



Furkan ÇAKMAK

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Lecture Information Form - Weekly Subjects

BLM3051 Data Communication

Week 3

Week	Date	Subjects
1	04.10.2022	Introduction to Data Communication Standards Used on Data Communication, Architectural models
2	11.10.2022	OSI Reference Model , Layers and Their Functions
3	18.10.2022	Signaling and Signal Encoding
4	25.10.2022	Parallel and Serial Transmission, Communication Media and Their Technical Specs., Multiplexing (TDM, FDM)
5	01.11.2022	Error Detection and Error Correction Techniques
6	08.11.2022	Data Link Control Techniques, Flow Control
7	15.11.2022	Asynchronous and Synchronous Data Link Protocols (BSC, HDLC)
8	22.11.2022	1. Vize Haftası
9	29.11.2022	LAN Technologies Continued, IEEE 802.4, 802.5, 802.11
10	06.12.2022	Connectionless and Connection Oriented Services, Switching
11	13.12.2022	Wide Area Networking Technologies (X.25, ISDN, FR, ATM, xDSL.)
12	20.12.2022	Communications Equipment's, TCP/IP Model, Security Issues
13	27.12.2022	Research Presentation 1
14	03.01.2022	Research Presentation 2

Digital Data Transmission Techniques

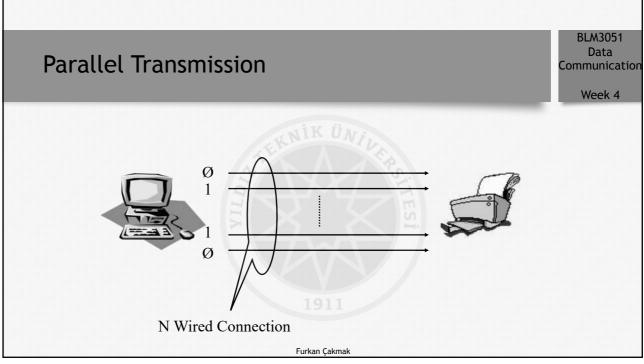
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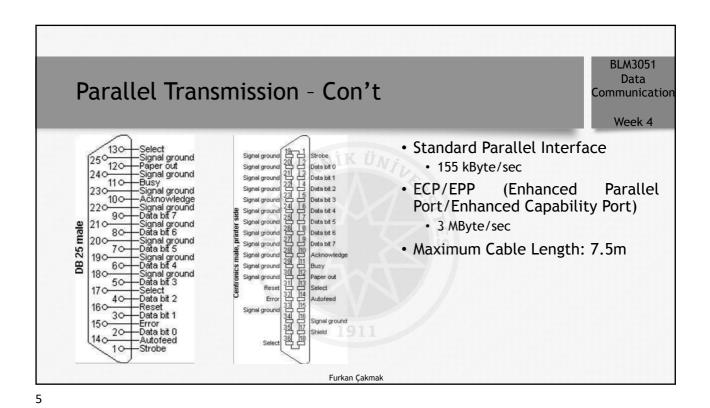
Week 4

- Medium specs;
 - Connector type to provide mechanical connection in the transmission medium
 - · Number of wires
 - Signal type
 - Purpose
 - · Frequency, amplitude and phase
- Parallel Transmission
- Serial Transmission

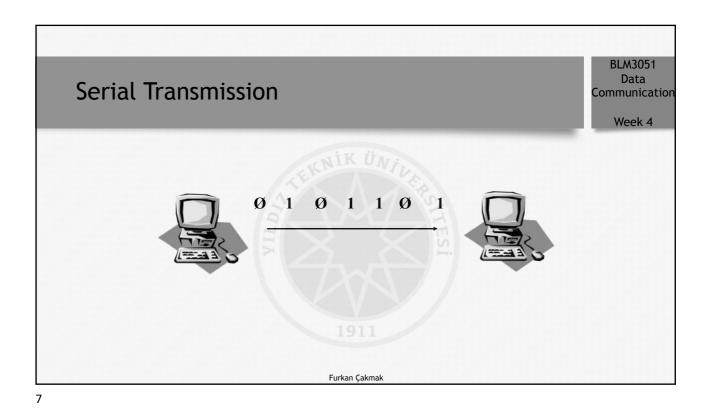
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BLM3051 Data Parallel Transmission - Con't Communication Week 4 Laplink 250 120-240 110-230 100-220 90-·02 •15 Interlink 03 016 -04 -017 -05₀₁₈ ************ 210 90-DB 25 male 06 019 190 70-010 020 08 021 09 022 010 023 011 024 012 025 013 DB 25 180 50-60-170 160 30-20-Furkan Çakmak



BLM3051 Data Serial Transmission - Con't Communication Week 4 • RS-232-C • 9 wires RXTX • GND • 6 x Flow Control Wire 155 kbits/sec • 15 meters NRZ-L (-15~-5)V_{DC}→1
 (+5~+15)V_{DC}→Ø • RS-422: 300 meters · Asynchronous transmission in WAN • 2 wires • Synchronous transmission in WAN 4 wires Furkan Çakmak

Asynchronous Serial Transmission

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- · Simple, Cheap
- The data arrival rhythm between the sides is not the same.
- It is not possible to tell when the incoming transmission started and when it ends
- Receiver and transmitter must agree on how long each bit will remain on the line.
- Start bit: 0, positive voltage
 - 8-N-1
 - 1 + 8 + 1 -> LSB
 - N: not parity bit
 - 7-E-1
 - 1 + 7 + 1 (Even)
- Stop bit: 2-bits long

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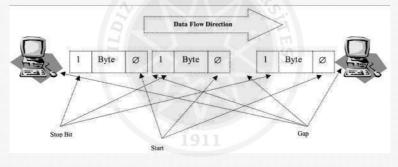
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Asynchronous Serial Transmission - Con't

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• Since the communication between the sender and receiver is not made simultaneously, there are **gaps** of variable duration between the bytes sent.



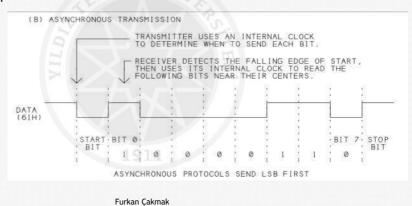
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Asynchronous Serial Transmission - Con't

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- Time skew
 - If the processing speed difference between the two sides is 5%
 - 8th -> 45%
- Dial-up
 - · Carrier Signal



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Synchronous Serial Transmission

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- Much more big data transfer compare to Async within one transmission (>1000 byte)
- If there is no data transmission
 - · A special bit sequence is sent in the line.
- In order for the information to be transferred properly, operations must be carried out depending on a common timing mark.
- · Like an assembly line.
- Clock line: A different line
 - · Clock pulse
 - · Short distance transmissions

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Synchronous Serial Transmission - Con't

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- Logical Level Synchronization
 - Preamble Bit Array
 - · Postamble Bit Array
 - Max 100 bits for control data.
 - HDLC (High Level Data Link Control)
 - 48 bits for control purposes.
 - Example
 - If we want to transfer 1000 characters in HDLC mode, how much bits send?
 - 1 character \rightarrow 8 bit
 - 1000 characters \rightarrow 1 block
 - Control data \rightarrow 48-bit
 - 1 block → 8000 bit
 - 8000 + 48 → 8048 bits
 - Load of control data per bloc \rightarrow 48 / 8048 \approx 0,6%

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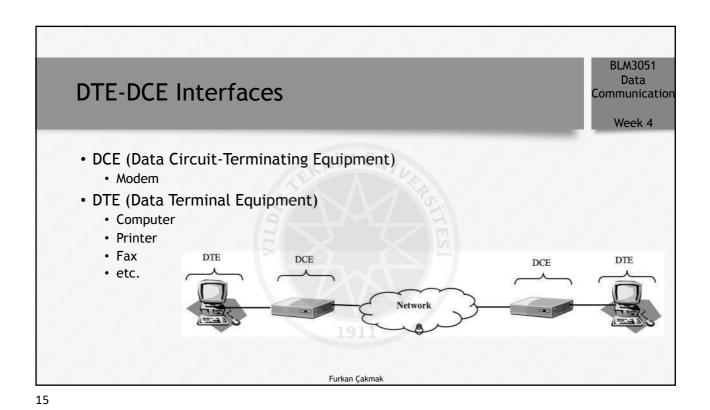
Asynchronous ST vs Synchronous ST

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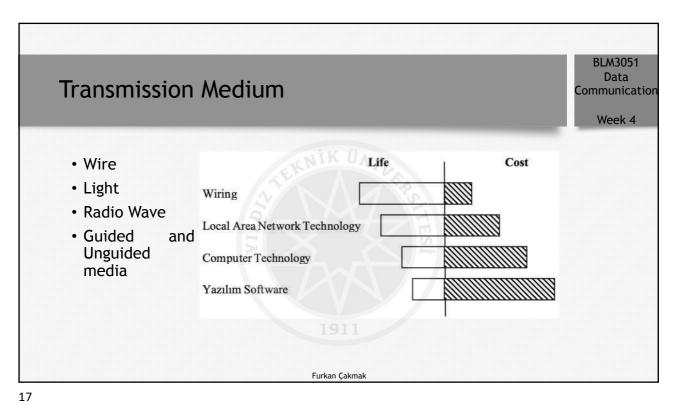
Week 4

Synchronous	Asynchronous				
 + Much more efficient usage + Better error control + High transmission speed 	 + Simple + Cheap + Additional effort required for timing + Limited speed - Limited error control mechanism (parity) - 20% loss due to start / end bits 				

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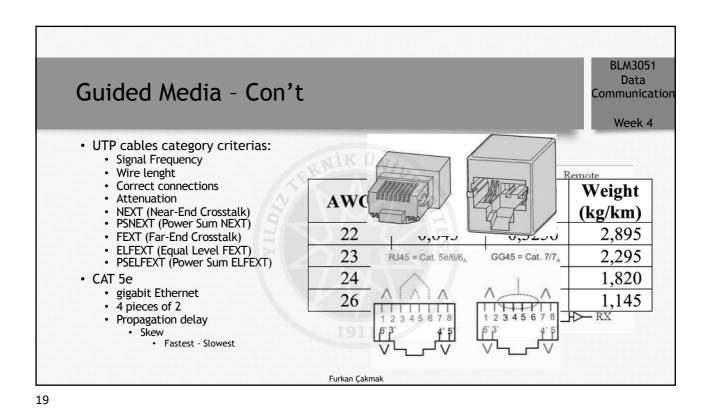


BLM3051 Data DTE-DCE Interfaces - Con't Communication Week 4 Standards between DTE and DCE • EIA • EIA-232 • EIA-442 • EIA-449 • ITU-T • V.24 V.32 V.32bis • V.34 • X.2 • X.24 Furkan Çakmak

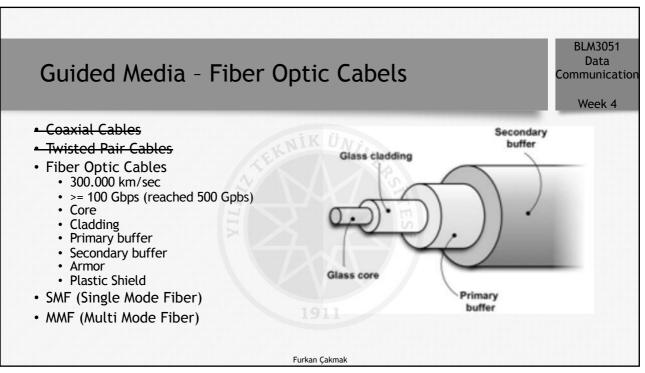


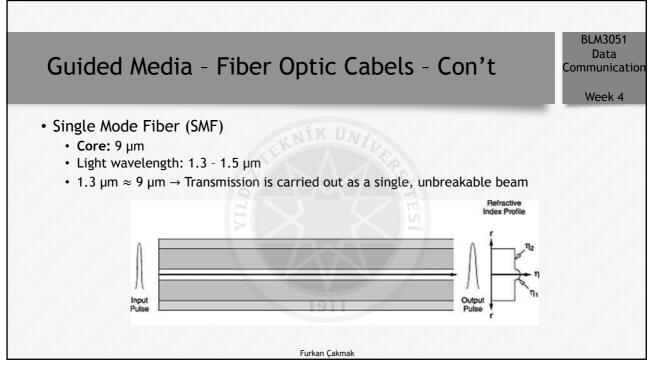
BLM3051 Data **Guided Media** Communication Week 4 10BASE-T Coaxial Cable · AUI (Attachement Ethernet • Thick: 10mm • Thin: 5mm Twisted pair DGM (Data Grade CATs T568A T568B • 2-12 twist/step Different Colors There are 3 diffe UTP (Unshielde • 100m = 90n++ 10111 ScTP/FTP (Screened Twisted Pair/Foiled Twisted Pair)

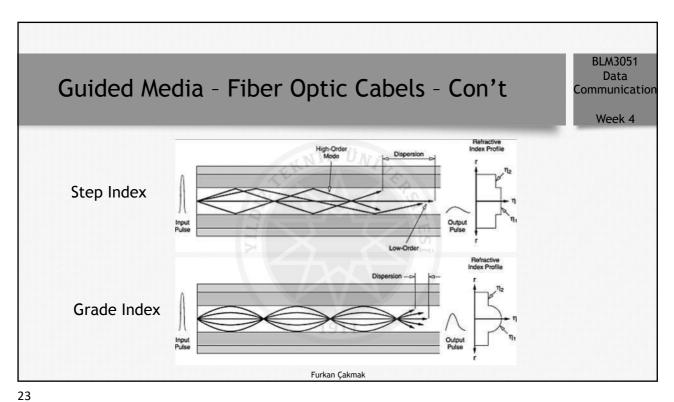
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BLM3051 Data Classification of UTP Cables Communication Week 4 Connector **Usage Purpose** Freq. (MHz) Type Usage Area Type⁷⁴ Cat-1 Voice 1 6P2C / RJ-11 Voice / Phone Cat-2 Voice - Data 4 8P8C / RJ-45 Voice / 4Mbps TokenRing / Terminal Cat-3 Voice - Data 8P8C / RJ-45 Voice / 10Base-T / 25Mbps ATM 16 Cat-4 Data 20 8P8C / RJ-45 10Base-T / TokenRing Cat-5 8P8C / RJ-45 10Base-T / 100Base-T / ATM / CDDI Data 100 Cat-5e 8P8C / RJ-45 100Base-T / 1000Base-T Data > 100 Cat-6 250 8P8C / RJ-45 1000Base-T / 10GBase-T@55m Data Cat-6a75 Data > 500 8P8C / RJ-45 10GBase-T 8P8C / GG-Cat-7 600 10GBase-T Data 4576 Cat-7a Data 1000 8P8C / GG-45 40Gbps@50m / 100Gbps@15m Double Cat-8 Data > 1.200 > 40 Gbps@30-50m Connectivity Furkan Çakmak









Guided Media - Fiber Optic Cabels - Con't

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- · Light sources used in fiber optic media:
 - LED (Light Emitting Diode)
 - Nonfocusable
 - ILD (Injection Laser Diode)
 - Focusable
 - Receiver side: fotodiod (Photosensitive cell)
 - It is a circuit element that can generate electrical signals depending on the strength of the light falling on it.

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Advantages of Fiber Optic Cables over Copper Cables

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- · Broad Bandwidth
- · Immunity to Electromagnetic Interference
- Attenuation
- Insulation
- Space Saving
- Security
 - Eavesdrop

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Things to Consider When using Fiber Optic Cables

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- The core parts of the fibers used at both ends must overlap exactly.
 - Attention should be paid to dirt, oil, dust and scratches.
 - Dirt, dust, etc. should be cleaned with air gun or alcohol.
 - Scratches should be polished and rounded.
- Fiber cables are fragile like glass and must be kept gently bent.
- When not in use, fiber cables should be stored with special headers to protect them from dust and scratches.
- The laser beam at the end of the fiber optic cable is dangerous to the eyes.

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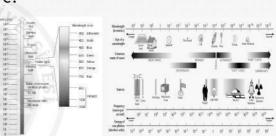
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Unguided Media

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- Technologies that aim to use the atmosphere:
 - RF (Radio Frequency)
 - · Microwave
 - IR (Infra Red)
- Ionosphere
 - Ground propagation < 2 MHz
 - Sky propagation 2-30 MHz
 - Line of sight propagation > 30 MHz



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Unguided Media - Radio Frequency

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- 3 kHz 1 GHz
- Television ve Radio
- Omnidirectonal
- · Antennas do not need to be aligned
- RF can go through the Wall.
- · Obtain approval from authorities to use RF.
- Non-approval RF types:
 - Bluetooth, IEEE 802.11, etc.

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Unguided Media - Microwaves

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- 1-300 GHz
- Satellite Ground Station
- Parabolic and horn antennas
 - Unidirectional
 - LOS Line Of Sight
- · Microwaves can not go through the Wall
- It can be harmful to the living creature between the transceiver, depending on the signal strength used.

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Unguided Media - Infra Red

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- 300GHz-400THz
- Point-to-point
 - Device's remotes
- Infra Red can not go through the Wall
- Tapping-eavesdropping
- Jamming Immune
- 75 kbps in max. 8m distance
 - · Top: 4 Mbps

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Comparison of Transmission Medium

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Week 4

Ortam Özellik	UTP	STP	Coax	FO	RF	IR	Mikro Dalga	Uydu	Hücresel
Fiyat (\$/m)	Düşük	Orta	Orta	Yüksek	Orta	Düşük (Yüksek)	Yüksek	Yüksek	Yüksek
Hız	1 Mbps- 1 Gbps	1 Mbps- 150 Mbps	1 Mbps- 1 Gbps	10 Mbps- 10 Gbps	1 Mbps- 10 Mbps	4 Mbps (Gbps)	1 Mbps- 10 Gbps	1 Mbps- 10 Gbps	9.6 kbps- 19.2 kbps
Sinyal Zayıflaması	Yüksek	Yüksek	Orta	Düşük	Düşük- Orta	Düşük- Orta	Değişken	Değişken	Düşük
ЕМІ	Yüksek	Orta	Orta	Düşük	Yüksek	Yüksek	Yüksek	Yüksek	Orta
Güvenlik	Düşük	Düşük	Düşük	Yüksek	Düşük	Orta- Yüksek	Orta	Orta	Düşük
Düğüm Ekleme	Kolay	Kolay	Kolay	Zor	Kolay	Kolay	Kolay	Kolay	Kolay
Mesafe	Kısa	Kısa	Orta	Uzun	Orta- Uzun	Kısa- Uzun	Uzun	Uzun	Uzun

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