MAPA FINAL - Resumo de todos os passos apresentados

Outcome Objective 1 (OO1).

Meet the budgetary demand for tax resources

Given the increasing social demand for public services in our country, the public budget defined for the coming years indicates that increasing tax revenue will be crucial for fiscal balance. There is no room for legislative changes that involve creating new taxes, increasing tax rates, or expanding tax bases to increase that involve creating new taxes, increasing tax rates, or expanding tax bases to increase that it is not acceptable to avoid paying taxes if given the opportunity and that smuggling and contraband are also reprehensible and harmful to the country's economy, security, and even the population's health.

Risks involved:

- Risk OO1.1 (ratification of General Context Risk I)
Risk Event: Insufficient influx of resources to meet the budget forecast.
Causes: Non-compliant behavior regarding tax obligations by taxpayers; lack of knowledge of tax gaps; or inefficiency of TCA.
Impact/Consequence: Failure to meet the country's social demands.
Classification: This risk statement encompasses a compliance risk, which is caused by taxpayer behavior, and also an institutional risk, whose cause is the absence of installed capacity to calculate the tax gap and the inefficiency of TCA.

- Risk OO1.2. (ratification of General Context Risk II)

Risk Event. Non-compliance with tax and customs obligations by taxpayers and stakeholders.

Causes: Uniform descriptioning of the perception that tax evasion, smiggling, and contraband are morally or socially accepted.

Impact/Consequence: Perception of injurice by those who comply with their obligations, reduction in taxes paid, and loss of society's confidence in TCA.

Classification: This is a compliance risk, as the cause is trappayer behavior.

Indicator OO1.1: Actual Collection/Fiscal Budget established by Law. Indicator OO1.2: Actual Collection/Potential Collection.

It is not proposed here to implement action plans for the direct achievement of outcome objectives, considering that this would result from the achievement of internal process and people, resources, and development objectives

Internal Process Objective 2 (IPO2)

Enhance integrated knowledge about the compliance behavior of taxpayers and stakeholders and act appropriately and specifically in relation to each behavior (facilitating, supporting, monitoring, demanding).

One of TCA's main responsibilities is to promote tax and customs compliance. To do so, it must define strategies aimed at changing the compliance behavior of taxpayers and sakeholders who do not fulfill their tax and customs obligations. These strategies must be specifically defined for each type of behavior (difficulty in compliance, compliance only if perceived, deliberately not complying). Therefore, having the ability to identify taxpayers' behavior, which is directly influenced by intrinsic factors related to them, is an essential

Risks involved:
- Risks (PVD.1:
- Risks PVD.1:
- Risk Event unable to act specifically in the face of each compliance behavior.
- Cause: inability to identify compliance behaviors based on the intrinsic factors of each trappayer or stakeholder in foreign prade.
- Impact/Consequence: impair procedural justice perceived by taxpayers and stakeholders in foreign trade, regartely influence their compliance behavior, with

significant damage to revenue and the institution's image.
-Classification: this is an institutional risk, as it is caused by the absence of a work

Internal Process Objective 3 (IPO3)

Outcome Objective 2 (OO2).

Outcome Objective 3 (OO3).

for tax resources.

Enhance the agility and security of Foreign Trade.

Boost society's confidence in the way TCA operates.

Note: for didactic purposes, to facilitate the tracking of reasoning, the breakdown of Outcome Objectives into Internal Process Objectives will be demonstrated only for Outcome Objective 1: Meeting the demand

Achieve efficiency/agility in collecting constituted tax credits.

Internal Process Objective 1 (IPO1)

Since there is no room for revenue increase through tax increases, TCA's action is fundamental and should focus on reducing the tax gap, which is the difference between potential revenue and actual revenue. Thus, the starting point is to equip TCA with the capacity to assess this tax gap and monitor the evolution of actual revenue towards

Understanding the potential revenue (promoting revenue estimates and gap analysis) and monitoring the evolution

of actual revenue collected.

Risks involved:

- Risk Popt.1.

- Risk Popt.1 unclear identification of priority areas of action to bring actual revenue closer to potential revenue.

- Causes: due to the unknown tax gap (general, by economic sector, by geographical region, etc.).

- Impact/Consequence: hindering the achievement of revenue targets by not knowing the taxes, sectors, or segments with the greatest difference between what is actually collected and the potential.

- Taxcelification: this is an institutional risk, as it is caused by the absence of an

-Indicator IPO1.1: Technical cooperation agreements formalized to obtain necessary data for gap determination/Total external cooperation agreements required.

Action Plan IPO1.1: Research and define, among the methodologies aimed at revenue estimation and tax gap determination, the one that best applies to the current tax system in the country, and implement it.

Action Plan IPO1.2: Strengthen technical cooperation and information exchange with other institutions responsible for managing information that TCA will need to carry out revenue estimates and tax gap determination.

process or activity.

behavior, which is measure for TCA.

Indicator IPO2.1: Number of internal processes formally adopting knowledge management

- Indicator IPO2.2: Number of internal processes forming adopting showledge indice measures/Total TCA processes.

- Indicator IPO2.2: Total actions taken to simplify obligations.

- Indicator IPO2.3: Total actions taken to facilitate compliance with tax and customs obligations.

obligations.
- Indicator IPO2.4: Total actions taken to increase tax presence (deterrence).
- Indicator IPO2.5: Total actions taken to enforce tax and customs obligations

Action Plan IPO2.1: Define and implement strategies for collecting and consolidating integrated knowledge about taxpayers' behavior.

Action Plan IPO2.2: Implement coordinated and integrated actions, appropriate and specific to each compliance behavior of taxpayers and interveners in foreign trade, in order to boost compliance with tax and customs obligations.

The constitution of tax credits occurs through self-declaration (when taxpayers assess and declare their taxes in the various declarations defined by TCA) or through direct action by usuarie usert raxes in me various declarations defined by (CA) or through direct action by TCA (in audit procleuries). Once the tax credit is constituted, TCA must act to ensure that it is quickly converted into funds entering the public coffers. Factors such as mere default and administrative or judicial discussion of the tax can delay this entry. Therefore, seeking efficiency in work processes aimed at the effective collection of constituted tax credits is an important measure to be implementary.

Risks involved:
- Risk (Post). In - Risk Post: non-conversion of constituted tax credits and effective entry of funds into the public coffers.
- Causes: low efficiency of AT&A in its collection, or in the resolution of administrative disportes, or in the monitoring of judicial disputes.
- Impact/Consequence: losses in effective revenue due to delays or non-entry of funds

into the public coffers.

-Classification: this is an institutional risk, as it is caused by the inefficiency of a work

process or activity.

-Indicator IPO3.1: Average time of debts in collection (by recovery risk classification).

People, Resources, and Development Objective 1 (PRDO1)

Develop the team's data analysis capability.

Given the need for TCA to increasingly handle a significant volume of information from various sources and extract knowledge from these data (such as determining the tax gap), developing data analysis capabilities is a necessary measure.

Risks involved:

- Risk PRD1.1:
- Risk Event: insufficient installed capacity at TCA for adequate data and information

REPROLISE

ARISE Vent: insufficient installed capacity at TCA for adequate data and information processing and analysis.

Causes: necessing competencies for these analyses not being observed in the recruitment processes of new employees or due to a lack of specific training in sufficient recruitment processes of new employees or due to a lack of specific training in sufficient representations of expensive processes of new employees or cause to a lack of specific training in sufficient infelligence, important the processing of the processing available to TCA (such as the tax expl.)

Action Plans:

Indicator PRDO1.1: Percentage of employees trained in data science per internal process

Action Plan OPRD1.1: Provide training to develop individuals capable of conducting revenue

Develop the collection, consolidation, and integration of information regarding the compliance behavior of taxpayers and interveners in foreign trade.

Considering that TCA's actions must be carried out through strategies and treatment measures specifically targeted at the different compliance behaviors of taxpayers and interveners, it is necessary to strengthen cooperation between TCA's technical areas, encourage the exchange (internal and external) of information, knowledge, and analysis techniques, and simulate innovation and knowledge management in order to lead to the necessary integrated understanding of taxpayers' and interveners' compliance behavior.

Risks involved:

-Risk Event: inability to understand the compliance behavior of taxpayers and interveners in foreign trade.

-Causes: non-existent, insufficient, non-integrated collection and management of information regarding taxpayers/interveners compliance with tax and customs obligations, and their interaction with TiCA.

-Impact/Consequence: inability to implement specific and adequate treatment strategies and measures for each compliance behavior, leading to approach errors (for example, applying severe sanctions and penalties to a taxpayer who attempted to cample, applying severe sanctions and penalties to a taxpayer with attempted to compliance, and reducing procedural justice perceived by society regarding TCA's actions.

-Classification: this is an institutional risk, as it is caused by the inadequacy or insufficiency of a work process or activity.

dicator PRDO2.1: Number of internal processes formally adopting knowledge anagement measures/Total TCAn internal processes.

Indicator PRDO2.2: Percentage of people trained in knowledge management per internal

Improve the management of priority work processes to achieve greater efficiency through their review, optimization, and automation.

Promoting adequate management of internal processes (as well as project management and risk management) is necessary to ensure that TCA operates economically, efficiently, efficiently, effectively, and ethically.

Thus, having identified the work processes with the greatest impact, demand, or deficiencies regarding the needs of taxopayers or intervenes in foreign trade, TCA must act to improve the organization and rationality of its activities by reducing and automating repetitive tasks and by seeking and implementing innovative solutions (technological and non-technological).

NAME 14. His Revent internal processes not rationalized, optimized, or without the necessary resources or controls.

Acuses: absence of a permanent process for reviewing and improving the work processes of the institution.

**ImpactConsequence: damage to institutional economy, efficiency, effectiveness, and

cliassification: this is an institutional risk, as it is caused by the absence, inadequacy, or insufficiency of an internal process or activity.

Indicator PRDO3.2: Gain in terms of saved working hours due to proposed measures from

Indicator PRDO3.3: Gains in terms of increased compliance due to proposed measures from

Action Plan OPRD3.1: Provide training to develop individuals capable of managing and improving priority work processes, organizing and rationalizing their activities by reducing and automating repetitive tasks and by seeking and implementing innovative solutions (technological and non-technological).

Action Plans:

Action Plan OPRD2.1: Develop, through the application of knowledge management and data analysis techniques, a central structure for the integrated collection and processing of information generated from the interaction between various work processes of TCA and the taxpayer or intervener.

"Tax and Customs Compliance Risk Management and Institutional Risk Management: Concepts, Similarities, Differences and Integration with Strategy." (7/4/2023) - André Luís Theresa.