1) Eleman Sayisi -> n olmak Tzere a-Best cose lik adımda bulunur [21] b) average case) sayının bolunna olasılığı Polsun. 06751 P(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{1}{n} + bulunduysa bilinmono obsilial 5-1 P. i = M. (n+1) .P = P(n+1) Basic operation
while (iZn BB AC while (izh BB ACi]!=X) P20 Isin Cay (n) = n+0=n P=1 igin Covoln) = 0 + n+1 ~ n

c) worst-cose | his bulnmomosi durumunda tom dizi Dezilecek ve chorst (n) = n = O(n) 2) upper bound $f(n) = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ ciso re usuo ilin $f(n) \leq c_i g(n)$ $\frac{n^2-n}{2} \leq C_1 \cdot n^2 - n n^2 - n \leq 2C_1 n^2 - n n n^2 - n - 2C_1 n^2 \leq \frac{n}{n} \quad (n > 0)$ N-1-2CNGO->n(1-2c)-160 C=5 N=5 -10 40 old - gu soglor. f(n) EC(n) ower bound f(n) > C2 9(n) C2>0 re n>no için $\frac{N(N-1)}{2} > N^2 \cdot C_2 - 3N^2 \cdot N = 2N^2 \cdot C_2 - 3N^2 \cdot N - 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N - 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N - 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N - 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N - 2N^2 \cdot C_2 > 2N - 2N^2$ n-1-2n(2),0->n(1-2c)-1>,0 C2=4 N=5 TSin 5.015-17,0 SOGLODIOLIGIA |f(n) E SC(n) C29(n) < f(n) < C2.9(n) ve C, > C2.400 C2>0 ve n>,10 SOBJODITIN / (n) E O(n)

(N+1)(N+2) 2 n-1 2 i2 ii

$$= \frac{(n-1)(n)(2n-1)}{6} + \frac{(n-1)(n)}{3} = \frac{(n-1)(n)(2n-1+3)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)\cdot(n)\cdot(2n+2)}{4} = \frac{(n-1)\cdot n\cdot (n+1)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)\cdot(n)\cdot(2n+2)}{4} = \frac{(n-1)\cdot n\cdot (n+1)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)\cdot(n)\cdot(2n-1+3)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)\cdot(n)\cdot(2n-1+3)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)\cdot(n)\cdot(2n-1$$

5) convert To Decimal (dimisayi)

decimal-soyi <0

for i <- m to 1 do decimal_sayi <- decimal_sayi + Sayi(i) * anlik_taban anlik_taban * anlik_taban *d

return decimal_Soyi

Not: Sayi tabani 2-lo arosinda Sayılar için Galgir. Ve Sayinin x'inci basamaga dagı dan erişildiği desentldi.

Analysis:

Bosic Operations

2 atoma, 2 garpno ve 1 toplana

 $C(m) = \frac{m}{25} = 5m \in O(m)$