



1

Determine if the following statements are true(T) or false(F). Mark the correct answer. No justification needed.

- (a) ☐ T ☐ F $\int_0^1 \int_0^x \sqrt{x+y^2} dy dx = \int_0^x \int_0^1 \sqrt{x+y^2} dx dy$
- (b) ☐ T ☐ F $\int_0^b \int_{x^2}^{a-x} f(x,y) dy dx = \int_0^{a-b} \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} f(x,y) dx dy + \int_{a-b}^a \int_0^{a-y} f(x,y) dx dy$ (assume $a > b$)
- (c) ☐ T ☐ F If $f(x,y) = g(x)h(y)$, then $\iint_D f(x,y) dA = (\iint_D g(x) dA) (\iint_D h(y) dA)$

2 (Challenge)

Given that the volume of a region \mathcal{W} is

$$V = \iiint_{\mathcal{W}} 1 dV = \frac{4}{15}$$

where \mathcal{W} is bounded by the surfaces given by $x = 0$, $x = 1$, $z = a$, $y = 0$, $z + y + x^2 = 4$, $y + x^2 - 4 = -a$. Find all possible values for a (assume that $a \in (0, \infty)$).

3

Set up, but do **NOT** evaluate, the following triple integrals to find the volume. Draw the associated 2D region in a coordinate plane.

- (a) $y = x^2 + 4z^2$ and $y = 2x + 3$
- (b) $z = \sqrt{x^2 + 4y^2}$ and $z = 1$
- (c) A shape with vertices located at $(0, 0, 0)$, $(a, 0, 0)$, $(0, b, 0)$, and $(0, 0, c)$
- (d) The solid common to the cylinders $z = \sin x$ and $z = \sin y$ over the square $R = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq \pi, 0 \leq y \leq \pi\}$
- (e) The wedge of the square column $|x| + |y| = 1$ created by the planes $z = 0$ and $x + y + z = 1$.

4

Set up, but do **NOT** evaluate, the following double integrals. Draw the associated 2D region in a coordinate plane.

- (a) $\int \int_D e^{\frac{x}{y}} dA$, $D = \{(x, y) | 1 \leq y \leq 2, y \leq x \leq y^3\}$
- (b) $\int \int_D 4xy - y^3 dA$, is the region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x^3$.
- (c) $\int \int_D 6x^2 - 40y dA$, D is the triangle with vertices $(0, 3)$, $(1, 1)$, $(5, 3)$.
- (d) The volume of the solid that lies below the surface given by $z = 16xy + 200$ and lies in the region in the xy -plane bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 8 - x^2$.