

1. Apprise Vs Appraise

Apprise: inform or tell (someone).

Appraise: assess the value or quality of.

2. Abstain Vs Abstruse

Abstain: restrain oneself from doing or enjoying something.

Abstruse: difficult to understand; obscure.

3. Arcane Vs Archaic

Arcane: understood by few; mysterious or secret.

Archaic: very old or old-fashioned.

4. Avaricious Vs Capricious

Avaricious: having or showing an extreme greed for wealth or material gain.

Capricious: given to sudden and unaccountable changes of mood or behavior.

5. Abnegate Vs Abrogate

Abnegate: renounce or reject (something desired or valuable).

Abrogate: repeal or do away with (a law, right, or formal agreement).

6. Acquisitive Vs Acquiesce Vs Acquittal

Acquisitive: excessively interested in acquiring money or material things.

Acquiesce: accept something reluctantly but without protest.

Acquittal: a judgment or verdict that a person is not guilty of the crime with which they have been charged.

7. Abhor Vs Abjure

Abhor: regard with disgust and hatred.

Abjure: solemnly renounce (a belief, cause, or claim).

8. Approbation Vs Apprehension

Approbation: approval or praise.

Apprehension: anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.

9. Ascetic Vs Aesthetic

Ascetic: characterized by severe self-discipline and abstention from all forms of indulgence, typically for religious reasons.

Aesthetic: concerned with beauty or the appreciation of beauty.

10. Abrasive Vs Evasive

Abrasive: showing little concern for the feelings of others; harsh.

Evasive: tending to avoid commitment or self-revelation, especially by responding only indirectly.

11. Affection Vs Affectation

Affection: a gentle feeling of fondness or liking.

Affectation: behavior, speech, or writing that is pretentious and designed to impress.

12. Arrogate Vs Arrant

Arrogate: take or claim (something) without justification.

Arrant: complete, utter.

13. Bemoan Vs Beatific

Bemoan: express discontent or sorrow over (something).

Beatific: feeling or expressing blissful happiness.

14. Contemplate Vs Contempt

Contemplate: think deeply and at length.

Contempt: the feeling that a person or a thing is worthless or beneath consideration.

15. Conterminous Vs Contumacious

Conterminous: sharing a common boundary.

Contumacious: stubbornly or willfully disobedient to authority.

16. Compliment Vs Complement

Compliment: a polite expression of praise or admiration.

Complement: a thing that contributes extra features to something else in such a way as to improve or emphasize its quality.

17. Culminate Vs Calumniate

Culminate: reach a climax or point of highest development.

Calumniate: make false and defamatory statements about.

18. Collusion Vs Collision

Collusion: secret or illegal cooperation or conspiracy in order to deceive others.

Collision: an instance of one moving object or person striking violently against another.

19. Cardinal Vs Cordial

Cardinal: of the greatest importance; fundamental.

Cordial: warm and friendly.

20. Contrite Vs Contrive

Contrite: feeling or expressing remorse at the recognition that one has done wrong.

Contrive: create or bring about (an object or a situation) by deliberate use of skill and artifice.

21. Censor Vs Censure

Censor: examine (a book, film, etc.) officially and suppress unacceptable parts of it.

Censure: the formal expression of severe disapproval.

22. Discredit Vs Disabuse

Discredit: cause (an idea or account) to seem false or unreliable.

Disabuse: to correct.

23. Defer Vs Deter

Defer: postpone, submit to or acknowledge the merit of.

Deter: discourage (someone) from doing something by instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.

24. Demur Vs Demure

Demur: raise objections or show reluctance.

Demure: reserved, modest, and shy.

25. Defy Vs Deify

Defy: openly resist or refuse to obey.

Deify: worship or regard as a god.

26. Discrete Vs Discreet

Discrete: individually separate and distinct.

Discreet: careful and prudent in one's speech or actions

27. Decry Vs Descry

Decry: publicly denounce.

Descry: catch sight of.

28. Dismal Vs Dismay

Dismal: causing a mood of gloom or depression.

Dismay: concern and distress caused by something unexpected.

29. Delineate Vs Dilettante

Delineate: describe or portray (something) precisely.

Dilettante: a person who cultivates an area of interest, such as the arts, without real commitment or knowledge.

30. Depraved Vs Deprive

Depraved: morally corrupt; wicked.

Deprive: prevent (a person or place) from having or using something.

31. Elude Vs Elucidate

Elude: escape from or avoid (a danger, enemy, or pursuer), typically in a skilful or cunning way.

Elucidate: make (something) clear; explain.

32. Expatiate Vs Expatriate

Expatiate: speak or write in detail about.

Expatriate: a person who lives outside their native country.

33. Efflorescence Vs Effervescent

Efflorescence: blooming

Effervescent: vivacious and enthusiastic.

34. Exculpate Vs Execrate Vs Extenuate

Exculpate: show or declare that (someone) is not guilty of wrongdoing.

Execrate: feel or express great loathing for.

Extenuate: cause (an offence) to seem less serious.

35. Forthright Vs Forthcoming Vs Fortnight

Forthright: (of a person or their manner or speech) direct and outspoken.

Forthcoming: about to happen or appear.

Fortnight: a period of two weeks.

36. Grudge Vs Drudge

Grudge: be resentfully unwilling to give or allow (something), feel resentful that

(someone) has achieved (something).

Drudge: a person made to do hard menial or dull work.

37. Impudent Vs Imprudent

Impudent: not showing due respect for another person; impertinent.

Imprudent: not showing care for the consequences of an action; rash.

38. Impetus Vs Impetuous

Impetus: the force or energy with which a body moves.

Impetuous: acting or done quickly and without thought or care.

39. Impute Vs Impugn

Impute: represent (something, especially something undesirable) as being done or possessed by someone; attribute.

Impugn: dispute the truth, validity, or honesty of (a statement or motive); call into question.

40. Inveigle Vs Inveigh Vs Invidious

Inveigle: persuade (someone) to do something by means of deception or flattery.

Inveigh: speak or write about (something) with great hostility.

Invidious: likely to arouse or incur resentment or anger in others.

41. Indigenous Vs Indigence

Indigenous: originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native.

Indigence: a state of extreme poverty; destitution.

42. Imperial Vs Imperil

Imperial: relating to an empire.

Imperil: put at risk of being harmed, injured, or destroyed.

43. Interminable Vs Internecine

Interminable: endless or apparently endless

Internecine: destructive to both sides in a conflict.

44. Malfeasance Vs Malapropism

Malfeasance: wrongdoing, especially (US) by a public official.

Malapropism: the mistaken use of a word in place of a similar-sounding one, often with an amusing effect

45. Morbid Vs Moribund Vs Modicum

Morbid: characterized by an abnormal and unhealthy interest in disturbing and unpleasant subjects, especially death and disease.

Moribund: (of a person) at the point of death.

Modicum: a small quantity of a particular thing, especially something desirable or valuable.

46. Mendacity Vs Mandate

Mendacity: untruthfulness.

Mandate: an official order or commission to do something.

47. Meddlesome Vs Mettlesome

Meddlesome: fond of meddling; interfering.

Mettlesome: full of spirit and courage; lively.

48. Mollifying Vs Mitigating

Mollifying: appease the anger or anxiety of (someone).

Mitigating: make (something bad) less severe, serious, or painful.

49. Obsequious Vs Obsequies

Obsequious: obedient or attentive to an excessive or servile degree.

Obsequies: funeral rites.

50. Puissance Vs Pusillanimous

Puissance: great power, influence, or prowess.

Pusillanimous: showing a lack of courage or determination; timid.

51. Profligate Vs Proliferate

Profligate: recklessly extravagant or wasteful in the use of resources.

Proliferate: increase rapidly in number; multiply.

52. Perpetuate Vs Perpetrate

Perpetuate: make (something) continue indefinitely.

Perpetrate: carry out or commit (a harmful, illegal, or immoral action).

53. Prognosticate Vs Procrastinate

Prognosticate: foretell or prophesy (a future event).

Procrastinate: delay or postpone action; put off doing something.

54. Portent Vs Potent

Portent: a sign or warning that a momentous or calamitous event is likely to happen.

Potent: having great power, influence, or effect.

55. Reproof Vs Reprove

Reproof: an expression of blame or disapproval.

Reprove: reprimand, scold (someone)

56. Rife Vs Rile

Rife: widespread.

Rile: make (someone) annoyed or irritated.

57. Superseded Vs Surpass

Superseded: take the place of (a person or thing previously in authority or use); supplant.

Surpass: exceed; be greater than.

58. Savor Vs Sever

Savor: taste (good food or drink) and enjoy it to the full.

Sever: divide by cutting or slicing, especially suddenly and forcibly.

59. Specious Vs Spacious

Specious: superficially plausible, but actually wrong.

Spacious: (especially of a room or building) having ample space.

60. Sordid Vs Stolid

Sordid: dirty or squalid.

Stolid: calm, dependable, and showing little emotion or animation.

61. Tenuous Vs Tenable

Tenuous: very weak or slight.

Tenable: able to be maintained or defended against attack or objection.

62. Tempestuous Vs Tumultuous

Tempestuous: characterized by strong and turbulent or conflicting emotion.

Tumultuous: making an uproar or loud, confused noise.

63. Vindicate Vs Vitiate

Vindicate: clear (someone) of blame or suspicion.

Vitiate: spoil or impair the quality or efficiency of.

64. Voracious Vs Vociferous

Voracious: wanting or devouring great quantities of food.

Vociferous: expressing or characterized by vehement opinions; loud and forceful.

65. Veracity Vs Vanity

Veracity: habitual truthfulness.

Vanity: excessive pride in or admiration of one's own appearance or achievements.

66. Vanquish Vs Relinquish

Vanquish: defeat thoroughly.

Relinquish: voluntarily cease to keep or claim; give up.