

Exercise sheet 14 – Drivers

Goals:

- Build a driver
- Load/unload a driver

Exercise 14.1: Using Drivers

Change into the directory `OS_exercises/sheet_14_drivers`

You may need admin privileges for some of the exercises.

- Check if `scull` the scull module/driver is already loaded. There are two possible methods for this: a command or the file `/proc/devices`
- Build the `scull` driver with the included `Makefile`.
- Open an additional shell and open (+follow) the kernel log `/var/log/kern.log` with `tail -f /var/log/kern.log`
- Load the module `scull.ko` into the system.
- Did something happen in the kernel log? Read the `major device number` which was printed there.
- Check if the module is now loaded inside the system.
- Create the two device files `scull0` and `scull1`.
- Change the owner of both device files to `dev` with
 - `sudo chown dev scull0 scull1`
- Look at the source code of `mycat.c`. What does this program?
- Compile `mycat.c` into `mycat`
- Write a string to `scull0`, use `mycat` to copy the string from `scull0` to `scull1`. Then read the content of `scull1`.
 - `echo "This is a test!" > scull0`
 - `./mycat scull0 > scull1`
 - `./mycat scull1`
- Was anything written to the log file?
- Unload the driver module! Check if it is now unloaded!
- Remove both device files!

Exercise 14.2: Look into the module sources

To answer these questions, look inside `scull.c`

- Which user functions are supported by the driver?
- Where does the system get to know about the supported functions?
- How and where is the memory for the device created?
- How and where is the memory for the device released?



- (e) Which function is used to print messages into the logfile?
- (f) Why is it not possible to read the same data twice from the device?
- (g) How is this type of reading called?
- (h) How is it avoided that the module is being unloaded while it is in use?
- (i) In which mode is the module running? In kernel (system mode) or user (user mode) space?