Asynchronous IO with Boost.Asio Boost.Asio



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Part I

Introduction



Outline

- Introducing ASIO
 - Asynchronous I/O
 - Asio Basics



What is Asio

An Asynchronous I/O Library

- Started as a network library. Also resources:
 - Serial Ports
 - Timers
 - File Descriptors
 - Write your own! (extensible)
- Uses an efficient Proactor model
- Extremely Scalable Easily supporting thousands of connections.
- Provides a Portable Abstraction



What is Asynchronous I/O

Daughter #1

me: "Please make me a coffee."

daughter: "Sure Dad"

time passes ... I work. She makes a cappuccino.

daughter: "Here is your coffee."

me: "Thanks"



What is Asynchronous I/O

Daughter #3

me: "Please make me a coffee."

daughter: "I would love to!"

we both walk to the machine. I supervise (watch). She makes a cappuccino.

daughter: "Here is your coffee."

me: "Thanks"

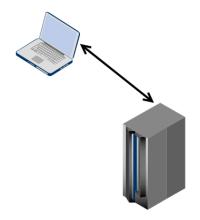


What is Asynchronous I/O

```
// completion handler
void done_reading()
{
    //...
}
read_file(filename, buffer, done_reading);
// ... do work
```

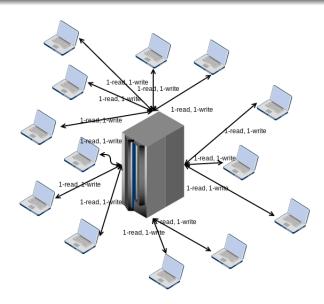


Why Asynchronous I/O?



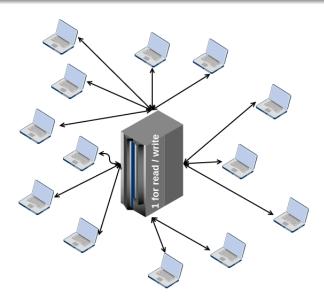


Why Asynchronous I/O?





Asio Asynchronous

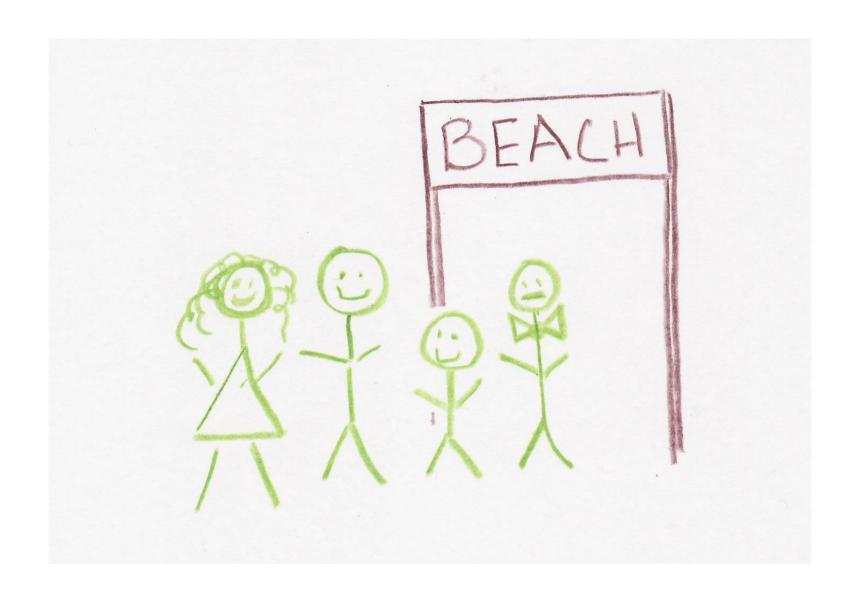




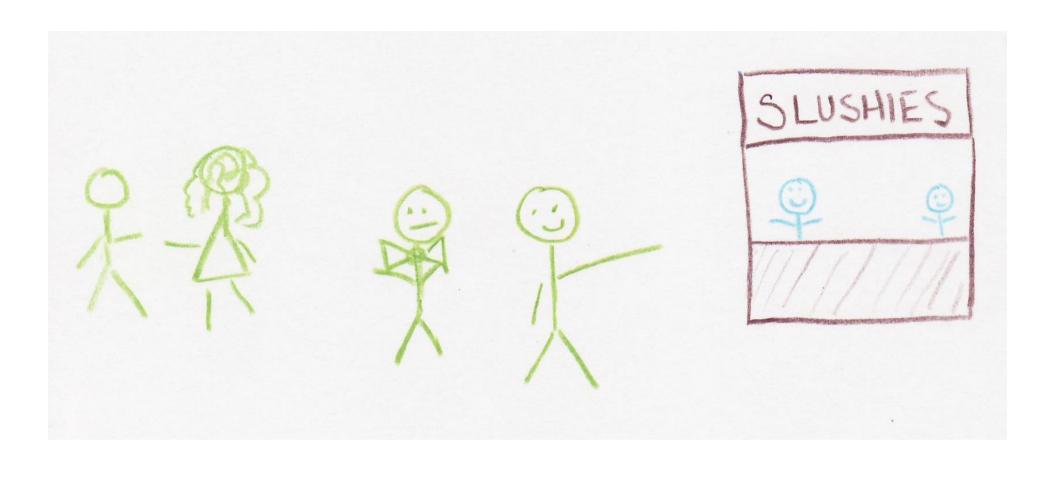
A Proactor Story

- or -

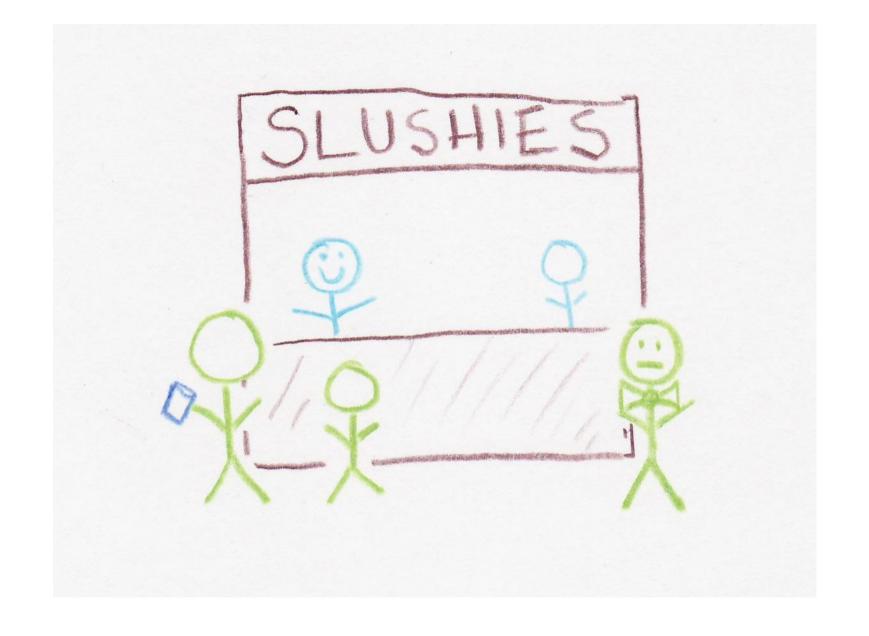
Purple Slushies, Butlers and Brain Freeze



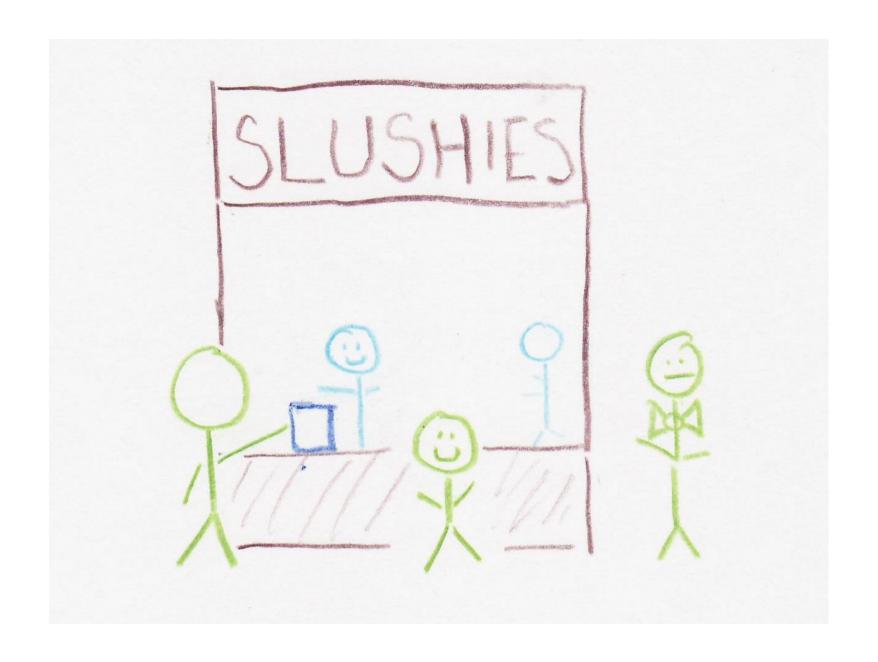
Mom, Dad, Johnny and Butler go to the beach.



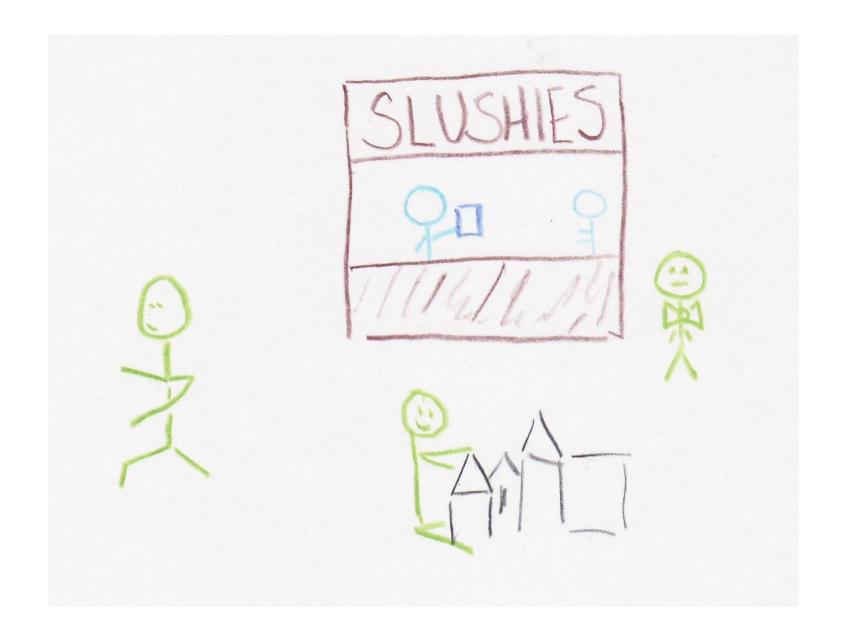
Dad tells Butler to wait at the Slushie Shack.



After some time, Dad and Johnny go to get a slushie. Dad brings his own cup. He is greeted by the Owner.



"I would like to order a slushie. Here is my cup. Please deliver it to Johnny when it is ready.



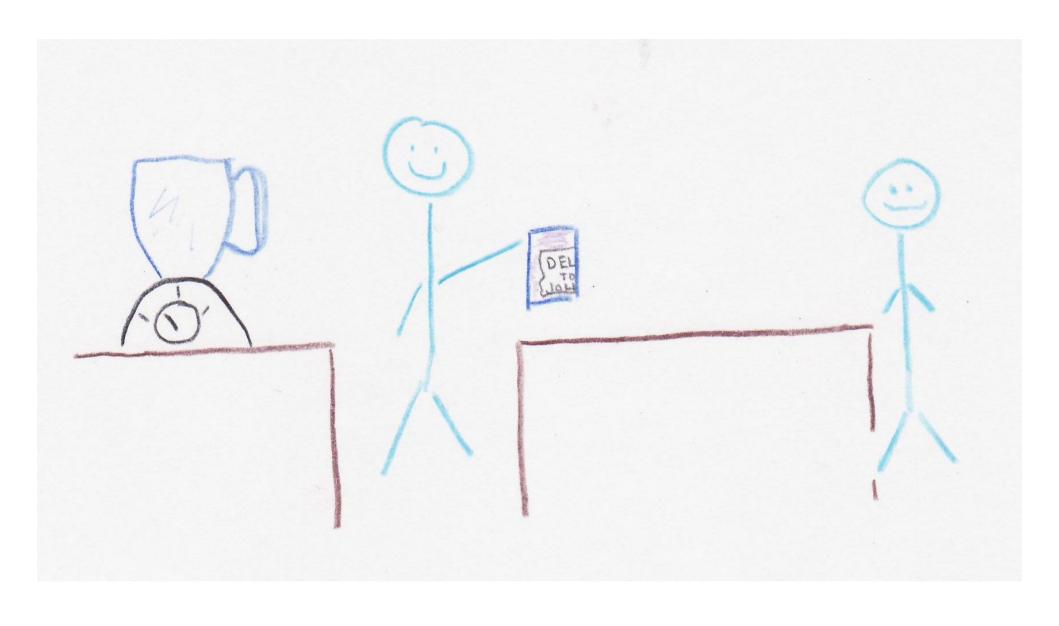
Dad heads off to explore the beach. Johnny builds a sandcastle. Owner begins to make the slushie. And Butler waits.



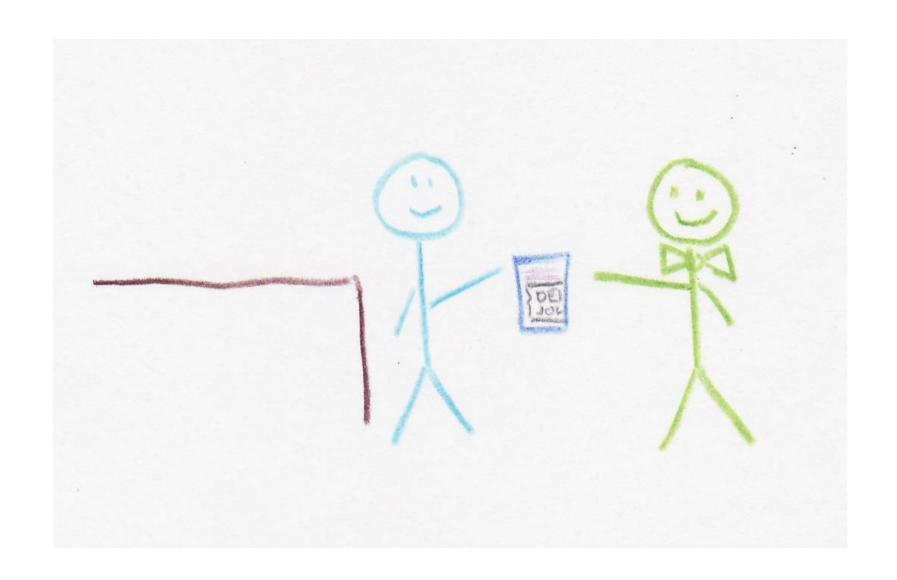
Owner starts the blender and goes back to take the next customer's order.

... <time passes> ...

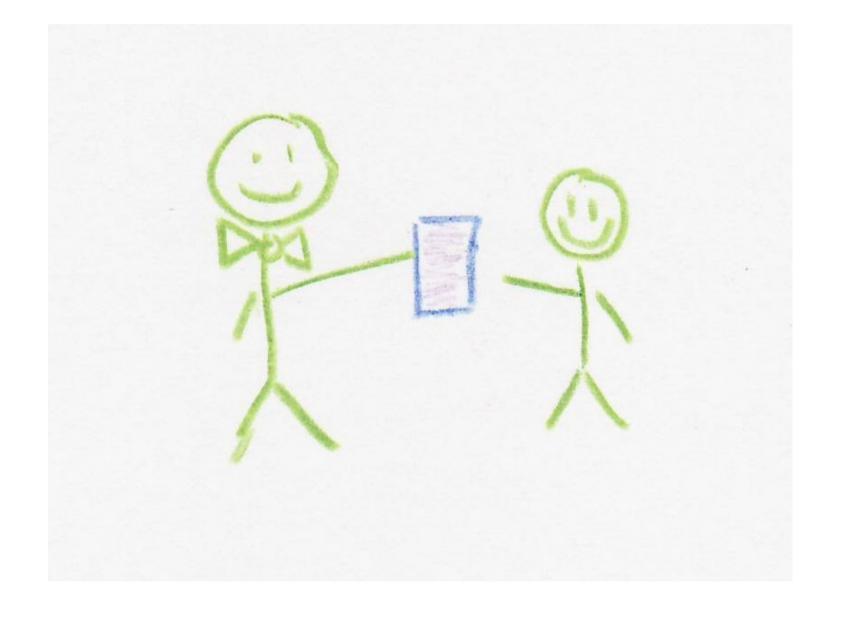
"Ding"



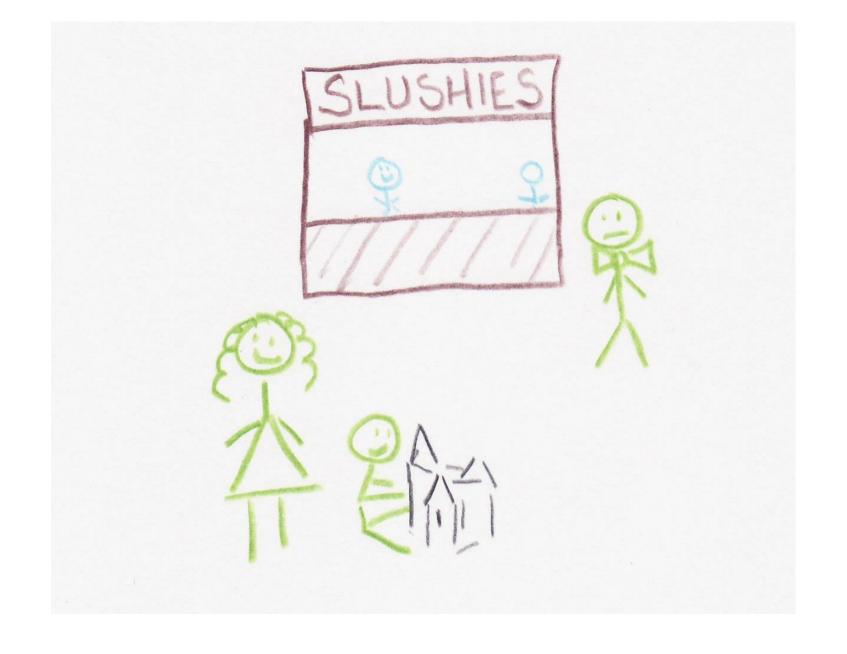
Slushie is ready and Owner moves the cup to the completion table where Assistant is waiting.



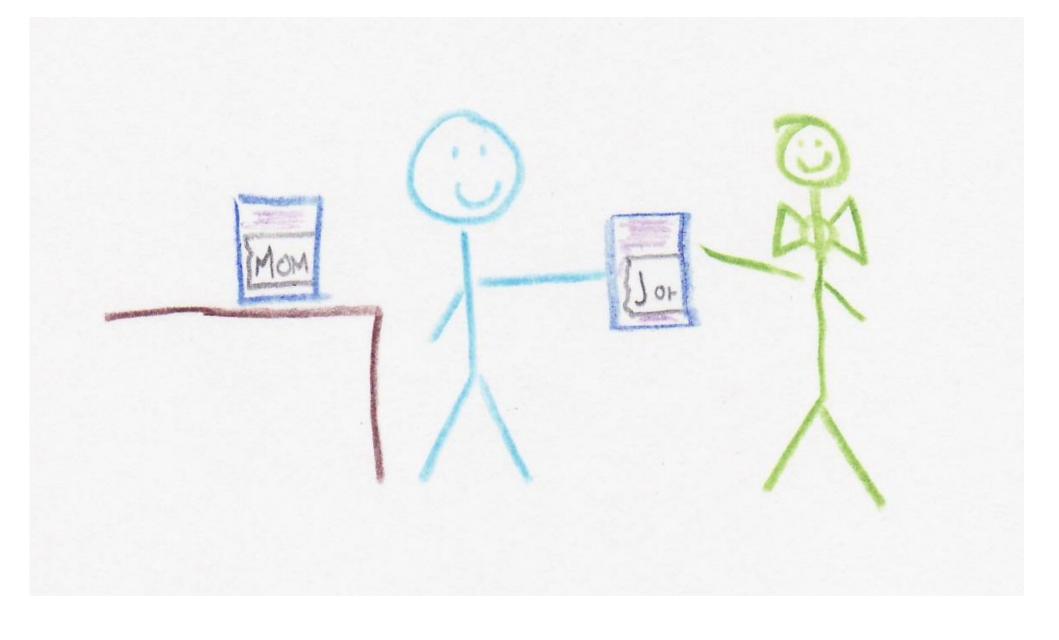
The Assistant gives the slushie to Butler for delivery to Johnny. Butler is happy to have something to do.



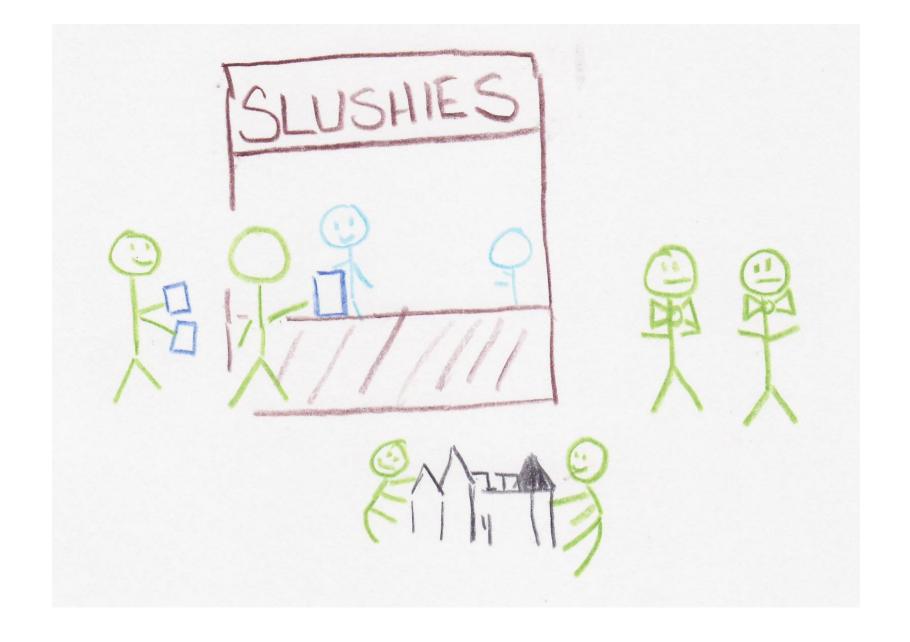
Butler delivers the slushie to Johnny who is happy too. Butler returns to the Slushie Shack and waits.



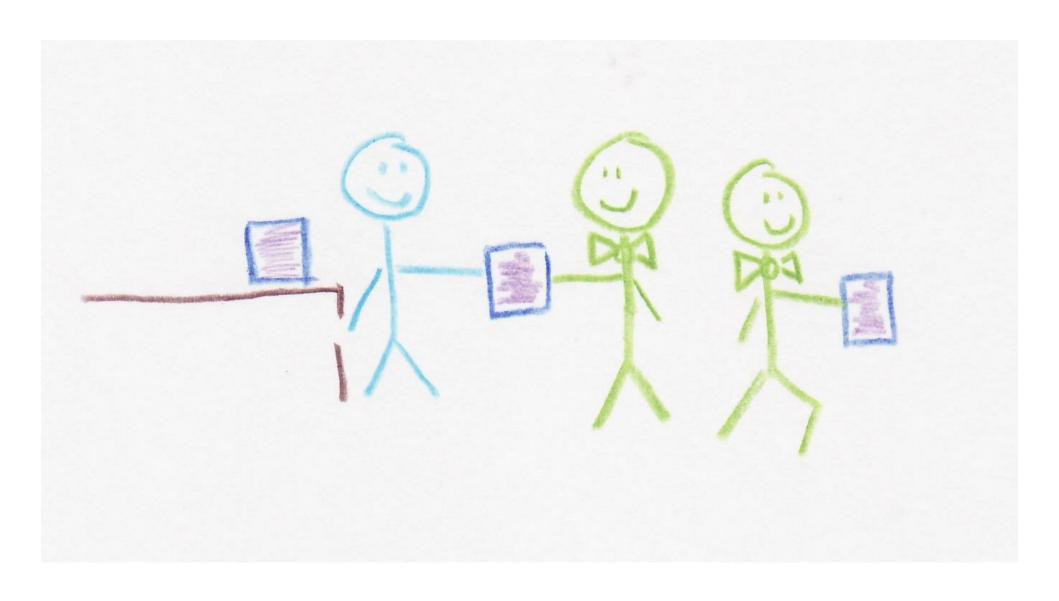
Sometimes Dad will order multiple slushies. One for Mom and one for Johnny.



That isn't a problem. Assistant just gives the first one ready to Butler. Bulter can only deliver one at a time and returns for the second slushie.



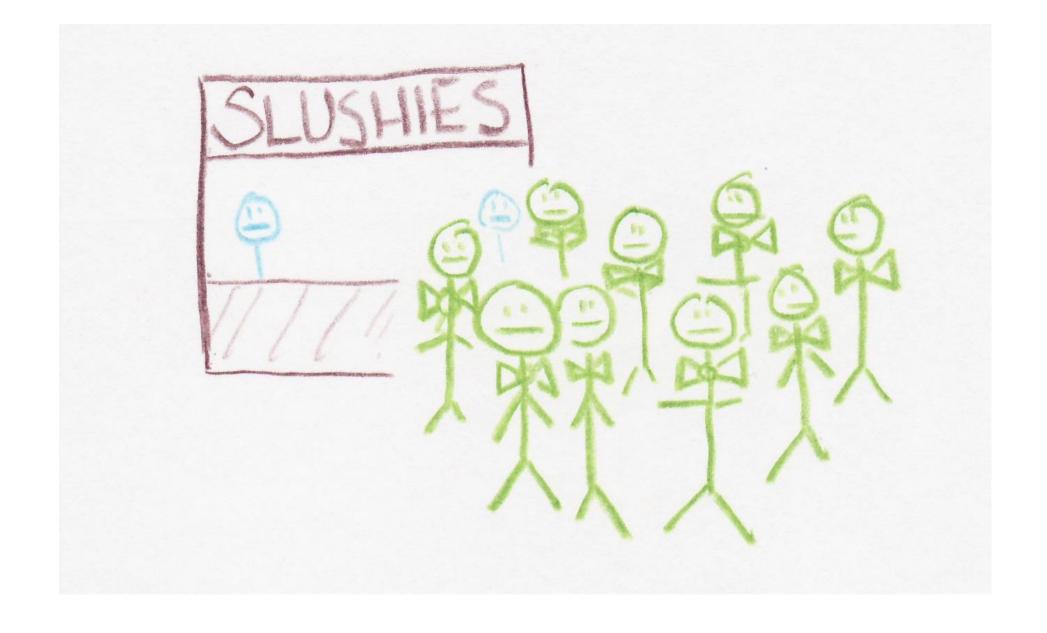
Other families come to the beach and bring their butlers who also wait in the slushie completion line.



This works well because it helps keep Assistant's slushie completion table empty.



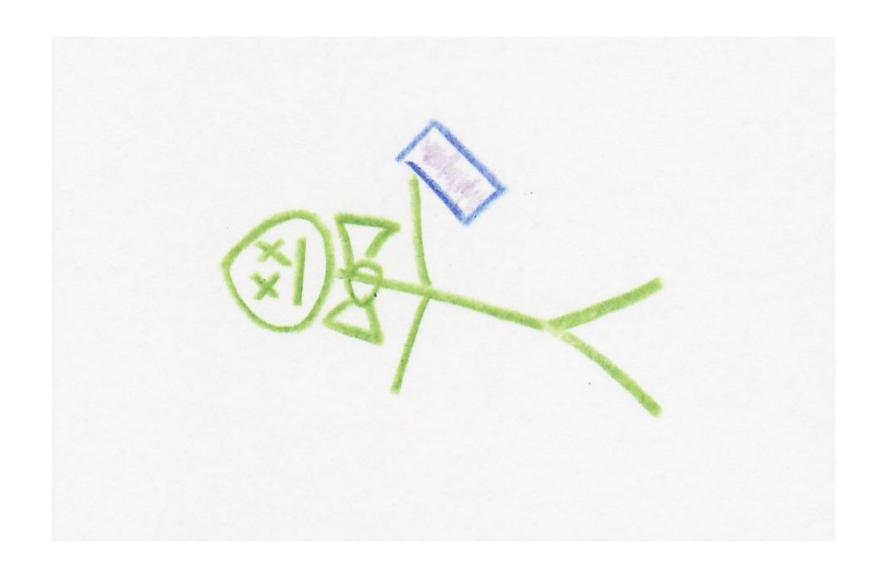
Assistant still remembers that fateful day when no butlers came to the beach.



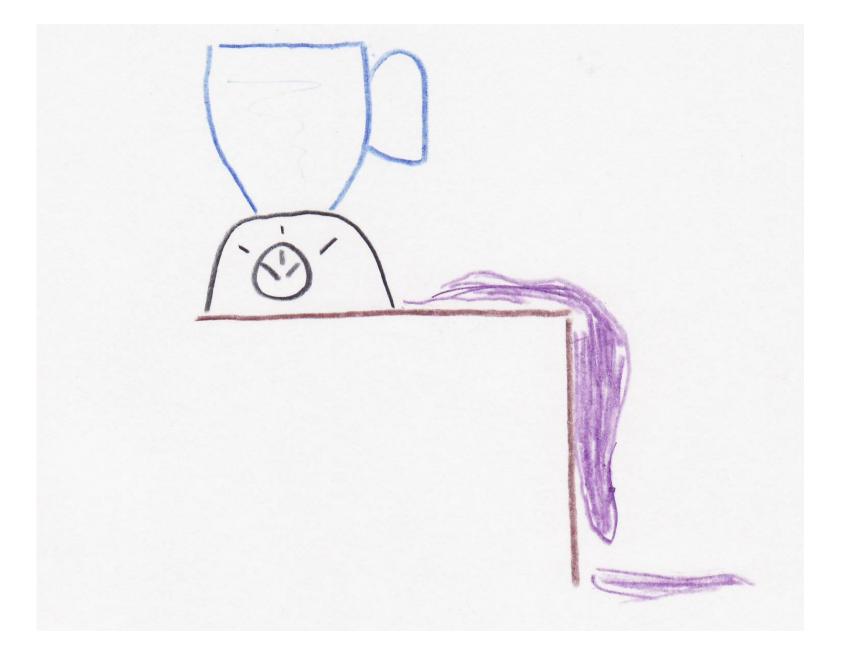
There was also the time that each kid brought a butler. Disaster! No room at the shack. Too busy, yet nothing was getting done.



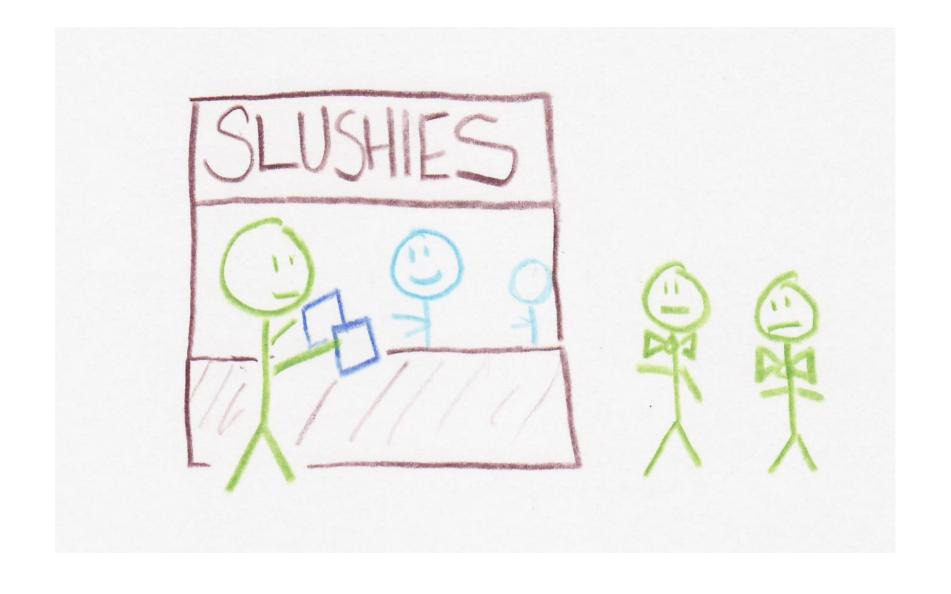
The families agreed that two butlers would be plenty for all. They now share.



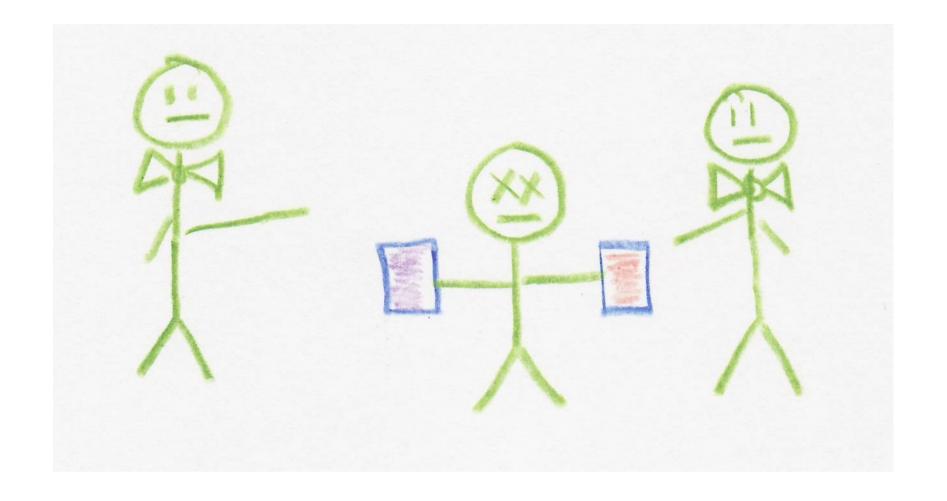
Occasionally tragedy strikes. Johnny will leave to chase waves without getting his slushie. Butler will die of exhaustion trying to find him.



... or somebody will take their cup and go home while the slushie is being made. Then it gets poured on the floor. Yuck.



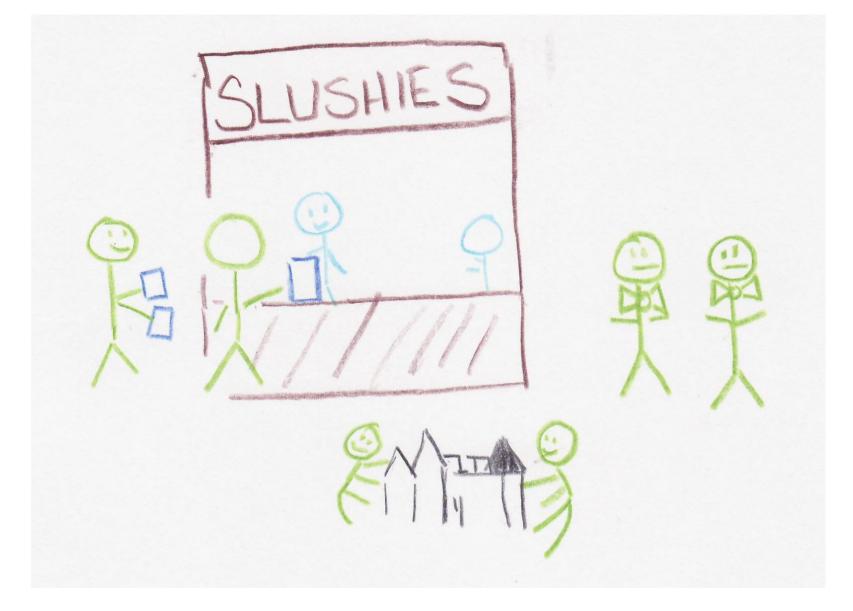
Dad is sometimes very generous. "Johnny would like one orange and one purple slushie."



If both slushies are done at the same time and both butlers are available then Johnny gets two slushies at once. This confuses Johnny and causes brain freeze.



Susie is smarter and doesn't mind both slushies at one time.



But most often the dads are making requests to the Owner, the Assistant is monitoring the table, the kids are building sandcastles and the butlers are waiting.



<u>Credits</u>



Asynchronous Operation Processor (Owner)



Proactor (Butler)



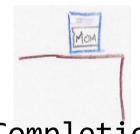
Asynchronous Event Demultiplexer (Assistant)



Asynchronous
Operation
(Blender Making
Slushies)



Completion Handler (Johnny)



Completion
Event Queue
(Completion Table)

Additional Roles



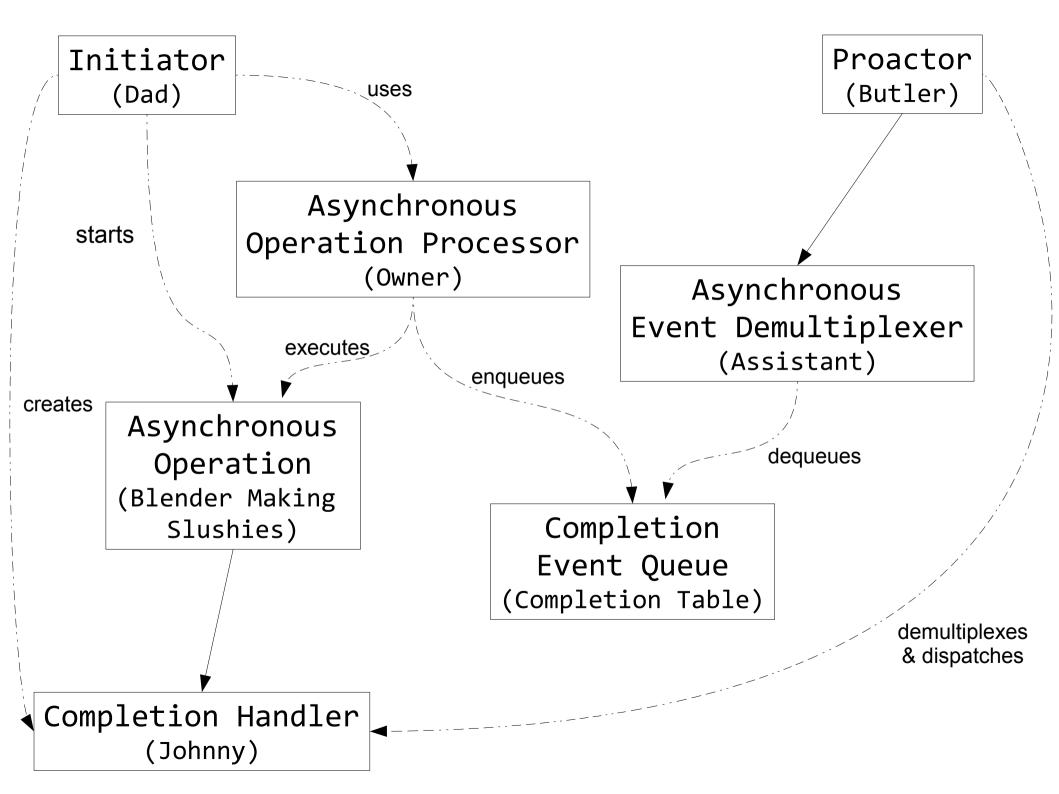
Operating System (Blender)



Memory to be Filled (Empty Cup)



Data in Memory (Full Cup)



Some Lessons

- All threads of activity in the Slushie Shack stayed in the Slushie Shack
- The Butler delivered the results to the completion handler
- The Butler (handler thread) was supplied by the family (application)
- The cup (memory) was supplied and owned by the family (application)

More Lessons

- Not all handlers (Johnny) liked having multiple results delivered at the same time
- Some handlers (Susie) didn't care if they had multiple results delivered at once
- Don't leave the beach (scope) when a slushie is being made for you
- A few handler threads (butlers) can service many completion routines

A Proactor Story



Outline

- Introducing ASIO
 - Asynchronous I/O
 - Asio Basics



Simple Timer

```
int main()
   asio::io_service service;
   asio::deadline_timer timer(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   timer.async_wait([](auto ... vn)
                         std::cout << system_clock::now()</pre>
                                    << " : timer expired. \n";
      );
   std::cout << system_clock::now() << " : calling run\n";</pre>
   service.run();
   std::cout << system_clock::now() << " : done.\n";</pre>
```

Simple Timer

Output Tue Sep 20 22:54:51 2016 : calling io_service::run Tue Sep 20 22:54:56 2016 : timer expired. Tue Sep 20 22:54:56 2016 : done. int main() asio::io service service; asio::deadline_timer timer(service, posix_time::seconds(5)); timer.async_wait([](auto ... vn) std::cout << system_clock::now()</pre> << " : timer expired. \n";); std::cout << system_clock::now() << " : calling run\n";</pre> service.run():

std::cout << system_clock::now() << " : done.\n";</pre>

Timer with std::thread

```
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer1"); });
   timer2.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer2"); });
   std::thread butler( [&]() {service.run();} );
   butler.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

Timer with std::thread

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer1"); });
   timer2.async wait([](auto ... vn){ timer expired("timer2"); });
   std::thread butler( [&]() {service.run();} );
   butler.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

Timer with std::thread

Output

```
Tue Sep 20 23:09:37 2016 timer1 enter.
Tue Sep 20 23:09:40 2016 timer1 leave.
Tue Sep 20 23:09:40 2016 timer2 enter.
Tue Sep 20 23:09:43 2016 timer2 leave.
done.
```

The butler can only deliver one slushie at a time.

```
void timer_expired(std::string id)
{
   std::cout << now_time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now_time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
}

int main()
{
   asio::io_service service;
   asio::deadline_timer timer1(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));</pre>
```

Timer with two std::thread objects

```
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async wait([](auto ... vn){ timer expired("timer1"); });
   timer2.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer2"); });
   std::thread ta([&](){service.run();});
   std::thread tb([&](){service.run();});
   ta.join();
   tb.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

Timer with two std::thread objects

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async wait([](auto ... vn){ timer expired("timer1"); });
   timer2.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer2"); });
   std::thread ta([&](){service.run();});
   std::thread tb([&](){service.run();});
   ta.join();
   tb.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

Timer with two std::thread objects

```
Output
TTuuee SSeepp 2200 2233::2211::2233 22001166
ttiimmeerr21 eenntteerr..
TTuuee SSeepp 2200 2233::2211::2266 22001166
ttiimmeerr12 lleeaavvee...
done.
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
```

Posting Work

Equivalent to the Owner placing items directly on the completion table.

```
int main()
   asio::io_service service;
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "eat\n"; });</pre>
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "drink\n"; });</pre>
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "and be merry!\n"; });</pre>
   std::thread butler([&]{ service.run(); });
   butler.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

Posting Work

Output

```
eat
drink
and be merry!
done.
```

```
int main()
   asio::io_service service;
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "eat\n"; });</pre>
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "drink\n"; });</pre>
   service.post([]{ std::cout << "and be merry!\n"; });</pre>
   std::thread butler([&]{ service.run(); });
   butler.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

What if Johnny Can't Handle Two Slushies

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async wait([](auto ... vn){ timer expired("timer1"); });
   timer2.async_wait([](auto ... vn){ timer_expired("timer2"); });
   std::thread ta([&](){service.run();});
   std::thread tb([&](){service.run();});
   ta.join();
   tb.join();
   std::cout << "done." << std::endl;
```

What if Johnny Can't Handle Two Slushies

TTuuee SSeepp 2200 2233::2211::2233 22001166

Output

```
ttiimmeerr21 eenntteerr..
TTuuee SSeepp 2200 2233::2211::2266 22001166
ttiimmeerr12 lleeaavvee...
done.
void timer_expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
  asio::io service service;
  asio::deadline timer timer1(service, posix time::seconds(5));
  asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
```

The io_service::strand

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::io service::strand strand(service);
   asio::deadline_timer timer1(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   timer1.async_wait(
        strand.wrap([](auto ... vn){ timer expired("timer1"); } )
      );
   timer2.async_wait(
        strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer2"); } )
      );
   std::thread ta([&](){service.run();});
   std::thread tb([&](){service.run();});
   ta.join(); tb.join();
   std::cout << "done.\n";
```

The io_service::strand

```
asio::io service::strand strand(service);
timer1.async_wait(
     strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer1"); } )
   );
timer2.async_wait(
     strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer2"); } )
   );
```

The io_service::strand

done.

Output Tue Sep 20 23:43:49 2016 timer1 enter. Tue Sep 20 23:43:52 2016 timer1 leave. Tue Sep 20 23:43:52 2016 timer2 enter. Tue Sep 20 23:43:55 2016 timer2 leave.

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this thread::sleep for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now_time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
  asio::io service service;
  asio::io service::strand strand(service);
  asio::deadline_timer timer1(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
  asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
  timer1.async_wait(
       strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer1"); } )
```

More io_service::strand

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now_time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io_service service;
   asio::io service::strand strand(service);
   asio::deadline_timer timer1(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline timer timer2(service, posix time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer3(service, posix_time::seconds(6));
   timer1.asvnc wait(
        strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer1"); } ));
   timer2.async_wait(
        strand.wrap( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer2"); } ));
   timer3.async_wait( [] (auto ... vn) { timer_expired("timer3"); } );
   std::thread ta([&]() {service.run();}),
   std::thread tb( [&]() {service.run();} );
   ta.join(); tb.join();
   std::cout << "done.\n";
```

More io_service::strand

Output

```
Wed Sep 21 00:03:05 2016 timer1 enter.
Wed Sep 21 00:03:06 2016 timer3 enter.
Wed Sep 21 00:03:08 2016 timer1 leave.
Wed Sep 21 00:03:08 2016 timer2 enter.
Wed Sep 21 00:03:09 2016 timer3 leave.
Wed Sep 21 00:03:11 2016 timer2 leave.
done.
```

```
void timer expired(std::string id)
   std::cout << now time << " " << id << " enter.\n";
   std::this thread::sleep for(std::chrono::seconds(3));
   std::cout << now_time << " " << id << " leave.\n";
int main()
   asio::io service service;
   asio::io_service::strand strand(service);
   asio::deadline_timer timer1(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer2(service, posix_time::seconds(5));
   asio::deadline_timer timer3(service, posix_time::seconds(6));
   timer1.asvnc wait(
```

Part II

Communications



Outline

- Communication
 - Buffers



Asio deals with memory using buffers.

```
using mutable_buffer = tuple<void*, std::size_t>;
using const_buffer = tuple<const void*, std::size_t>;
```

mutable_buffer → const_buffer

Asio supports scatter/gather when buffers are stored in containers.



Asio deals with memory using buffers.

```
using mutable_buffer = tuple<void*, std::size_t>;
using const_buffer = tuple<const void*, std::size_t>;
```

$mutable_buffer \rightarrow const_buffer$

Asio supports scatter/gather when buffers are stored in containers.



Asio deals with memory using buffers.

```
class mutable_buffer;
class const_buffer;
```

mutable buffer → const buffer

Asio supports scatter/gather when buffers are stored in containers.



Asio deals with memory using buffers.

```
class mutable_buffer;
class const_buffer;
```

mutable buffer → const buffer

Asio supports scatter/gather when buffers are stored in containers.



Asio deals with memory using buffers.

```
class mutable_buffer;
class const_buffer;
```

mutable buffer → const buffer

Asio supports scatter/gather when buffers are stored in containers.



Buffers - Continued

It is easy to get an Asio buffer.

use

```
boost::asio::buffer(...)
socket_.send( asio::buffer(data, size) );
std::string personal_message( "dinner time!" );
socket_.send( asio::buffer(personal_message) );
std::array<uint_8,4> code = {0xde, 0xad, 0xbe, 0xef};
socket_.send( asio::buffer(code) );
```

Buffers - Scatter-Gather



Part III

Server

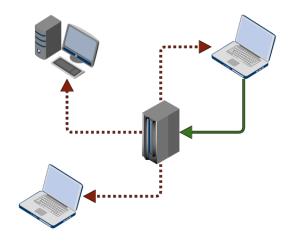


Outline

- Chat Server
 - The Goal
 - Server

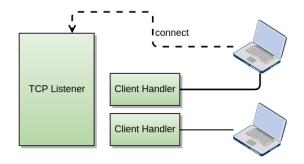


The Chat Server





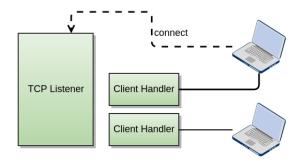
Generic Listener



Who owns the Client Handler?



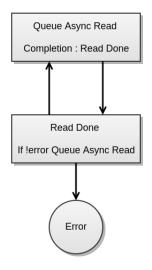
Generic Listener



Who owns the Client Handler?



Chaining Completion Handlers





Outline

- 3 Chat Server
 - The Goal
 - Server



```
asio_generic_server<chat_handler> server;
server.start_server(8888);
```



```
template <typename ConnectionHandler>
class asio generic server
   using shared handler t = std::shared ptr<ConnectionHandler>;
public:
private:
};
```

```
template <typename ConnectionHandler>
class asio generic server
   using shared handler t = std::shared ptr<ConnectionHandler>;
public:
private:
   int thread count ;
   std::vector<std::thread> thread pool ;
   asio::io_service io_service_;
   asio::ip::tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
};
```

```
template <typename ConnectionHandler>
class asio generic server
   using shared handler t = std::shared ptr<ConnectionHandler>;
public:
   asio generic server(int thread count=1)
      : thread_count_(thread_count)
      , acceptor_(io_service_)
   { }
private:
   int thread count ;
   std::vector<std::thread> thread pool ;
   asio::io_service io_service_;
   asio::ip::tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
};
```

```
template <typename ConnectionHandler>
class asio generic server
   using shared handler t = std::shared ptr<ConnectionHandler>;
public:
   asio generic server(int thread count=1)
      : thread_count_(thread_count)
      , acceptor_(io_service_)
   {}
   void start_server(uint16_t port)
private:
   int thread count ;
   std::vector<std::thread> thread pool ;
   asio::io_service io_service_;
   asio::ip::tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
};
```

```
template <typename ConnectionHandler>
class asio_generic_server
   using shared handler t = std::shared ptr<ConnectionHandler>;
public:
   asio generic server(int thread count=1)
      : thread_count_(thread_count)
      , acceptor_(io_service_)
   {}
   void start_server(uint16_t port)
private:
   void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                              , system::error code const & error )
   int thread count ;
   std::vector<std::thread> thread pool ;
   asio::io_service io_service_;
   asio::ip::tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
};
```

```
void start_server(uint16_t port)
```

```
void start_server(uint16_t port)
   auto handler
      = std::make shared<ConnectionHandler>(io service );
```

```
void start_server(uint16_t port)
   auto handler
      = std::make shared<ConnectionHandler>(io service );
   // set up the acceptor to listen on the tcp port
   asio::ip::tcp::endpoint endpoint(asio::ip::tcp::v4(), port);
   acceptor .open(endpoint.protocol());
   acceptor_.set_option(tcp::acceptor::reuse_address(true));
   acceptor_.bind(endpoint);
   acceptor .listen();
```

```
void start_server(uint16_t port)
   auto handler
      = std::make shared<ConnectionHandler>(io service );
   // set up the acceptor to listen on the tcp port
   asio::ip::tcp::endpoint endpoint(asio::ip::tcp::v4(), port);
   acceptor .open(endpoint.protocol());
   acceptor_.set_option(tcp::acceptor::reuse_address(true));
   acceptor_.bind(endpoint);
   acceptor .listen();
   acceptor_.async_accept( handler->socket()
                          , [=] (auto ec)
                              handle new connection (handler, ec);
      );
```

```
void start_server(uint16_t port)
   auto handler
      = std::make shared<ConnectionHandler>(io service );
   // set up the acceptor to listen on the tcp port
   asio::ip::tcp::endpoint endpoint(asio::ip::tcp::v4(), port);
   acceptor .open(endpoint.protocol());
   acceptor_.set_option(tcp::acceptor::reuse_address(true));
   acceptor_.bind(endpoint);
   acceptor_.listen();
   acceptor_.async_accept( handler->socket()
                          , [=] (auto ec)
                               handle new connection (handler, ec);
      );
   // start pool of threads to process the asio events
   for(int i=0; i<thread_count_; ++i)</pre>
      thread_pool_.emplace_back( [=]{io_service_.run();} );
```

```
void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                          , system::error_code const & error )
```

```
void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                          , system::error_code const & error )
   if(error) { return; }
```

```
void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                           , system::error_code const & error )
   if(error) { return; }
   handler->start();
```

```
void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                          , system::error_code const & error )
   if(error) { return; }
   handler->start();
   auto new handler
      = std::make_shared<ConnectionHandler>(io_service_);
```

```
void handle_new_connection( shared_handler_t handler
                           , system::error_code const & error )
   if(error) { return; }
   handler->start();
   auto new handler
      = std::make_shared<ConnectionHandler>(io_service_);
   acceptor_.async_accept( new_handler->socket()
                          , [=] (auto ec)
                               handle new connection ( new handler
                                                     , ec);
      );
```

```
class chat_handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
private:
};
```

```
class chat_handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
private:
   asio::io service& service ;
   asio::ip::tcp::socket socket_;
   asio::io service::strand write strand ;
   asio::streambuf in_packet_;
   std::deque<std::string> send_packet_queue;
};
```

```
class chat_handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
   chat_handler(asio::io_service& service)
      : service_(service)
      , socket_(service)
      , write strand (service)
   {}
private:
   asio::io service& service ;
   asio::ip::tcp::socket socket_;
   asio::io service::strand write strand;
   asio::streambuf in_packet_;
   std::deque<std::string> send_packet_queue;
};
```

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class chat_handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
   chat_handler(asio::io_service& service)
      : service_(service)
      , socket_(service)
      . write strand (service)
   {}
   boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket& socket()
      return socket ;
private:
   asio::io service& service ;
   asio::ip::tcp::socket socket_;
   asio::io service::strand write strand;
   asio::streambuf in_packet_;
   std::deque<std::string> send_packet_queue;
};
```

```
class chat_handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
   chat_handler(asio::io_service& service)
      : service_(service)
      , socket_(service)
      . write strand (service)
   {}
   boost::asio::ip::tcp::socket& socket()
      return socket ;
   void start()
      read_packet();
private:
   asio::io service& service ;
   asio::ip::tcp::socket socket_;
   asio::io service::strand write strand;
   asio::streambuf in_packet_;
   std::deque<std::string> send_packet_queue;
};
```

```
void read_packet()
   asio::asvnc read until( socket .
                            in_packet_,
                            '\0'.
                            [me=shared from this()]
                            ( system::error code const & ec
                            , std::size_t bytes_xfer)
                               me->read_packet_done(ec, bytes_xfer);
                            } );
```

```
[me=shared from this()]
( system::error_code const & ec
std::size_t bytes_xfer)
  me->read_packet_done(ec, bytes_xfer);
} );
```

```
void read_packet()
   asio::asvnc read until( socket .
                            in_packet_,
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                            ( system::error code const & ec
                            , std::size_t bytes_xfer)
                               me->read_packet_done(ec, bytes_xfer);
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```
void read_packet()
   asio::asvnc read until( socket .
                            in_packet_,
                            '\0'.
                            [me=shared from this()]
                            ( system::error_code const & ec
                            , std::size_t bytes_xfer)
                              me->read_packet_done(ec, bytes_xfer);
                            } );
void read_packet_done( system::error_code const & error
                      , std::size t bytes transferred )
   if(error) { return; }
   std::istream stream(&in packet );
   std::string packet_string;
   stream >> packet string;
   // do something with it
   read packet();
```

```
class chat handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
private:
};
```

```
class chat handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
   void send(std::string msg)
      service_.post( write_strand_.wrap( [me=shared_from_this()]()
                                             me->queue_message(msg);
                                          } ));
private:
};
```

```
class chat handler
   : public std::enable_shared_from_this<chat_handler>
public:
   void send(std::string msg)
      service_.post( write_strand_.wrap( [me=shared_from_this()]()
                                             me->queue_message(msg);
                                          } ));
private:
   void queue_message(std::string message)
      bool write_in_progress = !send_packet_queue.empty();
      send_packet_queue.push_back(std::move(message));
      if(!write in progress)
         start_packet_send();
};
```

```
void start_packet_send()
   send_packet_queue.front() += "\0";
   async_write( socket_
              , asio::buffer(send_packet_queue.front())
              , write_strand_.wrap( [me=shared_from_this()]
                                     ( system::error_code const & ec
                                     , std::size_t)
                                        me->packet send done (ec);
                 ));
```

```
void start_packet_send()
   send_packet_queue.front() += "\0";
   async_write( socket_
              , asio::buffer(send_packet_queue.front())
              , write_strand_.wrap( [me=shared_from_this()]
                                     ( system::error_code const & ec
                                     , std::size t)
                                        me->packet send done (ec);
                 ));
void packet send done(system::error code const & error)
   if(!error)
      send_packet_queue.pop_front();
      if(!send_packet_queue.empty()) { start_packet_send(); }
```

More...

- Layered design!
- Use as a processing queue
- Add your own services
- Combine with MSM and Spirit

