

# Preparing for Your Professional Cloud Architect Journey

Module 4: Analyzing and Optimizing Technical and Business Processes



# Module agenda

- 01 Optimizing Cymbal Direct's technical and business processes and procedures for the cloud

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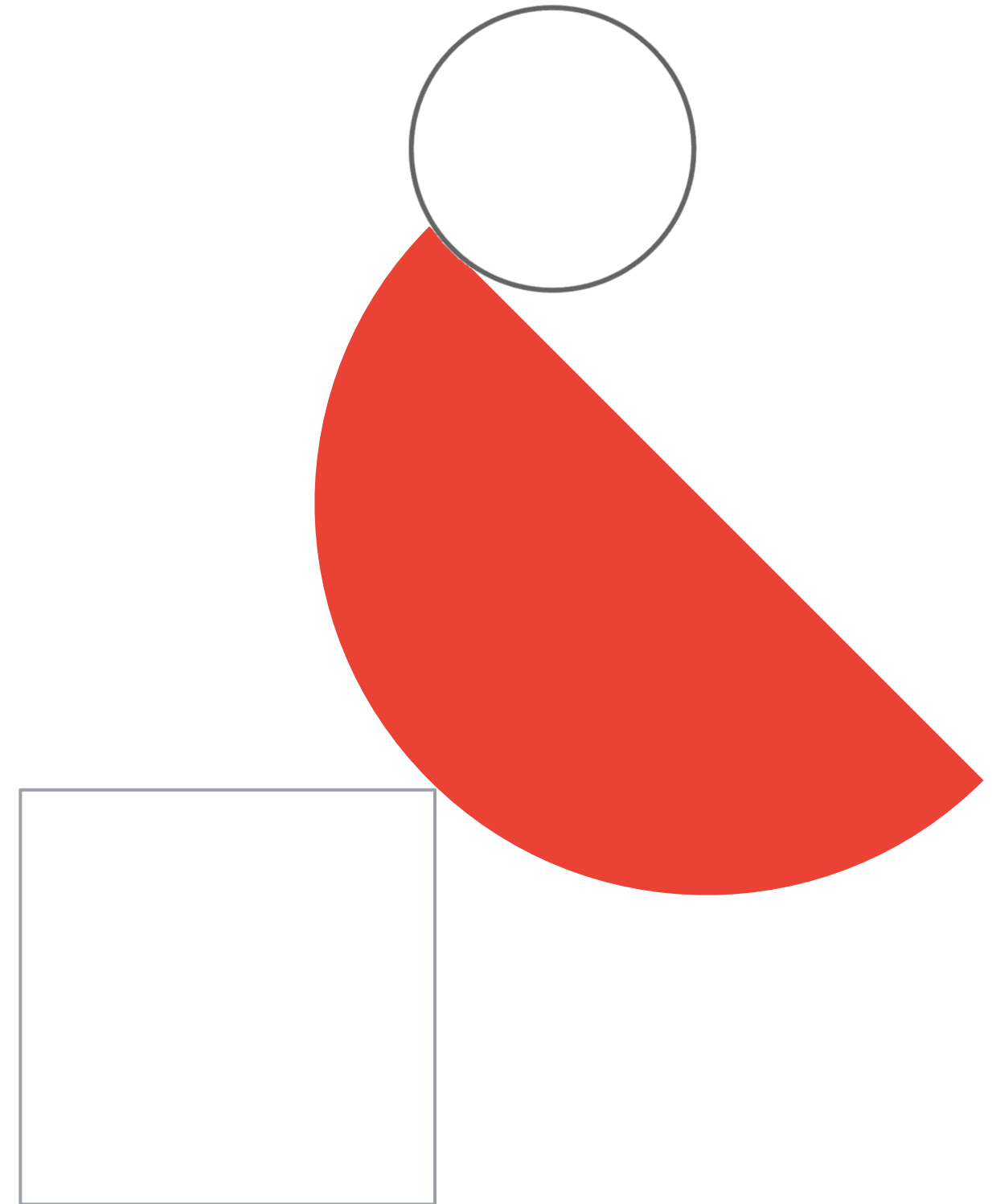
- 02 Diagnostic questions

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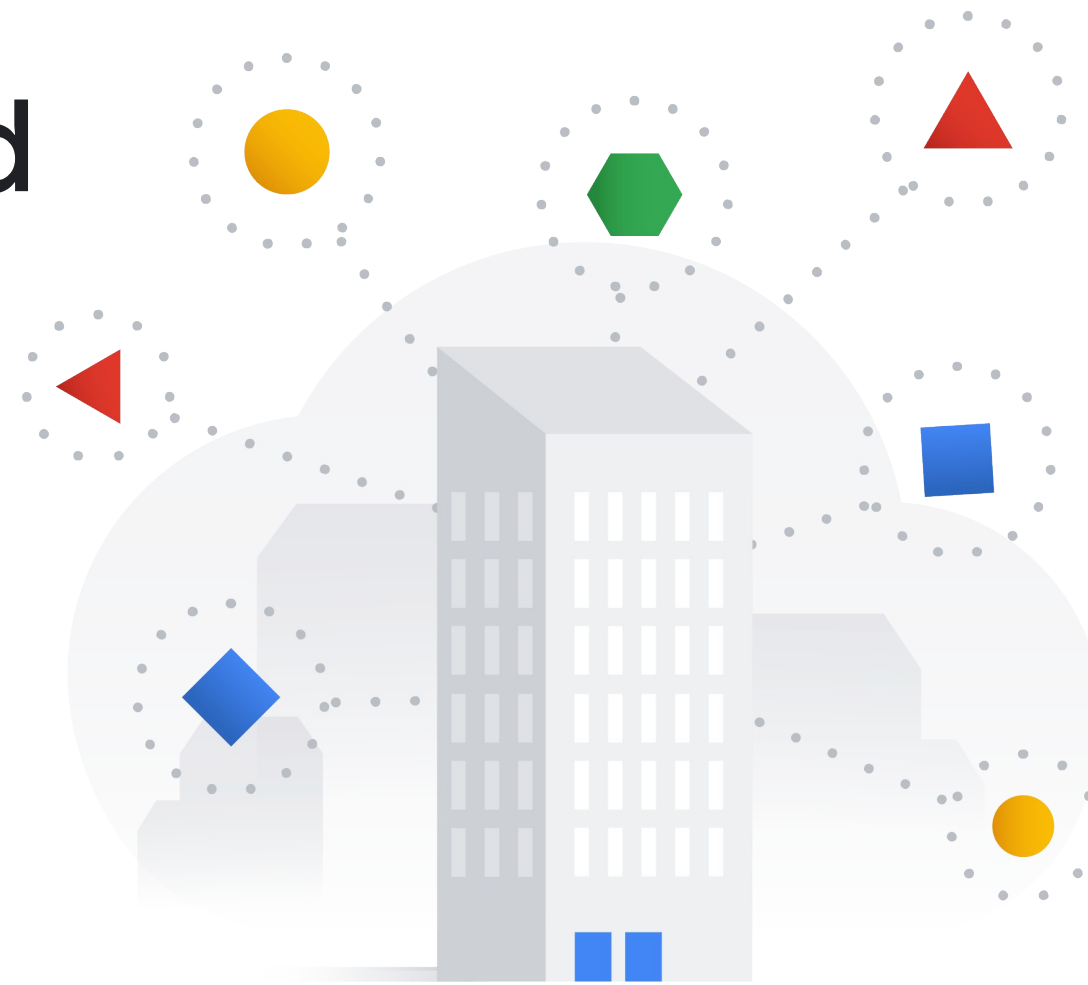
- 03 Review and study planning



# Optimizing Cymbal Direct's technical and business processes and procedures for the cloud



# Your role in optimizing business and technical processes



- Analyzing and defining technical processes
- Analyzing and defining business processes
- Developing procedures to ensure reliability of solutions in production



# Business Requirements

- Cymbal Direct's management wants to make sure that they can easily scale to handle additional demand when needed, so they can feel comfortable with expanding to more test markets.
- Streamline development for application modernization and new features/products.
- Ensure that developers spend as much time on core business functionality as possible, and not have to worry about scalability wherever possible.
- Allow for partners to order directly via API
- Get a production version of the social media highlighting service up and running, and ensure no inappropriate content

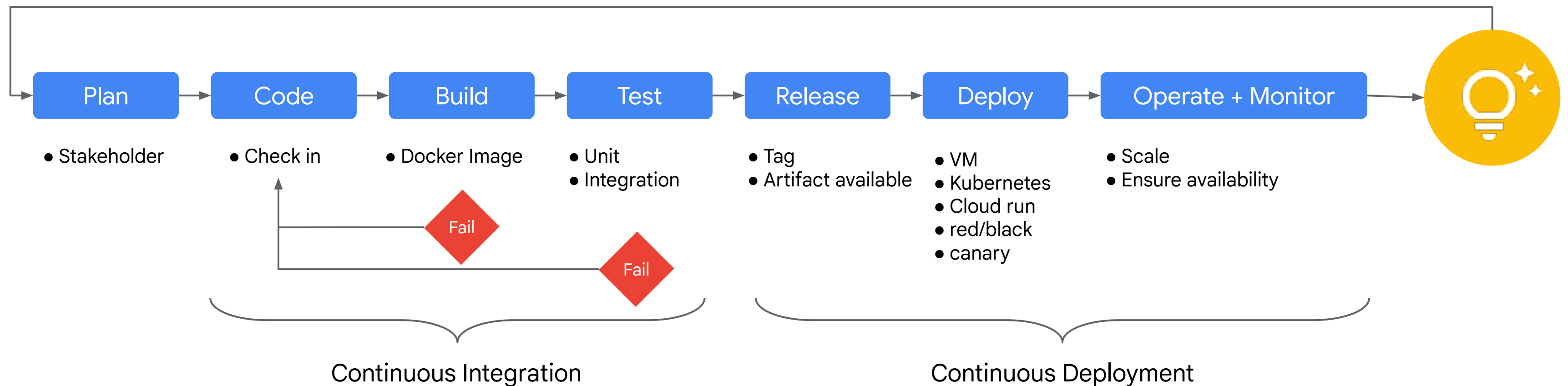
# Technical Requirements

- Move to managed services wherever possible
- Ensure that developers can deploy container based workloads to testing and production environments in a highly scalable environment.
- Standardize on containers where possible, but also allow for existing virtualization infrastructure to run as-is without a re-write, so it can be slowly refactored over-time
- Securely allow partner integration
- Allow for streaming of IoT data from drones

# Process optimization

The current build process at Cymbal Direct is:

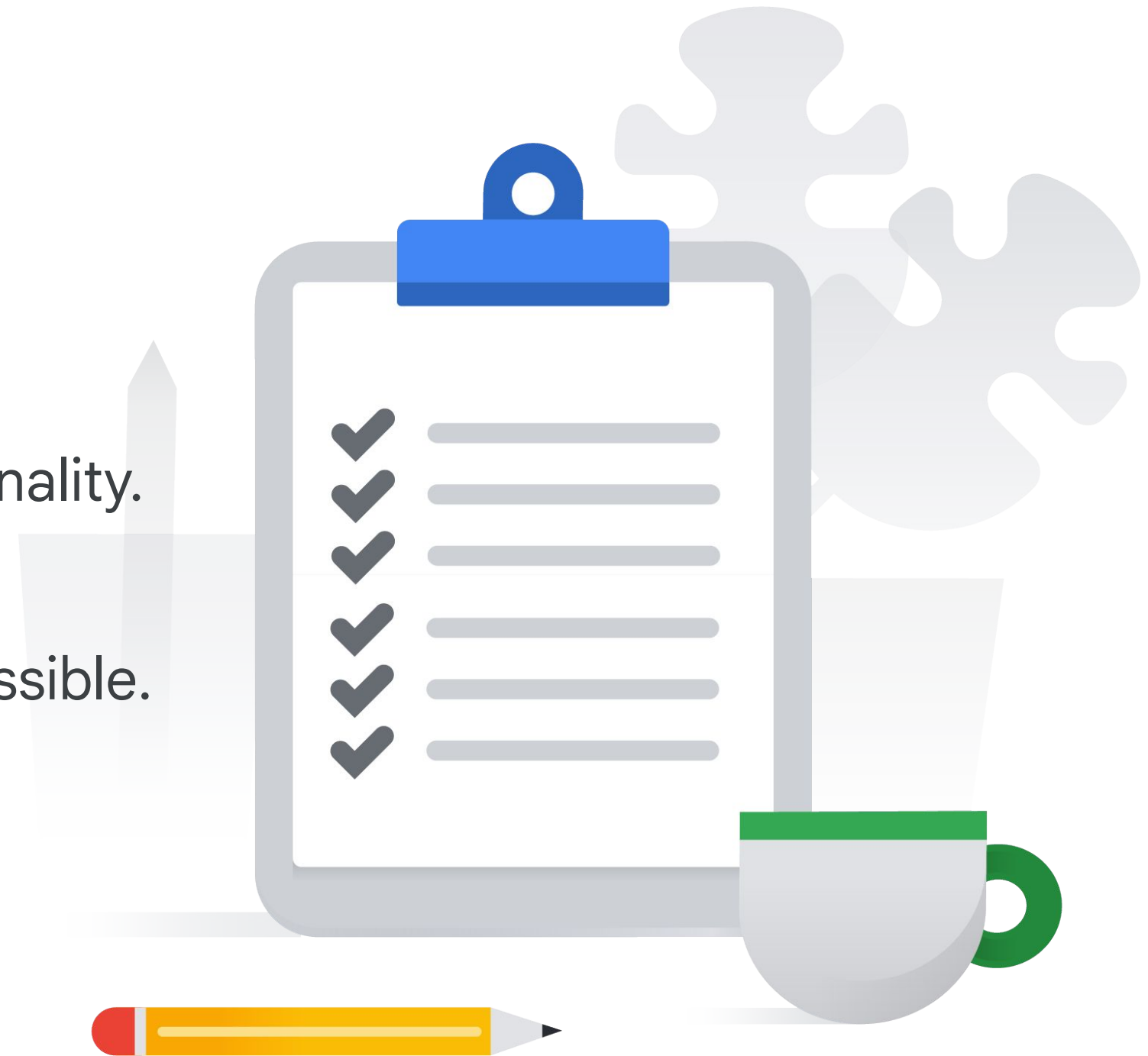
- Package monolithic application with its dependencies
- Check it in and notify the QA team they need to test it
- Stress test the application to ensure it performs well
- Build a VM image for deployment



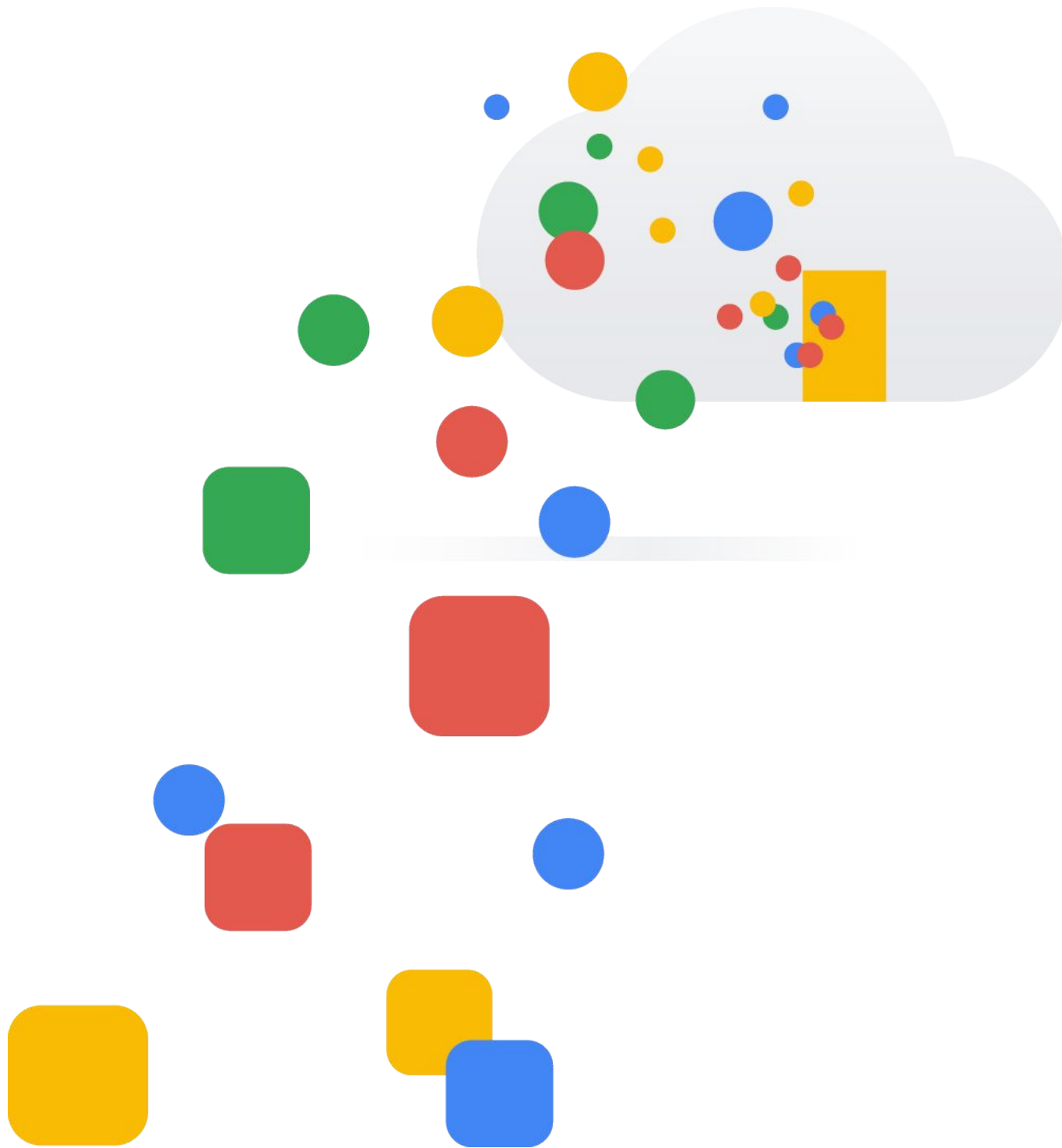
# Process optimization

Ways in which requirements are not met:

- Development is not streamlined.
- Developers cannot focus on core business functionality.
- Moving to managed services is not possible.
- Deploying to container-based workloads is not possible.







# Process optimization

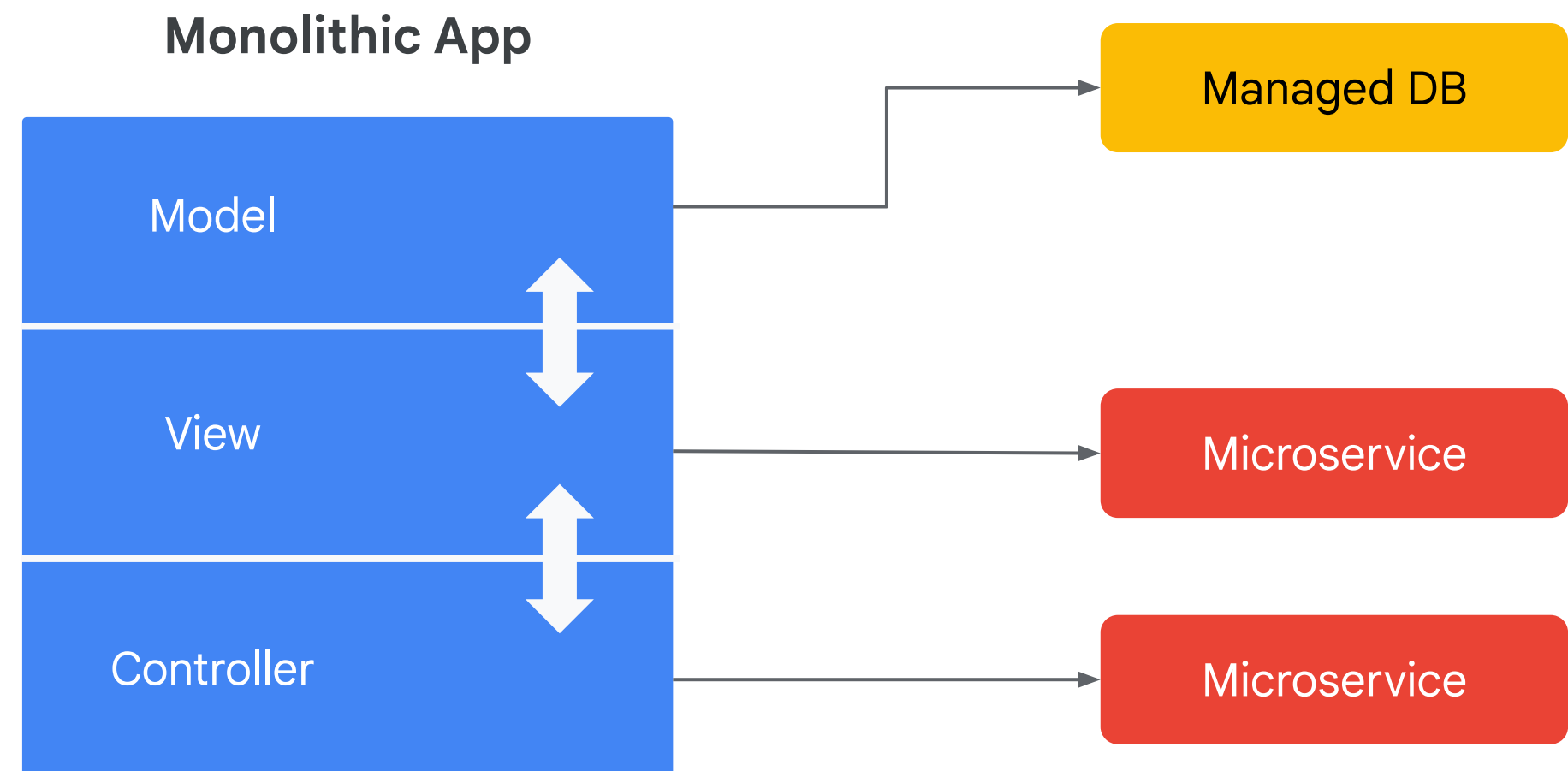
## New Process

- New features are implemented as microservices in Docker containers
- Code check-in triggers CI/CD pipeline w/ automatic test & release
- Code is deployed to Cloud Run

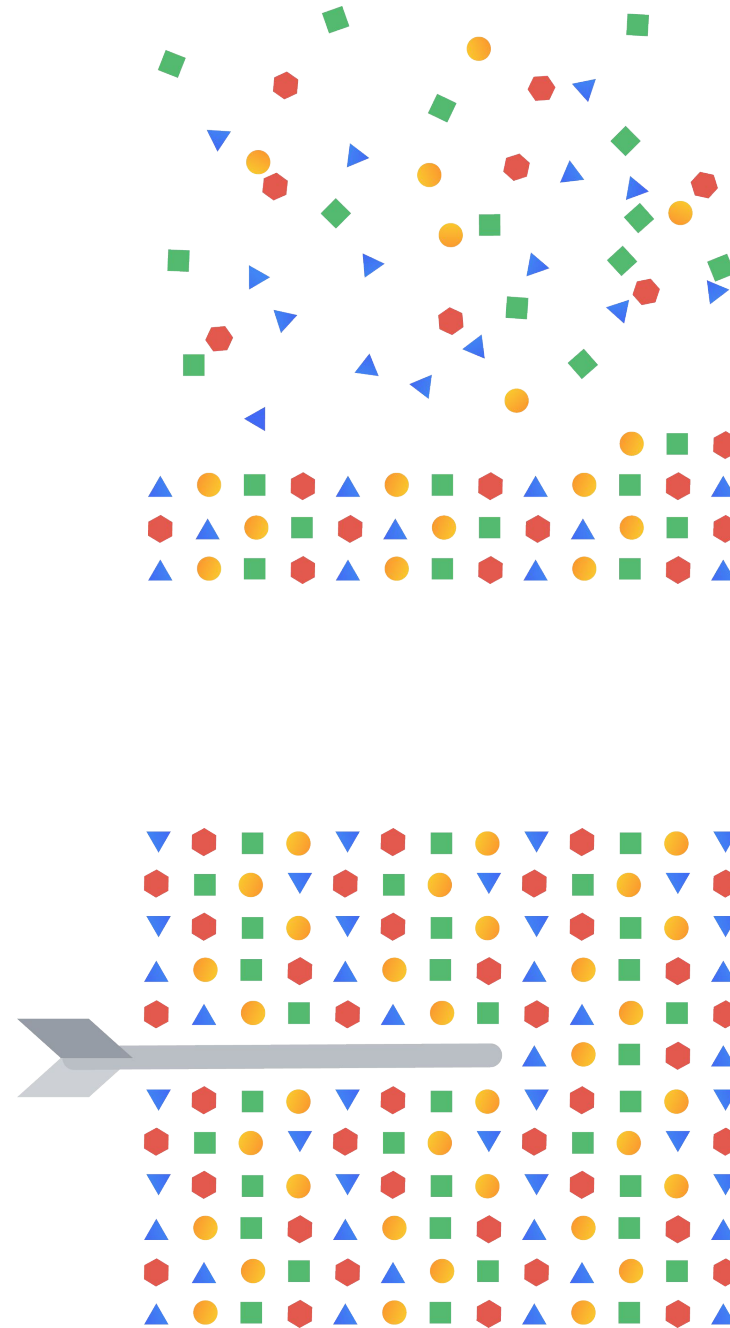
# Ensuring reliability by leveraging microservices

Refactor monoliths to microservices

- Simplifies releasing
- Isolates change
- Simpler to test



# Developing Cymbal Direct's procedures to ensure solution reliability



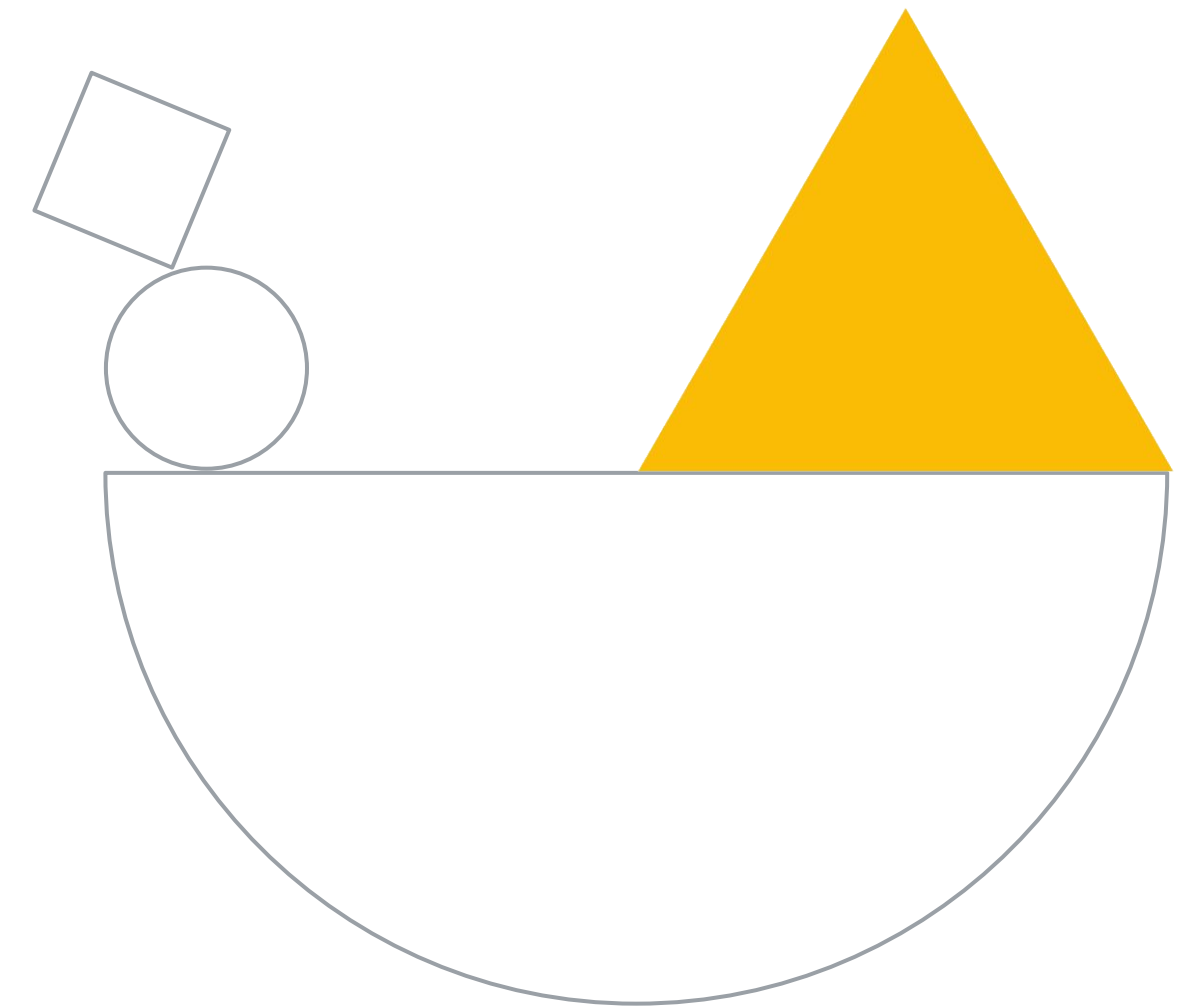
## Chaos Engineering

- Creates a culture of reliability
- Crashes systems intentionally to build resiliency

## Penetration testing

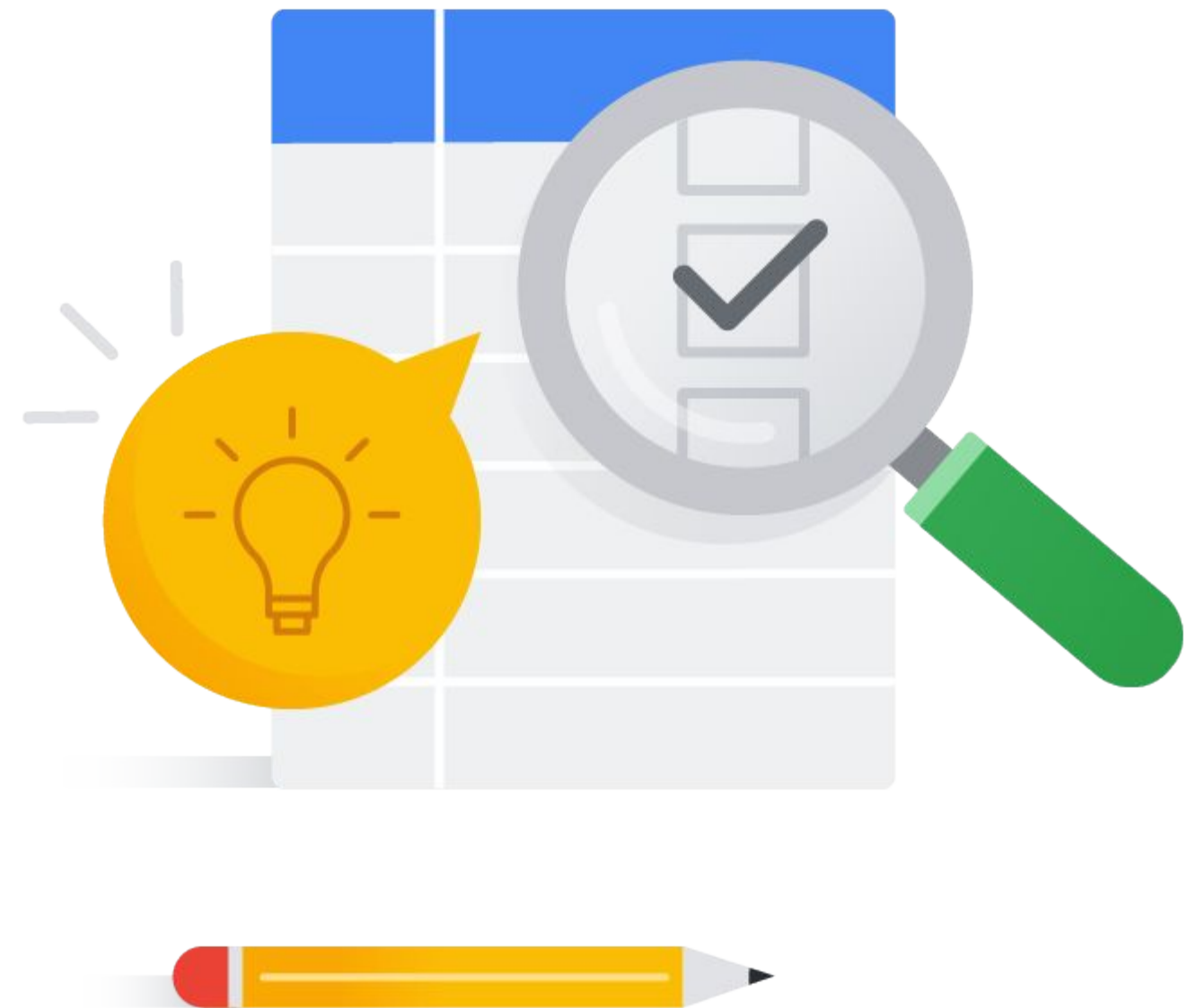
- Mimics the behavior of hackers to attack your own environment

# Diagnostic questions

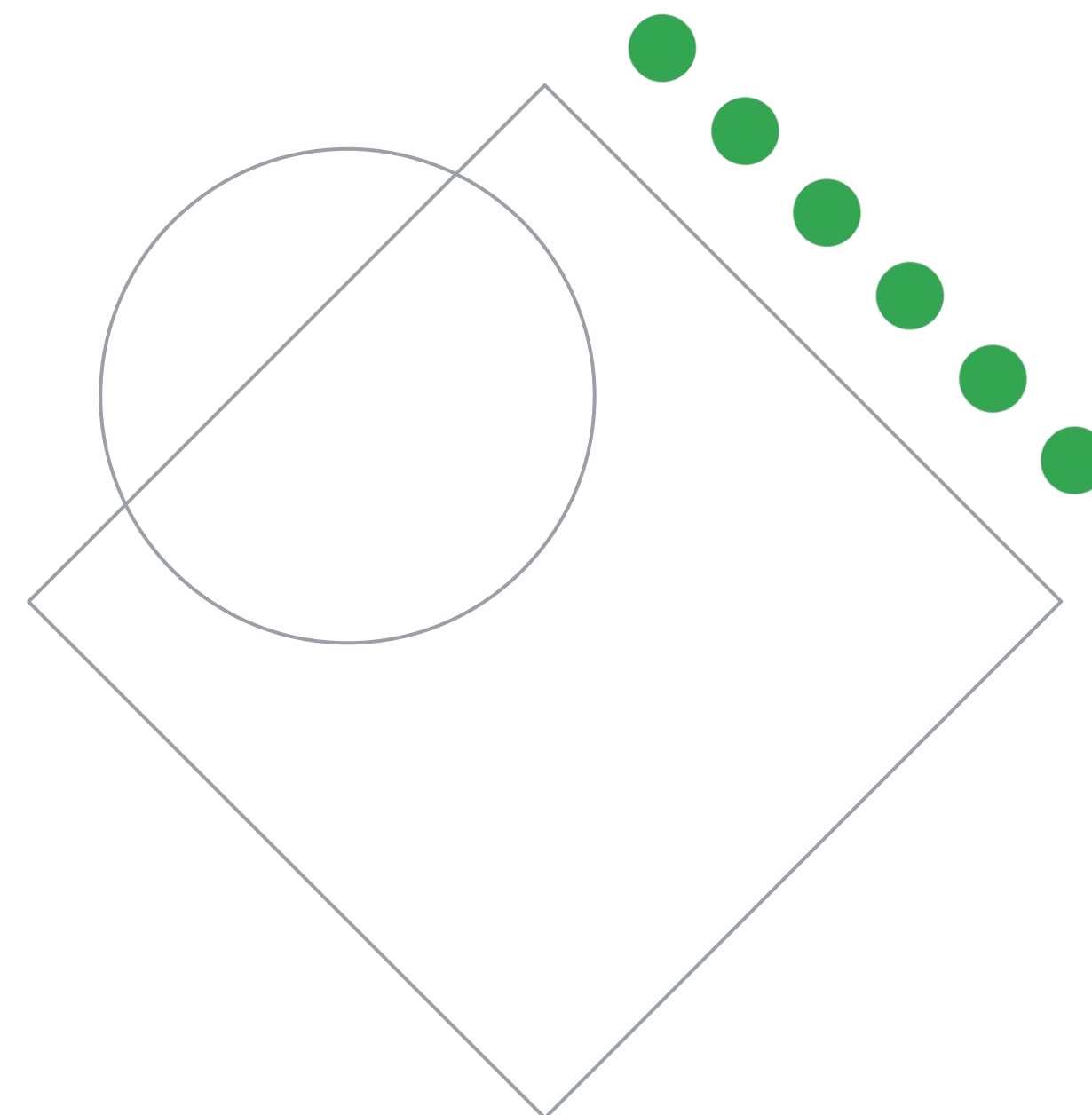


# Please complete the diagnostic questions now

- The diagnostic questions are available in the workbook.

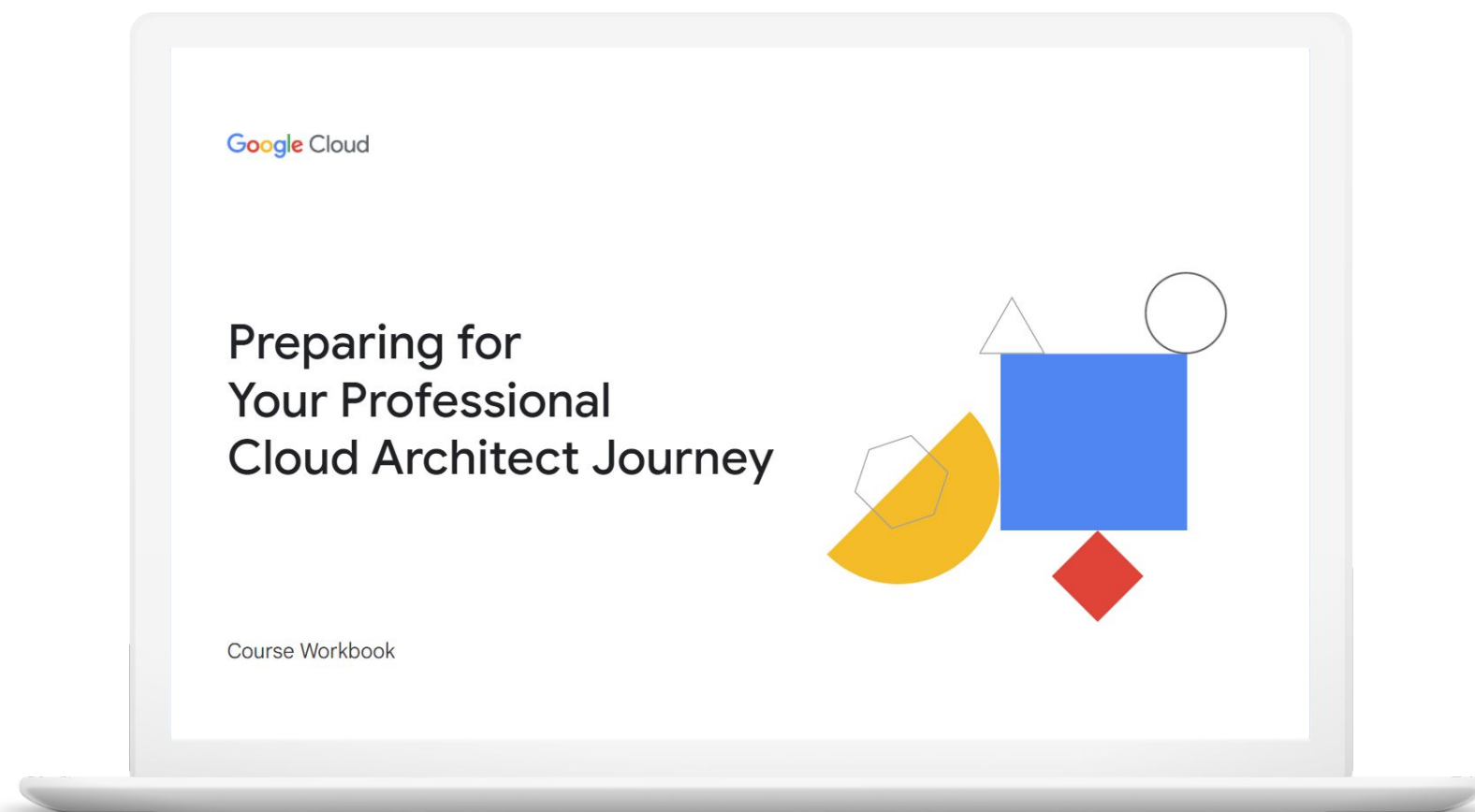


# Review and study planning



# Your study plan:

Analyzing and optimizing technical and business processes



4.1

Analyzing and defining technical processes

4.2

Analyzing and defining business processes

4.3

Developing procedures to ensure reliability of solutions in production

## 4.1 | Analyzing and defining technical processes

Considerations include:

- Software development life cycle (SDLC)
- Continuous integration / continuous deployment
- Troubleshooting / root cause analysis best practices
- Testing and validation of software and infrastructure
- Service catalog and provisioning
- Business continuity and disaster recovery



## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 01 Discussion



You are asked to implement a lift and shift operation for Cymbal Direct's Social Media Highlighting service. You **compose a Terraform configuration file** to build all the necessary Google Cloud resources.

What is the next step in the Terraform workflow for this effort?

- A. **Commit the configuration file** to your software repository.
- B. Run **terraform plan** to verify the contents of the Terraform configuration file.
- C. Run **terraform apply** to deploy the resources described in the configuration file.
- D. Run **terraform init** to download the necessary provider modules.

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 01 Discussion



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## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 02 Discussion



You have implemented a manual **CI/CD process** for the **container services** required for the next implementation of the Cymbal Direct's Drone Delivery project. You want to **automate the process**.

- A. **Implement and reference a source repository** in your Cloud Build configuration file.
- B. **Implement a build trigger** that applies your build configuration when a new software update is committed to Cloud Source Repositories.
- C. **Specify the name** of your Container Registry in your Cloud Build configuration.
- D. **Configure and push a manifest file** into an environment repository in Cloud Source Repositories.

What should you do?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 02 Discussion



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What should you do?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 03 Discussion



You have an application implemented on **Compute Engine**. You want to **increase the durability** of your application.

- A. Implement a **scheduled snapshot** on your Compute Engine instances.
- B. Implement a **regional managed instance group**.
- C. Monitor your application's usage metrics and implement **autoscaling**.
- D. Perform **health checks** on your Compute Engine instances.

What should you do?

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## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 04 Discussion



Developers on your team frequently write new versions of the code for one of your applications. You want to **automate the build process when updates are pushed to Cloud Source Repositories.**

- A. Implement a **Cloud Build configuration file** with build steps.
- B. Implement a **build trigger** that references your repository and branch.
- C. Set proper **permissions** for Cloud Build to access deployment resources.
- D. Upload **application updates and Cloud Build configuration files** to Cloud Source Repositories.

What should you do?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 04 Discussion



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What should you do?



## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 05 Discussion



Your development team used **Cloud Source Repositories**, **Cloud Build**, and **Artifact Registry** to successfully implement the build portion of an application's CI/CD process.. However, the deployment process is erroring out. Initial troubleshooting shows that the **runtime environment does not have access to the build images**. You need to advise the team on how to resolve the issue.

- A. The **runtime environment does not have permissions to the Artifact Registry** in your current project.
- B. The **runtime environment does not have permissions to Cloud Source Repositories** in your current project.
- C. The Artifact Registry might be in a **different project**.
- D. You need to specify the Artifact Registry **image by name**.

What could cause this problem?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 05 Discussion



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- C. The Artifact Registry might be in a **different project**.
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What could cause this problem?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 06 Discussion



You are implementing a **disaster recovery plan** for the cloud version of your drone solution. **Sending videos to the pilots** is crucial from an operational perspective.

What design pattern should you choose for this part of your architecture?

- A. **Hot** with a **low** recovery time objective (RTO)
- B. **Warm** with a **high** recovery time objective (RTO)
- C. **Cold** with a **low** recovery time objective (RTO)
- D. **Hot** with a **high** recovery time objective (RTO)

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 06 Discussion



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- D. **Hot** with a **high** recovery time objective (RTO)

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 07 Discussion



The number of requests received by your application is **nearing the maximum specified in your design**. You want to **limit the number of incoming requests** until the system can handle the workload.

- A. Applying a **circuit breaker**
- B. Applying **exponential backoff**
- C. Increasing **jitter**
- D. Applying **graceful degradation**

What design pattern does this situation describe?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 07 Discussion



The number of requests received by your application is **nearing the maximum specified in your design**. You want to **limit the number of incoming requests** until the system can handle the workload.

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- D. Applying **graceful degradation**

What design pattern does this situation describe?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 08 Discussion



The pilot subsystem in your Delivery by Drone service is critical to your service. You want to ensure that **connections to the pilots can survive a VM outage** without affecting connectivity.

- A. Configure proper **startup scripts** for your VMs.
- B. Deploy a **load balancer** to distribute traffic across multiple machines.
- C. Create **persistent disk snapshots**.
- D. Implement a **managed instance group** and **load balancer**.

What should you do?

## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 08 Discussion



The pilot subsystem in your Delivery by Drone service is critical to your service. You want to ensure that **connections to the pilots can survive a VM outage** without affecting connectivity.

What should you do?

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## 4.1 | Diagnostic Question 09 Discussion



Cymbal Direct wants to improve its drone pilot interface. You want to **collect feedback on proposed changes** from the community of pilots **before rolling out updates systemwide**.

What type of deployment pattern should you implement?

- A. You should implement **canary testing**.
- B. You should implement **A/B testing**.
- C. You should implement a **blue/green deployment**.
- D. You should implement an **in-place release**.

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# 4.1 | Analyzing and defining technical processes

## Resources to start your journey

[Securing the software development lifecycle with Cloud Build and SLSA](#)

[CI/CD with Google Cloud](#)

[Site Reliability Engineering](#)

[DevOps tech: Continuous testing | Google Cloud](#)

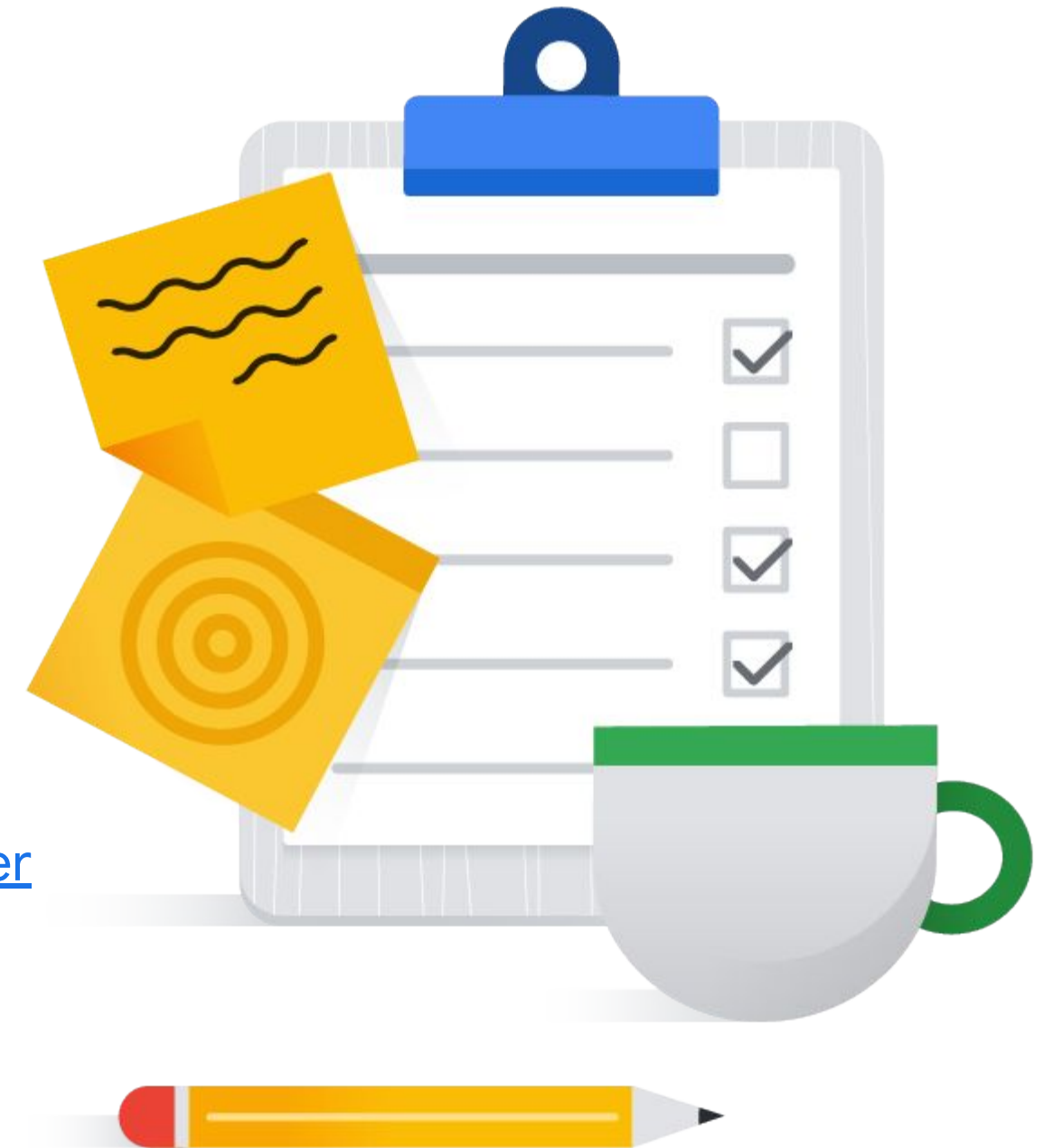
[Application deployment and testing strategies | Cloud Architecture Center](#)

[Chapter 17 - Testing for Reliability](#)

[Service Catalog documentation | Google Cloud](#)

[What is Disaster Recovery? | Google Cloud](#)

[API design guide](#)



## 4.2 | Analyzing and defining business processes

Considerations include:

- Stakeholder management (e.g. influencing and facilitation)
- Change management
- Team assessment / skills readiness
- Decision-making processes
- Customer success management
- Cost optimization / resource optimization (capex / opex)

## 4.2 | Analyzing and defining business processes

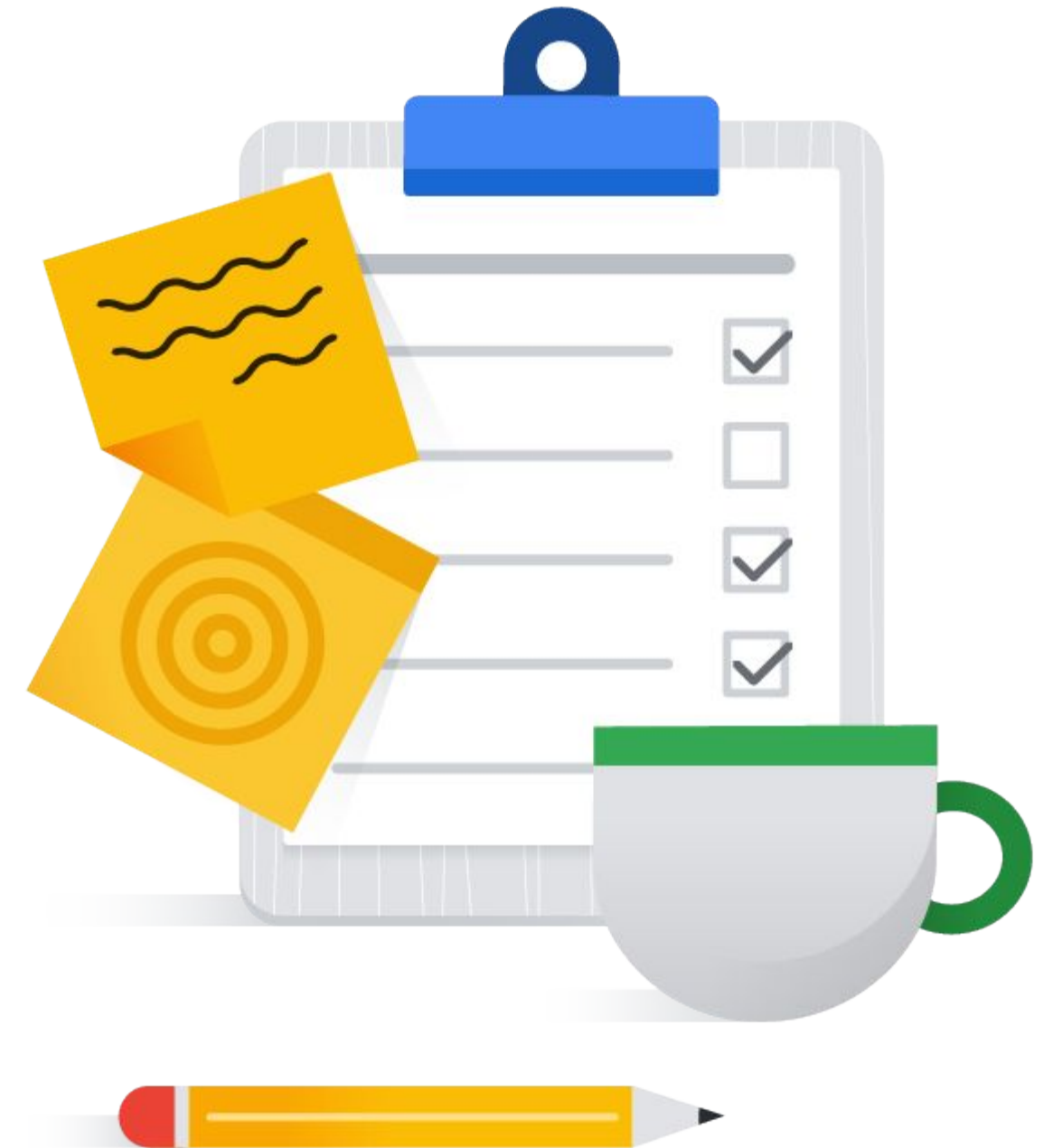
### Resources to start your journey

[What is Digital Transformation?](#)

[Cloud Cost Optimization: Principles for Lasting Success](#)

[Cost Optimization on Google Cloud for Developers and Operators](#)

[Certification solutions for Team Readiness](#)



## 4.3 | Developing procedures to ensure reliability of solutions in production

- Chaos engineering
- Penetration testing

## 4.3 | Diagnostic Question 10 Discussion



You want to establish **procedures for testing the resilience** of the delivery-by-drone solution.

- A. **Block access to storage assets** in one of your zones.
- B. Inject a **bad health check** for one or more of your resources.
- C. **Load test your application** to see how it responds.
- D. **Block access to all resources** in a zone.

How would you simulate a scalability issue?

## 4.3 | Diagnostic Question 10 Discussion



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## 4.3 | Developing procedures to ensure reliability of solutions in production

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[Site Reliability Engineering](#)

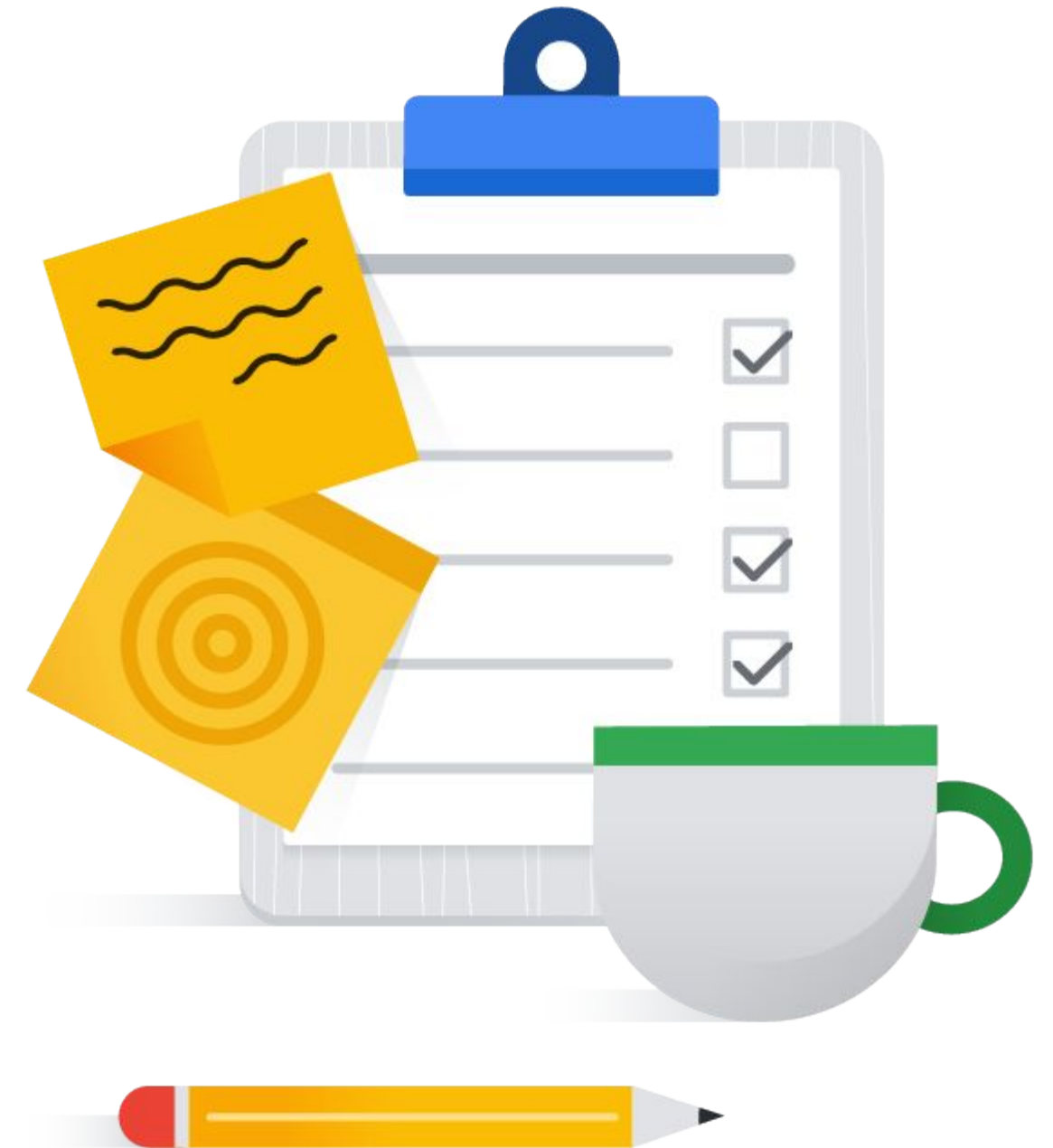
[Site Reliability Engineering \(SRE\) | Google Cloud](#)

[Patterns for scalable and resilient apps | Cloud Architecture Center](#)

[How to achieve a resilient IT strategy with Google Cloud](#)

[Patterns for scalable and resilient apps | Cloud Architecture Center](#)

[Disaster recovery planning guide | Cloud Architecture Center](#)



# Knowledge Check 1

Cymbal Direct needs a database for their next project. They want to meet their business and technical objectives. What should they do?

- A. Install MySQL on a Compute engine instance
- B. Install CockroachDB on a managed instance group
- C. Use a NoSQL database
- D. Use a Managed Database Service



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# Knowledge Check 2

Cymbal Direct has decided to use Cloud Build. Which technical requirement justifies this decision?

- A. Securely allow partner integration
- B. Allow for streaming of IoT data from drones
- C. Ensure that developers can deploy container based workloads
- D. Let partners order directly via API



# Knowledge Check 2

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