Towards Question Answering on Statistical Linked Data

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- Motivation
 - Use Cases
 - Standard Approaches for Linked Data Consumption
- 2 Introduction
 - Question Anwering
 - Data Cubes
- Approach
 - Research Problems
 - Goals
 - Corpus
- 4 Future Work

- increasing amount of statistical linked data
- highly relevant for decision making

Financial Data—Where Does My Money Go?

WHERE DOES MY MONEY GO?



Showing you where your taxes get spent

The Daily Bread

Country & Regional Analysis

Departmental Spending About

The Daily Bread Costs for the British Taxpayer per Day

SALARY

£22,000

SELECT YOUR SALARY

YOUR TAX

£8,774

Running Government Defence

Health

Helping Others

Education

Running The Country, Social Systems

Order & Safety

Our Streets The Environment

£3,26

£1.60

£5.86

£8.60

£0.38

Culture

£1.54

£1.42

£0.78

£0.28

£0.24

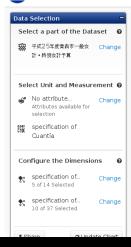
Financial Data—OpenSpending

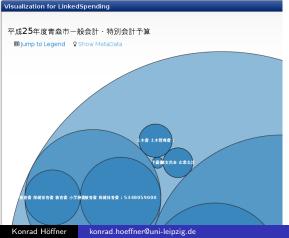


Financial Data—LinkedSpending

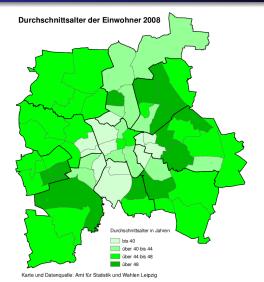








Demographic Data—Average Age in Leipzig by District



SPARQL Endpoint

Virtuoso SPARQL Query Editor

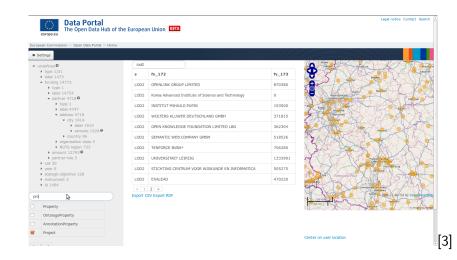
About | Namespace Prefixes | Inference rules

Default Data Set Name (Graph IRI)

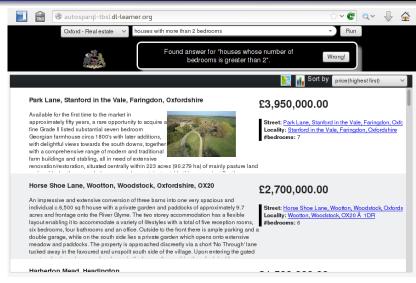
Query Text

```
select distinct ?d ?c ?r
{
    ?o qb:dataSet ?d.
    ?o dbo:currency ?c.
    ?c dbp:inflationRate ?r.
    filter(?r > 10)
}
```

Faceted Browsing



Question Answering



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Definition of QA

- users ask questions in natural language (NL)
- using their own terminology
- receive concise answer

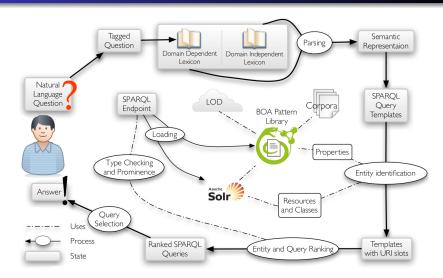
Properties of QA

- intuitive for users
- expressive
- some effort to set up

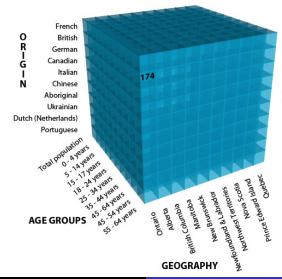
Dimensions of QA

dimension	values
input type	keywords, factual queries (who, what, how many,) , affirmation/negation, causality (why, how)
source scope	structured, semistructured, textual or semantic domain dependent, domain independent

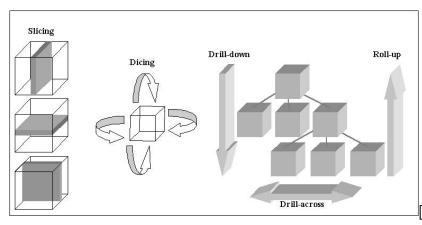
AutoSPARQL TBSL



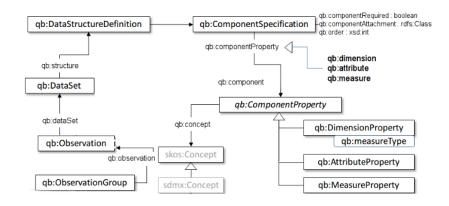
Multidimensional Dataset: Data Cube



Operations on Data Cubes



RDF Data Cube (RDC) Vocabulary



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Research Problems

- "What steps are necessary to adapt an existing semantic question answering system to statistical linked data in the form of RDF Data Cubes?"
- "How can research on question answering on statistical linked data be stimulated and evaluated?"

Problem—Different Questions

- "What is the name of the wife of Barack Obama?"
- "What was the average Leipzig district budget in 2012?"

Problem—Different Structure

- RDF Data Cube Vocabulary (RDC) is a meta model
- RDF as underlying structure only provides the base

Goals

- create statistical question corpus to identify required functionality
- using (1)—create benchmark on LinkedSpending datasets
- using (1)—adapt TBSL to RDCs
- using (2)—evaluate and optimize new system

Statistical Question Corpus

collection of 50 representative questions from volunteers

Excerpt of Questions

How much money, does Leipzig and Dresden spend on child care in relation to the birth rate in comparison to the average in Saxony.

What is the average monthly income of a German citizen?

How much money was invested to fight bicycle thefts in Leipzig?

How many citizens live in a certain area?

How much does Germany spend on research a year?

Challenges

- aggregation mapping
- implied aggregation
- dataset selection
- expected presentation type
- expected answer type

Expected Answer Types

question word	expected answer type	f
how much	quantity (uncountable)	19
what	any	12
how many	quantity (countable)	11
which	equivalent to "what"	3
where	location or purpose	2
how is	any	1
relate	comparison or visualization	1
none (statement)	any	1
total		50

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Future Work

- still very much work in progress
- extend the corpus, more participants from a more varied background
- refine corpus to benchmark
- add RDC functionality to TBSL
- continously evaluate and optimize the new system using the benchmark

References

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 Exploring the Web of Spatial Data with Facete.
 In Companion proceedings of 23rd International World Wide Web Conference (WWW), pages 175–178, 2014.
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 Template-based question answering over RDF data.