Training TANGO

Users Session

04.02.2003





A «computing tool» dedicated to the implementation of distributed systems, heterogeneous and oriented control/commande (switch)

Distributed Systems ?

The system components are geographically distributed on machines connected through a computing network

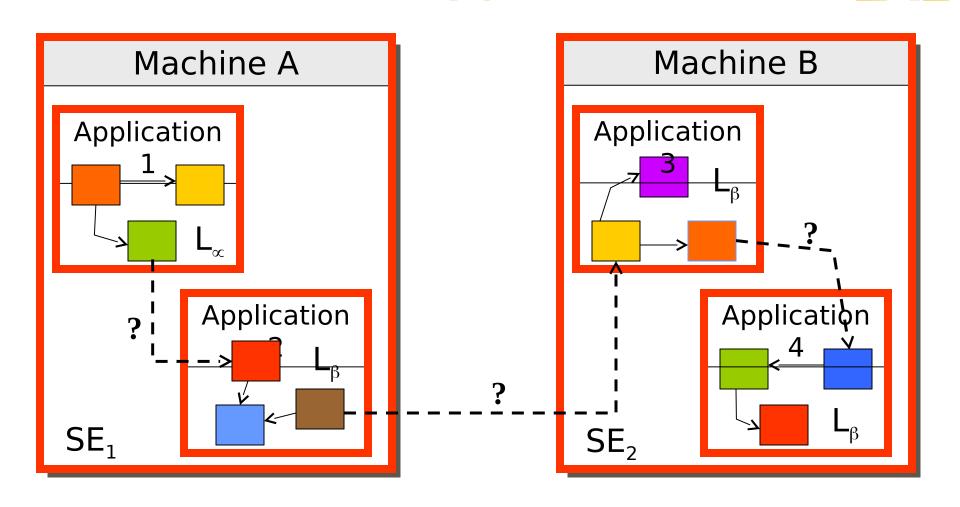
Heterogeneous Systems ?

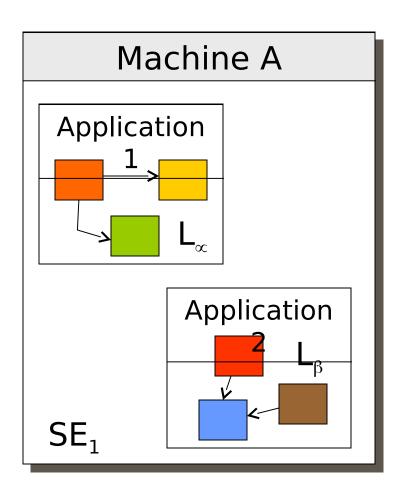
A coherent whole made from heterogeneous hardwares and softwares

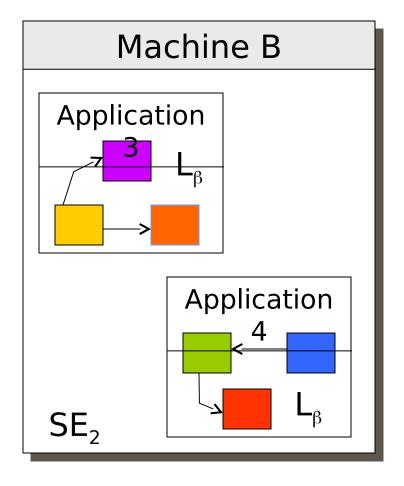
oriented Systems ctrl/command ?

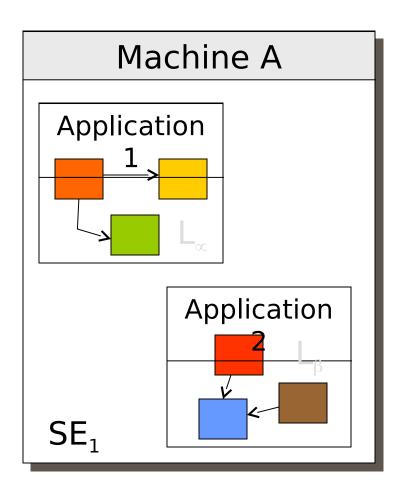
Services adapted to a control system (storage, logging, alarms, ...)

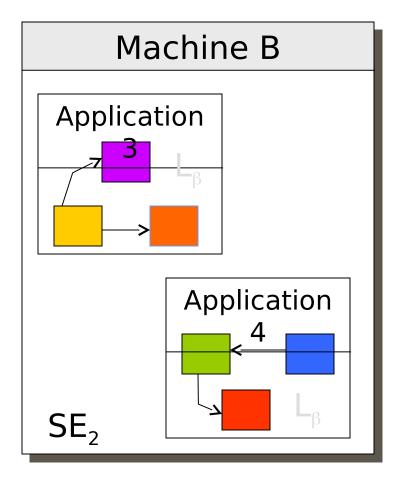
How does TANGO solve the contraints of activity distribution and of interoperability (interaction) of the heterogeneous components?

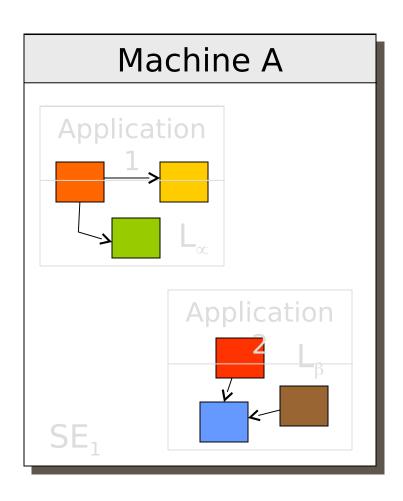


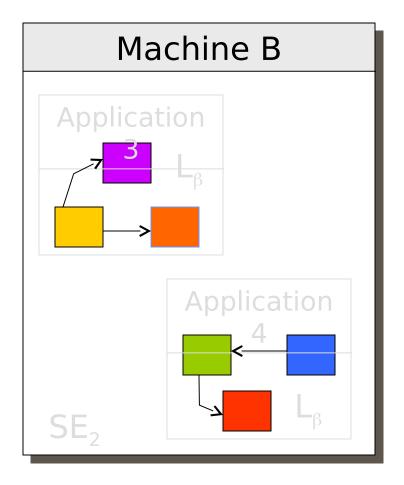


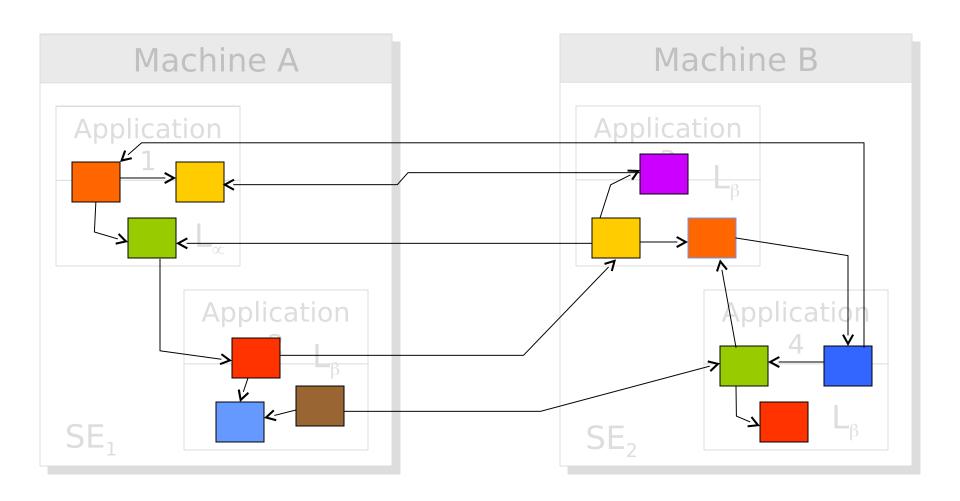


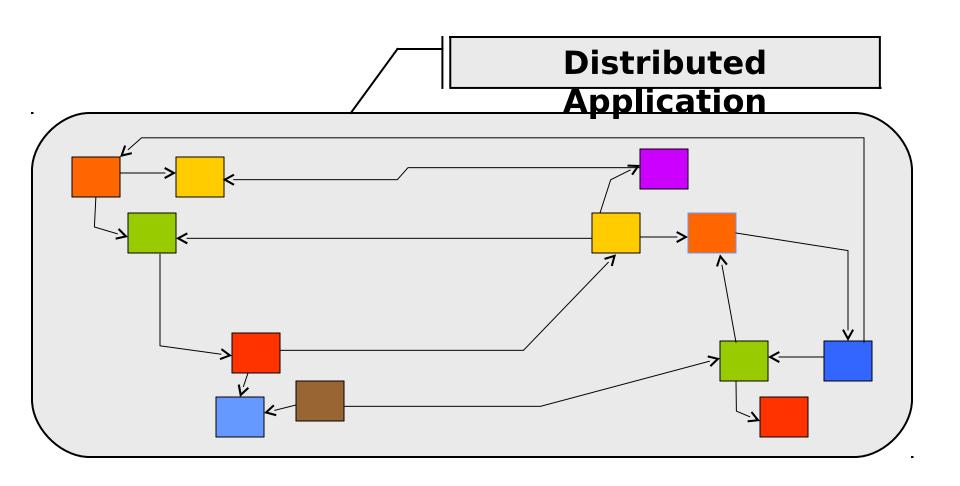


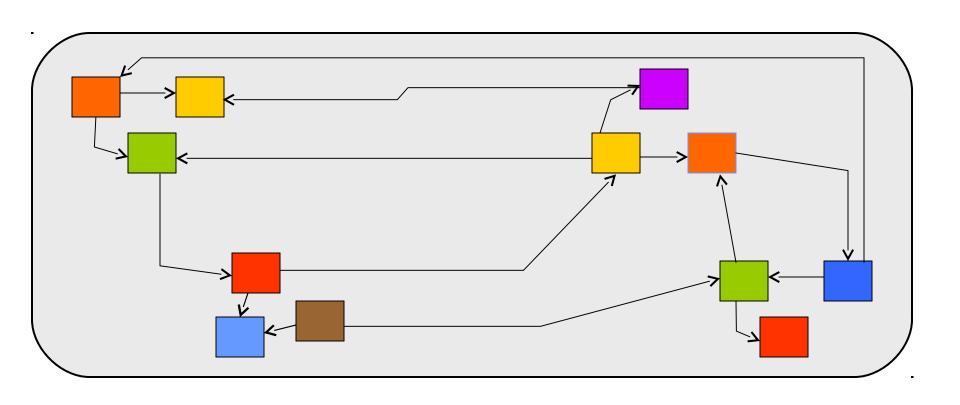


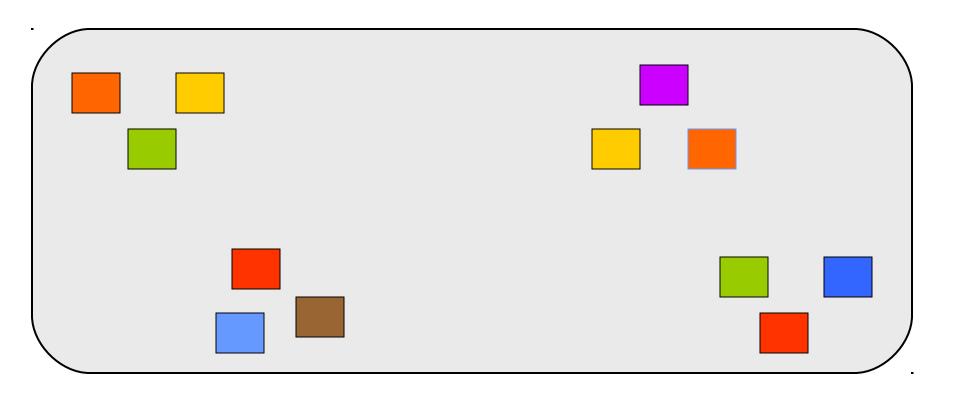


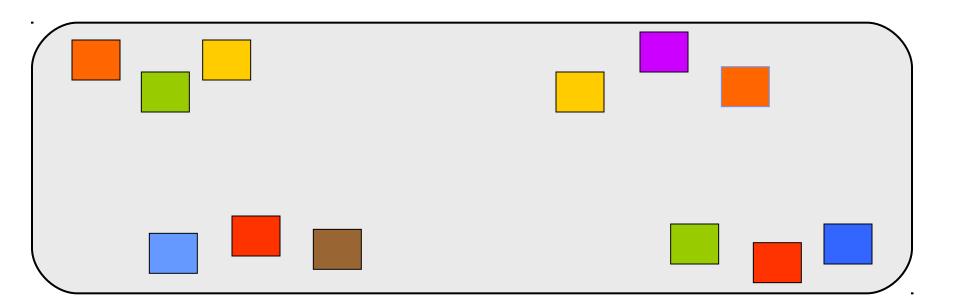


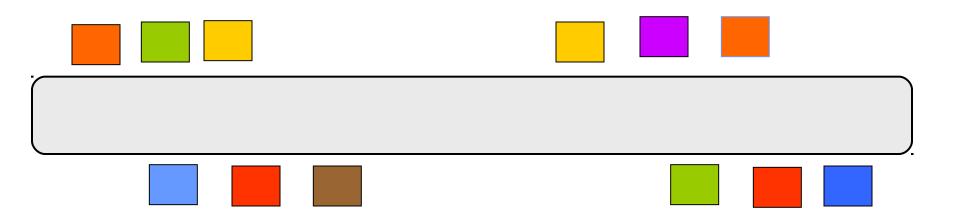


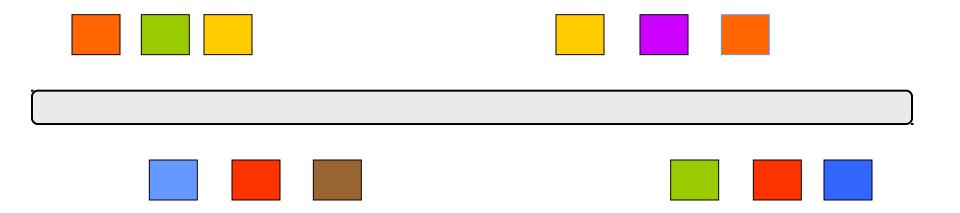






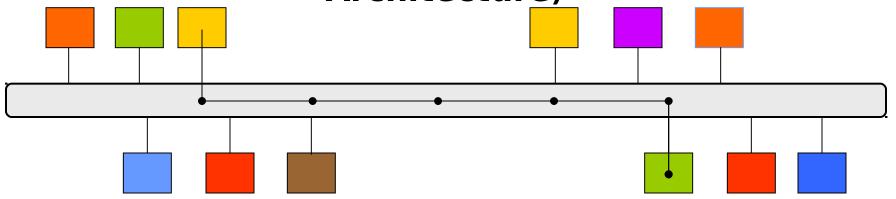






CORBA

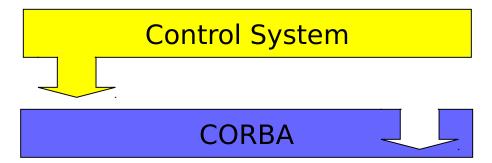
(Common Object Request Broker Architecture)



A standard tool in charge of the communications between software components making up distributed and heterogeneous applications

CORBA = 1 generic tool

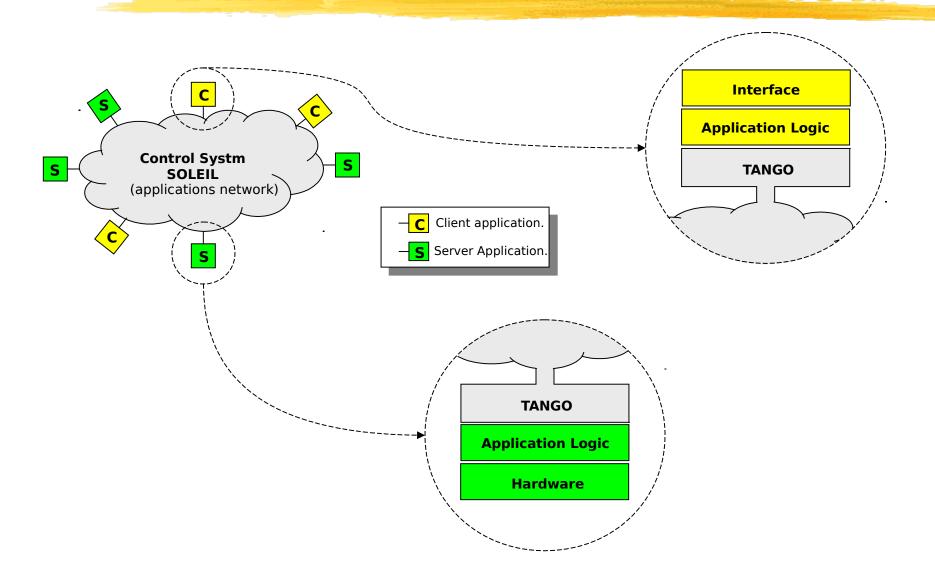
- support to the development of distributed applications
- A powerful but cumbersome tool
- No functionalities «ctrl/cmd oriented»



- a framework CORBA ctrl/cmd oriented
 - A toolbox to implement the system
 - A specialization of CORBA adapted to the needs



- Unifier kernel (core) of the system
 - Overall consistency

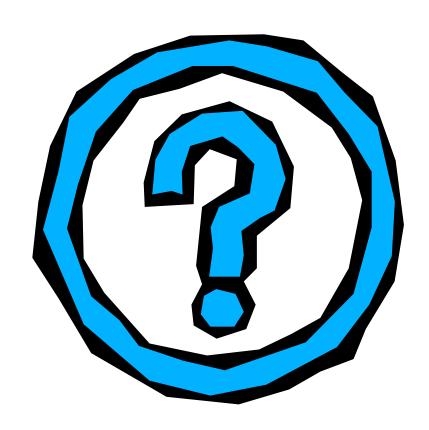


- Unifier kernel (core) of the system
 - Overall consistency
- factorize the services
 - factorize additions and corrections

- Unifier kernel (core) of the system
 - Overall consistency
- factorize the services
 - factorize additions and corrections
- standardize the applications
 - harmonization of the applications structure

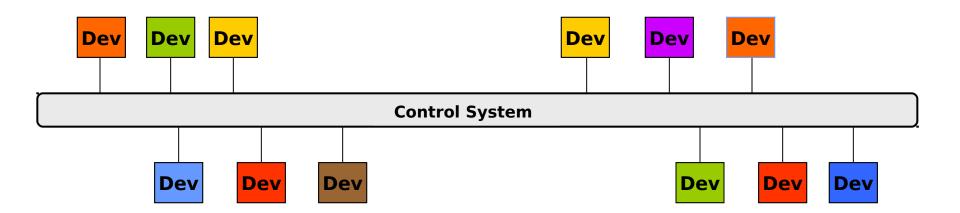
- Unifier kernel (core) of the system
 - Overall consistency
- factorize the services
 - factorize additions and corrections
- standardize the applications
 - harmonization of the applications structure
- masks technical details
 - 1 interface of simplified programmation (APIs)
 - focus on the application logic

- Philosophy ...
 - simplicity
 - mask the CORBA mechanisms
 - propose simplified APIs
 - genericity
 - Enable the writing of generic clients
 - On the communications point of view: 1 single object type



TANGO: device

- an abstract concept : the «device»
 - central component of the structure (architecture)

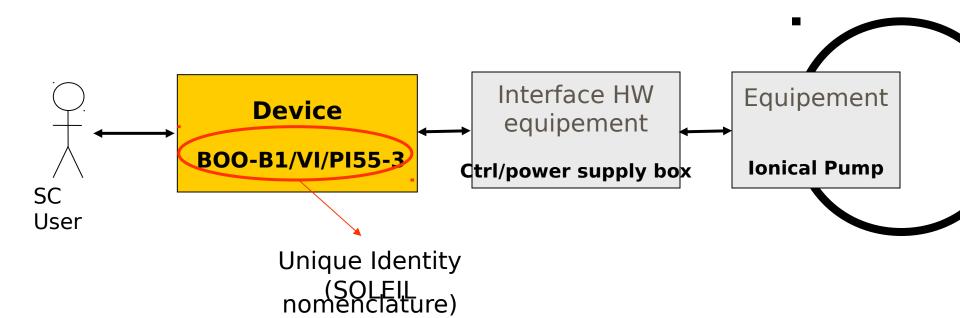


TANGO: device: definition

- device = 1 <entity> to be controlled
 - Hardware of software
 - device «physical» / device «logical»
- device = 1 polymorphous object
 - 1 equipment (ex: 1 power supply)
 - 1 collection of equipments (ex: 1 motor + 1 encoder)
 - 1 devices agregate (ex: a beamline)
 - 1 application (ex: 1 agent of the storage service)

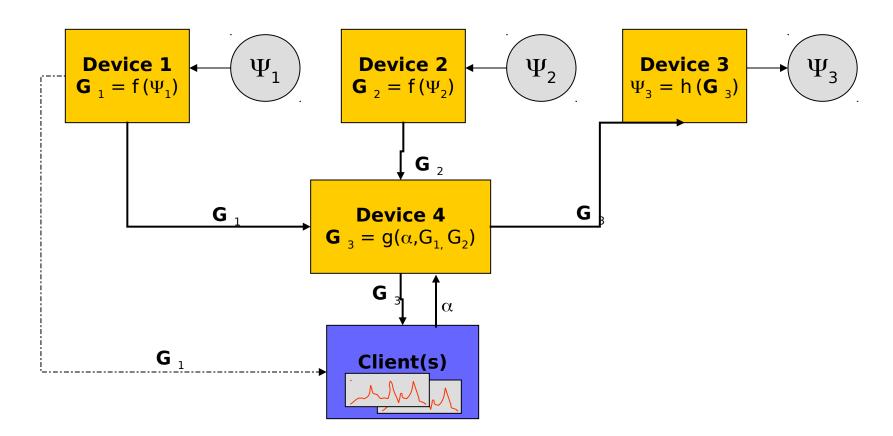
TANGO: device: définition

- device = 1 equipment
 - The most simple and widespread case



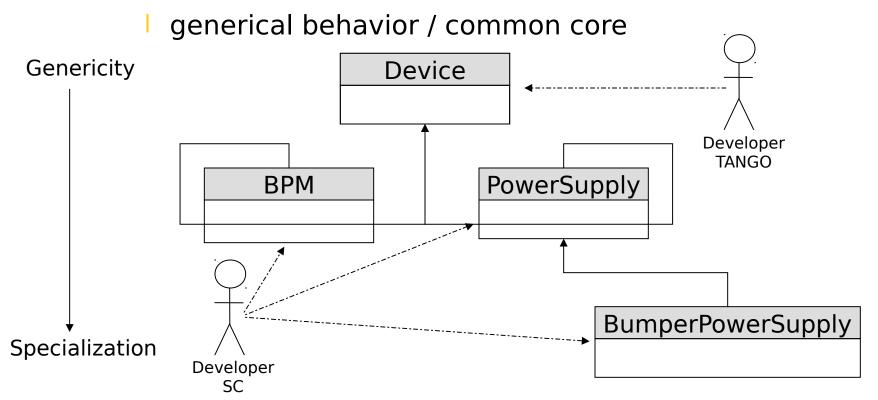
TANGO: device: definition

- device = 1 application
 - Logic device

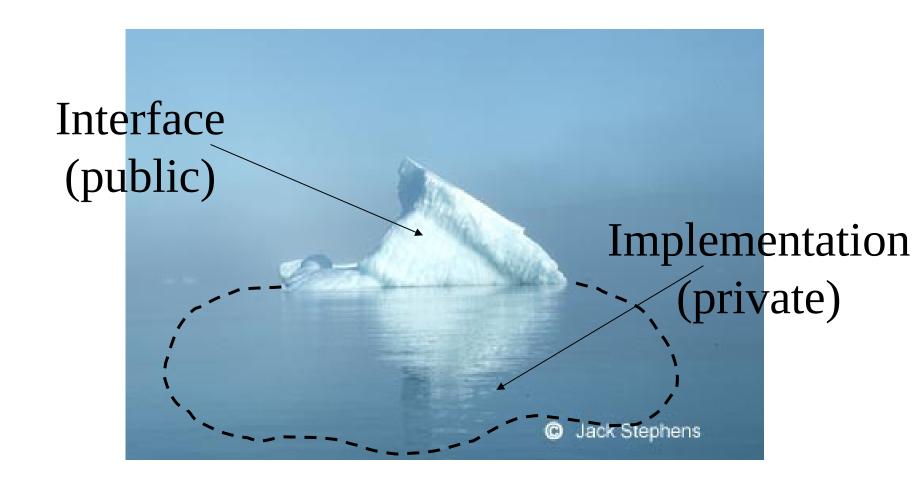


TANGO: device: class

- Belongs to a class
 - member of a devices' family
 - derived from a basic (common) class



TANGO: device: interface



TANGO: device: interface

- Owns a communication interface
 - interface device <=> class

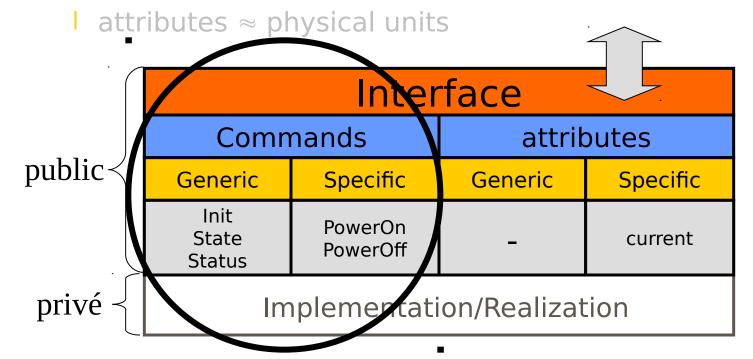
Lattributos a physical unito

- interface = commands + attributes
 - l commandes ≈ actions

attributes ≈ physical units						
public	Interface					
	Commands		attributes			
	Generic	Specific	Generic	Specific		
	Init State Status	PowerOn PowerOff	-	current		
private $\left\{ \right.$	Implementation/Realization					

TANGO: device: interface

- Owns a communication interface
 - interface device <=> class
 - interface = commands + attributes
 - commands ≈ actions



TANGO: device: interface: command

- 1 action
- 0 ou 1 entry argument (argin)
- 0 ou 1 exit argument (argout)
- argin & argout = 1 of the 20 TANGO types
- Execution : indirect mecanism
 - -> generic approach of TANGO
 - -> 1 CORBA method : command_inout
 - belongs to the generic interface of the devices
 - dedicated to the fulfillment of non generic commands
 - Device's specificity (PowerSupply, StepperMotor, ...)
 - only one signature: 400 combinations argin/argout!
 - generic containers (CORBA::any)

TANGO: device: interface: command

About the argin & argout type...

TANGO	Desc	Matlab
DEV_VOID	no argin and/or no argout	-
DEV_STATE	Device status	1-by-n char array
DEV_STRING	Characters chain	1-by-n char array
DEV_BOOLEAN	boolean	1-by-1 uint16 array
DEV_SHORT	Integer 16 bits signed	1-by-1 int16 array
DEV_USHORT	Integer 16 bits non signed	1-by-1 uint16 array
DEV_LONG	Integer 32 bits signed	1-by-1 int32 array
DEV_ULONG	Integer 32 bits non signed	1-by-1 uint32 array

TANGO: device: interface: commande

About the argin & argout type ...

TANGO	Desc	Matlab
DEV_FLOAT	real 32 bits	1-by-1 single array
DEV_DOUBLE	real 64 bits	1-by-1 double array
DEVVAR_CHARARRAY	Octets chart (i.e. characters)	1-by-n char array
DEVVAR_ SHORTARRAY	Integers chart 16 bits signed	1-by-n int16 array
DEVVAR_ USHORTARRAY	Integers chart 16 bits not signed	1-by-n uint16 array
DEVVAR_ LONGARRAY	Integers chart 32 bits signed	1-by-n int32 array
DEVVAR_ ULONGARRAY	Integers chart 32 bits not signed	1-by-n uint32 array
DEVVAR_ FLOATARRAY	reals chart 32 bits	1-by-n single array

TANGO: device: interface: commande

A propos du type d'argin & argout...

TANGO	Desc	Matlab
DEVVAR_ DOUBLEARRAY	Reals chart 64 bits	1-by-n double array
DEVVAR_ STRINGARRAY	Non bounded characters chains chart	1-by-n cell array of {1-by-n char array}
DEVVAR_LONGSTRINGARRAY	structure containing an integers chart 32 bits signed and a characters chains chart	1-by-n struct array { field Ivalue : 1-by-n int32 array field svalue : 1-by-n cell array of {1-by-n char array} }
DEVVAR_DOUBLESTRINGARRAY	structure containing a reals chart 64 bits and a characters chains chart	1-by-n struct array { field dvalue : 1-by-n double array field svalue : 1-by-n cell array of {1-by-n char array} }

TANGO: device: interface: command

Syntaxe

- Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 argout = dev.command_inout (cmd_name, argin)
- User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 argout = tango_command_inout (dev_name, cmd_name, argin)
- Examples Matlab
 - >> help tango_command_inout
 - >> dev = 'tango/tangotest/1'
 - >> tango_command_inout(dev, 'DevDouble',pi)
 - >> tango_command_inout(dev, 'DevVarDoubleArray',[1,2,3])
 - >> s.dvalue = [pi, 2*pi, 3*pi]
 - >> s.svalue = {'dev', 'var', 'double', 'array', 'test'}
 - >> tango_command_inout(dev,'DevVarDoubleStringArray',s)

TANGO: device: interface: command

- Name and signature of the commands?
 - Device's Documentation
 - http://controle/DeviceServers/Galil/doc_html
 - Prog. env.. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - cmd list info = dev.command list query ()
 - cmd_info = dev.command_query (cmd_name)
 - User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - l cmd_list_info = tango_command_list_query (dev_name)
 - cmd_info = command_query (dev_name, cmd_name)
 - Examples Matlab
 - >> tango_command_list_query(dev)
 - >> tango_command_query(dev,'DevDouble')
 - >> tango_print_cmd_list(dev)

TANGO: device: interface: command

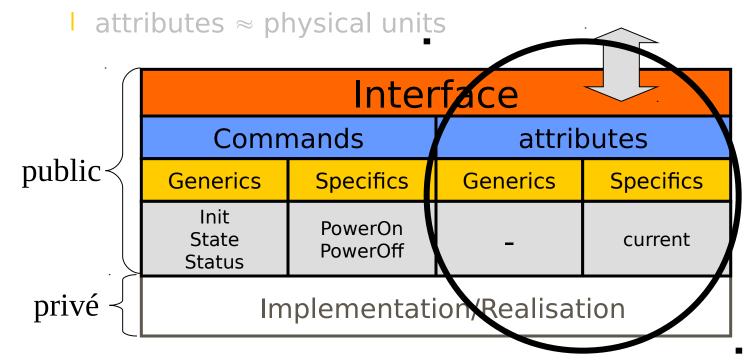
- Errors processing
 - Prog. env.. OO (C++, Java, Python):
 - exceptions : mechanism try/catch (DevFailed & derived)
 - User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...):
 - error code: updating after each execution of a «command»
 - Examples Matlab:
 - >> result = tango_command_inout(dev, 'dummy', pi);
 - >> tango_error
 - if tango_error == -1 then ...
 - result is invalid, indéfini
 - result can be not of the expected type!
 - Do not use it!
 - >> help tango_error
 - an example to follow !

TANGO: device: interface: commands



TANGO: device: interface

- Has a communication interface
 - interface device <=> class
 - interface = commands + attributes
 - l commands ≈ actions



- Definition
 - Physical unit produced or administrated by the device
 - ex: a motor's position, alimentation power supply., ...
- Format
 - From 0 to 2 dimensions
 - SACLAR
 - SPECTRUM (i.e. vector)
 - IMAGE (i.e. matrix)
- Type
 - DEV_SHORT, DEV_LONG, DEV_DOUBLE
 - scalar, spectrum or image
 - DEV_STRING
 - scalar only

Accessibility

- READ
 - accessible in read only
- WRITE
 - accessible in write only
- READ_WRITE
 - accessible in read AND in write only
 - Consigne (instructions) vs effective value
- READ_WITH_WRITE
 - 1 attribute READ linked to 1 attribute WRITE
 - exotic (prefer READ_WRITE)

- Features : autodescriptive & parametrizable
 - 1 attribute -> 18 properties
 - generic properties (attribute)
 - 8 non-modifiable properties (developer)
 - name : attribute's name
 - data_type : data type (DEV_SHORT, DEV_LONG, ...)
 - data format : data format (SCALAR, SPECTRUM or IMAGE)
 - writable : access mode (READ, WRITE, ...)
 - max_dim_x, max_dim_y : dimensions max
 - dim_x <= max_dim_x</pre>
 - dim_y <= max_dim_y</pre>
 - disp level : expert or operator
 - wrt attr name : name of the attibute WRITE associated

10 modifiable properties (user)

- description : attr. Description (text)
- label: label associated to the attr. (text)
- unit: unit in which is expressed the value associated to the attribute (text)
- standard_unit : conversion factor to the units MKSA (text)
- display_unit : unit * standard_unit (text)
- format : display format for the «numerical» attributes (texte)
 - Key-words: fixed, scientific, uppercase, showpoint, showpos, setprecision(), setw()
 - ex : scientific;uppercase;setprecision(3)
- min_value : min. value of an attribute WRITE or READ_WRITE (text)
- max_value : max. value of an attribute WRITE or READ_WRITE (text)
- min_alarm : alarm threshold <low> of an attribute READ or READ_WRITE (text)
- max_alarm : alarm threshold <high> of an attribute READ or READ WRITE (text)

- List of the attributes ?
 - Documentation of the device
 - http://controle/DeviceServers/Galil/doc_html
 - Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - attr_list = dev.get_attribute_list ()
 - User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - attr_list = tango_get_attribute_list (dev_name)
 - Example Matlab
 - >> attr_list = tango_get_attribute_list(dev)

- Standard configuration of an attribute ?
 - Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)

```
attr_config_list = dev.get_attribute_config(attr_name_list)
```

- attr_config_list = dev.attribute_list_query()
- attr_config = dev.attribute_query(attr_name)
- User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)

```
attr_config_list = tango_attribute_list_query(dev_name)
```

- attr_config_list = tango_get_attributes_config(dev_name, attr_name_list)
- attr_config = tango_attribute_query(dev_name, attr_name)
- attr_config = tango_get_attribute_config(dev_name, attr_name)
- Example Matlab

```
>> help tango_attribute_list_query
```

```
>> acl = tango_attribute_list_query(dev)
```

>> acl(2)

- Modify an attribute's configuration ?
 - Take care of the consequences!
 - acts upon all the clients
 - sensitive parameters : min/max_value, min/max_alarm
 - Prog. env.. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - dev.set_attr_config (attr_config_list)
 - User Env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - tango_set_attribute_config (dev_name, attr_config)
 - tango_set_attributes_config (dev_name, attr_config_list)
 - Example Matlab
 - >> help tango_set_attributes_config
 - >> scc = tango_get_attribute_config(dev, 'short_scalar')
 - >> scc.min_value = num2str(str2num(scc.min_value) / 2)
 - >> scc.max_value = num2str(str2num(scc.max_value) / 2)
 - >> scc.description = 'This is a dummy attribute'
 - >> tango_set_attribute_config(dev, scc)

- Obtain the standard value of an attribute ?
 - attributes READ, READ_WRITE ou READ_WITH_WRITE
 - Result of the lecture => structure {read value + infos }
 - name: name of the attribute
 - quality : quality of the returned value
 - ATTR_VALID : ok, the returned value is valid
 - ATTR_ALARM: an alarm threshold has been crossed (cf. min_alarm and max_alarm)
 - ATTR INVALID : error, undefined value
 - dim_x : dim.x of the value ($dim_x <= attr_config.max_dim_x$)
 - dim_y : dim.y of the value (*dim_y <= attr_config. max_dim_y*)
 - timestamp : value stamp
 - value: value of the attribute at this very instant <timestamp>
 - SCALAR
 - READ : [0 : val]
 - READ_WRITE et READ_WITH_WRITE : [0:measure, 1:consigne]
 - SPECTRUM
 - [0 : measure, ..., dim_x 1 : measure]
 - IMAGE
 - [0 : measure, ..., dim_x 1 : measure] x [0 : measure, ..., dim_y 1 : measure]

- Obtain the standard of an attribute ?
 - Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - dev.read_attributes (attr_name_list)
 - User Env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - tango_read_attribute (dev_name, attr_name)
 - tango_read_attributes (dev_name, attr_name_list)
 - Example Matlab
 - >> help tango_read_attribute
 - >> scv = tango_read_attribute (dev, 'short_image')
 - >> datestr(scv.time)
 - >> for i=1:10 s=tango_read_attribute(dev, 'short_spectrum');
 plot(s.value); drawnow; end;

- Modify the value of an attribute ?
 - attributes WRITE, READ WRITE et READ WITH WRITE
 - attr_config.min_value <= set value <= attr_config.max_value</pre>
 - exception API_WAttrOutisideLimit
 - Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - dev.write_attributes (attr_val_list)
 - User Env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - tango write attribute (dev name, attr name, value)
 - tango_write_attributes (dev_name, attr_name_attr_value_struct_list)
 - example Matlab
 - >> help tango_write_attribute
 - >> tango_write_attribute (dev, 'short_scalar', 123456789)
 - >> tango_print_error_stack
 - >> tango_write_attribute (dev, 'short_scalar', int16(123456789))
 - >> tango_print_error_stack
 - >> tango_write_attribute (dev, 'short_scalar', int16(1024))
 - >> tango_read_attribute (dev, 'short_scalar')

TANGO: device: Status

- 1 device -> 1 status
 - behavior = f (internal status)
 - request -> internal status -> execution or exception
 - Internal status run by the device
 - 14 predefined status
 - ON, OFF, CLOSE, OPEN, INSERT, EXTRACT, MOVING, STANDBY, FAULT, INIT, RUNNING, ALARM, DISABLE, UNKNOWN
 - known and run by the clients (particularly generic)
- Obtain the current status of a device ?
 - Prog. env. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - dev.state ()
 - User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - dev_state = tango_state (dev_name)
 - example Matlab
 - >> help tango_state
 - >> tango_state(dev)
 - >> tango_status(dev)

TANGO: properties

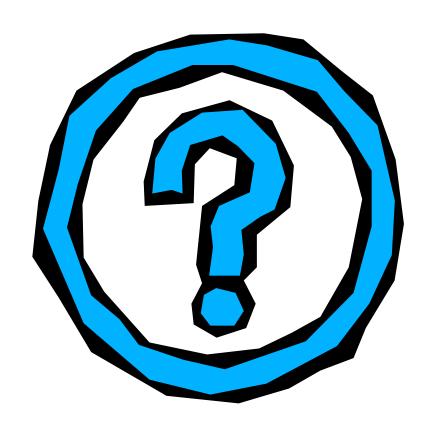
Definition

- Configuration Data
- concept spread to all TANGO entities
 - attribute, device, classe, system
- Attribute's property
 - 18 properties TANGO predefined + ...
 - ... properties defined by the developer
 - ex: initial value of an attribute
- Device's property
 - specific to the device
 - defined by the developer
 - ex: adress GPIB of a peripheric
- Class property
 - shared with all the devices of the class
 - defined by the developer
 - ex: URL of the documentation
- System's property
 - shared with all the devices of SC
 - ex: an info related to a centralized service (port nr of the storage service)

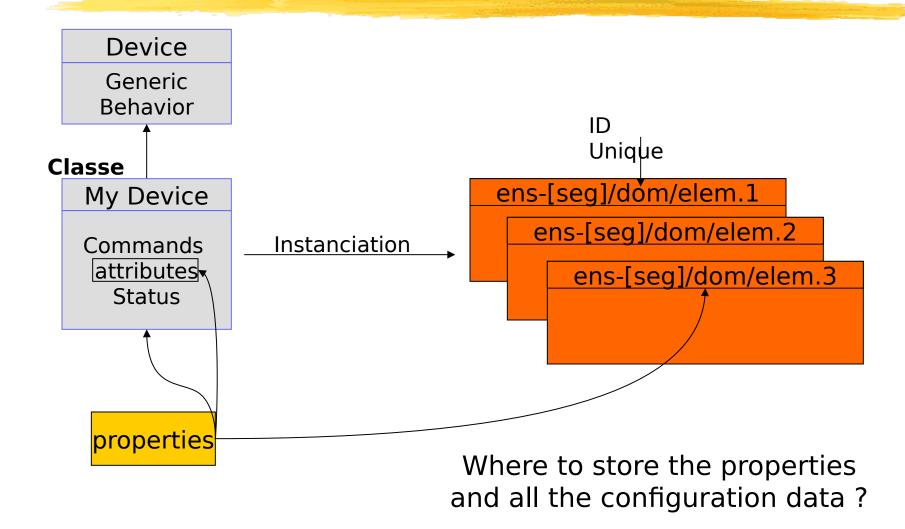
TANGO: properties

- Ex: Manipulate the value of a device's property?
 - Beware the consequences!
 - initialization of the devices
 - Prog. env.. OO (C++, Java, Python)
 - indirect way (cf. TANGO doc)
 - User env. (Matlab, Igor Pro, ...)
 - prop_val = tango_get_property (dev_name, prop_name)
 - prop_val_list = tango_get_properties (dev_name, prop_name_list)
 - prop_val = tango_put_property (dev_name, prop_name, prop_val)
 - prop_val_list = tango_put_properties (dev_name, prop_name_list)
 - tango_del_property (dev_name, prop_name)
 - tango_del_properties (dev_name, prop_name_list)
 - example Matlab
 - >> help tango_get_property(dev, 'mthreaded_impl')
 - >> tango_get_property(dev, 'mthreaded_impl')

TANGO: device



TANGO: device: summary



TANGO: database (static)

Database of the configuration

- critical element of the system
- The only information source for the devices and the clients

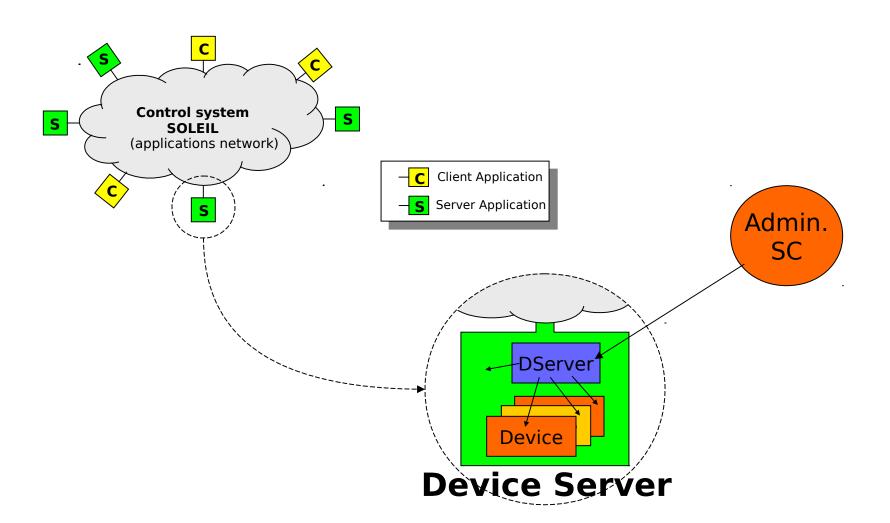
Content : 7 tables

- server : infos related to the servers (admin. du SC)
- device: infos related to the devices (IOR=@particularly the network)
- I property : global properties associated to SC
- I property class : properties associated to a class of devices
- property_device : properties associated to a particular device
- property_attribute_class : properties associated to an attribute (for any device)
- property_attribute_device : properties associated to an attribute of a particular device

Implementation

- 1 dedicated device = interface TANGO of a SGBD
- TANGO_HOST = host_name:host_port (ex: localhost:20000)

TANGO: device server



TANGO

TANGO system

~

{Device Servers {Devices}}
+
Static DB

TANGO: APIs and platforms

- APIs/Programming Languages
 - C++ (performances)
 - Java (portability)
 - Python (scripts)
 - Others (Matlab, Igor Pro, LabView)

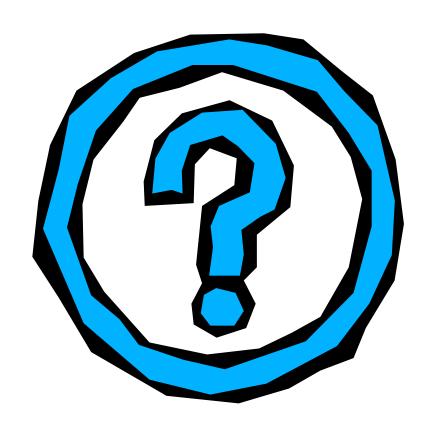
Serveu

rs

Client

- platforms
 - Linux
 - Windows NT/2000/XP
 - Sun-Solaris

Questions...



TANGO: Java Tools

- LogViewer
 - Management of messages generated by the devices
- DeviceTree
 - Generic Client : tests, monitoring, ...
- Jive
 - Administration of the TANGO database
- Pogo
 - Code generator (dev. devices)