

Exercise sheet 5 – Processor architecture

Goals:

- Synchronisation commands
- Endianness

Exercise 5.1: Endianness (theoretical)

(a) The given struct meier is transmitted serially (byte-by-byte) from a little-endian to a bigendian architecture. Assume both are 32-bit architectures. Hint: A hex-digit has 4 bits.

```
struct employee {
       char name[12];
                           //ASCII/UTF-8 (1 byte)
2
       char birthday[12]; //ASCII/UTF-8 (1 byte)
3
       int32_t id;
4
   };
   struct employee meier = {
7
       .name = "Josef Meier",
8
       .birthday = "01.02.1957",
9
                  = 0x123456
10
   };
11
```

Provide a solution similar to the scheme in the lecture. Which corrections may be necessary?

Exercise 5.2: Endianness with integer (coding)

Given is a big-endian system program—the Java runtime environment—that transfers data via a file to a little-endian system C program. Investigate the behaviour: You may have to fix something for a correct transfer.

- (a) Update the RA exercises repository with git pull.
- (b) Change into the directory RA_exercises/sheet_05/Endianness/Java_BE
- (c) Inspect, build, and run the given Java program.
- (d) Inspect and interpret the result file output.txt. Hint: Use a HEX viewer, for example: xxd.

```
1 xxd -c 1 output.txt #to show the byte per byte view (memory/file view) \\
2 xxd -c 4 output.txt #to show the word view (register view in 32 bit/4 byte mode)
```

- (e) Change into the directory RA_exercises/sheet_05/Endianness/C_LE
- (f) Inspect, build, and run the given C program.
- (g) Analyse the output of the C program. What happened? What could be the cause of this?
- (h) Fix the problem in the C program, following the TODOs.
- (i) Build and run the C program again. Is the problem now solved?

Exercise 5.3: Endianness with an UTF16 character (coding)

Given is a big-endian UTF16 encoded character saved in a file. A C/C++ program (little-endian) wants to read and print the encoded character to the terminal.

Computer architecture Exercise sheet 5

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- (a) Change into the directory RA_exercises/sheet_05/Endianness_UTF16/read_UTF16_character
- (b) Inspect the UTF16 character within the given file RA_exercises/sheet_05/Endianness_UTF16/utf16_character_be.txt. *Hint: Use a HEX viewer, for example:* xxd.
- 1 xxd -c 1 utf16_character_be.txt #to show the byte per byte view (memory/file view) \\
 2 xxd -c 4 utf16_character_be.txt #to show the word view (register view in 32 bit/4 byte
- (c) Inspect, build, and run the given C/C++ program.
- (d) Analyse the output of the C/C++ program. What happened? What could be the cause of this?
- (e) Fix the problem in the C/C++ program, following the TODOs.
- (f) Build and run the C program again. Is the problem now solved?