Ec [a, 6]; E-43M. D-B: $\chi_{E(x)}$ - uni no Nedery na la 63, $\int \chi_{E(x)} dx = \mu(E)$ D-bo: E-usu => χ_{E} -orp u usu. => χ_{E} -uni no

Nedery na la 63. $\chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx$ = $\chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx = \int \chi_{E(x)} dx$ = $\int \mathcal{A}_{E}(x)dx$ + $\int \mathcal{A}_{E}(x)dx$ = $\int dx$ + $\int 0.dx$ = \int 5°1.5 f- шогр., шог ий Е; м(Е[frc])=а D-B: J f(x)da = ac Pla: $\int f(x)dx = \int f(x)dx + \int f(x)dx = \int cdx$ $= c \cdot \mu(E(4xc)) = ca \Rightarrow \int f(x)dx > ca$ К - канкорово ли во; м(К) = 0, тогда f эквивалентия => $\int f(x) dx = \int x^2 dx = (R) \int x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{4}$ f(x) = 1/2, $x \in \mathbb{I}$, x > 0; $f(x) = x^3$ $x \in \mathbb{Q}$ M(Q) = 0. Toda f sububaneurus == => (a) lim 1/52/N (x) dae = lim IN dae + lim 150 dae =

 $= \lim_{N \to \infty} N \propto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{N^2} + \lim_{N \to \infty} 2 \sqrt{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{N^2} = \lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{1}{N} + 2 \lim_{N \to \infty} \left(1 - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{N^2}\right) = \lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{1}{N^2} = \lim_{N \to \infty}$ 91.8 $f(x) = x^3$, $x \in T$, $x \in I_3$; $f(x) = x^2$, $x \in T$, $x \ge \frac{1}{3}$, f(x) = 0 $x \in Q$ $f(x) dx = \int \mu(Q) = 0$; $f(x) = x^2$, f(x) = 0 f(x) = 0 $f(x) dx = \int \mu(Q) = 0$; $f(x) = x^2$, f(x) = 0 f(x) = 0 $f(x) dx = \int \mu(Q) = 0$; $f(x) = x^2$, f(x) = 0 f(x) = 0 $f(x) dx = \int \mu(Q) = 0$; $f(x) = x^2$, f(x) = 0; f(x) = $= \int f(x)dx + \int f(x)dx = \int x^3dx + \int x^2dx =$ = 4 x 2 1 3 x 3 x 3 x = 4.34 + 3 (1-31) = 35 Checi: 708 $\int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} dx = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} - \frac{1}{|x|} - \frac{1}{|x|} dx = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|x|} = \int_{2\sqrt{x-1}}^{2} \frac{1}{|x|} \times \frac{1}{|$ $=\lim_{N\to\infty}\int_{1}^{1} N dx + \lim_{N\to\infty}\int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{x-1} dx = \lim_{N\to\infty}N\left(1+\frac{1}{N^{2}-1}\right) + \lim_{N\to\infty}\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{N^{2}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$ $\lim_{N\to\infty}\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{N^{2}}\right)^{\frac{3$ = $\lim_{N\to\infty} \int N dx + \lim_{N\to\infty} \int \frac{dx}{x} = \lim_{N\to\infty} N(\frac{1}{N}-0) + \lim_{N\to\infty} (\ln 1 - \ln \frac{1}{N}) = \lim_{N\to\infty} 0 \Rightarrow \infty$ we write $\lim_{N\to\infty} (0,1)$.

2) $f(\pi) = \frac{1}{\pi^2} - \text{ueog}_{\mathcal{S}} \text{ grade} \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{N} \cdot (\pi) = \int_{1}^{N} x \in (0, \sqrt{N})^{\frac{1}{N}}$ $\int \frac{dx}{x^2} = \lim_{N\to\infty} \int N dx + \lim_{N\to\infty} \int \frac{dx}{x^2} = \lim_{N\to\infty} \sqrt{N} + \lim_{N\to\infty} \frac{1}{x} \int_{1}^{N} \frac{1}{N} = \lim_{N\to\infty} \int_{1}^{N}$ = ∞ => 2^2 - ne uniers. ne (0,1). $f(x) = x^{5}, x \in \mathbb{T}, f(x) = 1, x \in \mathbb{Q}$ M(Q) = 0 Toela f(x) exbubancurua x^3 (2) f ex uneer pasportor la boex rouxa x (0,1) => we unreep. no Punany. S cary (1): Ifla) dx = 1x3dx = 7x30 = 4

501.12 a) (0,1) $\frac{1}{20}$, eenu $d \leq 0$, $\frac{1}{20}$ $\frac{1}{20}$ -026 => uniezpupyenase $\begin{array}{lll}
 & 1 \\
 & 1 \\
 & 1
\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}
 & 1 \\
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\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}
 &$ If/x)da = lim IH IN/x)ofa = lim N. N'IL + lim J = lim N/1/2 + lim [1-2 (1- N'- x)] => nperent (2000) ppu del xx uprest ua (0,1) nou ocdel S) (1, m) If mirely na [1, N] \forall N > 1

I fire) obse = $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} dx = \lim_{N \to \infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \lim_{N \to \infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(N^{\frac{1-2}{2}} - 1 \right) \right] = \lambda$ => npeden koneyen nou d>1 => nou d>1 xx unterp 6) (0, 00) Donyesum, von f unvery un $(0, \infty) \Rightarrow$ $= > \int f(x) dx \cdot \int \frac{dx}{x^2} + \int \frac{dx}{x^2}$ I koneque nou och i = f ne unier na $(0, \infty)$. t- orp, march no levery na E. · 111 unrerp <-> 1 no moreep. no levery na E. a) M(E) L+00 У-им 1° сос д в вашили случае ингегр., т.к. ограничены f · ul bærea unierpupyena $\tau.\kappa$. \exists npunep: f(x) = x, ue S) M(E) = 00 f-oep => /f(x) / = M => /f(x) 10/ = M9/f(x)/ -> 10 will Pacemorpus 1/x1= x2 na (1,10). U3 1.12 8)" 1/x) - misezp. 14 (1,+10). cos f(x) = cos \(\frac{1}{2} -> 1 \) mpu \(x -> \cos \(\frac{1}{2} -> \) cos \(\frac{1}{2} \) we write