

## **1.Palindrome**

declare

n number;

m number;

rev number:=0;

r number;

begin

n:=12321;

m:=n;

while n>0 loop

r:=mod(n,10);

rev:=(rev\*10)+r;

n:=trunc(n/10);

end loop;

if m=rev

then

dbms\_output.put\_line('number is palindrome');

else

dbms\_output.put\_line('number is not palindrome');

end if;

end;

/

## **2.Check letter or digit**

DECLARE

get\_ctr CHAR(1) := 'abcd';

BEGIN

IF ( get\_ctr >= 'A' AND get\_ctr <= 'Z' )

OR ( get\_ctr >= 'a'

AND get\_ctr <= 'z' )

THEN

dbms\_output.Put\_line ('The given character is a letter');

ELSE

dbms\_output.Put\_line ('The given character is not a letter');

IF get\_ctr BETWEEN '0' AND '9' THEN

dbms\_output.Put\_line ('The given character is a number');

ELSE

dbms\_output.Put\_line ('The given character is not a number');

END IF;

END IF;

END;

/

### **3.Factorial of a number**

DECLARE

num number;

factorial number;

FUNCTION fact(x number)

RETURN number

IS

f number;

BEGIN

IF x=0 THEN

f := 1;

ELSE

f := x \* fact(x-1);

END IF;

RETURN f;

END;

BEGIN

num:= 6;

factorial := fact(num);

dbms\_output.put\_line(' Factorial ' || num || ' is ' || factorial);

END;

/

#### **4.Maximum of two numbers**

DECLARE

a number;

b number;

c number;

FUNCTION findMax(x IN number, y IN number)

RETURN

number

IS

z number;

BEGIN

IF  $x > y$  THEN

z:= x;

ELSE

Z:= y;

END IF;

RETURN z;

END;

BEGIN

a:= 23;

b:= 45;

c := findMax(a, b);

dbms\_output.put\_line(' Maximum of (23,45): ' || c);

END;

/

### **5.Print Welcome to plsql**

```
DECLARE  
  
BEGIN  
  
  dbms_output.put_line('Welcome to plsql');  
  
END;  
  
/
```

### **6.Square of a number**

```
DECLARE  
  
  a number;  
  
PROCEDURE  
  squareNum(x IN OUT number)  
IS  
  
  BEGIN  
  
    x := x * x;  
  
  END;  
  
  BEGIN  
  
    a:= 23;  
  
    squareNum(a);  
  
    dbms_output.put_line(' Square of (23): ' || a);  
  
  END;  
  
/
```

## 7.Biggest of three numbers

declare

a number:=10;

b number:=12;

c number:=5;

begin

dbms\_output.put\_line('a='||a||' b='||b||' c='||c);

if a>b AND a>c

then

dbms\_output.put\_line('a is greatest');

else

if b>a AND b>c

then

dbms\_output.put\_line('b is greatest');

else

dbms\_output.put\_line('c is greatest');

end if;

end if;

end;

/

## 8.Exception

(From table customers)

DECLARE

c\_id customers.id%type := 8;

c\_name customerS.Name%type;

c\_addr customers.address%type;

BEGIN

SELECT name, address INTO c\_name, c\_addr FROM customers  
WHERE id = c\_id;

DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE ('Name: ' || c\_name);

DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE ('Address: ' || c\_addr);

EXCEPTION

WHEN no\_data\_found THEN

dbms\_output.put\_line('No such customer!');

WHEN others THEN

dbms\_output.put\_line('Error!');

END;

/

## **9.Incentive salary**

(an employee whose emp\_id is 10 using the above empdesig table

DECLARE

incentive NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT salary \* 0.20 INTO incentive FROM EMPDESIG WHERE  
employee\_id = EMP01;

DBMS\_OUTPUT\_LINE('Incentive ='|| TO\_CHAR(incentive));

END;

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