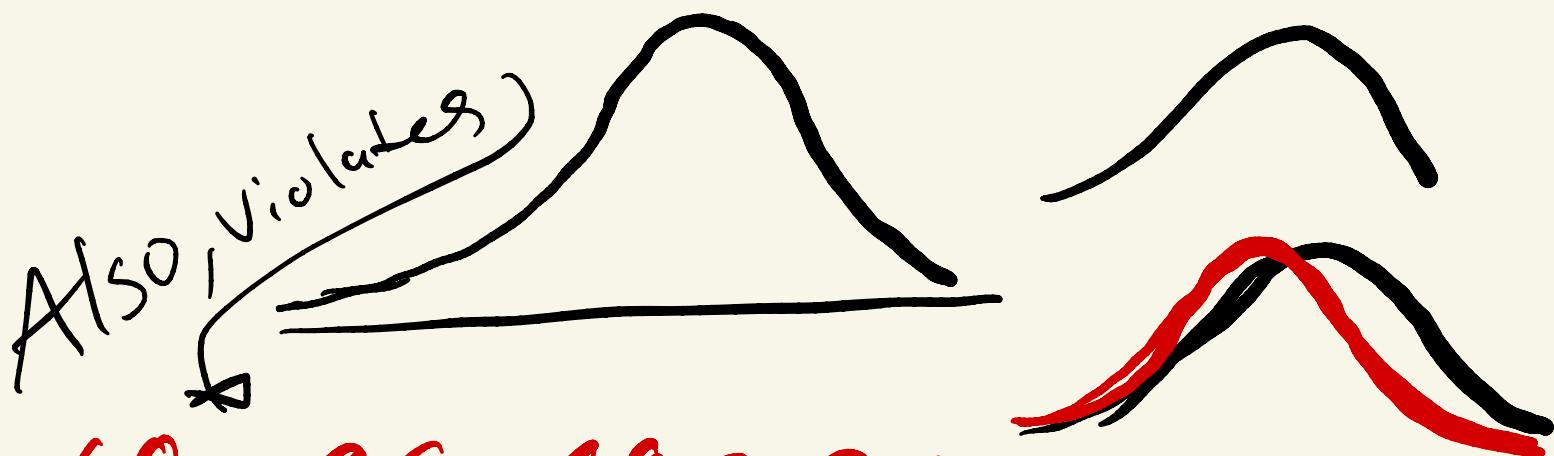
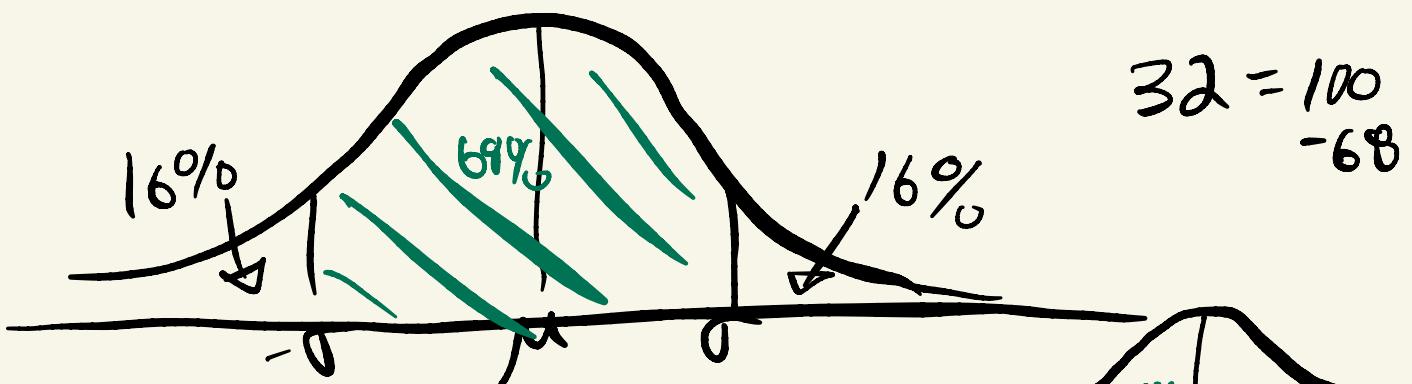


Q1 LEC 13 - LIVE  
 (P+Q) No! Mean + Median  
 In table 6



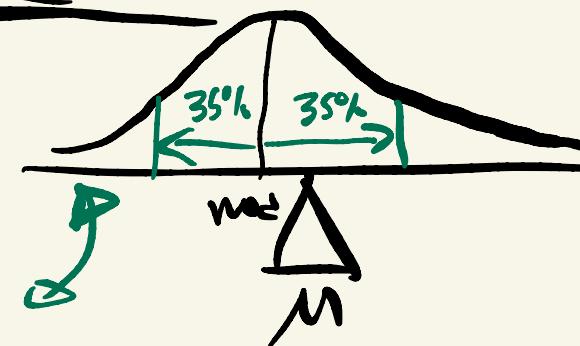
**68-95-99.7 Rule**

$\pm \sigma$     $\pm 2\sigma$     $\pm 3\sigma$  of  $\mu$



$$192 - 154 = 38 \text{ lbs}$$

$$244 - 192 = 52 \text{ lbs}$$



Assume  $\mu = 200$   $\sigma = 45$   $y = \frac{x}{2.2}$

$X$  = Weight in lbs

$$y = \text{wt in kg}$$

$$z = \text{wt in stones} = \frac{x}{14}$$

$$E(X) = 200 \quad SD(X) = 45$$

$$Y = \frac{X}{2.2} \quad E(Y) = E\left(\frac{X}{2.2}\right) = \frac{1}{2.2} E(X) \approx 90.9$$

$$SD(Y) = \frac{1}{12.2} SD(X) \approx 20.45$$

$$Z = \frac{X}{14} \quad E(Z) = \frac{1}{14} E(X) \approx 14.28$$

$$SD(Z) = \frac{1}{14} SD(X) \approx 3.21$$

Q2 Avg family income is 20K  $\forall X \geq 0$

(a) Give upper bound on  $P(X \geq 100K)$

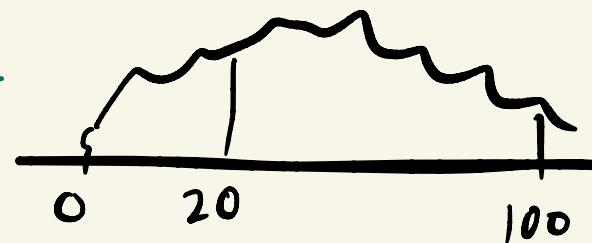
→ Markov's Inequality  $P(X \geq c) \leq \frac{E(X)}{c}$

$$\frac{20K}{100K} = \frac{1}{5} \approx 20\%$$

(b) Sps  $\sigma = 16K$  Give a better bound.

→ Chebychev's Inequality

$$P(|X - \mu| \geq c) \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{c^2}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \mu &= 20K & c &= 80K & \text{Percent of families} &\leq \frac{16^2}{80^2} = \left(\frac{16}{80}\right)^2 = 4\% \\ \sigma &= 16K & & & & \end{aligned}$$

Mean = 30,550      28,573  
" "      0

Q3

(b)  $E(X) \leq \frac{30,550}{100,000} = \frac{30.5\%}{30 \%}$

$$8 \% \leq 30\%$$

(c)



$$\geq 69,450 \quad \leq \left( \frac{28,573}{69,450} \right)^2$$

$$8 \leq 16.9\%$$

Q6:

$$10 = np$$

$$5 = \sqrt{npq}$$

$$25 = np^2$$

$$E(X) = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

↑  
1st moment

$$E(X^2) = \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

↑  
2nd moment  
 $n=4$

$$\frac{5 \cdot 9}{6} = \frac{45}{6}$$

$n=4$

$$\mu = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5$$

1	2	3	4
1	1	1	1

$$\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2$$

$$\sigma^2 = \left(\frac{45}{6}\right) - \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{n^2 - 1}{12}$$

$$n=4 \quad \frac{n=4}{= 256 - 1} = \frac{15}{12}$$

$$= 1.25$$

$$P(|A_n - \mu| \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{n \varepsilon^2}$$

$$\varepsilon = .5$$

$$\frac{1}{20} \geq \frac{\sigma^2}{n \cdot (1/2)^2} \quad \frac{n}{4} \geq 20 \sigma^2$$

$\Rightarrow n \geq 80 \sigma^2$

$$P(|A_n - \mu| \geq \varepsilon) \leq .05 \geq \frac{\sigma^2}{n \varepsilon^2}$$

$$\cancel{n \cdot \varepsilon} \quad n \cdot (.05) \geq \frac{255}{12}$$

$$n \geq (1.25)^2 80$$

125

Trolls

$$\frac{1}{20} \geq \frac{(1/4)}{\frac{15}{12}} = 25$$

$$\frac{15 \cdot 5}{12} = 6.25$$

$$n \geq \frac{15}{12} \cdot 5 = 10.625$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = E[X^2] - E[X]^2$$

$x$	1	2	3	4
$P(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$\begin{aligned} E[X^2] &= 1^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 3^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{5 \cdot 9}{6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2 = (n+1)(2n+1)/6$$