

## TASK I - Airflow

1. Create DAG that run in every 5 hours.

Buat file tugas pada server yang ditentukan

```
MINGW64/c/Users/USER/Alta, x raja_rahmanakmaludin@insta x + v
USER@Luna MINGW64 ~
$ wsl
root@Luna:/mnt/c/Users/USER# ssh raja_rahmanakmaludin@34.101.224.54
raja_rahmanakmaludin@34.101.224.54's password:
Linux instance-20240714-035051 6.1.0-23-cloud-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.99-1 (2024-07-15) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Wed Jul 31 03:52:41 2024 from 202.43.94.42
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~$
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~$ ls
2022-01-01-1.json.gz airflow-data dbt-demo extract-load-demo ingestion-data streaming-platform
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~$
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~$ cd airflow-data/docker/dags
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~/airflow-data/docker/dags$
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~/airflow-data/docker/dags$ sudo nano yovinasilvia-airflow-task1.py
[sudo] password for raja_rahmanakmaludin:
raja_rahmanakmaludin@instance-20240714-035051:~/airflow-data/docker/dags$
```

codingannya:

- Membuat DAG dengan ID 'yovina-airflow-task1', deskripsi 'Airflow Task 1', dan jadwal interval '0 \*/5 \* \* \*', yang berarti DAG akan berjalan setiap 5 jam.
- start\_date diatur pada datetime(2023, 10, 18) untuk menentukan kapan DAG mulai berjalan.
- catchup=False berarti Airflow tidak akan menjalankan DAG untuk waktu yang telah berlalu sebelum start\_date.
- Membuat tugas awal yang kosong dengan task\_id='start'.

```
from datetime import datetime
from airflow import DAG
```

```
from airflow.operators.empty import EmptyOperator
from airflow.operators.python_operator import PythonOperator

# 1. Create DAG that run in every 5 hours.
dag = DAG(
    'yovina-airflow-task1',
    description='Airflow Task 1',
    schedule_interval='0 */5 * * *',
    start_date=datetime(2023, 10, 18),
    catchup=False
)
start = EmptyOperator(
    task_id='start',
    dag=dag,
)
```

2. Suppose we define a new task that push a variable to xcom.

Fungsi `push_variable_to_xcom` digunakan untuk mendorong beberapa variabel ke XCom. Variabel ini disimpan dengan kunci 'job\_role', 'job\_role\_1', 'job\_role\_2', dan 'job\_role\_3'.

```
def push_variable_to_xcom(ti=None):
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role', value='Backend Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_1', value='Data Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_2', value='Frontend Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_3', value='Quality Assurance')
```

3. How to pull multiple values at once?

- Fungsi `pull_multiple_value_once` digunakan untuk menarik beberapa variabel dari XCom menggunakan `ti.xcom_pull`. Variabel yang ditarik kemudian dicetak.
- Membuat `PythonOperator` untuk menjalankan fungsi `push_variable_to_xcom`.

- Membuat PythonOperator untuk menjalankan fungsi pull\_multiple\_value\_once.
- Menentukan urutan eksekusi tugas. start dijalankan pertama, diikuti oleh push\_variable\_to\_xcom, dan kemudian pull\_multiple\_value\_once.

```
def pull_multiple_value_once(ti=None):  
    job_role = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role')  
    job_role_1 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_1')  
    job_role_2 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_2')  
    job_role_3 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_3')  
  
    print(f'print job_role variable from xcom: {job_role}, {job_role_1}, {job_role_2}, {job_role_3}')
```

```
push_variable_to_xcom = PythonOperator(  
    task_id = 'push_variable_to_xcom',  
    python_callable = push_variable_to_xcom  
)  
  
pull_multiple_value_once = PythonOperator(  
    task_id = 'pull_multiple_value_once',  
    python_callable = pull_multiple_value_once  
)  
  
start >> push_variable_to_xcom >> pull_multiple_value_once
```

Dalam kode ini, DAG akan dijalankan setiap 5 jam. Tugas pertama push\_variable\_to\_xcom akan mendorong beberapa variabel ke XCom. Setelah itu, tugas pull\_multiple\_value\_once akan menarik variabel-variabel tersebut dari XCom dan mencetaknya. Urutan tugas ini memastikan bahwa variabel didorong ke XCom sebelum ditarik oleh tugas selanjutnya.

## DATA ENGINEER BATCH 4

Mentee: Yovina Silvia

Mentor: Raja Fathurrahman

- Tampilan codingan dengan perintah nano di terminal untuk input ke airflownya:

```
GNU nano 7.2 yovina_airflow_task1.py
from datetime import datetime
from airflow import DAG
from airflow.operators.empty import EmptyOperator
from airflow.operators.python_operator import PythonOperator

# 1. Create DAG that run in every 5 hours.
dag = DAG(
    'yovina-airflow-task1',
    description='Airflow Task 1',
    schedule_interval='0 * /5 * * *',
    start_date=datetime(2023, 10, 18),
    catchup=False
)

start = EmptyOperator(
    task_id='start',
    dag=dag,
)

# ti = task instance
# 2. Suppose we define a new task that push a variable to xcom.
def push_variable_to_xcom(ti=None):
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role', value='Backend Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_1', value='Data Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_2', value='Frontend Engineer')
    ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_3', value='Quality Assurance')

# 3. How to pull multiple values at once?
def pull_multiple_value_once(ti=None):
    job_role = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role')
    job_role_1 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_1')
    job_role_2 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_2')
    job_role_3 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_3')

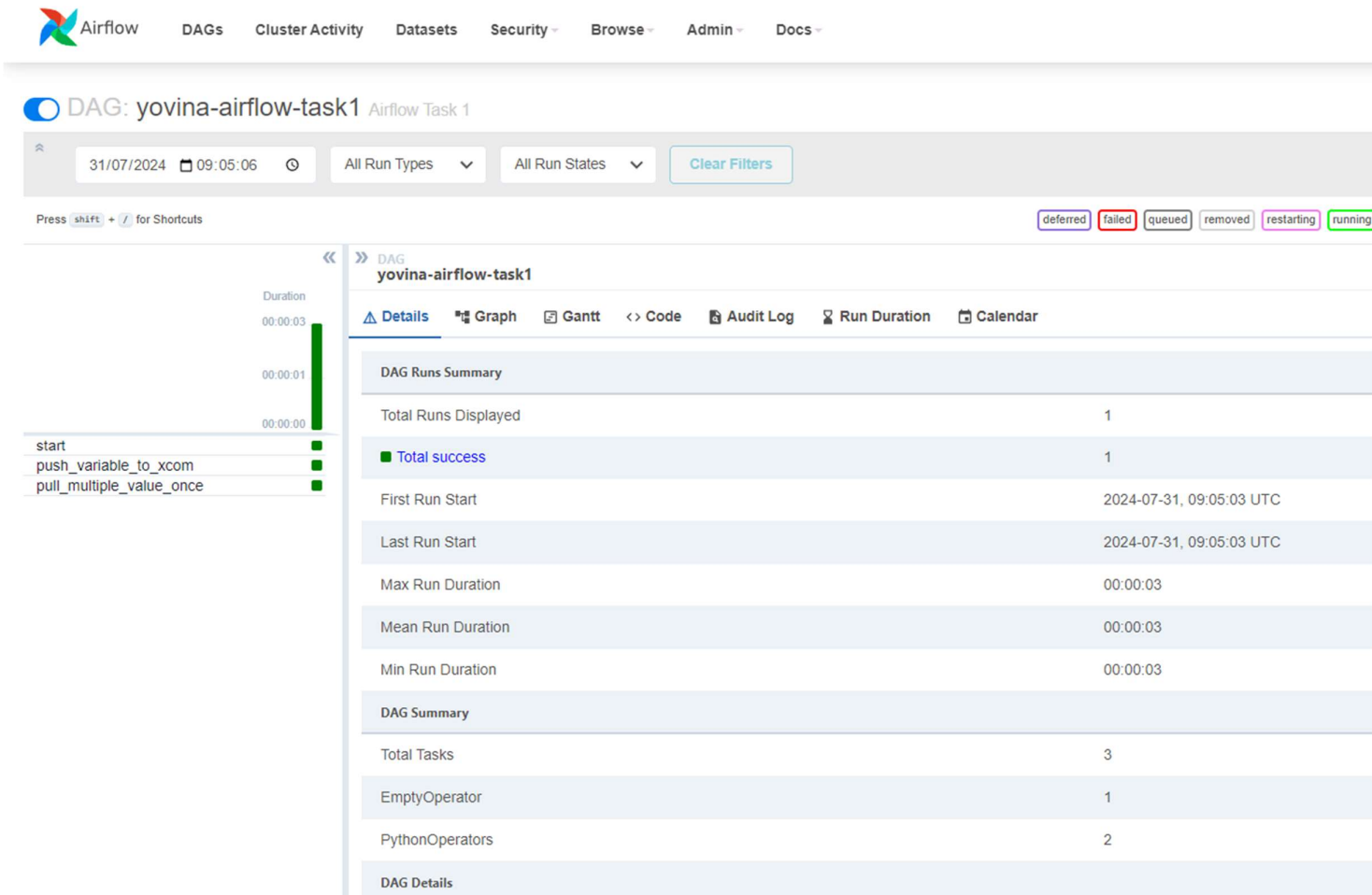
    print(f'print job_role variable from xcom: {job_role}, {job_role_1}, {job_role_2}, {job_role_3}')


push_variable_to_xcom = PythonOperator(
    task_id='push_variable_to_xcom',
    python_callable=push_variable_to_xcom
)

pull_multiple_value_once = PythonOperator(
    task_id='pull_multiple_value_once',
    python_callable=pull_multiple_value_once
)

start >> push_variable_to_xcom >> pull_multiple_value_once
```

- Tampilan pada airflownya:



 Airflow

DAGs

Cluster Activity

Datasets

Security

Browse

Admin

Docs

 DAG: yovina-airflow-task1

Airflow Task 1

31/07/2024

09:05:06

🕒

All Run Types

All Run States

Clear Filters

Press **shift** + **/** for Shortcuts

Duration

00:00:03

00:00:01

00:00:00

start

push\_variable\_to\_xcom

pull\_multiple\_value\_once

<<

>>

DAG

Run

yovina-airflow-task1 / 2024-07-31, 00:00:00 UTC

Details

Graph


Gantt

Code


Audit Log

Parsed at: 2024-07-31, 09:05:01 UTC

```
1 from datetime import datetime
2 from airflow import DAG
3 from airflow.operators.empty import EmptyOperator
4 from airflow.operators.python_operator import PythonOperator
5
6 # 1. Create DAG that run in every 5 hours.
7 dag = DAG(
8     'yovina-airflow-task1',
9     description='Airflow Task 1',
10    schedule_interval='0 */5 * * *',
11    start_date=datetime(2023, 10, 18),
12    catchup=False
13 )
14
15 start = EmptyOperator(
16     task_id='start',
17     dag=dag,
18 )
19 # ti = task instance
20 # 2. Suppose we define a new task that push a variable to xcom.
21 def push_variable_to_xcom(ti=None):
22     ti.xcom_push(key='job_role', value='Backend Engineer')
23     ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_1', value='Data Engineer')
24     ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_2', value='Frontend Engineer')
```

 **Airflow**

[DAGs](#) [Cluster Activity](#) [Datasets](#) [Security](#) [Browse](#) [Admin](#) [Docs](#)

 **DAG: yovina-airflow-task1** Airflow Task 1

31/07/2024 09:05:06

All Run Types

All Run States

Clear Filters

Press **shift** + **/** for Shortcuts

deferred failed queued removed

<< >>

DAG

Run

yovina-airflow-task1 / 2024-07-31, 00:00:00 UTC

Details

Graph

Gantt

Code

Audit Log

Parsed at: 2024-07-31, 09:05:01 UTC

```
23 ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_2', value='Data Engineer')
24 ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_2', value='Frontend Engineer')
25 ti.xcom_push(key='job_role_3', value='Quality Assurance')
26
27 # 3. How to pull multiple values at once?
28 def pull_multiple_value_once(ti=None):
29     job_role = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role')
30     job_role_1 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_1')
31     job_role_2 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_2')
32     job_role_3 = ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='push_var_job_role', key='job_role_3')
33
34     print(f'print job_role variable from xcom: {job_role}, {job_role_1}, {job_role_2}, {job_role_3}')
35
36 push_variable_to_xcom = PythonOperator(
37     task_id = 'push_variable_to_xcom',
38     python_callable = push_variable_to_xcom
39 )
40
41 pull_multiple_value_once = PythonOperator(
42     task_id = 'pull_multiple_value_once',
43     python_callable = pull_multiple_value_once
44 )
45
46 start >> push_variable_to_xcom >> pull_multiple_value_once
47
```

Duration

00:00:03

00:00:01

00:00:00

start

push\_variable\_to\_xcom

pull\_multiple\_value\_once

