



Assignment

Python app with hello World configuration

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with a Python Flask application named 'app.py' open. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
1 from flask import Flask
2
3 app = Flask(__name__)
4
5 @app.route('/')
6 def hello_world():
7     return 'Hello, World!'
8
9 if __name__ == '__main__':
10     app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0')
11
```

The Explorer sidebar on the left shows the project structure with files: 'myenv', 'app.py', 'Dockerfile', and 'requirements.txt'. The bottom panel displays the 'TERMINAL' tab with the following output:

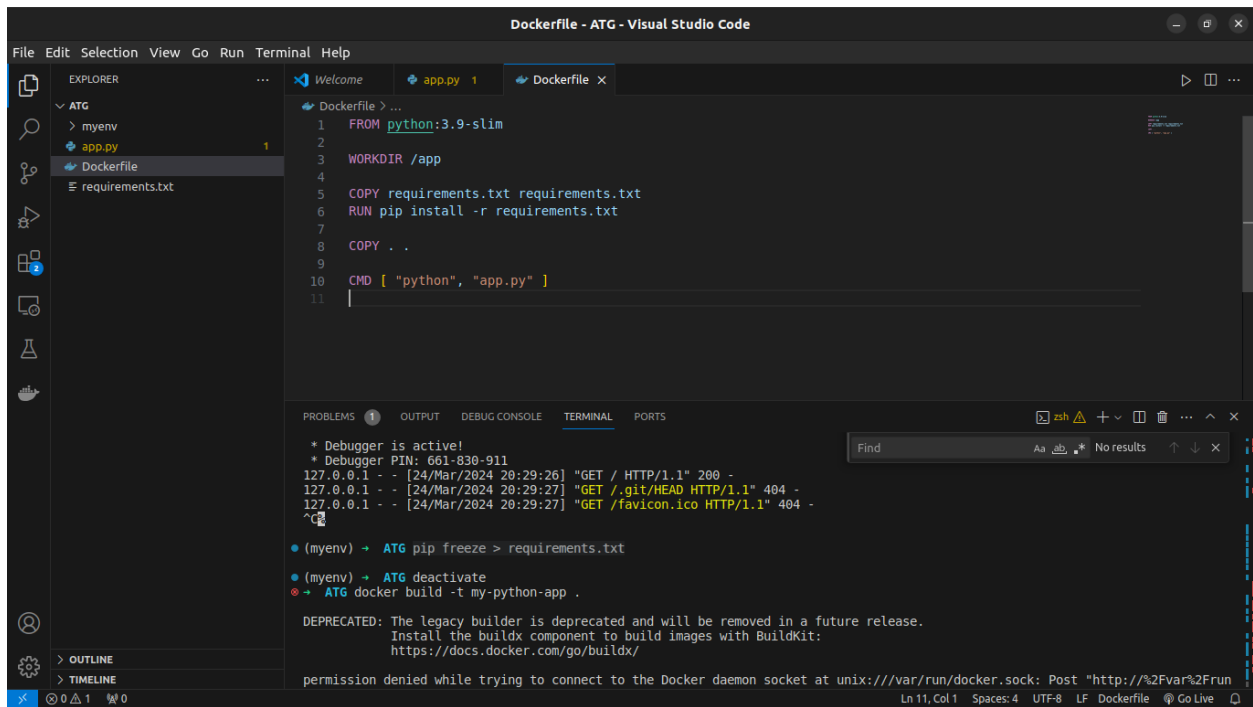
```
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 115-311-638
172.17.0.1 - - [24/Mar/2024 16:25:37] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the current file is 'Ln 8, Col 1', the encoding is 'UTF-8', the line ending is 'LF', the interpreter is 'Python 3.10.12 (myenv: venv)', and the 'Go Live' button is available.

```
python3 -m venv myenv // virtual Enviornment  
  
source myenv/bin/activate // activate  
  
pip install flask // flask install  
  
pip freeze > requirements.txt // all requires dependicies
```

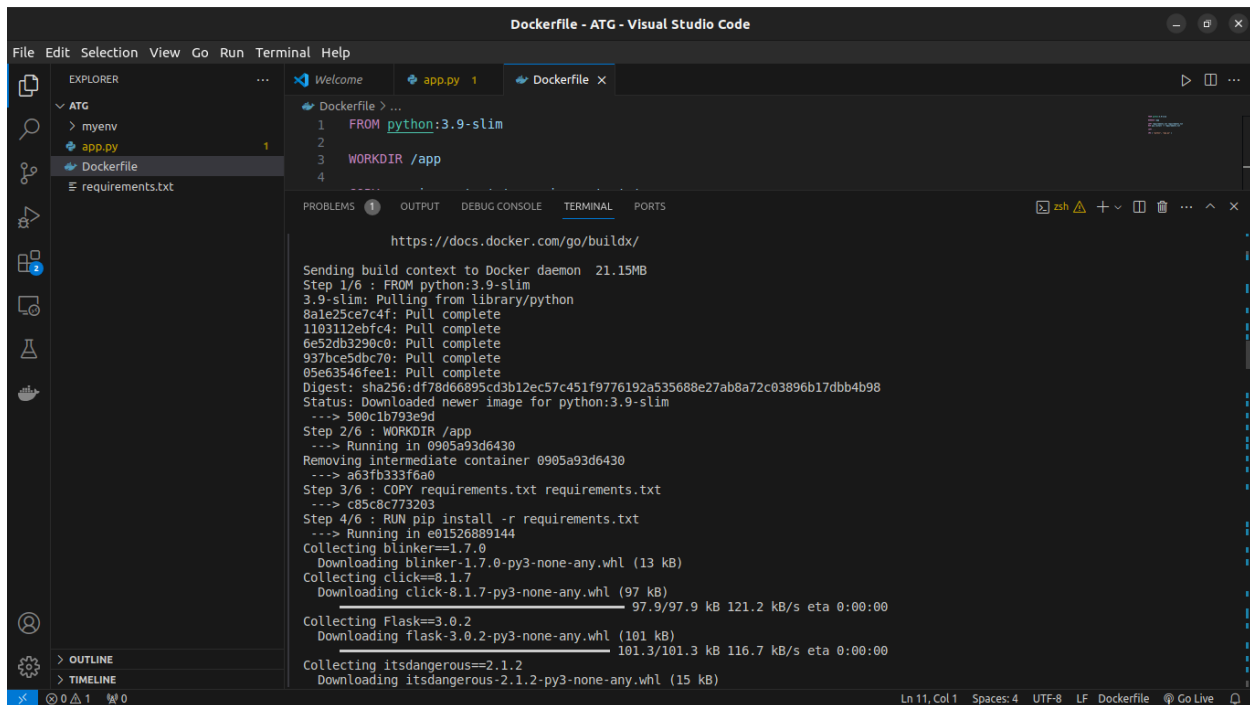
Docker file for building Docker Images

```
FROM python:3.9-slim  
  
WORKDIR /app  
  
COPY requirements.txt requirements.txt  
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt  
  
COPY . .  
  
CMD [ "python", "app.py" ]
```



command to build it

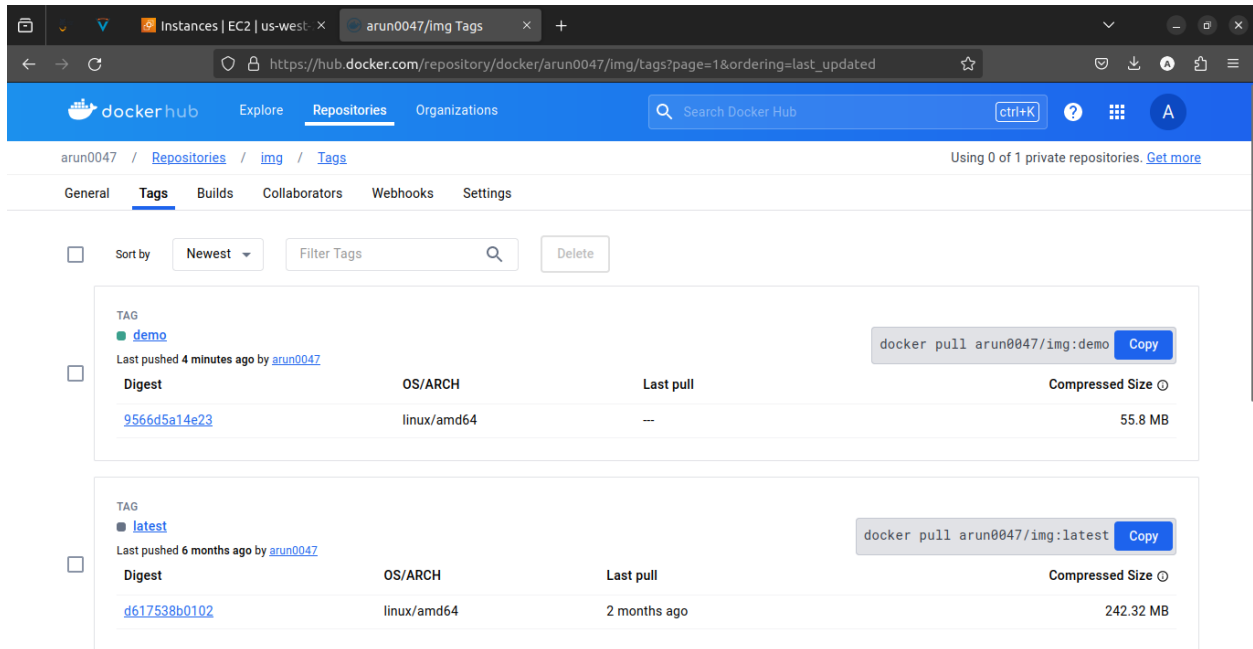
```
docker build -t my-python-app .
```



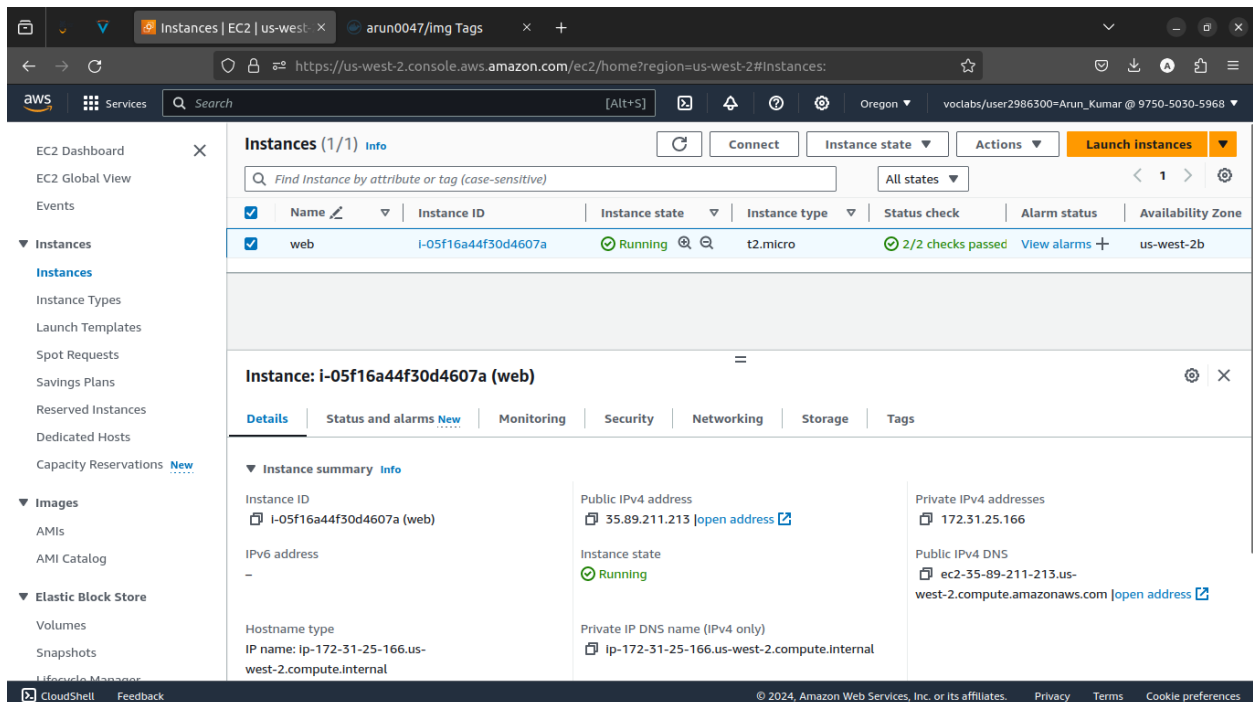
After building the image push it to docker hub so that we can download from docker hub on ec2 sever

```
sudo docker tag my-python-app arun0047/img:demo # images
```

```
sudo docker push arun0047/img:demo # pushing to docker hub
```



AWS Ec2 server creation



public ip : 35.89.211.213

private ip : 172.31.25.166

used key pair to connect to the instance using ssh command

```
ssh -i key.pem ubuntu@35.89.211.213
```

To run an EC2 instance, you'll need to perform the following steps:

1. **Sign in to the AWS Management Console:** Go to the AWS Management Console at <https://console.aws.amazon.com> and sign in to your AWS account.
2. **Navigate to the EC2 Dashboard:** Once you're logged in, navigate to the EC2 dashboard by searching for "EC2" in the AWS services search bar or by clicking on "Services" and selecting "EC2" from the list.
3. **Launch Instance:** On the EC2 dashboard, click on the "Launch Instance" button to start the instance creation wizard.
4. **Choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI):** Select an AMI from the provided list. An AMI is a pre-configured template for your instance. You can choose from various operating systems and configurations.
5. **Choose an Instance Type:** Select an instance type based on your requirements. Instance types vary in terms of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity.
6. **Configure Instance:** Configure instance details such as the number of instances, network settings, subnet, IAM role, etc. You can leave most of the options as default if you're unsure.
7. **Add Storage:** Specify the size and type of storage for your instance. You can add additional EBS volumes if needed.
8. **Add Tags (Optional):** Add tags to your instance for easier identification and management.

9. **Configure Security Group:** Configure security group settings to control inbound and outbound traffic to your instance. At a minimum, you'll need to allow SSH (port 22) access for remote administration.
10. **Review and Launch:** Review your instance configuration and click on the "Launch" button if everything looks good.
11. **Select Key Pair:** Choose an existing key pair or create a new one. Key pairs are used for SSH authentication to connect to your instance securely.
12. **Launch Instance:** Click on the "Launch Instances" button to start the instance.

Once you've launched the instance, you can monitor its status on the EC2 dashboard. Once the instance is in the "running" state, you can connect to it using SSH or other remote access methods.

1. **Update the Package Repository:** Update the package repository to ensure you're installing the latest version of Docker and its dependencies.

```
sudo apt update
```

2. **Install Docker Engine:** Install Docker Engine using the following command:

```
sudo apt install docker.io -y
```

This command installs Docker Engine, the Docker command-line tool, and the Docker container runtime.

3. **Start Docker Service:** Start the Docker service:

```
sudo systemctl start docker
```

You can also enable Docker to start on boot:

```
sudo systemctl enable docker
```

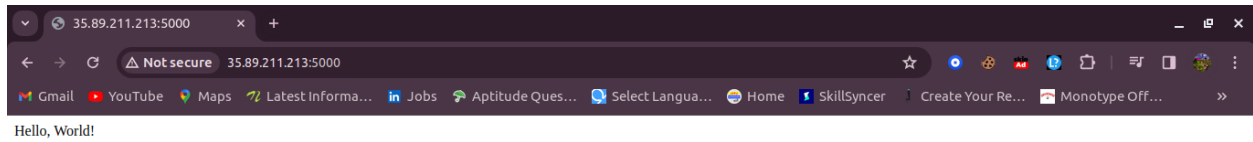
```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-25-166: ~$ docker pull arun0047/img:demo
permission denied while trying to connect to the Docker daemon socket at unix:///var/run/docker.sock: Post "http://%2Fvar%2Frun%2Fdocker.sock/v1.24/images/create?fromImage=arun0047%2Fimg&tag=
demo": dial unix /var/run/docker.sock: connect: permission denied
ubuntu@ip-172-31-25-166: ~$ sudo docker pull arun0047/img:demo
demo: Pulling from arun0047/img
Digest: sha256:9566d5a14e233ae4d73ff200f38b5d8b0d8e9b529b8fb9ee33fd1a84834cb1
Status: Image is up to date for arun0047/img:demo
docker.io/arun0047/img:demo
ubuntu@ip-172-31-25-166: ~$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG             IMAGE ID        CREATED         SIZE
arun0047/img        demo           9197faa4c32a   About an hour ago   158MB
ubuntu@ip-172-31-25-166: ~$ sudo docker run -p 5000:5000 9197faa4c32a
* Serving Flask app 'app'
* Debug mode: on
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
* Running on http://172.17.0.2:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
* Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 263-569-284
117.233.190.219 - - [24/Mar/2024 16:31:36] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

pulled the docker images from docker hub and the run docker image

Then run your Docker container:

```
docker run -p 5000:5000 image
```

This will ensure that all the dependencies required by our Flask application are installed inside the Docker container when it is built and run.



video : POC

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1f9xNbKDkyqnywoXiXQPxY69DuThNfrvP/view?usp=sharing>