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/*  
File: prog6_a_l523.cpp
```

```
Author: Aaron Luna  
C.S.1428.007  
Lab Section: L17  
Program: #6  
Due Date: 11/23/20
```

This program prints to an output file a title and column headers for a

payroll report. It then reads an employee's work record from an input file.

The number of overtime hours worked, gross pay, state tax, federal tax,

and net pay are calculated for each employee. The author's personal identification information followed by the company payroll report is

printed to the output file. Monetary values are displayed to two decimal places.

An attempt to avoid repetitive code is made.

An appropriate message is displayed to the console screen if either the input or the output file fails to open.

An appropriate message is written to the console screen informing the user of the output file name to which the results have been written.

The client file (main) calls the following void functions to process the data:

- printIdInfo prints the author's personal information - name, class/section number, lab section number, due date - on the first, second, third and fourth lines. Two blank lines are left after the due date. The integer lecture section number is displayed in a three-digit field with leading zeros shown. The calling routine determines the output stream to which the information is directed. (Refer to sample output below.)
- printReportHeadings prints to the output file the title & column

headings for the payroll report. One blank line is left after the centered report title. Column headers are displayed on two lines.

(Refer to sample output below.)

- dataIn reads the employee ID#, hours worked and pay rate from an input file storing the values read into parallel arrays.

The employee ID# is stored in a 1D array of integers. The hours worked and the pay rate are stored in the first and second columns of a 2D array of real numbers.

- overTime calculates the number of overtime hours worked by the employee based on a 40 hour work week.
- grossPay calculates the employee's gross pay for the week. If the employee worked 40 hours or less, gross pay is the hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of hours worked; otherwise, the employee worked more than 40 hours, and they are paid the regular hourly rate for the first 40 hours plus time and a half for any hours over 40.
- stateTax calculates state taxes owed by the employee, which is calculated at a straight 6% of the employee's weekly gross pay. (6% is a sample tax rate. The tax rate will vary with each state.)
- federalTax calculates federal taxes owed by the employee. If weekly gross pay is \$400.00 or less, the tax rate is 20%; otherwise, the employee's weekly gross pay is more than \$400.00, and the tax rate is calculated at 20% for the first \$400.00 and 31% for any amount over \$400.00. (These rates will vary based on current federal tax regulations.)
- netPay calculates the employee's net pay for the week. (gross pay minus calculated taxes both state & federal).
- printReportData prints to the output file the information for each employee in tabular form. Monetary values are displayed to two digits of precision. (Refer to sample output below.)
- writeFileLocation prints an appropriate message to the console screen indicating to the user the name of the output file to which the results have been written. The output file name is

provided by  
the calling routine.(Refer to sample output below.)

The following named constants are declared globally:

- the number of hours in a normal work week (40.00)
- the state tax rate (0.06)
- the federal tax rates (0.20; 0.31)
- the cut off at which federal taxes increase (400.00)
- parallel array dimensions
- names used to reference individual columns in the payroll

array

Locally declared named constants include:

- a string to hold the author's name
- a string to hold the author's two-digit lab section number
- a string to hold the project's due date
- an integer to hold the three-digit lecture section number
- an integer representing the maximum string length allowed for

input and

output file names which are stored in character arrays of that  
length

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Layout and content of the output are shown in the samples below.

Input (file - prog6\_?inp.txt) // '?' represents three-digit lecture  
section #

one record per employee / each record containing three  
numbers

ID#(integer) hours worked (real) pay rate (real)  
...

Constants: globally declared:

```
integer: ROWS
        COLS
        {2D array column indices)
        HRS_WRKD = 0,
        PAYRATE = 1,
        OVERTIME = 2,
        GROSS = 3,
        ST_TAX = 4,
        FED_TAX = 5,
        NETPAY = 6;
```

```
double: CUT_OFF (hours in a work week)
        STATE_TX_RATE
```

TAX\_CUT\_OFF (division @ which net pay is  
taxed higher)

LOW\_TAX\_RATE  
HI\_TAX\_RATE

Constants: locally declared:

string: AUTHOR  
LAB\_SECTION  
DUE\_DATE

integer: LECTURE\_SECTION

MAX\_LENGTH\_FN = ? // filename's maximum

length

Output (console) - Sample Console Output:

Author's Name

C.S.1428.? // '?' represents three-digit lecture section #

Lab Section: L? // '?' represents two-digit lab section number

--/--/-- // dashes represent due date, month/day/year

<blank line>

<blank line>

Program results have been written to prog6\_?out.txt.

Output (file: prog6\_?out.txt): // '?' represents three-digit  
lecture sec #

Sample File Output

Author's Name

C.S.1428.? // '?' represents three-digit lecture section #

Lab Section: L? // '?' represents two-digit lab section number

--/--/-- // dashes represent due date, month/day/year

<blank line>

<blank line>

#### Monthly Payroll Report

<blank line>

	ID#	Hours	Hourly	Overtime	Gross	State	Federal
Net		Worked	Rate	Hours	Pay	Tax	Tax
Pay	1000	51.00	6.55	11.00	370.07	22.20	74.02
273.86	...						
	1002	26.00	15.00	0.00	390.00	23.40	78.00
288.60	...						

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    <Output will vary based on actual input values.>
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cstdlib>      // 4 Code::Blocks

using namespace std;

const int ROWS = 10,    // number of employees
        COLS = 7;

        // 2D array (payroll) column indices
const int HRS_WRKD = 0,
        PAYRATE = 1,
        OVERTIME = 2,
        GROSS = 3,
        ST_TAX = 4,
        FED_TAX = 5,
        NETPAY = 6;

const double CUT_OFF = 40.00,    // work week
        STATE_TX_RATE = 0.06,
        TAX_CUT_OFF = 400.00, // earnings after which taxed at
higher rate
        LOW_TAX_RATE = 0.20,
        HI_TAX_RATE = 0.31;

void printIdInfo( ostream &out, const string AUTHOR, const int
LECTURE_SECTION,
        const string LAB_SECTION, const string DUE_DATE ),
printReportHeadings ( ofstream &fout ),
dataIn ( ifstream &fin, int employee[], double payroll[][COLS] ),
overTime ( double payroll[][COLS] ),
grossPay ( double payroll[][COLS] ),
stateTax ( double payroll[][COLS] ),
federalTax ( double payroll[][COLS] ),
netPay ( double payroll[][COLS] ),
printReportData ( ofstream &fout, int employee[], double
payroll[][COLS] ),
writeFileLocation ( char [] );

int main ( )
{
    const string AUTHOR = "Aaron Luna",
        LAB_SECTION = "L17",
        DUE_DATE = "11/23/20";
    const int LECTURE_SECTION = 007,

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        MAX_LENGTH_FN = 20;

char input_filename[MAX_LENGTH_FN + 1] = "prog6_007inp.txt" ,
    output_filename[MAX_LENGTH_FN + 1] = "prog6_007out.txt" ;

int employee[ROWS];          // employee ID#s

double payroll[ROWS][COLS]; // payroll data

ifstream fin;
fin.open( input_filename );

if ( !fin )
{
    cout << endl << endl
        << "***Program Terminated.***" << endl << endl
        << "Input file failed to open." << endl;

    system("PAUSE>NUL");

    return 1;
}

ofstream fout;
fout.open( output_filename );

if ( !fout )
{
    cout << endl << endl
        << "***Program Terminated.***" << endl << endl
        << "Output file failed to open." << endl;

    fin.close();

    system("PAUSE>NUL");

    return 2;
}

printIdInfo ( fout, AUTHOR, LECTURE_SECTION, LAB_SECTION,
DUE_DATE );
printReportHeadings ( fout );
dataIn ( fin, employee, payroll );
overTime ( payroll );
grossPay ( payroll );
stateTax ( payroll );
federalTax ( payroll );
netPay ( payroll );
printReportData ( fout, employee, payroll );
printIdInfo( cout, AUTHOR, LECTURE_SECTION, LAB_SECTION,

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DUE_DATE );
    writeFileLocation ( output_filename );

    fin.close();
    fout.close();

    system("PAUSE>NUL");

    return 0;
}

/*
    Function: printIdInfo

    The void function printIdInfo prints the author's name, class &
    lecture
    section number, lab section number plus program due date on
    separate
    lines. Two blank lines are left after the due date. setfill and
    setw are
    used to assure the lecture section is displayed in a three-digit
    field with
    leading zeros shown. The calling routine determines the output
    stream to
    which the information is directed.

    Sample Output:
    Author's Name
    C.S.1428.?          // '?' represents author's three-digit lecture
sec #
    Lab Section: L?    // '?' represents author's two-digit lab sec #
    --/--/--          // dashes represent due date, month/day/year
        <blank line>
        <blank line>

    Receives: output file variable,
              const string containing author's name,
              const int containing a three-digit lecture section
number,
              const string containing a two-digit lab section number,
              const string containing the due date;
              (in this order)
    Constants: AUTHOR (string)
              LECTURE_SECTION (integer)
              LAB_SECTION (string)
              DUE_DATE (string)
    Returns: nothing; prints author's personal information
*/

void printIdInfo ( ostream &out, const string AUTHOR, const int

```

```
LECTURE_SECTION,
    const string LAB_SECTION, const string DUE_DATE )
{
    out << AUTHOR << endl << "C.S.1428." << setw(3) << setfill('0')
        << LECTURE_SECTION << endl << "Lab Section: L" << LAB_SECTION
        << endl << DUE_DATE << endl << endl << endl;
}
```

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Function: printReportHeadings

The void function printReportHeadings prints the title and column headers for the monthly payroll report to an output file. One blank line is left after the centered report title. Column headers are displayed on two lines as shown in the sample below.

	Monthly Payroll Report						
	<blank line>						
	ID#	Hours	Hourly	Overtime	Gross	State	Federal
Net		Worked	Rate	Hours	Pay	Tax	Tax
Pay							

Receives: output file variable  
 Constants: none  
 Returns: nothing; prints payroll report title/column headers for the monthly payroll report

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*/
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```
void printReportHeadings ( ofstream &fout )
{
    fout << "          Monthly Payroll Report " << endl << endl;
    fout << "ID#      Hours   Hourly   Overtime   Gross   State  
Federal    Net"
        << endl;
    fout << "          Worked    Rate      Hours      Pay      Tax  
Tax        Pay"
        << endl;
}
```

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Function: dataIn

The void function dataIn reads the employee ID#, hours worked, and pay rate from an input file storing the values read into parallel



arrays.

The employee ID# will be stored in a 1D array. The hours worked and the pay rate will be stored in the first and second columns of a 2D array.

Receives: input file variable  
1D array of integer ID#s  
2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS  
(in this order)

Constants: globally declared integers:  
ROWS – parallel arrays row dimension  
COLS – 2D array column dimension  
HRS\_WRKD – column designation in 2D array  
PAYRATE – column designation in 2D array

Returns: fills the 1D array of employee ID#s plus the hours worked and payrate columns of the 2D array are filled with data read from the input file

\*/

```
void dataIn ( ifstream &fin, int employee[], double payroll[][COLS] )
{
    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++)
    {
        fin >> employee[i];
        fin >> payroll[i][HRS_WRKD];
        fin >> payroll[i][PAYRATE];
    }
}
```

/\*

Function: overTime

The void function overTime calculates the number of overtime hours worked

by the employee based on a 40 hour work week.

If the employee worked 40 hours or less,  
overtime = 0.0  
otherwise // employee worked > 40 hours earning overtime  
overtime = hours worked – 40

Receives: 2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS

Constants: globally declared integers:  
ROWS – parallel arrays row dimension  
COLS – 2D array column dimension  
HRS\_WRKD – column designation in 2D array  
OVRTIME – column designation in 2D array

```

        globally declared reals:
            CUT_OFF (hours in a work week)
    Returns: fills the overtime column in the 2D array with calculated
data
*/

```

```

void overTime ( double payroll[][COLS] )
{
    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )
    {
        if ( payroll[i][HRS_WRKD] > CUT_OFF )

            payroll[i][OVRTIME] = payroll[i][HRS_WRKD] - CUT_OFF;

        else

            payroll[i][OVRTIME] = 0;
    }
}

```

```

/*

```

Function: grossPay

The void function grossPay calculates the employees gross pay for the week.

If the employee worked 40 hours or less,  
gross pay is the hourly pay rate multiplied by the number  
of hours worked  
otherwise // employee worked > 40 hours  
employee is paid the regular hourly rate for the first 40  
hours plus  
time and a half for any hours over 40.

Receives: 2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS

Constants: globally declared integers:

ROWS – parallel arrays row dimension

COLS – 2D array column dimension

column designations in 2D array

GROSS, HRS\_WRKD, OVRTIME, PAYRATE

globally declared reals:

CUT\_OFF (hours in a work week)

Returns: fills the gross pay column in the 2D array with  
calculated data  
\*/

```

void grossPay ( double payroll[][COLS] )
{
    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )

```

```

    {
        if ( payroll[i][OVERTIME] == 0 )

            payroll[i][GROSS] = payroll[i][PAYRATE] * payroll[i]
[HRS_WRKD];

            else

                payroll[i][GROSS] = ( payroll[i][PAYRATE] * 1.5 *
payroll[i][OVERTIME] )
                + ( payroll[i][PAYRATE] * CUT_OFF );
    }
}

/*
    Function: stateTax

    The void function stateTax calculates the state taxes owed by the
employee
    calculated at a straight percentage of the employee's weekly gross
pay.

    Receives: 2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS
    Constants: globally declared integers:
                ROWS - parallel arrays row dimension
                COLS - 2D array column dimension
                column designations in 2D array
                GROSS, ST_TAX
                globally declared reals:
                STATE_TX_RATE, real (globally declared)
    Returns: fills the state tax column in the 2D array with
calculated data
*/

void stateTax ( double payroll[][COLS] )
{
    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )
    {
        payroll[i][ST_TAX] = STATE_TX_RATE * payroll[i][GROSS];
    }
}

/*
    Function: federalTax

    The void function federalTax calculates federal taxes owed by the
employee.

    Note: The sample below assumes a tax cut-off of 400.00 and a tax
rate for

```

20% for low wage earners and a tax rate of 31% for high wage earners.

Actual values may differ.

If weekly gross pay is \$400.00 or less,  
tax rate is 20%.  
otherwise // employee's weekly gross pay is > \$400.00  
tax rate is calculated at 20% for the first \$400.00  
and 31% for any amount over \$400.00.

Receives: 2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS

Constants: globally declared integers:

ROWS - parallel arrays row dimension

COLS - 2D array column dimension

column designations in 2D array

GROSS, FED\_TAX

globally declared reals:

TAX\_CUT\_OFF - income level at which taxes are  
increased

LOW\_TAX\_RATE

HI\_TAX\_RATE

Returns: fills the federal tax column with calculated data  
\*/

void federalTax ( double payroll[][COLS] )

{

for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )

{

if ( TAX\_CUT\_OFF >= payroll[i][GROSS] )

payroll[i][FED\_TAX] = payroll[i][GROSS] \* LOW\_TAX\_RATE;

else

payroll[i][FED\_TAX] = ( payroll[i][GROSS] - TAX\_CUT\_OFF )

\* HI\_TAX\_RATE

+ TAX\_CUT\_OFF \* LOW\_TAX\_RATE;

}

}

/\*

Function: netPay

The void function netPay calculates the employee's net pay for the week

- gross pay minus calculated taxes (state and federal).

Receives: 2D array of reals (payroll information) / COLS

Constants: globally declared integers:

ROWS - parallel arrays row dimension

COLS - 2D array column dimension

```

        column designations in 2D array
        GROSS, ST_TAX, FED_TAX
Returns:  fills the net pay column with calculated data
*/

void netPay ( double payroll[][COLS] )
{
    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )
    {
        payroll[i][NETPAY] = payroll[i][GROSS] - ( payroll[i][FED_TAX]
                                                    + payroll[i]
[ST_TAX]);
    }
}

```

/\*

Function: printReportData

The void function printReportData prints to an output file the payroll information for each employee in tabular form under the appropriate column headers. The employee records are single spaced. Monetary values are displayed with two digits of precision.

Sample Tabular Data:

Note: The report title and column headers are printed by a previously called function.

Monthly Payroll Report							
Net	ID#	Hours	Hourly	Overtime	Gross	State	Federal
Pay		Worked	Rate	Hours	Pay	Tax	Tax
1000	51.00	6.55	11.00	370.07	22.20	74.02	
273.86	1001	40.50	6.50	0.50	264.88	15.89	52.98
196.01							
...							

Receives: output file variable  
protected 1D array of integer ID#s  
protected 2D array of reals (payroll information) /  
COLS  
(in this order)  
Constants: globally declared integers:

```

        ROWS – parallel arrays row dimension
        COLS – 2D array column dimension
    Returns: nothing; prints out report data under appropriate report
    headings
        previously printed
*/

```

```

void printReportData ( ofstream &fout, int employee[], double
payroll[][COLS] )
{
    fout << fixed << setprecision(2) << setfill(' ');

    for ( int i=0; i < ROWS; i++ )
    {
        fout << employee[i];

        for ( int k=0; k < COLS; k++)
            fout << setw(10) << payroll[i][k] << endl;
    }
}

```

```

/*

```

Function: writeFileLocation

The void function writeFileLocation writes the message below to the screen indicating to the user the name of the output file to which the results have been written. The output filename is provided by the calling routine.

Output:

"Program results have been written to <filename here>."

Receives: protected 1D array of characters – output file name

Constants: 1D array of characters representing the output file name

Returns: nothing; writes a message containing the output file name to the screen

```

*/

```

```

void writeFileLocation ( char output_filename[] )
{
    cout << " Program Results have been written to " <<
output_filename
        << ". " << endl;
}

```