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#Lab Exercise
#1.a)Write a paragraph about introducing you and your selected domain
(include Full Name, domain name, register number, year ......).
#1.a)Write a python program to count the frequency of any specific
word (your domain name) in the paragraph.
def count_word_frequency(paragraph, word):
    paragraph = paragraph.lower()
    words = paragraph.split()
    count = 0
    for w in words:
        if w == word.lower():
            count += 1
    return count
if name == " main ":
    intro_paragraph = """
    My name is Alwin Tomy reg.no: 2347207, pursuing MCA for the
academic year 2023-24.
    The domain I chose for Python lab is Music Streaming Service.
    word to find = "python"
    frequency = count word frequency(intro paragraph, word to find)
    print(intro paragraph)
    print(f"The word '{word_to_find}' appears {frequency} times in the
paragraph.")
    My name is Alwin Tomy reg.no: 2347207, pursuing MCA for the
academic year 2023-24.
    The domain I chose for Python lab is Music Streaming Service.
The word 'python' appears 1 times in the paragraph.
# Write a python program to display all the datatypes of selected
specific elemenst in a paragraph
def get data type(element):
    try:
        int(element)
        return "int"
    except ValueError:
        try:
            float(element)
            return "float"
        except ValueError:
            return "string"
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def main():
    paragraph = """
    My name is Alwin Tomy reg.no: 2347207, pursuing MCA for the
academic year 2023-24.
    The domain I chose for Python lab is Music Streaming Service.
    words = "".join(e for e in paragraph if e.isalnum() or
e.isspace()).split()
    for word in words:
        data_type = get_data_type(word)
        print(f"{word} - {data_type}")
main()
My - string
name - string
is - string
Alwin - string
Tomy - string
regno - string
2347207 - int
pursuing - string
MCA - string
for - string
the - string
academic - string
year - string
202324 - int
The - string
domain - string
I - string
chose - string
for - string
Python - string
lab - string
is - string
Music - string
Streaming - string
Service - string
#Write a python program to count the number of alphabets, numeric and
other special symbols in the paragraph.
def count characters(paragraph):
    alphabet count = 0
    numeric count = 0
    special_count = 0
    for char in paragraph:
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if char.isalpha():
            alphabet count += 1
        elif char.isdigit():
            numeric count += 1
        else:
            special count += 1
    return alphabet count, numeric count, special count
def main():
    intro_paragraph = """
    My name is Alwin Tomy reg.no: 2347207, pursuing MCA for the
academic year 2023-24.
    The domain I chose for Python lab is Music Streaming Service.
    print("Paragraph:")
    print(intro paragraph)
    alphabet count, numeric count, special count =
count characters(intro paragraph)
    print("\nCharacter Counts:")
    print(f"Alphabets: {alphabet count}")
    print(f"Numerics: {numeric count}")
    print(f"Special Symbols: {special count}")
main()
Paragraph:
    My name is Alwin Tomy reg.no: 2347207, pursuing MCA for the
academic year 2023-24.
   The domain I chose for Python lab is Music Streaming Service.
Character Counts:
Alphabets: 101
Numerics: 13
Special Symbols: 44
#Create a Set with elements that consists of various data types (int,
float, string, Boolean, etc. from your domain)
#and perform the functions pop(), clear(), discard() and del. Write
the insights as docstring.
def set operations example():
    data_set = {1000, 2022, "UserId", True, "Username ", 4.75}
    print("Original Set:", data set)
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popped element = data set.pop()
    print(f"Element popped using pop(): {popped element}, New Set:
{data set}")
    data set.clear()
    print("Set after clear():", data_set)
    data set = {1000, 2022, "UserId", True, "Username ", 4.75}
    data set.discard(2022)
    print("Set after discarding '2022':", data set)
    del data set
    try:
        print("Set after deleting:", data set)
    except NameError:
        print("The set 'data set' no longer exists.")
set operations example()
Original Set: {True, 4.75, 'Username ', 2022, 1000, 'UserId'}
Element popped using pop(): True, New Set: {4.75, 'Username', 2022,
1000, 'UserId'}
Set after clear(): set()
Set after discarding '2022': {True, 4.75, 'Username ', 1000, 'UserId'}
The set 'data set' no longer exists.
# Update the Set with minimum 5 string attributes of your domain and
arrange the Set in descending order.
music streaming service = {"UserID", "Artist", 10, "Genre"}
print(music streaming service)
music streaming service.update(["Time","Likes", "Followers"])
print(music streaming service)
{'UserID', 10, 'Artist', 'Genre'}
{'Likes', 10, 'UserID', 'Followers', 'Time', 'Genre', 'Artist'}
# arrange the Set in descending order.
def music streaming service demo():
    music streaming service = {"UserId", "Artist", "Followers",
"Genre", "Likes"}
    print("Initial set:", music_streaming_service)
    descending set = sorted(music streaming service, reverse=True)
    print("\nSet in descending order:", descending set)
music streaming service demo()
Initial set: {'Followers', 'Genre', 'Likes', 'Artist', 'UserId'}
Set in descending order: ['UserId', 'Likes', 'Genre', 'Followers',
'Artist'l
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#Create a Tuple and Execute the packing and unpacking operations of
tuples using the attributes of your domain.
def tuple operations example():
    user_data = ("UserId123", "alwintomy11@gmail.com", "password123",
"Artist001", "Pop")
    (user_id, email, password, artist_id, genre) = user_data
    print("Unpacked Variables:")
    print(f"User ID: {user id}")
    print(f"Email: {email}")
    print(f"Password: {password}")
    print(f"Artist ID: {artist id}")
    print(f"Genre: {genre}")
tuple operations example()
Unpacked Variables:
User ID: UserId123
Email: alwintomv11.com
Password: password123
Artist ID: Artist001
Genre: Pop
#Create a Tuple and Execute the packing and unpacking operations of
tuples using the attributes of your domain.
def count characters(domain, character):
    return domain.count(character)
def main():
    domain name = "Music Streaming Service"
characters = ['M', 'u', 's', 'i', 'c', ' ', 'S', 't', 'r', 'e', 'a', 'm', 'i', 'n', 'g', ' ', 'S', 'e', 'r', 'v', 'i', 'c', 'e']
    for char in characters:
        count = count characters(domain name, char)
        print(f"Count of '{char}' = {count}")
main()
Count of 'M' = 1
Count of 'u' = 1
Count of 's' = 1
Count of 'i' = 3
Count of c' = 2
Count of ' ' = 2
Count of 'S' = 2
Count of 't' = 1
Count of 'r' = 2
Count of 'e' = 3
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Count of 'a' = 1
Count of 'm' = 1
Count of 'i' = 3
Count of 'n' = 1
Count of 'g' = 1
Count of ' ' = 2
Count of 'S' = 2
Count of 'e' = 3
Count of 'r' = 2
Count of 'v' = 1
Count of 'i' = 3
Count of c' = 2
Count of 'e' = 3
# Enter your domain name, execute all the slicing possibilities and
also negative indexing.
def main():
    domain name = "Music Streaming Service"
    print("Original String:", domain name)
    print("Substring from index 0 to 4:", domain_name[0:5])
    print("Substring from index 6 to 15:", domain name[6:16])
    print("Every second character:", domain_name[::2])
    print("Reverse the string:", domain name[::-1])
    print("Last character using negative index:", domain name[-1])
    print("Second last character using negative index:", domain name[-
21)
    print("Substring from -7 to -1 using negative index:",
domain name[-7:])
main()
Original String: Music Streaming Service
Substring from index 0 to 4: Music
Substring from index 6 to 15: Streaming
Every second character: MscSraigSrie
Reverse the string: ecivreS gnimaertS cisuM
Last character using negative index: e
Second last character using negative index: c
Substring from -7 to -1 using negative index: Service
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