

## Exercise sheet 3 – Hardware performance

### Goals:

- Basic knowledge about performance measures
- Practical benchmarking: Popular benchmarking suites and tools (CPU, (GPU), Memory, IO, Network)

### Exercise 3.1: Clock cycle time

- Calculate the clock cycle time  $t_{CC}$  (s) of the Intel i9-11980HK processor at its base frequency (configurable TDP-up base frequency). You may find the CPU specification somewhere in the internet.
- How many ADD instruction could theoretically be performed within one second, if an ADD instruction takes 0.25 cycles (according to [https://www.agner.org/optimize/#manual\\_instr\\_tab](https://www.agner.org/optimize/#manual_instr_tab))?
- How do the calculated numbers change, if the Intel i9-11980HK runs on its max turbo frequency?

### Exercise 3.2: Time measurement and speed up

- Inspect the source in `sheet_03_performance/time_measurement/main.c`
- Compile the source in `sheet_03_performance/time_measurement` with: `gcc -O0 ...`
- Measure the time (real) when executing the compiled program.
- Repeat the compilation and time measurement with: `gcc -Ofast ...`
- Calculate the speedup.

### Exercise 3.3: Popular benchmarking suites

- Use [geekbench5](https://www.geekbench.com/) to benchmark your CPU. You can download it from: <https://www.geekbench.com/>
- Who has the highest single core and multi core score?
- Use PassMark PerformanceTest to benchmark your CPU. You may install the `libncurses5` library first. You can download it from: [https://www.passmark.com/products/pt\\_linux/index.php](https://www.passmark.com/products/pt_linux/index.php)
- Who has the highest integer and floating point MOPS?

### Exercise 3.4: CPU benchmarking

- Use `7z` to benchmark a single core on your CPU
- Use `7z` to benchmark all cores on your CPU
- Who has the highest single core and multi core MIPS value?

### Exercise 3.5: Memory benchmarking



- (a) Use sysbench to benchmark your memory with a single thread.
- (b) Who has the highest single core memory throughput?

### Exercise 3.6: IO benchmarking

- (a) Use `fiio` to benchmark the read throughput (without buffers) of your storage medium (HDD, SSD).
- (b) Use `fiio` to benchmark the write throughput (without buffers) of your storage medium (HDD, SSD).
- (c) Who has the highest read/write IO throughput?

### Exercise 3.7: Network benchmarking

- (a) Use `speedtest-cli` to measure the internet speed.
- (b) What is the ping and the throughput?
- (c) Optional: If you have Linux on your host: Use `wavemon` to measure the WLAN quality.

### Exercise 3.8: Windows or macOS benchmarking

- (a) Find and test similar tools for Window or macOS:
  - CPU
  - GPU
  - Memory
  - IO
  - Network