

Exercise sheet 13 – Libraries, user management, and file systems

Goals:

- Shared libraries
- User management
- File systems

Exercise 13.1: Shared libraries

- (a) Update the OS_exercises repository with git pull.
- (b) Change into the OS_exercises/sheet_13_libs_user_fs/library directory.
- (c) Compile the supermath.c into a shared library with the name libsupermath.so.
- (d) Copy the header to /usr/local/include. Check the permissions after copying.
- (e) Copy the shared library to /usr/lib. You may also update the shared library cache with ldconfig. Check the permissions after copying.
- (f) Change into the OS_exercises/sheet_13_libs_user_fs/main_program directory.
- (g) Compile the math program by linking to the supermath.
- (h) Use the math program with ./math 1 + 2.

Exercise 13.2: User management

- (a) Which users exist on your system?
- (b) Which groups exist on your system?
- (c) Create a new user test.
- (d) In which group is your new user?
- (e) Create a new group dev_data.
- (f) Add the user test to the group dev_data.
- (g) Inspect the passwd and group files again, on your system.

Exercise 13.3: File systems questions

- (a) Visualise the directory inodes of /home/dev, similar to the slide 20 on "OS 15 File systems"
- (b) Consider a file that is moved with:
 - mv ./file subdir/
 - Why is it not required to copy the file content into the subdir and remove the content from the current directory?
- (c) What is faster? Explain your answer.

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- a) mv ~/file ~/subdir/
- b) mv ~/file /mnt/USB_STICK
- (d) What is a journaling file system? You may do some research to answer that.
- (e) Are EXT4, BTRFS, FAT32, or NTFS journaling file systems? You may do some research to answer that.
- (f) Do your own research for the following file system properties
 - Case sensitive
 - Hard links
 - Online grow
 - Snapshotting
 - Max file size

and check which of the file systems EXT4, BTRFS, FAT32, or NTFS supports these properties.

Exercise 13.4: File system handling

- (a) Switch your Linux VM off.
- (b) Add a new hard disk to your VM:

 Settings -> Adds hard disk -> Create new disk -> VMDK -> Dynamically allocated -> 1 GB
- (c) Start your Linux VM.
- (d) Use gparted: to create a GPT partition table on your new hard disk.
- (e) Use gparted: to create a partition with the ext4 file system.
- (f) Mount your newly created file system to /mnt.
- (g) Create a new file on your mounted file system.
- (h) Unmount the mounted file system.
- (i) List the content of /mnt