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numpy

```
In [1]:
          import numpy as np
In [2]:
          a=np.array([[1,2,8],[4,5,7]],dtype=np.int32)
          print(a)
         [[1 2 8]
          [4 5 7]]
In [3]:
          a.ndim #dimensions so it is 2 dimensional array
Out[3]: 2
In [4]:
          a.shape #it gives the shape(row,column)
Out[4]: (2, 3)
In [5]:
          print(a.dtype)#tells the type of elements inside the array
          print(type(a))#it tells the data type of a which is numpy array
         int32
         <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
In [6]:
          np.ones((3,4),dtype=np.int32)#makes all elements of array as one
Out[6]: array([[1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1],
                [1, 1, 1, 1]])
In [7]:
          np.arange(1,15)
Out[7]: array([ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14])
In [8]:
          b=np.array([[1,3,4],[3,3,5]])
          np.concatenate([a,b])
Out[8]: array([[1, 2, 8],
                [4, 5, 7],
                [1, 3, 4],
                [3, 3, 5]])
In [9]:
          print(a.astype(np.float32))#conversion of array
         [[1. 2. 8.]
          [4. 5. 7.]]
In [10]:
          a[0,0]=5
          print(a)
          print(a.astype(np.float32))
```

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```
[[5 2 8]
          [4 5 7]]
          [[5. 2. 8.]
          [4. 5. 7.]]
In [11]:
          c=np.arange(0,6)
          print(c)
          print(c.shape)
          c=c.reshape(2,3)#reshapeed the matrix from (6,1)to (2,3)
          c=c.ravel()#again backs to normal
          print(c)
          [0 1 2 3 4 5]
          (6,)
          [[0 1 2]
          [3 4 5]]
          [0 1 2 3 4 5]
In [12]:
          c=np.arange(0,6).reshape(2,3)
          print (c)
          c=c.T#transposes the matrix 1st way
          print(c)
          c=c.transpose((1,0))#again transposes 2nd way
          print(c)
          c=c.transpose((1,0))#again transposes
          print(c)
          [[0 1 2]
          [3 4 5]]
          [[0 3]
          [1 4]
          [2 5]]
          [[0 1 2]
          [3 4 5]]
          [[0 3]
          [1 4]
          [2 5]]
In [13]:
          np.savez('data.npz',c=c)
          data = np.load('data.npz')
          c= data['c']
          print(c)
          [[0 3]
          [1 4]
          [2 5]]
```

mathematical operations

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```
[[ 5 6 32]
           [12 15 35]]
Out[29]: array([[5.
                 [5. , 0.66666667, 2. [1.33333333, 1.66666667, 1.4
                                                       ],
]])
 In [ ]:
           b1=np.array([[2,6,8],[6,6,10]],dtype=np.int32)
           b2=np.array([[1,3,9],[3,3,5]],dtype=np.int32)
           b1 = b1/b2
           b1
 In [ ]:
           a[0,:]
 In [ ]:
           a[:,:-1]
 In [ ]:
           # a[:,:,::-1]error
 In [ ]:
           # a[a<10]=0 setting condition for all elements to 0
           # # set a =0
In [23]:
           e=list(range(10))
           print(e)
           e[4:1:-1]# reversing the list logic yaad rakhna
          [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Out[23]: []
In [28]:
           print(a)
           a.sum()
           a.sum(axis=1,keepdims=True)
          [[5 2 8]
           [4 5 7]]
         array([[15],
Out[28]:
                 [16]])
In [36]:
           np.ones((3,4),dtype=np.int32)
Out[36]: array([[1, 1, 1, 1],
                 [1, 1, 1, 1],
                 [1, 1, 1, 1]])
 In [ ]:
```