

```
In [1]: # importing library
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #visualisation
```

```
In [2]: import numpy as np #numerical python which is used for matrix calculations
aman= np.genfromtxt("LinearReg_Univariate.txt",delimiter=',')#read the text file # o
print(aman)
print(len(aman))#Length of dataset here m=97
```

```
[ [ 6.1101  17.592 ]
  [ 5.5277   9.1302 ]
  [ 8.5186  13.662 ]
  [ 7.0032  11.854 ]
  [ 5.8598   6.8233 ]
  [ 8.3829  11.886 ]
  [ 7.4764   4.3483 ]
  [ 8.5781  12.    ]
  [ 6.4862   6.5987 ]
  [ 5.0546   3.8166 ]
  [ 5.7107   3.2522 ]
  [14.164  15.505 ]
  [ 5.734   3.1551 ]
  [ 8.4084   7.2258 ]
  [ 5.6407   0.71618]
  [ 5.3794   3.5129 ]
  [ 6.3654   5.3048 ]
  [ 5.1301   0.56077]
  [ 6.4296   3.6518 ]
  [ 7.0708   5.3893 ]
  [ 6.1891   3.1386 ]
  [20.27   21.767 ]
  [ 5.4901   4.263 ]
  [ 6.3261   5.1875 ]
  [ 5.5649   3.0825 ]
  [18.945  22.638 ]
  [12.828  13.501 ]
  [10.957   7.0467 ]
  [13.176  14.692 ]
  [22.203  24.147 ]
  [ 5.2524  -1.22  ]
  [ 6.5894   5.9966 ]
  [ 9.2482  12.134 ]
  [ 5.8918   1.8495 ]
  [ 8.2111   6.5426 ]
  [ 7.9334   4.5623 ]
  [ 8.0959   4.1164 ]
  [ 5.6063   3.3928 ]
  [12.836  10.117 ]
  [ 6.3534   5.4974 ]
  [ 5.4069   0.55657]
  [ 6.8825   3.9115 ]
  [11.708   5.3854 ]
  [ 5.7737   2.4406 ]
  [ 7.8247   6.7318 ]
  [ 7.0931   1.0463 ]
  [ 5.0702   5.1337 ]
  [ 5.8014   1.844  ]
  [11.7     8.0043 ]
  [ 5.5416   1.0179 ]
  [ 7.5402   6.7504 ]
  [ 5.3077   1.8396 ]
  [ 7.4239   4.2885 ]
  [ 7.6031   4.9981 ]
  [ 6.3328   1.4233 ]
  [ 6.3589  -1.4211 ]
  [ 6.2742   2.4756 ]
```

```
[ 5.6397  4.6042 ]
[ 9.3102  3.9624 ]
[ 9.4536  5.4141 ]
[ 8.8254  5.1694 ]
[ 5.1793 -0.74279]
[21.279  17.929 ]
[14.908  12.054 ]
[18.959  17.054 ]
[ 7.2182  4.8852 ]
[ 8.2951  5.7442 ]
[10.236   7.7754 ]
[ 5.4994  1.0173 ]
[20.341  20.992 ]
[10.136   6.6799 ]
[ 7.3345  4.0259 ]
[ 6.0062  1.2784 ]
[ 7.2259  3.3411 ]
[ 5.0269 -2.6807 ]
[ 6.5479  0.29678]
[ 7.5386  3.8845 ]
[ 5.0365  5.7014 ]
[10.274   6.7526 ]
[ 5.1077  2.0576 ]
[ 5.7292  0.47953]
[ 5.1884  0.20421]
[ 6.3557  0.67861]
[ 9.7687  7.5435 ]
[ 6.5159  5.3436 ]
[ 8.5172  4.2415 ]
[ 9.1802  6.7981 ]
[ 6.002   0.92695]
[ 5.5204  0.152 ]
[ 5.0594  2.8214 ]
[ 5.7077  1.8451 ]
[ 7.6366  4.2959 ]
[ 5.8707  7.2029 ]
[ 5.3054  1.9869 ]
[ 8.2934  0.14454]
[13.394   9.0551 ]
[ 5.4369  0.61705]]
```

97

In [3]:

```
x=aman[:,0].reshape(-1,1)# here first we have used slicing and then reshaped we use
print(x)# gives x

print(x.shape) # gives the shape
```

```
[[ 6.1101]
 [ 5.5277]
 [ 8.5186]
 [ 7.0032]
 [ 5.8598]
 [ 8.3829]
 [ 7.4764]
 [ 8.5781]
 [ 6.4862]
 [ 5.0546]
 [ 5.7107]
 [14.164 ]
 [ 5.734 ]
 [ 8.4084]
 [ 5.6407]
 [ 5.3794]
 [ 6.3654]
 [ 5.1301]
 [ 6.4296]
 [ 7.0708]
 [ 6.1891]
```

```
[20.27 ]
[ 5.4901]
[ 6.3261]
[ 5.5649]
[18.945 ]
[12.828 ]
[10.957 ]
[13.176 ]
[22.203 ]
[ 5.2524]
[ 6.5894]
[ 9.2482]
[ 5.8918]
[ 8.2111]
[ 7.9334]
[ 8.0959]
[ 5.6063]
[12.836 ]
[ 6.3534]
[ 5.4069]
[ 6.8825]
[11.708 ]
[ 5.7737]
[ 7.8247]
[ 7.0931]
[ 5.0702]
[ 5.8014]
[11.7   ]
[ 5.5416]
[ 7.5402]
[ 5.3077]
[ 7.4239]
[ 7.6031]
[ 6.3328]
[ 6.3589]
[ 6.2742]
[ 5.6397]
[ 9.3102]
[ 9.4536]
[ 8.8254]
[ 5.1793]
[21.279 ]
[14.908 ]
[18.959 ]
[ 7.2182]
[ 8.2951]
[10.236 ]
[ 5.4994]
[20.341 ]
[10.136 ]
[ 7.3345]
[ 6.0062]
[ 7.2259]
[ 5.0269]
[ 6.5479]
[ 7.5386]
[ 5.0365]
[10.274 ]
[ 5.1077]
[ 5.7292]
[ 5.1884]
[ 6.3557]
[ 9.7687]
[ 6.5159]
[ 8.5172]
[ 9.1802]
[ 6.002 ]
[ 5.5204]
[ 5.0594]
```

```
[ 5.7077]
[ 7.6366]
[ 5.8707]
[ 5.3054]
[ 8.2934]
[13.394 ]
[ 5.4369]]
(97, 1)
```

In [4]:

```
y=aman[:,1].reshape(-1,1)# slicing about column y or col[1]
print(y)# gives y
print(y.shape)
```

```
[[17.592 ]
[ 9.1302 ]
[13.662 ]
[11.854 ]
[ 6.8233 ]
[11.886 ]
[ 4.3483 ]
[12.     ]
[ 6.5987 ]
[ 3.8166 ]
[ 3.2522 ]
[15.505 ]
[ 3.1551 ]
[ 7.2258 ]
[ 0.71618]
[ 3.5129 ]
[ 5.3048 ]
[ 0.56077]
[ 3.6518 ]
[ 5.3893 ]
[ 3.1386 ]
[21.767 ]
[ 4.263 ]
[ 5.1875 ]
[ 3.0825 ]
[22.638 ]
[13.501 ]
[ 7.0467 ]
[14.692 ]
[24.147 ]
[-1.22 ]
[ 5.9966 ]
[12.134 ]
[ 1.8495 ]
[ 6.5426 ]
[ 4.5623 ]
[ 4.1164 ]
[ 3.3928 ]
[10.117 ]
[ 5.4974 ]
[ 0.55657]
[ 3.9115 ]
[ 5.3854 ]
[ 2.4406 ]
[ 6.7318 ]
[ 1.0463 ]
[ 5.1337 ]
[ 1.844 ]
[ 8.0043 ]
[ 1.0179 ]
[ 6.7504 ]
[ 1.8396 ]
[ 4.2885 ]
[ 4.9981 ]
[ 1.4233 ]
```

```

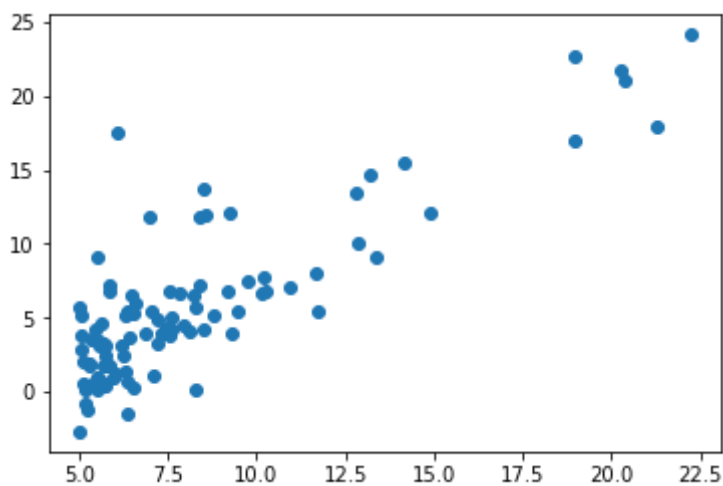
[-1.4211 ]
[ 2.4756 ]
[ 4.6042 ]
[ 3.9624 ]
[ 5.4141 ]
[ 5.1694 ]
[-0.74279]
[17.929 ]
[12.054 ]
[17.054 ]
[ 4.8852 ]
[ 5.7442 ]
[ 7.7754 ]
[ 1.0173 ]
[20.992 ]
[ 6.6799 ]
[ 4.0259 ]
[ 1.2784 ]
[ 3.3411 ]
[-2.6807 ]
[ 0.29678]
[ 3.8845 ]
[ 5.7014 ]
[ 6.7526 ]
[ 2.0576 ]
[ 0.47953]
[ 0.20421]
[ 0.67861]
[ 7.5435 ]
[ 5.3436 ]
[ 4.2415 ]
[ 6.7981 ]
[ 0.92695]
[ 0.152 ]
[ 2.8214 ]
[ 1.8451 ]
[ 4.2959 ]
[ 7.2029 ]
[ 1.9869 ]
[ 0.14454]
[ 9.0551 ]
[ 0.61705]]
(97, 1)

```

```

In [12]: plt.scatter(aman[:,0].reshape(-1,1),y)# we are plotting the scatter plot between x and y
plt.show()# shows the plot

```



```

In [6]: s=np.ones(97)# it creates the ones of the matrix creates x0
s

```

[illegible]

[illegible]

```
In [13]: z=np.concatenate([a,x],1)
          print(z)# creates a matrix of [x0 x1]
          print(z.shape) # creating the shape (97,2)
```

[ 1.	6.1101]
[ 1.	5.5277]
[ 1.	8.5186]
[ 1.	7.0032]
[ 1.	5.8598]
[ 1.	8.3829]
[ 1.	7.4764]
[ 1.	8.5781]
[ 1.	6.4862]
[ 1.	5.0546]
[ 1.	5.7107]
[ 1.	14.164 ]
[ 1.	5.734 ]
[ 1.	8.4084]
[ 1.	5.6407]
[ 1.	5.3794]
[ 1.	6.3654]
[ 1.	5.1301]
[ 1.	6.4296]
[ 1.	7.0708]
[ 1.	6.1891]
[ 1.	20.27 ]
[ 1.	5.4901]
[ 1.	6.3261]
[ 1.	5.5649]
[ 1.	18.945 ]
[ 1.	12.828 ]
[ 1.	10.957 ]
[ 1.	13.176 ]
[ 1.	22.203 ]
[ 1.	5.2524]
[ 1.	6.5894]

```
[ 1.      9.2482]
[ 1.      5.8918]
[ 1.      8.2111]
[ 1.      7.9334]
[ 1.      8.0959]
[ 1.      5.6063]
[ 1.     12.836 ]
[ 1.      6.3534]
[ 1.      5.4069]
[ 1.      6.8825]
[ 1.     11.708 ]
[ 1.      5.7737]
[ 1.      7.8247]
[ 1.      7.0931]
[ 1.      5.0702]
[ 1.      5.8014]
[ 1.     11.7   ]
[ 1.      5.5416]
[ 1.      7.5402]
[ 1.      5.3077]
[ 1.      7.4239]
[ 1.      7.6031]
[ 1.      6.3328]
[ 1.      6.3589]
[ 1.      6.2742]
[ 1.      5.6397]
[ 1.      9.3102]
[ 1.      9.4536]
[ 1.      8.8254]
[ 1.      5.1793]
[ 1.     21.279 ]
[ 1.     14.908 ]
[ 1.     18.959 ]
[ 1.      7.2182]
[ 1.      8.2951]
[ 1.     10.236 ]
[ 1.      5.4994]
[ 1.     20.341 ]
[ 1.     10.136 ]
[ 1.      7.3345]
[ 1.      6.0062]
[ 1.      7.2259]
[ 1.      5.0269]
[ 1.      6.5479]
[ 1.      7.5386]
[ 1.      5.0365]
[ 1.     10.274 ]
[ 1.      5.1077]
[ 1.      5.7292]
[ 1.      5.1884]
[ 1.      6.3557]
[ 1.      9.7687]
[ 1.      6.5159]
[ 1.      8.5172]
[ 1.      9.1802]
[ 1.      6.002 ]
[ 1.      5.5204]
[ 1.      5.0594]
[ 1.      5.7077]
[ 1.      7.6366]
[ 1.      5.8707]
[ 1.      5.3054]
[ 1.      8.2934]
[ 1.     13.394 ]
[ 1.      5.4369]]
(97, 2)
```

```
In [8]: # defining the parameters and hyperparameters
        alpha =0.0001
```



```

iters=1000
theta=np.array([[1.0,1.0]])# array of thetas 1x2 dimensions

```

```

In [9]: def computecost(z,y,theta):
        dot=np.power(((z@theta.T)-y),2)# squared error
        return np.sum(dot)/(2*len(z))# mean squared error or cost function
        computecost(z,y,theta)

        # theta has to be a n x 1 vector then when you do Matrix-Vector Multiplication (X*th
        # Matrix multiplication will create the vector h(x) row by row making the correspond

```

Out[9]: 10.266520491383504

```

In [10]: # Step 5. Create the Gradient Descent function:

def gradientDescent(z, y, theta, alpha, iters):
    for i in range(iters):
        theta = theta - (alpha/len(z)) * np.sum((z @ theta.T - y) * z, axis=0)# simu
        cost = computecost(z, y, theta)
        # if i % 10 == 0: # just look at cost every ten loops for debugging
        #     print(cost)
    return (theta, cost)

gradientDescent(z, y, theta, alpha, iters) # calling Gradient Descent function

```

Out[10]: (array([[0.8833595 , 0.71299472]]), 6.556321787672353)

```

In [11]: # Step 6. Another plot:

plt.scatter(aman[:, 0].reshape(-1,1), y)
g=aman[:, 0].reshape(-1,1)
axes = plt.gca() #get current axes
x_vals = np.array(axes.get_xlim())
y_vals = y[0][0] + g[0][1]* x_vals #the line equation
plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, '--')

```

```

-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-11-4b7c1caf629b> in <module>
      5 axes = plt.gca() #get current axes
      6 x_vals = np.array(axes.get_xlim())
----> 7 y_vals = y[0][0] + g[0][1]* x_vals #the line equation
      8 plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, '--')

```

**IndexError:** index 1 is out of bounds for axis 0 with size 1

