查克 导出符号 分析程序 关键算法分析 结论

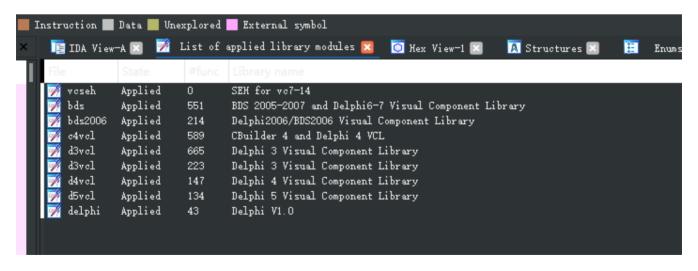
查壳



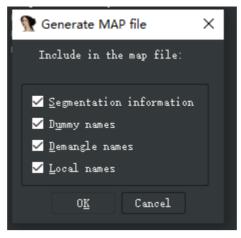
是Delphi写的,没有壳

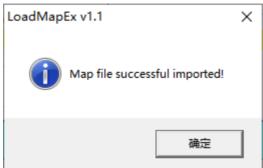
导出符号

直接拖到IDA里,添加所有的Delphi签名



然后导出为map文件,再导入到OD,能加快分析速度

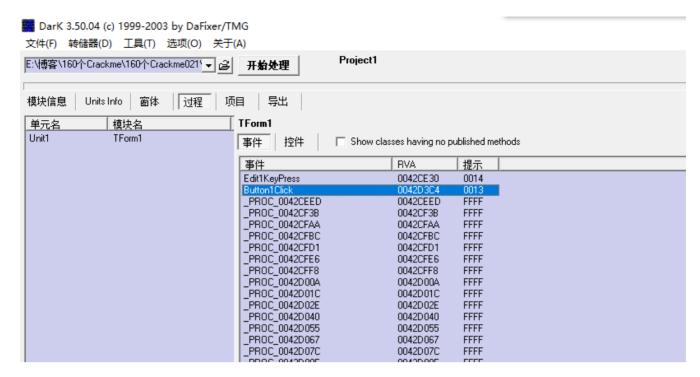




分析程序



这个程序有两个序列号,



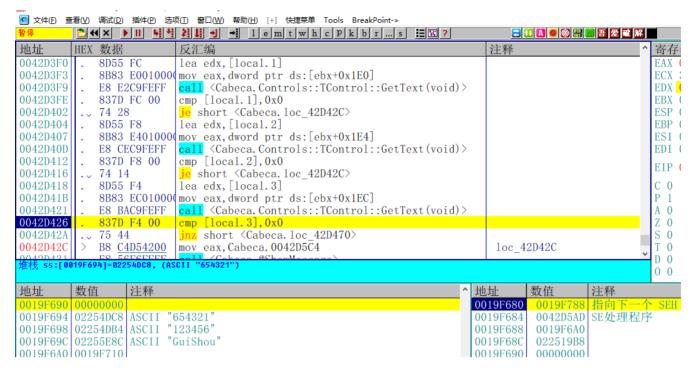
直接通过DarkDe,找到按钮事件,开始分析算法,管他有几个序列号呢~

关键算法分析

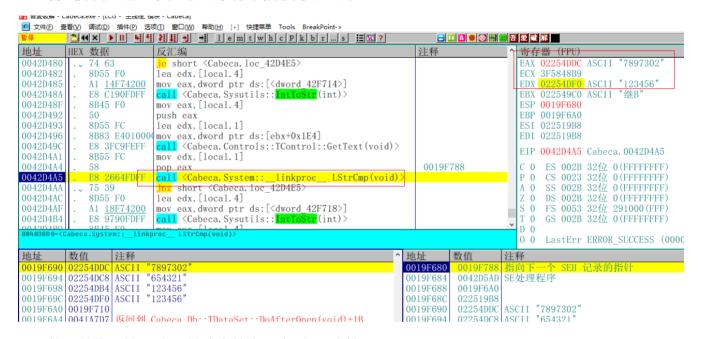
整个校验过程如下

```
Instruction 📰 Data 🔛 Unexplored 🔛 External symbol
     📳 IDA View-A 🔞 📳 Pseudocode-A 🔣 🧑 Hex View-1 🔯 🖪 Structures 🔣 🏭 Enums 🔯
                readfsdword(0);
            writefsdword(0, (unsigned int)&v9);
     26
          if ( dword_42F714
    27
      28
            && dword 42F718
            && (Controls::TControl::GetText(UserName[120]), v16)// 获取用户名
      29
            && (Controls::TControl::GetText(Serial[121]), v15)// 获取Serial1
      30
            && (Controls::TControl::GetText(Serial[123]), v14) )// 获取Serial2
      31
      32
          ₹.
: A*
    33
            if ( !dword 42F714 )
tr'
              goto LABEL_20;
    34
ns'
            if ( !dword_42F718 )
    35
    36
              qoto LABEL 20;
    37
                                                       // 将函数内置的int转为字符串->7897302
            Sysutils::IntToStr(dword_42F714);
     38
            03 = 013;
    39
            Controls::TControl::GetText(Serial[121]);
                                                       // 获取Serial1
            System::__linkproc__ LStrCmp(v3, v16); if ( *v4 )
                                                       // 比较serial1和7897302
    40
    41
    42
              goto LABEL_20;
            Sysutils::IntToStr(dword 42F718);
                                                       // 将函数内置的int转为字符串->9186514
    43
    • 44
            05 = 013:
                                                       // 获取Serial2
// 将Serial2和9186514比较
    45
            Controls::TControl::GetText(Serial[123]);
    46
            System::__linkproc__ LStrCmp(v5, v16);
            if ( 04 )
    47
      48
     49
              ShowMessage(&str_Hmmm____Cracke[1]);
                                                       // 提示破解成功
      50
            else
      51
```

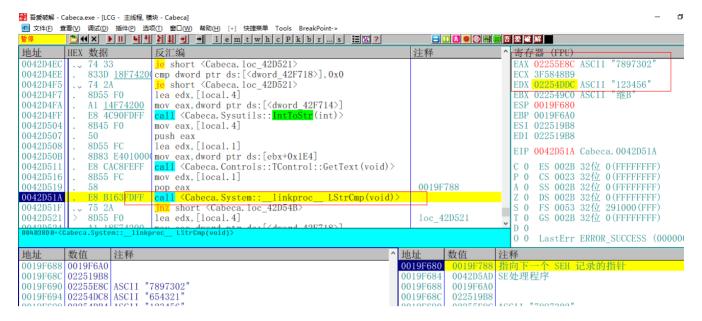
1. 获取用户名 序列号1 序列号2



2. 将函数内置的int变量转成字符串和序列号1比较

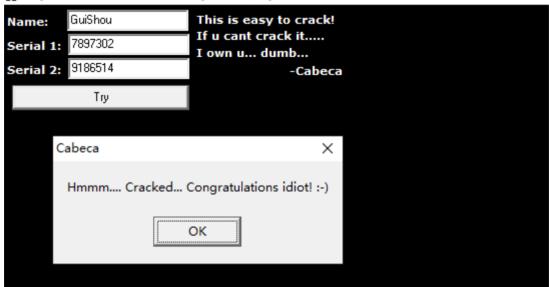


3. 将函数内置的int变量转成字符串和序列号2比较



比较成功则提示正确

Crystal Crack me! ver Beta! by cabeca/crystal



结论

- Name为任意值无校验
- Serial1等于7897302
- Serial2等于9186514

需要相关文件的可以到我的Github下载: https://github.com/TonyChen56/160-Crackme