

Optimization and Computational Linear Algebra for Data Science

OUTLINE

- 1. 09/03: Logistics and VECTOR SPACES**
 1. General definitions
 2. Linear dependency
 3. Basis, dimension
- 2. 09/10: LINEAR TRANSFORMATIONS**
 1. Linear transformations
 2. Matrix representation
 3. Kernel and image
- 3. 09/17: RANK**
 1. Definition of the rank
 2. Properties of the rank
 3. Invertible matrices
 4. Transpose of a matrix, symmetric matrices
- 4. 09/24: NORM AND INNER PRODUCT**
 1. Norm
 2. Inner product
 3. Orthogonality
 4. Orthogonal projection and distance to a subspace
- 5. 10/01: MATRICES AND ORTHOGONALITY**
 1. Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization method
 2. Orthogonal matrices
- 6. 10/08: EIGENVALUES, EIGENVECTORS AND MARKOV CHAINS**
 1. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors
 2. Diagonalizable matrices
 3. Application to Markov chains
 4. Example: Google's PageRank algorithm
- 7. 10/15: THE SPECTRAL THEOREM AND PCA**
 1. The Spectral Theorem
 2. Application: Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
 3. Singular value decomposition
 4. Interpretations of the SVD
- 8. 10/22: Midterm**
- 9. 10/29: GRAPHS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA**
 1. Graphs
 2. Graph Laplacian
 3. Spectral clustering with the graph Laplacian
 4. Spectral clustering as a relaxation
 5. Spectral clustering beyond graphs
- 10. 11/05: CONVEX FUNCTIONS**
 1. Convex sets
 2. Convex functions
- 11. 11/12: LINEAR REGRESSION**
 1. Least squares
 2. Penalized least squares: Ridge regression and Lasso
 3. Norms for matrices, application to matrix completion
- 12. 11/19: OPTIMALITY CONDITIONS**
 1. Local and global minimizers
 2. Constrained optimization
 3. The Lagrangian and the dual problem

4. Kuhn Tucker Theorem

13. 11/26: Thanksgiving

14. 12/03: GRADIENT DESCENT

1. Gradient descent
2. Newton's method
3. Stochastic gradient descent

15. 12/10: Rehearsal lecture

16. 12/17: Final exam