

- Chapter 3.10 (Exercises) :

1. Is the literal 4 a valid Python expression?

Answer : No

2. Is the variable x a valid Python expression?

Answer : No

3. Is $x + 4$ a valid Python expression?

Answer :yes, but x should be defined.

4. What affect does the unary + operator have when applied to a numeric expression?

Answer : No effect all numeric values are positive by default.

5. Sort the following binary operators in order of high to low precedence: +, -, *, //, /, %, =.

Answer : The general order is PEMDAS. parentheses, exponents, multiplication, division, addition and subtraction.
so *, //, /, %, > +, - > =

:Given the following assignment .6

$x = 2$

Indicate what each of the following Python statements would print.

(a) `print("x")` **x**

(b) `print('x')` **x**

(c) `print(x)` **2**

(d) `print("x + 1")` **x + 1**

(e) `print('x' + 1)` **error**

(f) `print(x + 1)` **3**

7.Given the following assignments:

$i1 = 2$

$i2 = 5$

$i3 = -3$

d1 = 2.0

d2 = 5.0

d3 = -0.5

Evaluate each of the following Python expressions.

(a) i1 + i2

7

(b) i1 / i2

2/5 = 0.4

(c) i1 // i2

2//5 = 0

(d) i2 / i1

5/2 = 2.5

(e) i2 // i1

5//2 = 2

(f) i1 * i3

2 * -3 = -6

(g) d1 + d2

2.0 + (-0.5) = 1.5

(h) d1 / d2

2.0/5.0 = 0.4

(i) d2 / d1

5.0/2.0 = 2.5

(j) d3 * d1

-0.5 * 2.0 = -1.0

(k) d1 + i2

2.0 + 5 = 7.0

(l) i1 / d2

2/5.0 = 0.4

(m) d2 / i1

5.0/2 = 2.5

(n) i2 / d1

5/5.0 = 1.0

(o) i1/i2*d1

2/5*2.0 = 0.8

(p) d1*i1/i2

2.0*2/5 = 0.8

(q) d1/d2*i1

2.0/5.0*2 = 0.8

(r) i1*d1/d2

2*2.0/5.0 = 0.8

(s) i2/i1*d1

5/2*2.0 = 5.0

(t) d1*i2/i1

2.0*5/2 = 5.0

(u) d2/d1*i1

5.0/2.0*2 = 5.0

(v) i1*d2/d1

2*5.0/2.0 = 2.0

8.What is printed by the following statement :

#print(5/3)

Answer : # converts the whole line to a Comment , so nothing

9.Given the following assignments:

i1 = 2

i2 = 5

i3 = -3

d1 = 2.0

d2 = 5.0

d3 = -0.5

Evaluate each of the following Python expressions.

(a) i1 + (i2 * i3) $2+(5*-3) = -13$

(b) i1 * (i2 + i3) $2*(5-3) = 4$

(c) i1 / (i2 + i3) $2/(5-3) = 1.0$

(d) i1 // (i2 + i3) $2//(5-3) = 1$

(e) i1 / i2 + i3 $2/5 -3 = -2.6$

(f) i1 // i2 + i3 $2//5 -3 = -3$

...(g) 3 + 4 + 5 / 3 8.66

(h) 3 + 4 + 5 // 3 8

(i) (3 + 4 + 5) / 3 4.0

(j) (3 + 4 + 5) // 3 4

(k) d1 + (d2 * d3) $2.0 + (5.0 * -0.5) = -0.5$

(l) d1 + d2 * d3 $2.0 + 5.0*-0.5 = -0.5$

(m) d1 / d2 - d3 $2.0 / 5.0 - (0.5) = -0.5$

(n) d1 / (d2 - d3) $2.0/(5.0 - (-0.5)) = 0.3636...$

(o) d1 + d2 + d3 / 3 $2.0 + 5.0 - 0.5/3 = 2.88...$

(p) (d1 + d2 + d3) / 3 $(2.0 + 5.0 - 0.5)/3 = 2.166...$

(q) d1 + d2 + (d3 / 3) $2.0 + 5.0 + (0.5/-3) = 7.66...$

(r) 3 * (d1 + d2) * (d1 - d3) $3*(2+5)*(2.0 - (-0.5)) = 52.5$

10. What symbol signifies the beginning of a:

comment in Python? `#`

11. How do Python comments end?

comments, are line elements, so if the line changes comment will end.

12. Which is better, too many comments or too few comments ?

The happy medium is moderate amount of useful comments.

but, "when in doubt, add a remark" as the book explains it self...

13. What is the purpose of comments?

human readability:

programmer or even the same programmer, comments in case a piece of code needs to be modified by another aid them in reading and understanding the code faster.

14. Why is human readability such an important consideration?

"Programmers are more important than programs"

humans write code, so it is crucial that they understand the code easier and faster.

15. What circumstances can cause each of the following run-time errors to arise

- NameError

using undefined variable

- ValueError

wrong value given to functions, like `int('pizza')`

- ZeroDivisionError

dividing by zero: `2/0`

- IndentationError

python declares blocks by indentation, so unnecessary indentation may cause this error

- OverflowError

math operations having very large results: `1.5**9999`

- SyntaxError

incomplete code, or problems regarding the way python should be written: `print`

- TypeError

trying to work with incompatible types: `print("your age is : " + 18)`

16. Consider the following program which contains some errors. You may assume that the comments within the program accurately describe the program's intended behavior.

```
# Get two numbers from the user
```

```
n1 = float(input()) # 1
```

```
n2 = float(input()) # 2
```

```
# Compute sum of the two numbers
```

```
print(n1 + n2) # 3
```

Compute average of the two numbers

```
print((n1+n2)/2) # 4
```

Assign some variables

```
d1 = d2 = 0 # 5
```

both d1 and d2 are 0, d2 is useless.

Compute a quotient

```
print(n1/d1) # 6
```

zeroDivisionError since d1 is 0

Compute a product

```
n1*n2 = d1 # 7
```

d1 = n1*n2

Print result print(d1) # 8

For each line listed in the comments, indicate whether or not an interpreter error, run-time exception, or logic error is present. Not all lines contain an error.

17. Write the shortest way to express each of the following statements.

(a) $x = x + 1$ `x += 1`

(b) $x = x / 2$ `x /= 2`

(c) $x = x - 1$ `x -= 1`

(d) $x = x + y$ `x += y`

(e) $x = x - (y + 7)$ `x -= y+7`

(f) $x = 2 * x$ `x *= 2`

(g) $\text{number_of_closed_cases} = \text{number_of_closed_cases} + 2 * \text{ncc}$

`number_of_closed_cases += 2*ncc`

18. What is printed by the following code fragment?

```
x1 = 2
```

```
x2 = 2
```

```
x1 += 1
```

```
x2 -= 1
```

```
print(x1) 3
```

```
print(x2) 1
```

Why does the output appear as it does?

`x1 += 1` means $x1 = x1 + 1$ and `x2 -= 1` means $x2 = x2 - 1$

19. Consider the following program that attempts to compute the circumference of a circle given the radius entered by the user. Given a circle's radius, r , the circle's circumference, C is given by the formula:

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$r = 0$

$PI = 3.14159$

#Formula for the area of a circle given its radius

$C = 2 * PI * r$

r is not defined yet.

Get the radius from the user

$r = \text{float}(\text{input}(\text{"Please enter the circle's radius: "}))$

should be above $C = 2 * PI * r$

Print the circumference

$\text{print}(\text{"Circumference is", } C)$

(a) The program does not produce the intended result. Why?

explained above.

(b) How can it be repaired so that it works Correctly?

$PI = 3.14159$

$r = \text{float}(\text{input}(\text{"Please enter the circle's radius: "}))$

$C = 2 * r * PI$

$\text{print}(\text{"Circumference is: ", } C)$