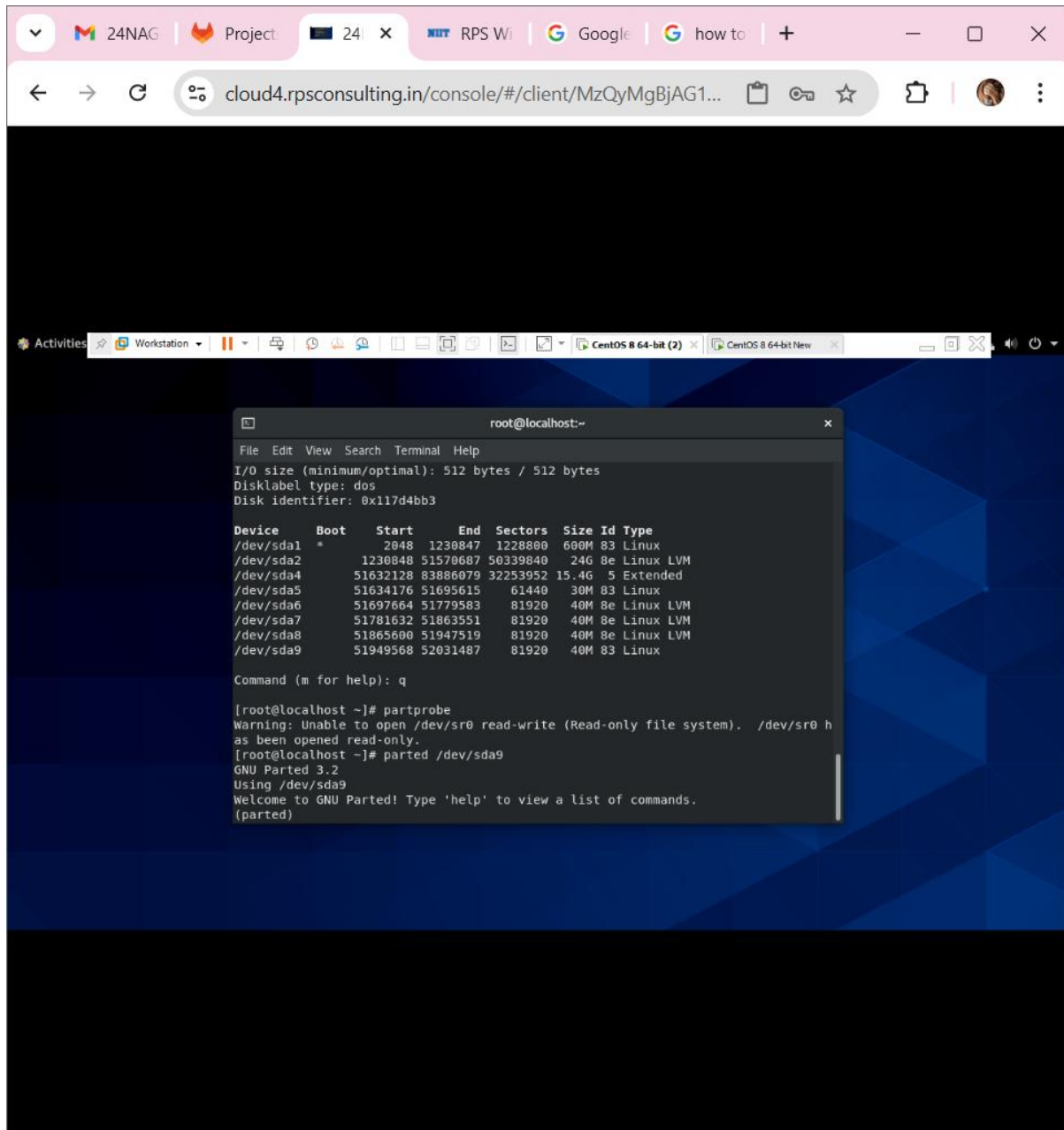
TO ENSURE THE PARTITION IS MOUNTED AUTOMATICALLY ON SYSTEM REBOOT, YOU NEED TO ADD IT TO `/ETC/FSTAB`.





**STEP -8: CREATE EMPTY FILES (F1 TO F10) IN /XYZ**

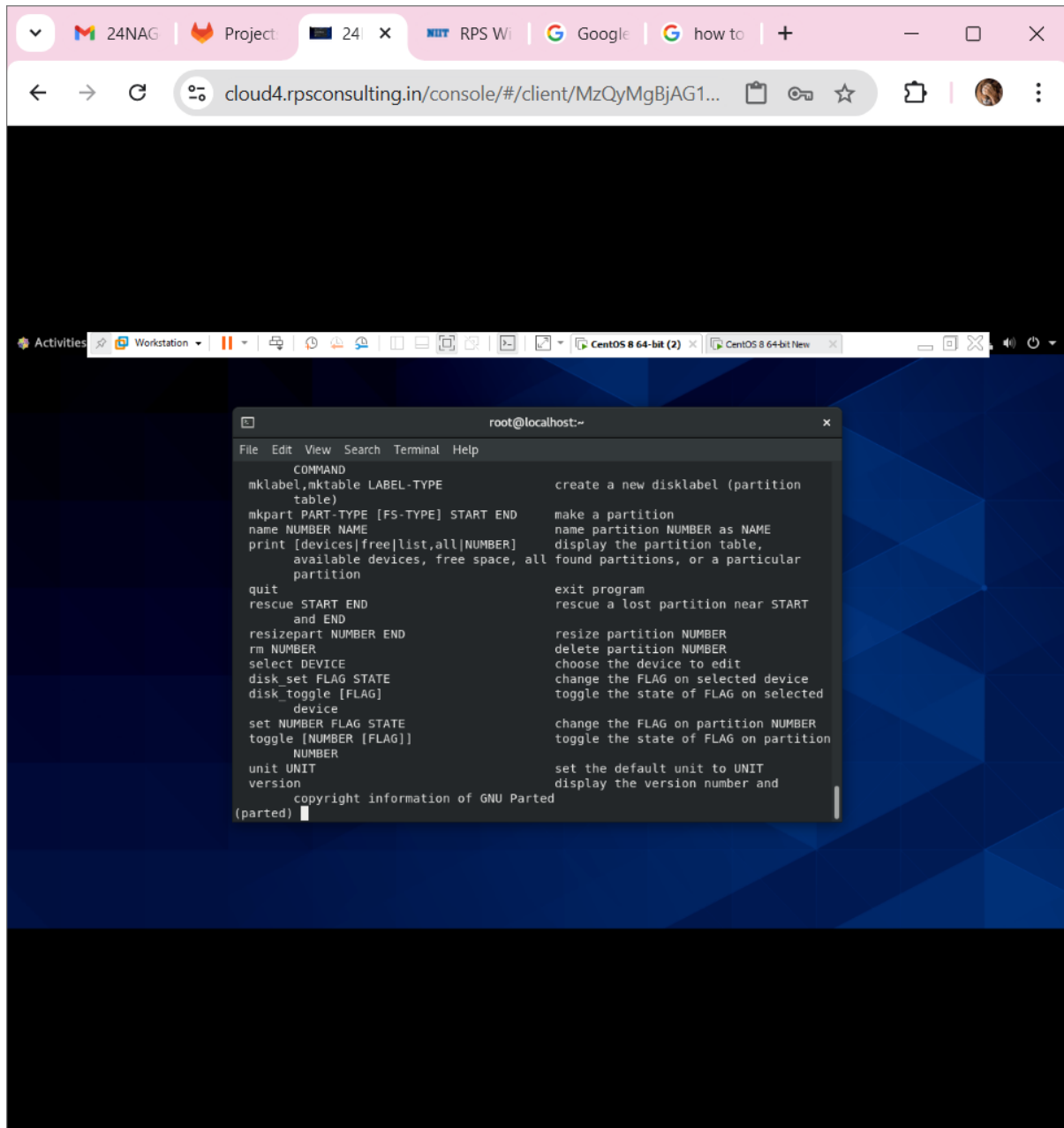
**NOW CREATE THE EMPTY FILES WITHIN THE /XYZ DIRECTORY.**



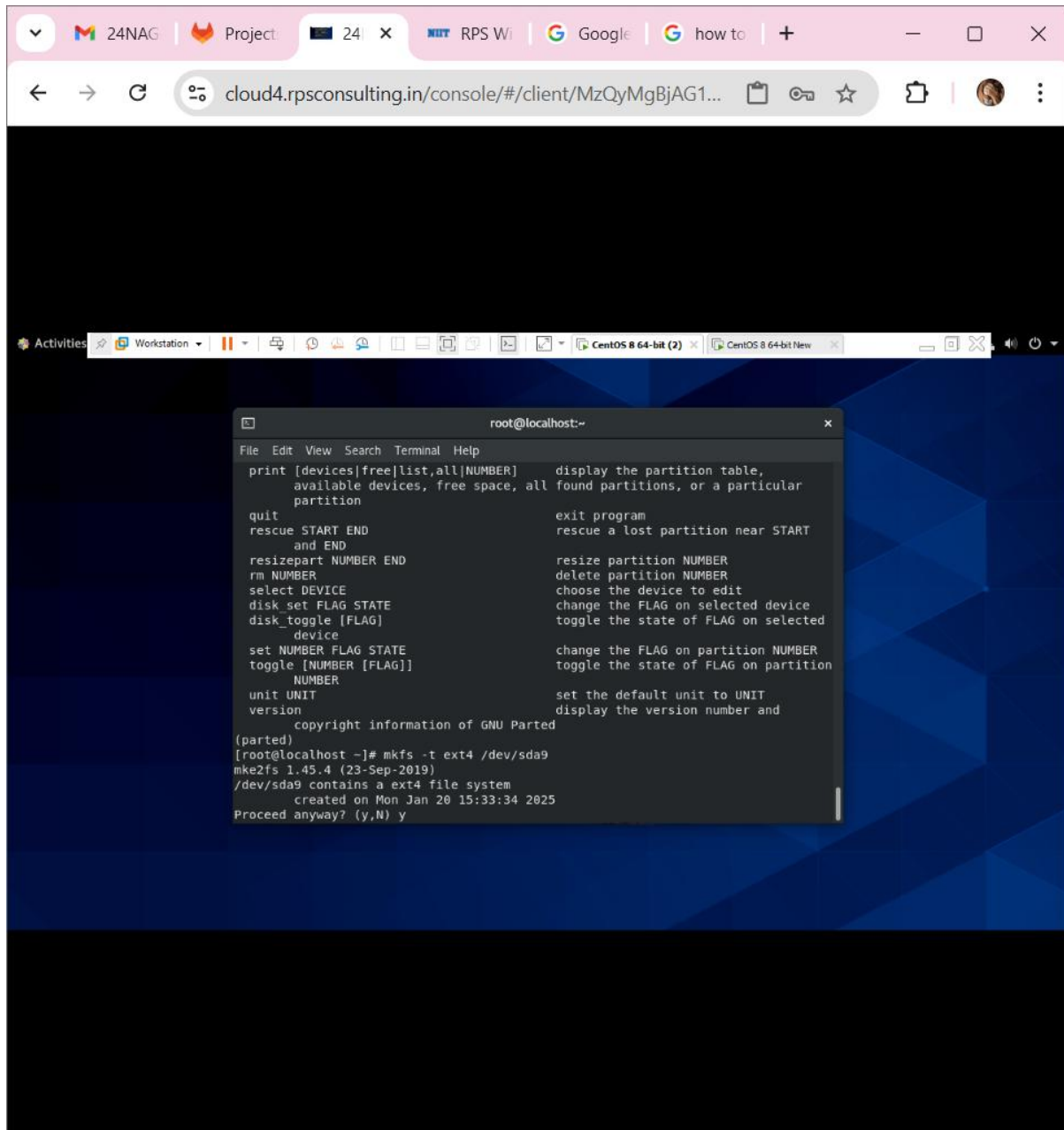
## STEP – 9: DISPLAY CONTENT IN FILE F1

NOW, TO DISPLAY THE CONTENT IN FILE F1 WITH THE TEXT "WELCOME TO WIPRO".

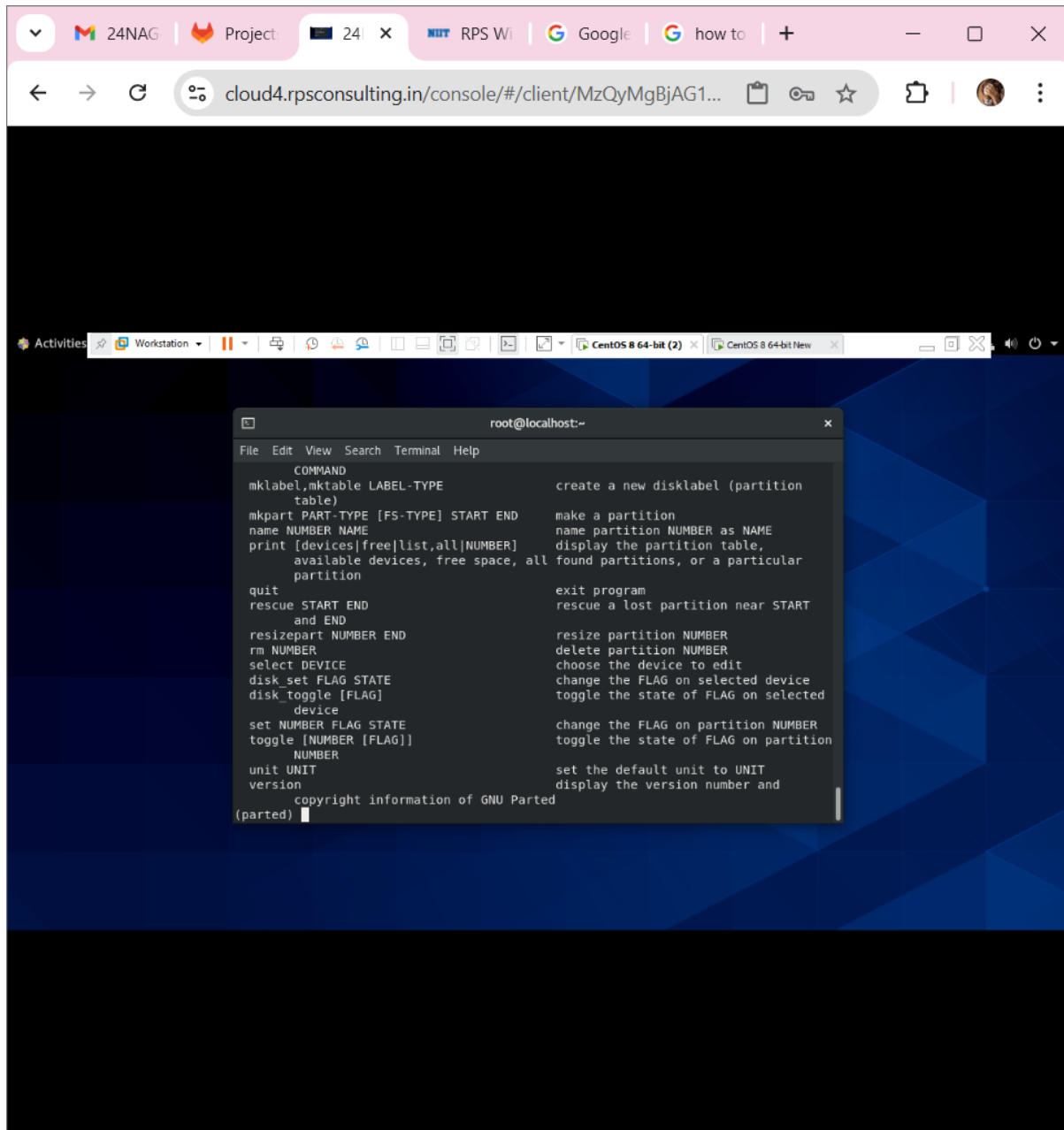
## WIPRO ASSIGNMENT - 14



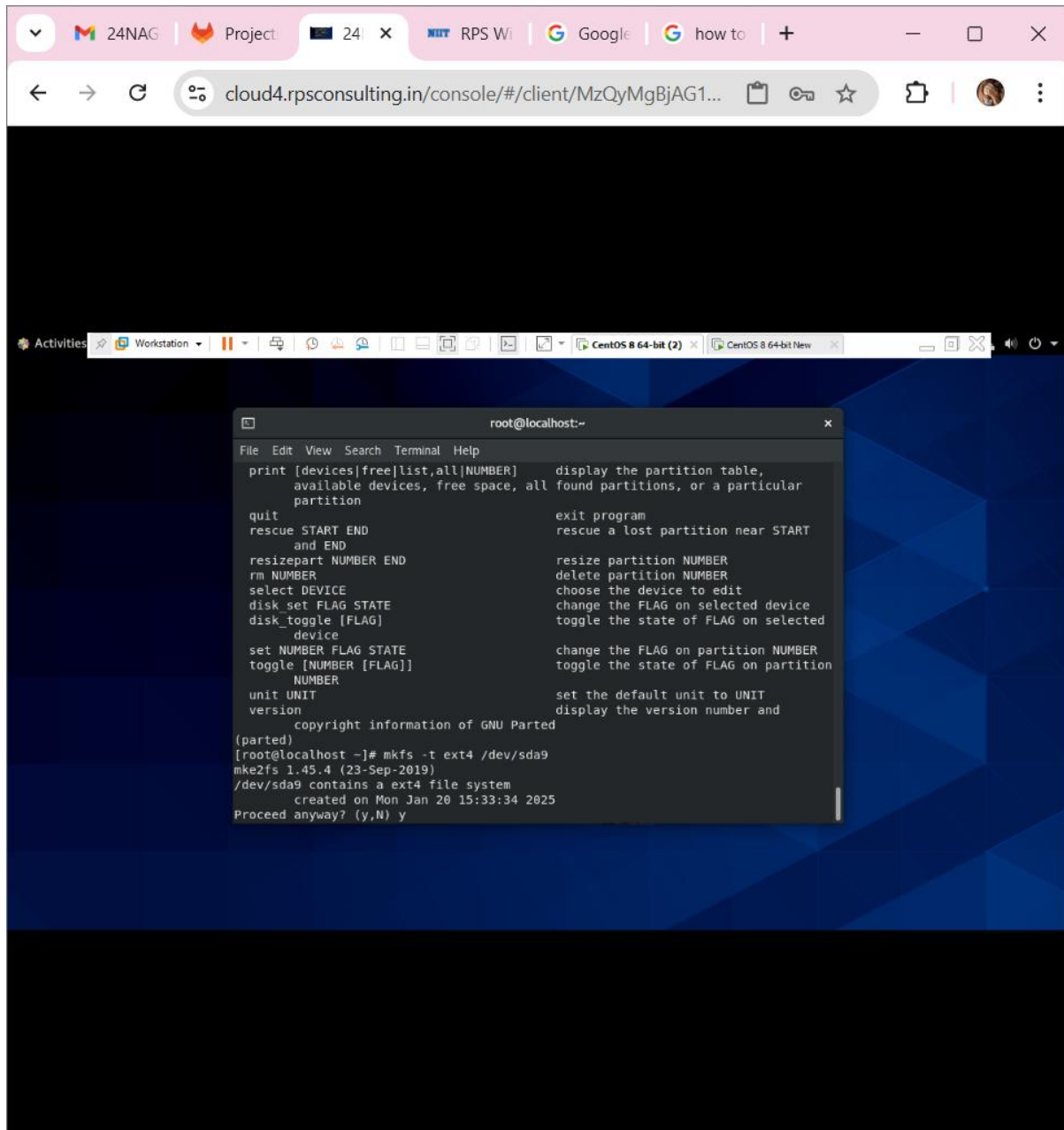
## WIPRO ASSIGNMENT - 14



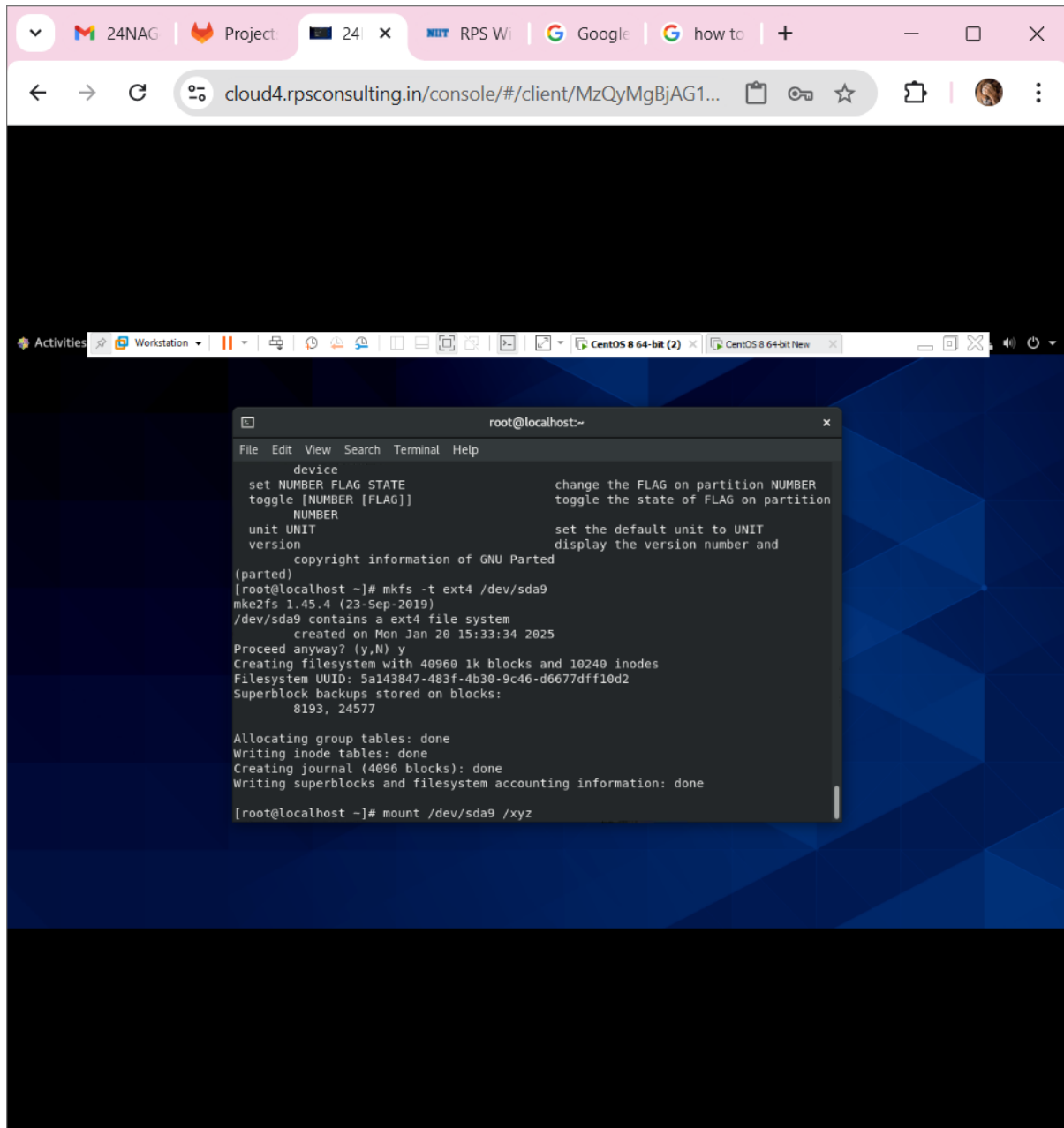
## WIPRO ASSIGNMENT - 14



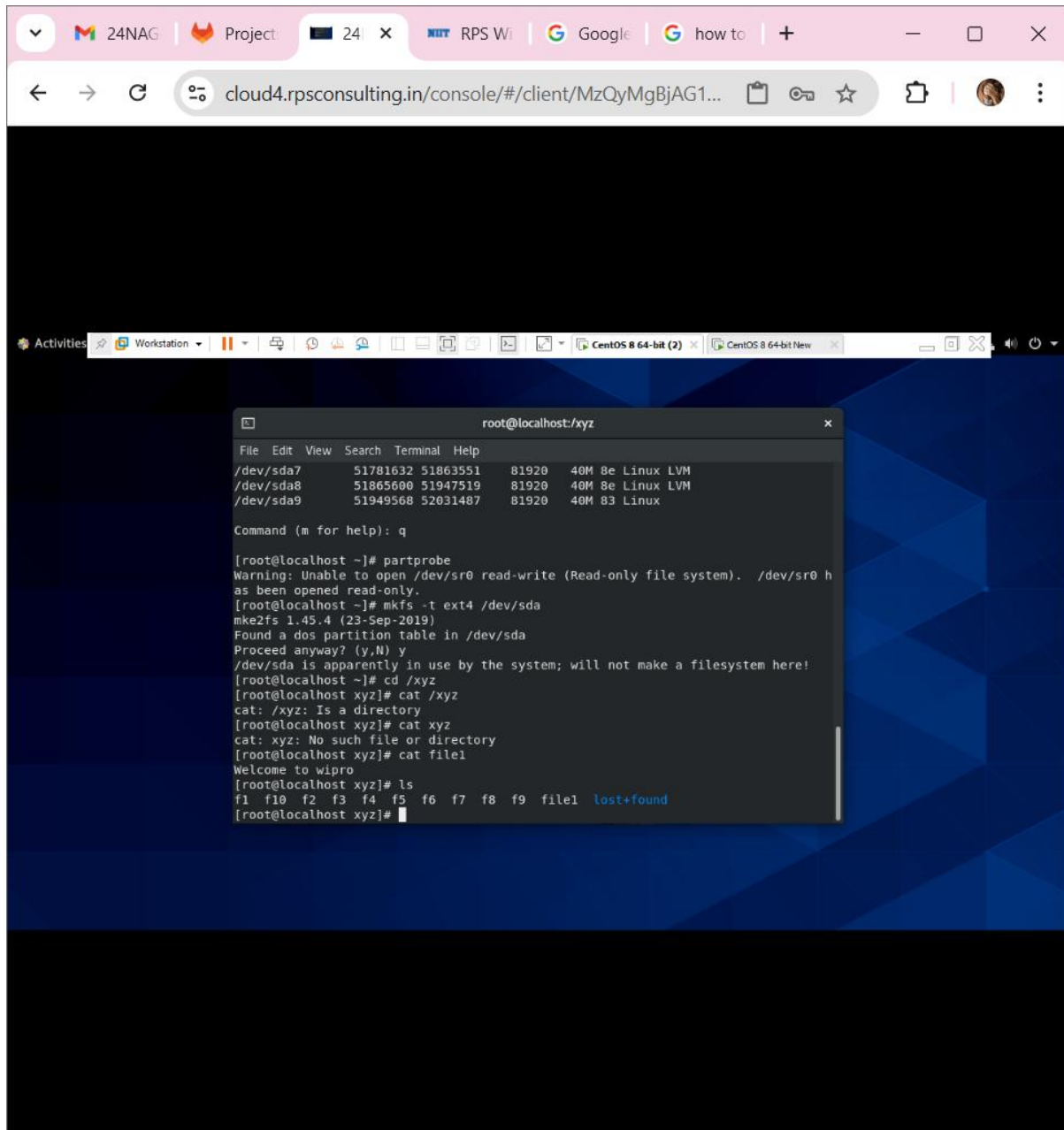
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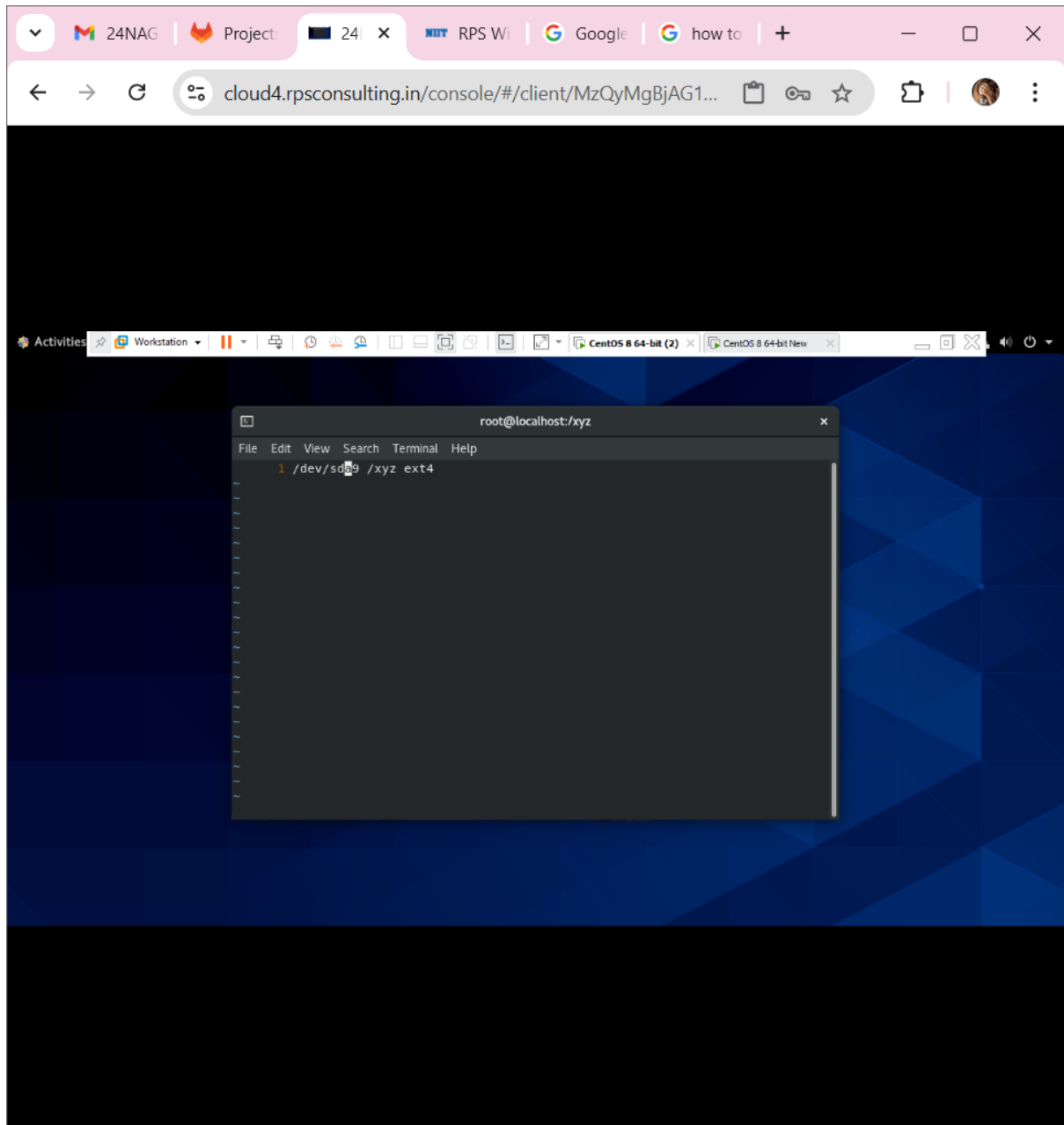


## WIPRO ASSIGNMENT - 14

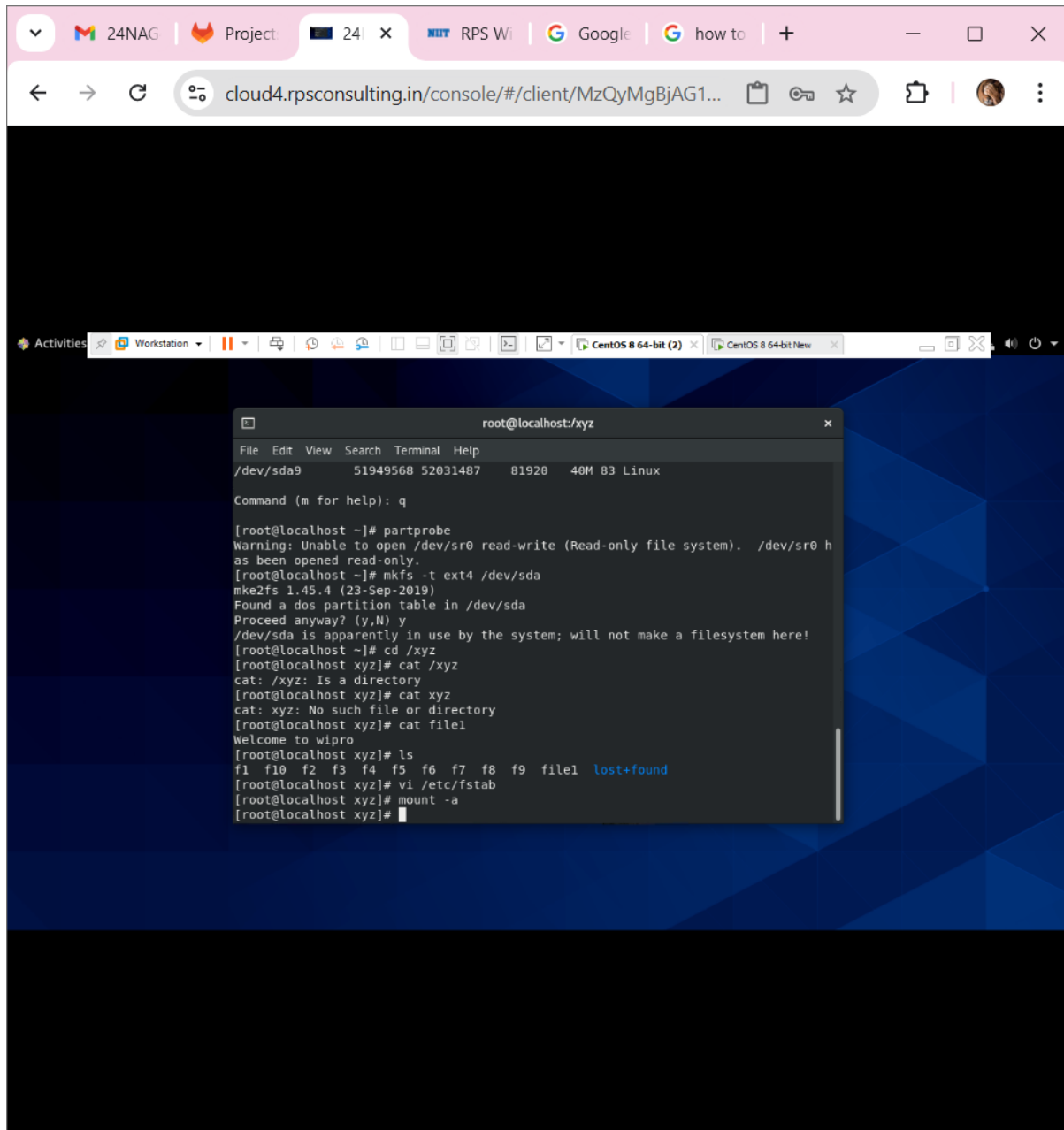


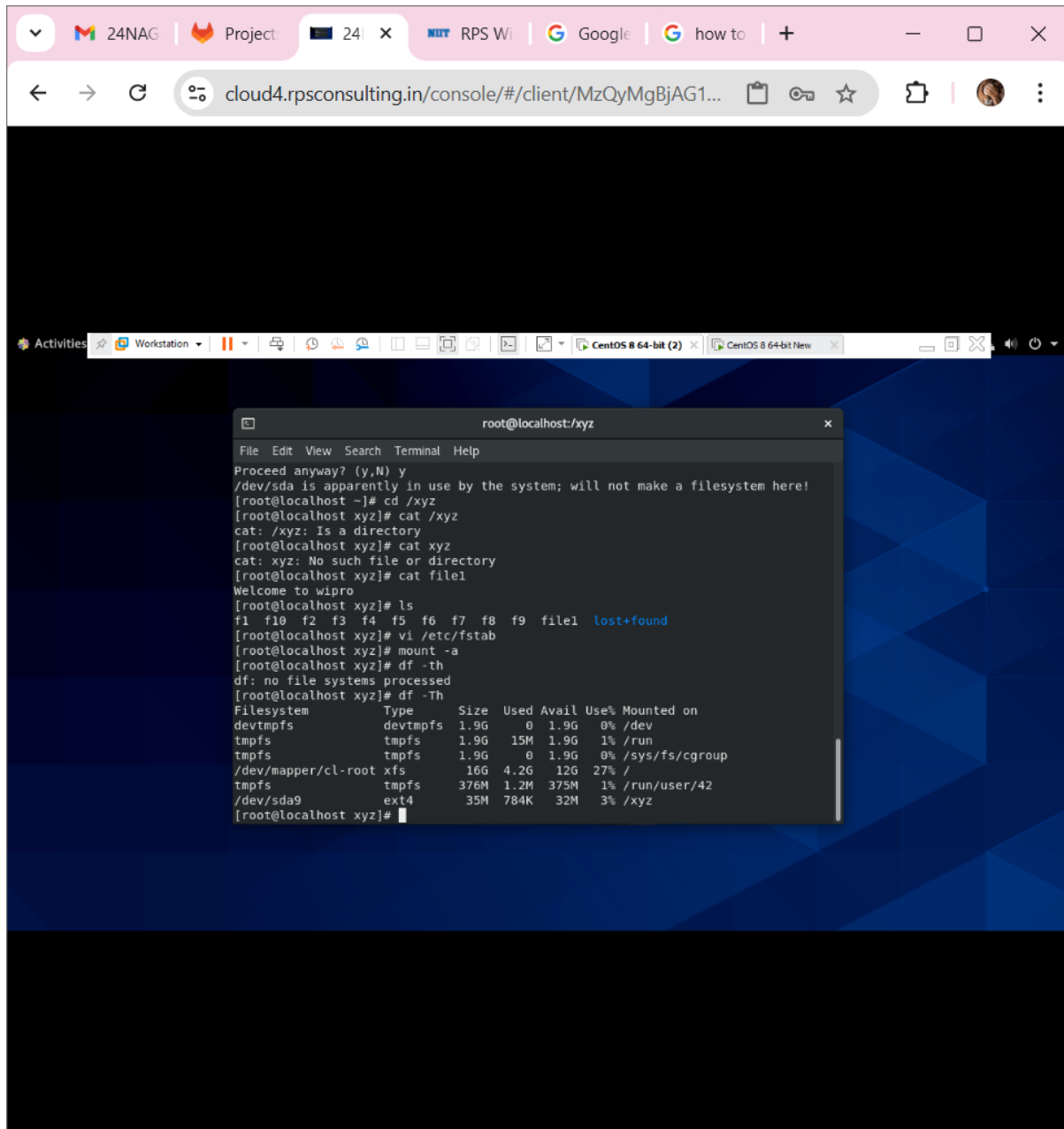


## WIPRO ASSIGNMENT - 14



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## FINAL ANSWER

### NOW WE HAVE COMPLETED THE FOLLOWING TASKS:

- CREATED A PARTITION OF 40MB.
- FORMATTED IT WITH EXT4.
- MOUNTED IT TO /XYZ.
- CREATED FILES F1 TO F10 AS EMPTY FILES IN /XYZ.
- ADDED CONTENT TO F1 WITH THE MESSAGE "WELCOME TO WIPRO".

TO CONFIRM THE CONTENT IN F1, RUN:

**CAT /XYZ/F1.**

**AND THE OUTPUT IS**

**“WELCOME TO WIPRO”.**

**\*\*\*\*\*THANK YOU\*\*\*\*\***