A Safe Regression Test Selection Technique for Modelica

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Regression Testing

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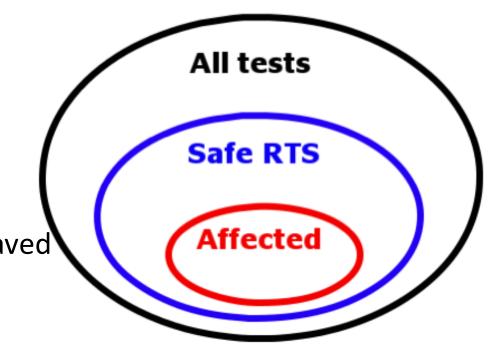
• Re-run tests to ensure that previous functionality still work after a change

Regression Test Selection (RTS)

Run a subset of all tests

Safe RTS

- Run all affected tests
- Conservative ⇒ might run unaffected tests
- Tradeoff between analysis time and time saved

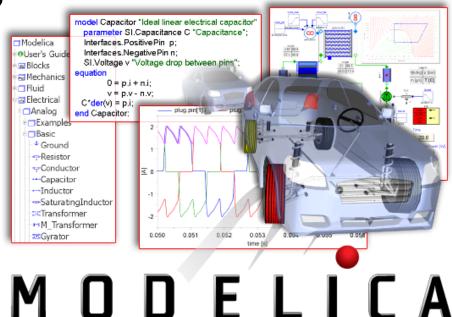


RTS for Modelica

Motivation: testing Modelica Standard Library takes 2-3 hours

• We have implemented a Safe RTS technique for Modelica

 Static dependency analysis between classes, defined as dependency rules



Master's theses

This work is based on two master's theses:

- Improved precision and verification for test selection in Modelica by Markus Olsson and Filip Stenström
- Safe test selection for modelica using static analysis by Erik Hedblom and Kasper Rundquist

Dependency Analysis

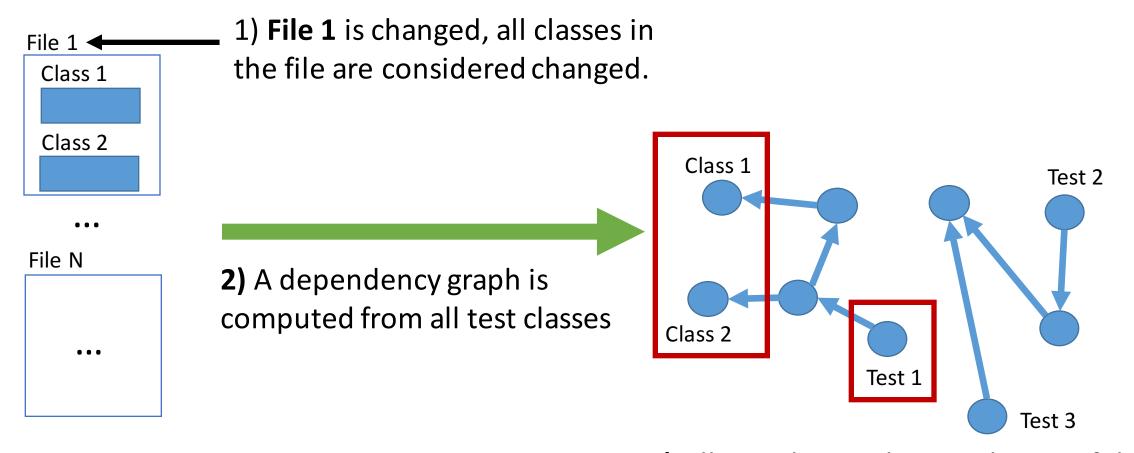
```
model A
end A;
model B
  A a;
end B;
model T1
  A a;
end T1;
model T2
  B b;
end T2;
```

We analyze dependencies between classes to select test classes that need to run given a change.

Examples:

- If **A** is changed \Rightarrow run **T1** and **T2**
- If **B** is changed \Rightarrow run **T2**

Overview - Changing A File



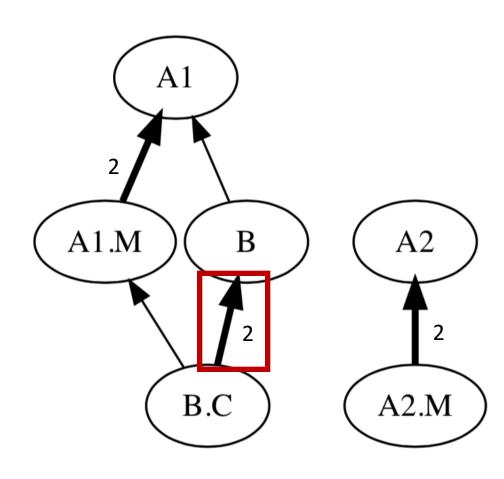
3) All test classes that reach one of the changed classes need to be run (Test 1 in this example)

Dependency Rules

- Rule 1: A class has a dependency on an accessed class, including all parts of the qualified name.
- Rule 2: A class has a dependency on its **enclosing class**.
- Rule 3: A class that contains a **redeclaration** depends on all super classes and enclosed classes of the replacing class (and all their enclosed classes and super classes recursively).
- Rule 4: A class has a dependency on **implicitly called classes**. This includes a record or type enclosing a function named **equalityConstraint**, and a class extending the class **ExternalObject** has dependency on enclosed function destructor.

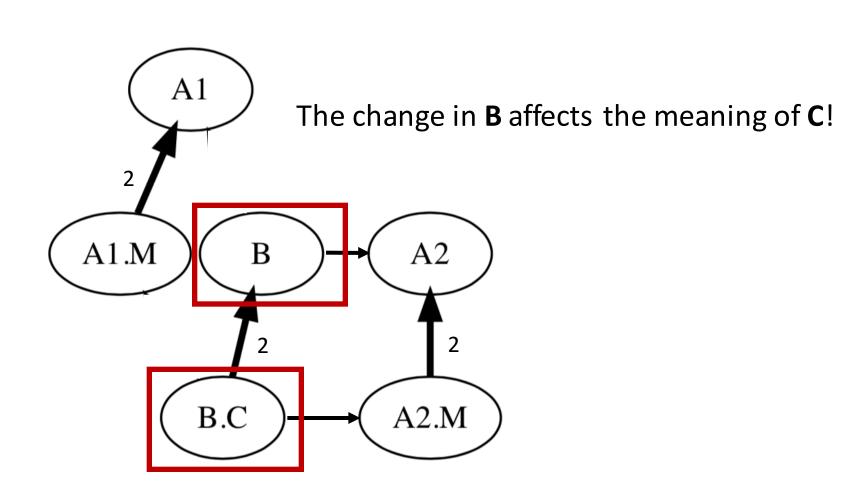
Rule 2: A class has a dependency on its **enclosing class**.

```
package A1
    → model M
     end M;
   end A1;
   package A2
     model M
uses
     end M;
   end A2;
   package B
     extends A1;
     model C
      _M m;
     end C;
   end P;
```



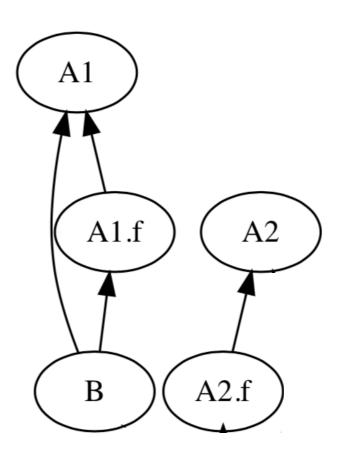
Rule 2: A class has a dependency on its **enclosing class**.

```
package A1
     model M
      end M;
   end A1;
   package A2
    ▶ model M
      end M;
   end A2;
uses package B
      extends A1;
               A2;
     model C
      __M m;
      end C;
   end P;
```



Rule 3: A class that contains a **redeclaration** depends on all super classes and enclosed classes of the replacing class (and all their enclosed classes and super classes recursively).

```
package A1
  function f
  end f;
end A1;
package A2
  function f
              uses
  end f;
end A2;
model B
  replaceable package P = A1;
  Real x = P.f();
end B;
```



Rule 3: A class that contains a **redeclaration** depends on all super classes and enclosed classes of the replacing class (and all their enclosed classes and super classes recursively).

```
package A1
  function f
                                        A1
  end f;
end A1;
package A2
                                          A1.f
  function f
  end f;
end A2;
               in context of C
model B
                                                  A2.f
                                          В
  replaceable package P = A1;
  Real x = P.f();
                               redeclares P
end B;
                                                          C depends on A2.f
                               to A2
model C
  B b (redeclare package P = A2)
end C;
                                                                         11
```

Implementation

- Dependency analysis implemented in the OPTIMICA Compiler Toolkit by Modelon
- 201 source lines of code (JastAdd code)

Performance Results

Library	Avg. testing runtime saved / changed class		Dependency analysis
Modelica Standard Library	95.5%	88.9%	0.04%
Heat Exchanger Library	78.9%	80.5%	0.1%

Verification

Is our RTS technique safe?

Mutation testing! On MSL.

Normal	mutation	testing
		7771117

How good is the test suite?

Our mutation testing

Does the dependency analysis find all dependencies?

Compute actual dependencies and compare to our RTS technique

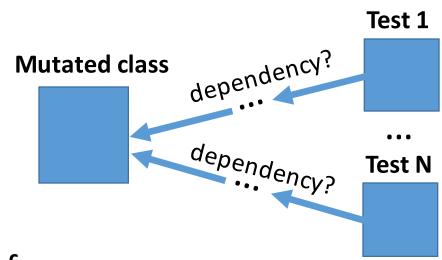
Examples of Mutations

Туре	Before	After
Literal	39	40
Arithmetic	1 + 2	2 + 1
Logical	f() > 0	f() <= 0
Comment	M m "comment";	M m "mutated";

Mutating Classes to Find Dependencies

Is there a dependency from test class to mutated class?

If yes, then our analysis should also find that!



Otherwise, our technique is not safe:

- Dependency rule missing or
- Implementation bug

Background: Modelica Flattening

Flattening:

- Removes class and component hierarchy
 ⇒ one equation system
- Compilation step before simulation

source code

end B;

```
model A
   B b;
   Real x;
equation
   x = b.y + 1;
end A;

model B
   Real y;
   Real z;
equation
   y = z;
   z = time;
```

flat-code

```
fclass A
  Real b.y;
  Real x;
  equation
  x = b.y + 1;
  b.y = time;
end A;
```

Verification: Method

1) Flatten all Flat code of Flat code of Class test classes Test N Test 1 (reference) If flat-code changed 2) Mutate 4)Equals? 4)Equals? dependency from test class to mutated class Flat code of Flat code of Mutated 3) Flatten all test classes Test N class Test 1 18

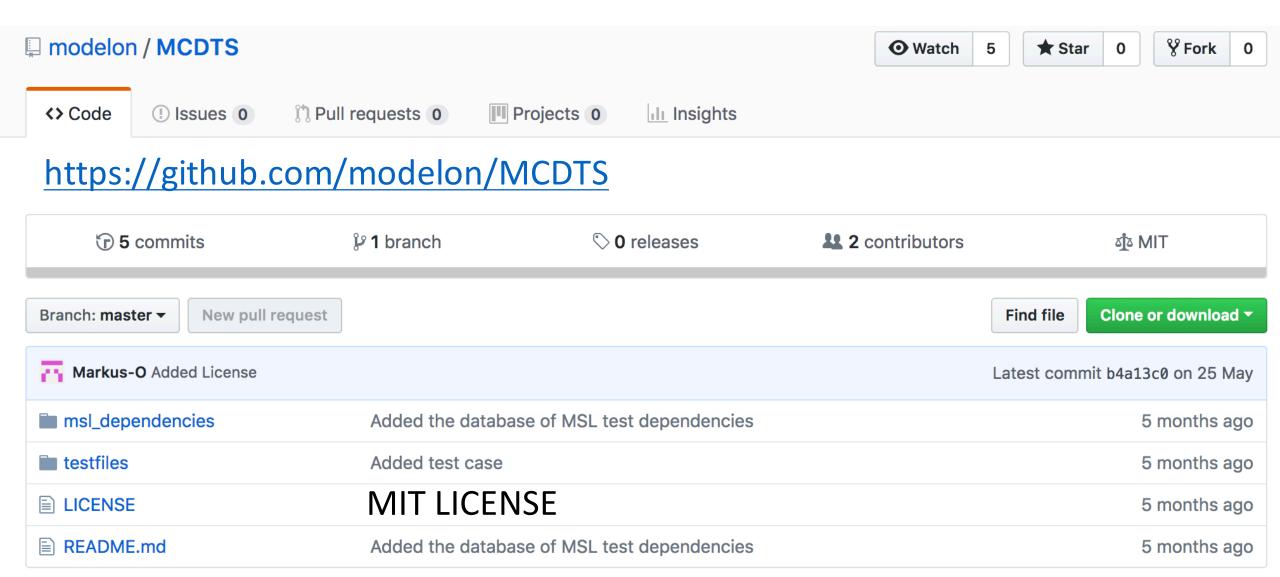
Verification Results

- Results
 - 6 implementation bugs found
 - Rule 3 generalized
 - New Rule 4
- Previous technique not safe (by Hedblom and Rundquist)
- Total execution time: 280 days
 - Run on Jenkins cluster
 - Important with good mutations

Verification Results

Mutated classes found dependencies to	2345 (39.4%)
Classes attempted to mutate	4587 (77.1%)
Classes in MSL	5946

Open Source Test Suite for Modelica RTS



Conclusions

- Regression test selection technique for Modelica
 - Implementation-independent dependency rules
 - Savings: MSL: 96%, HXL: 79%
 - Safety verified using mutation testing. Not 100%
 - Open source test suite
- Future Work
 - Code instrumentation
 - More mutation testing