

TESTING

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INTRODUCTION

Software quality

- What is it?

Software quality

- What is it?
- No Defects?

Software quality

- What is it?
- No Defects?
- Or....
- Known defects?

Known defects???

- Goals of quality are:
 - Know and document bugs
 - Verify them for regression
 - Find workarounds
 - Feed more requirements



How do you **choose** your defects?

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- Dev methodology
- Team culture
- Good practices
- Correct soft. Architecture
- Early Integration

- And...

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- And...


- **Testing**

Types of tests

- Unit-tests
- Integration tests
- Acceptation tests
- ...ok.... What else?


Types of tests

- Unit Tests
- Integration Tests
- GUI Tests
- Non-regression Tests
- Coverage Tests
- Load Tests
- Stress Tests
- Performance Tests
- Scalability Tests
- Reliability Tests
- Volume Tests
- Usability Tests
- Security Tests
- Recovery Tests
- L10N/I18N Tests
- Accessibility Tests
- Installation/Configuration Tests
- Documentation Tests
- Platform testing
- Samples/Tutorials Testing
- Code inspections



Seriously, you do all of this stuff???

How the hell do you get organized???



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How the hell do you get organized???

TEST ARCHITECT

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Test architect role

- Choose test tools
- Define practices
- Build base frameworks → reusability
- Find test data
- Global test bucket consistency, strategy

Test Tools

Criteria

- Language
 - Eg: java -> jUnit and variants (HttpUnit, etc.)
- Type of app
 - Eg: desktop, mobile
- Layer where test is applied
 - Eg: UI → Selenium, RFT and other robots
- Goals
 - Eg: Perf -> jMeter
- Phase
 - Eg: functional vs system, see later

Define Test Practices

- Coding guidelines
- Test inventory tracking
 - Inventory tooling (RQM and the likes)
- Manual vs automated
 - ROI
 - Exploratory

Define Test Practices

- Policies
 - Eg: each new defect gets a testcase
- Testability
 - Eg: naming UI elements
- Repeatability
 - Setup / cleanup guidelines
 - Or: VM snapshotting

Test Data

- Representative samples
- Customer data
 - through support ticket
- Adhoc data
 - Eg: to cause error conditions
- Need be managed
 - Inventoried
 - Anonymized (confidential info)
 - Setup (Eg: prod-like DB)

Test Strategy

- Aka: where and when to test
- Sources of information
 - User defect reports
 - Coverage data
 - User story / functional understanding
- Measure effectiveness
 - # defects / regressions found
 - Time to find next defect
 - Time spent in maintenance

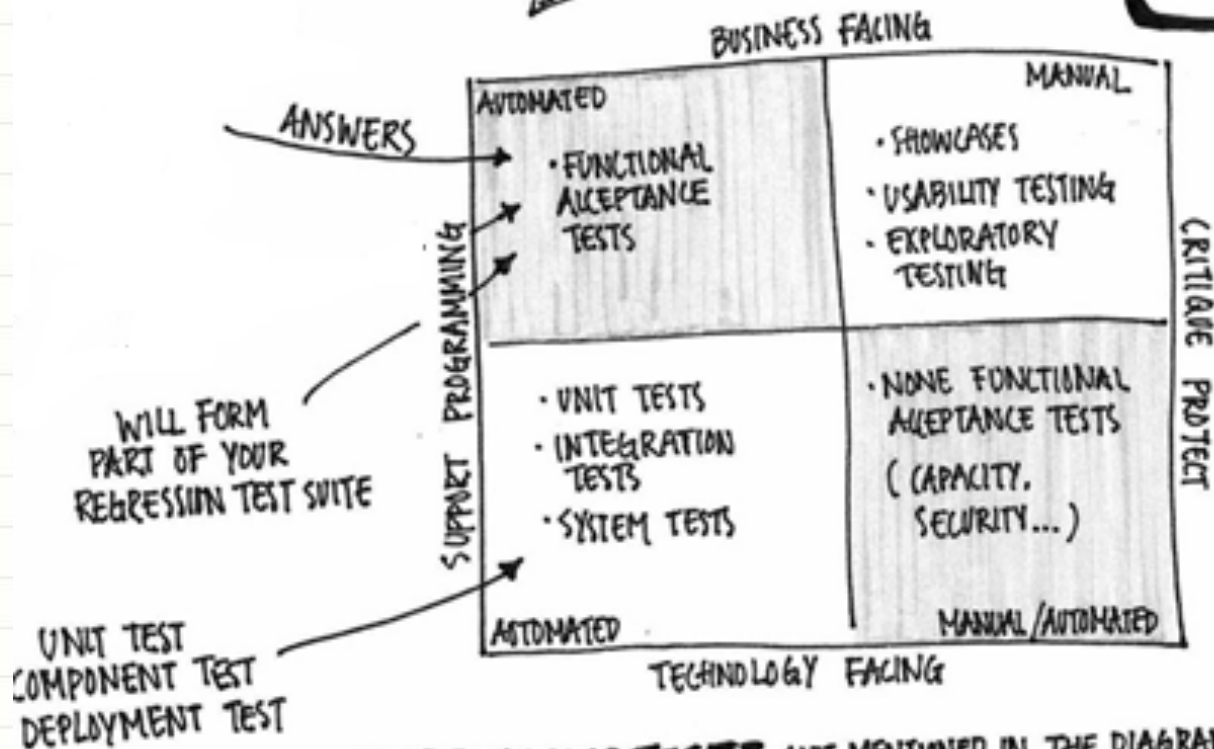
Test Dimensions

Can be organized based on:

- Product area
- Goals (find defects, measure perf., ...)
- Team in charge
- Dev. Phase
- Execution time

TYPE OF TESTS

YOUR DEPLOYMENT PIPELINE SHOULD HAVE ALL THESE FOUR TYPE OF TESTS.



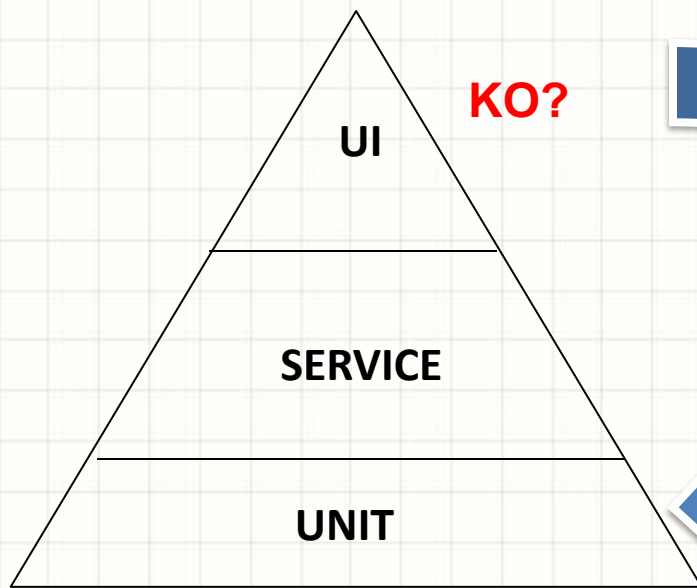
REGRESSION TEST? NOT MENTIONED IN THE DIAGRAM. THEY ARE CROSSCUTTING CATEGORY.

Test Sizes

- Number
- Execution time
- Depth of paths traversed

“In particular I always argue that high-level tests are there as a second line of test defense. If you get a failure in a high level test, not just do you have a bug in your functional code, you also have a missing unit test. Thus whenever you fix a failing end-to-end test, you should be adding unit tests too.”

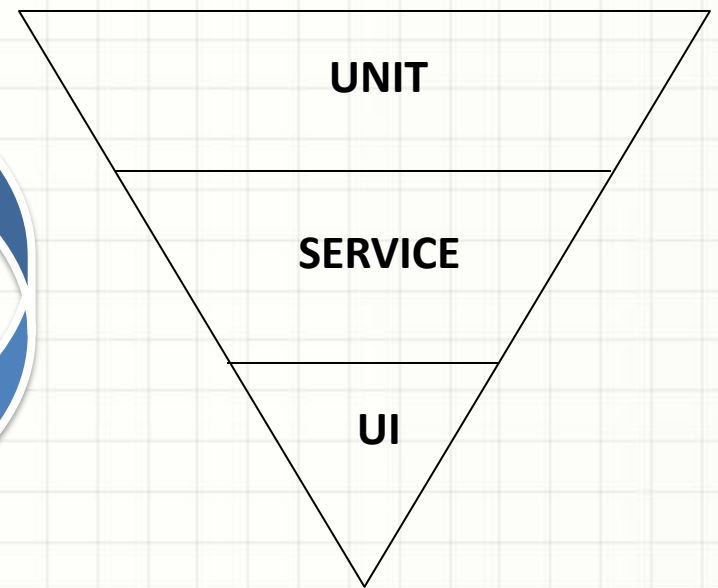
Martin Fowler



KO?



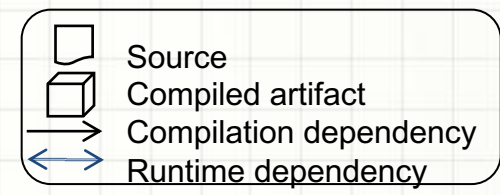
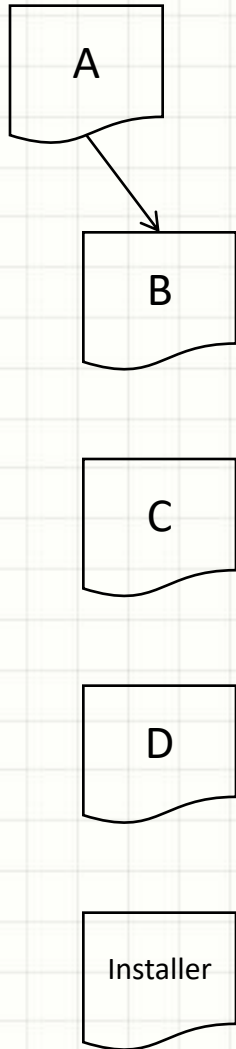
Volume

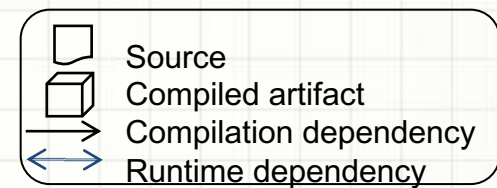
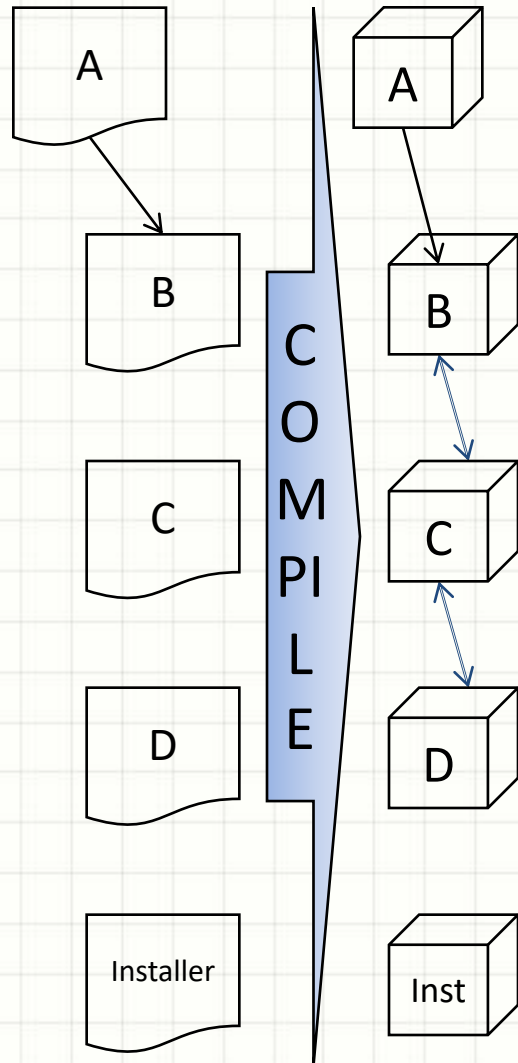


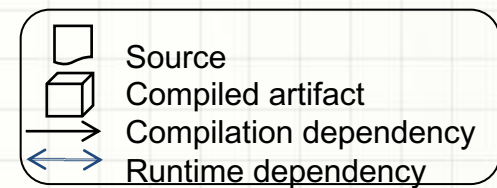
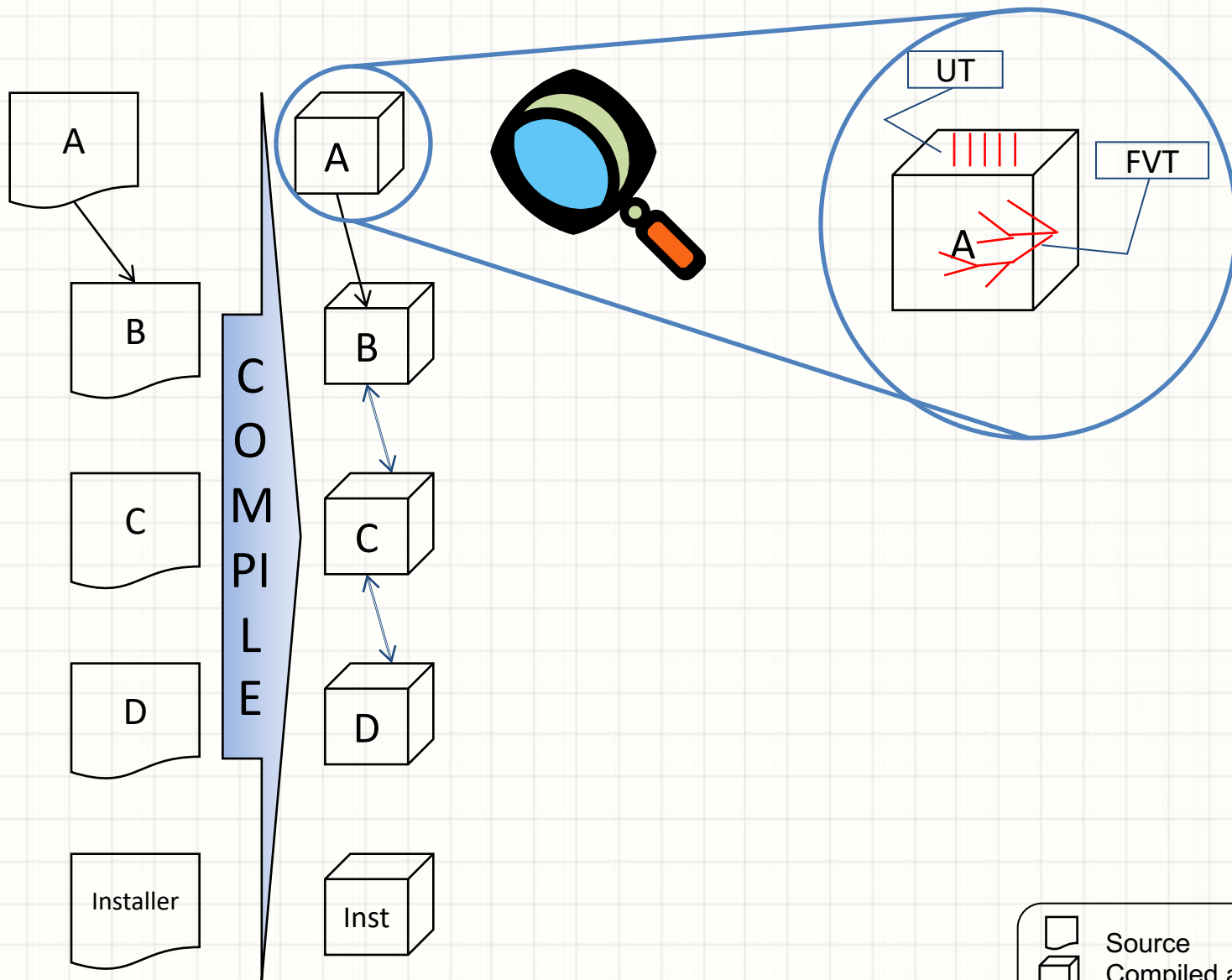
Run time

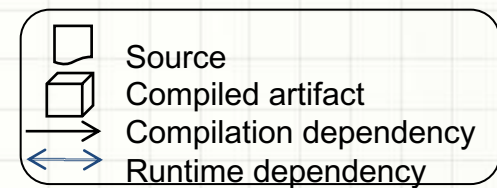
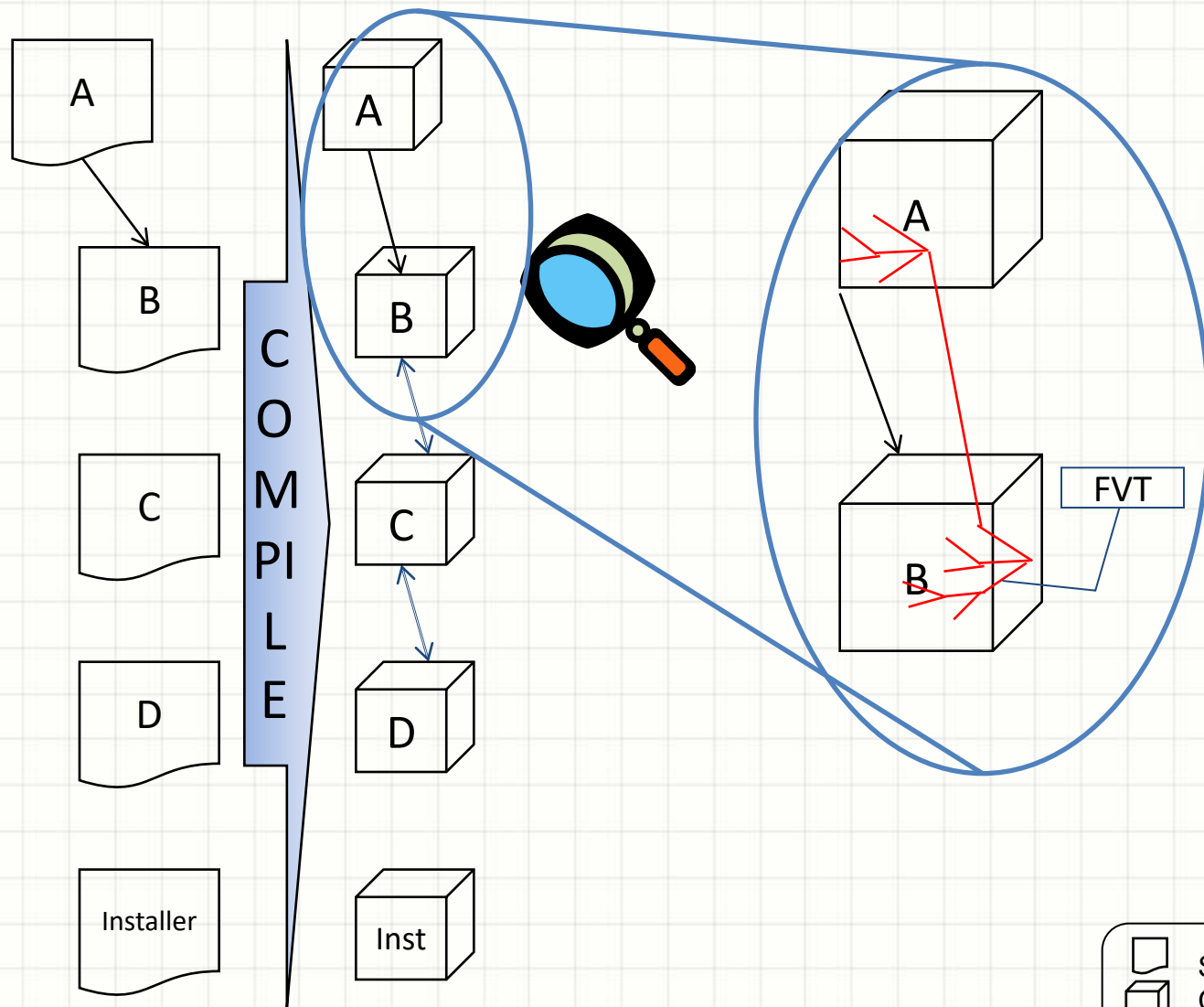
Functional vs. System

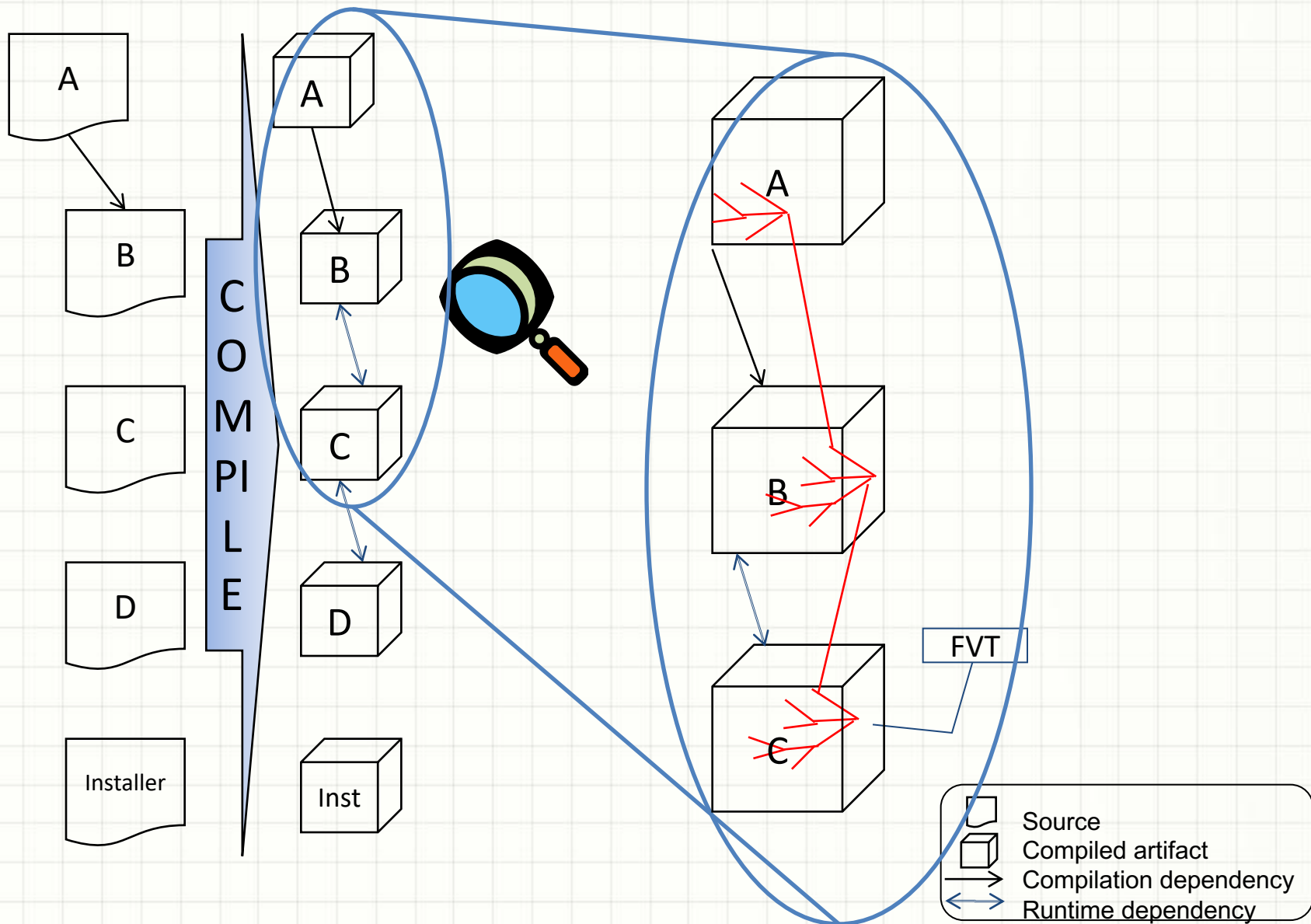
- Some make a big difference between Functional and System testing
- But
- It's just a continuum







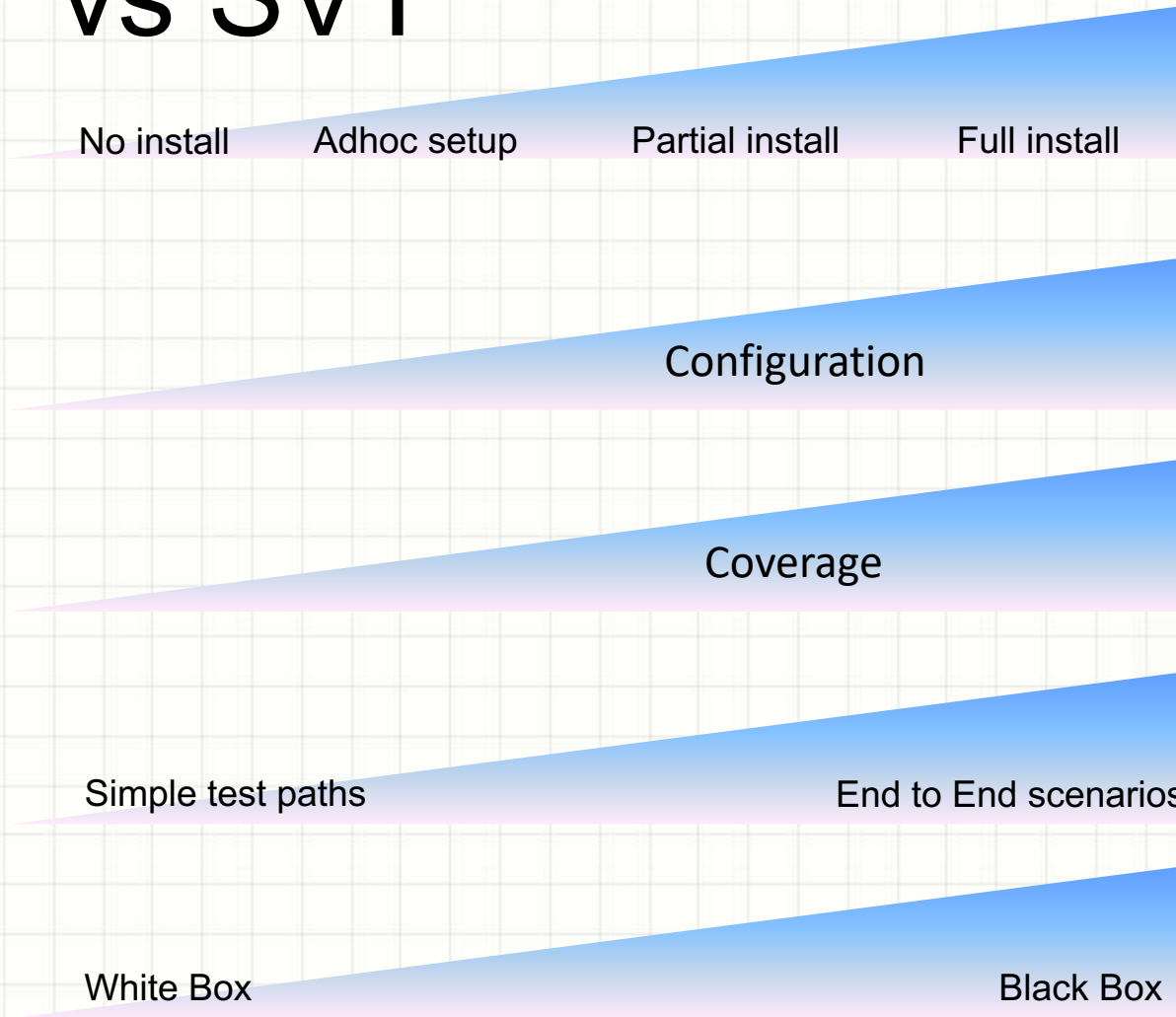


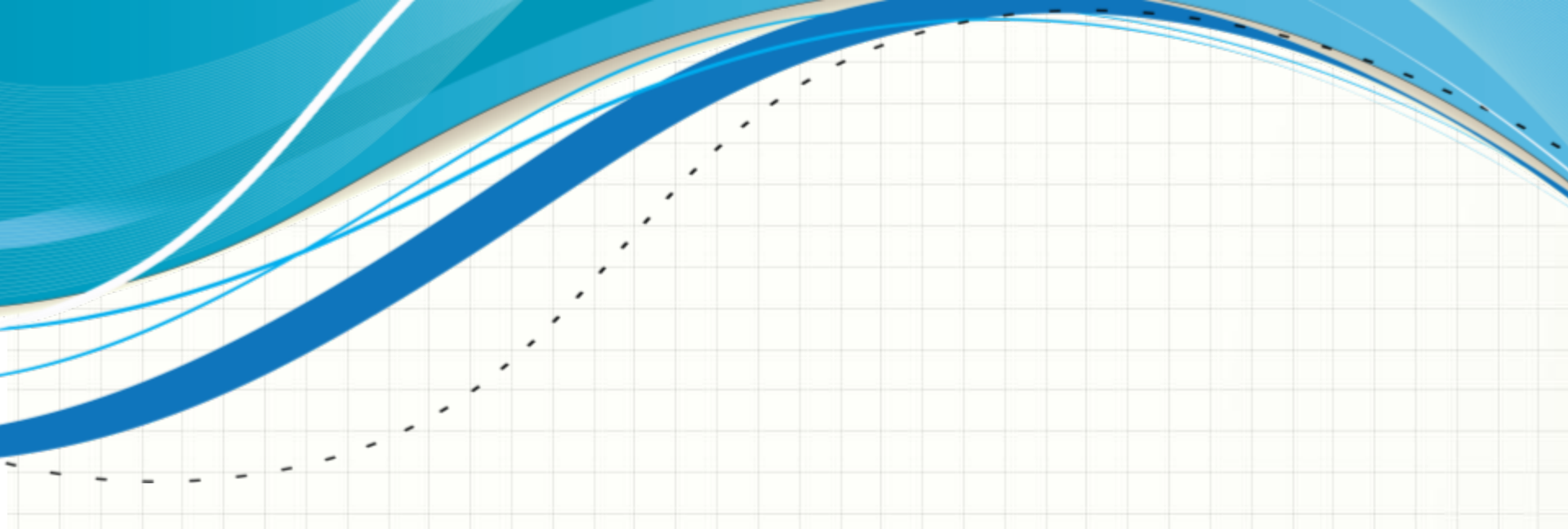


FVT vs SVT

FVT

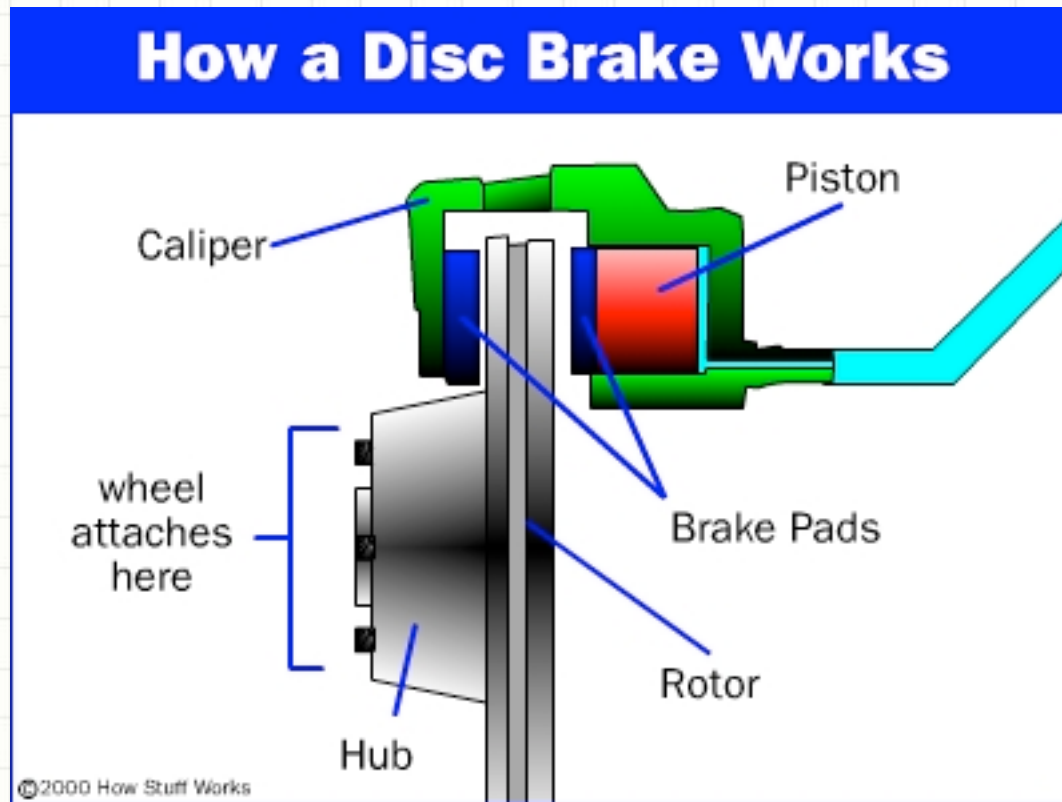
SVT





UNIT-, FUNCTIONAL- & INTEGRATION TESTS

Unit-Test



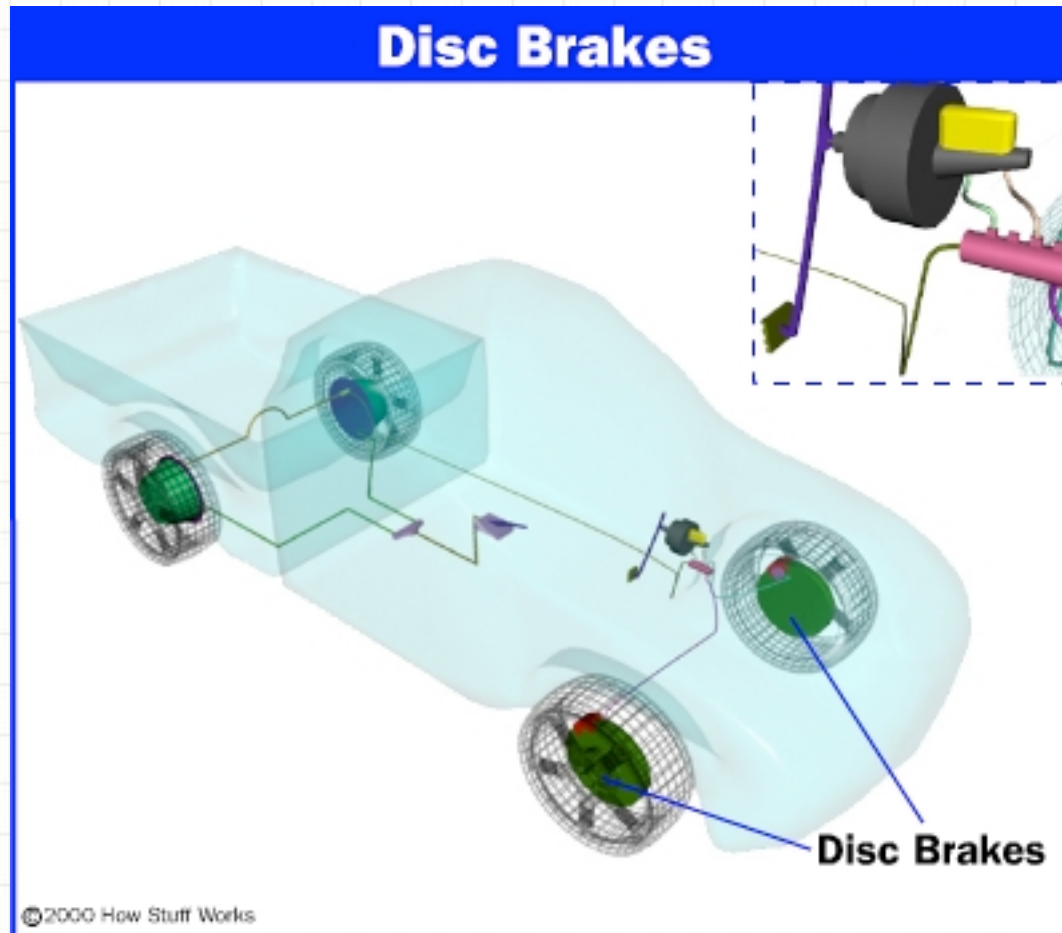
Unit-Test

Example:

CartModifier add(Customer, Item)

KitchenBean process(Order)

Functional Test



Functional Test

Example:

CartWebService

addItemToCustomerCart(String, Item)

Functional - specs

GIVEN

The Cookie Factory server and its Webservices

The customer Bob

WHEN

Bob calls the CartWebService addItemToCart WS with 3 chocolate cookies

THEN

- Bob's cart is updated (incremented by 3 items)
- TCF inventory is updated (3 cookies removed)
- ...

Unit vs Functional

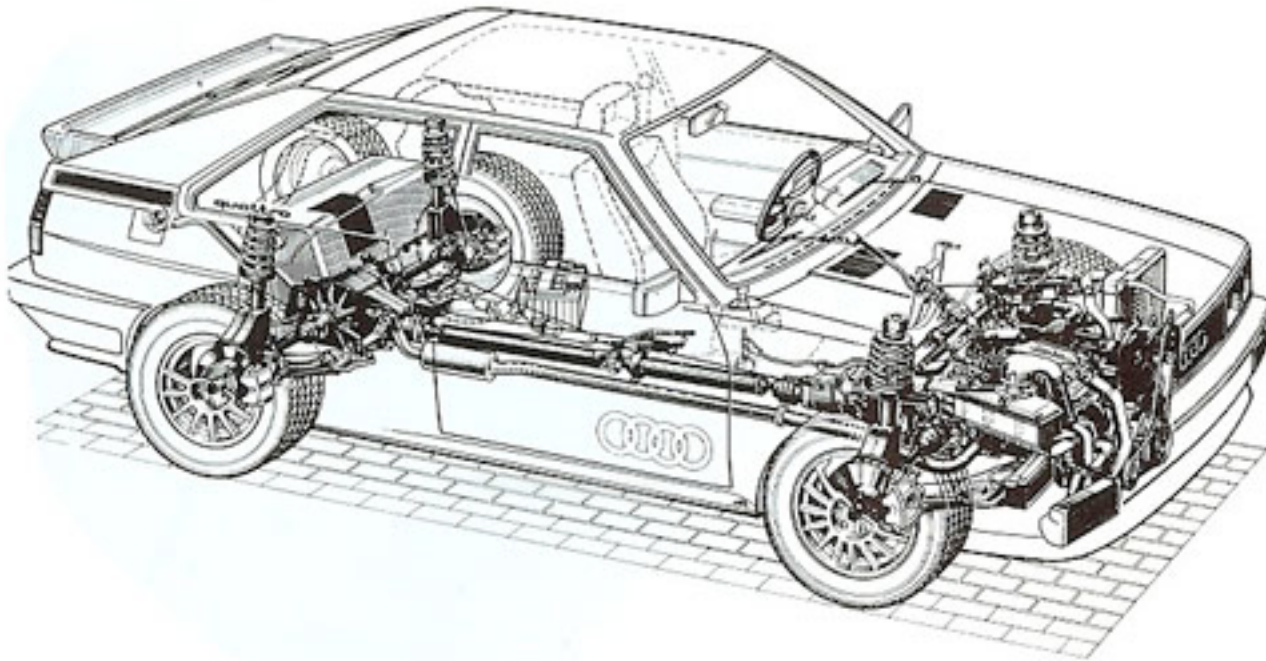
Technology \leftrightarrow Function

Programmer \leftrightarrow User

Does it work? \leftrightarrow Does it implement the function I need?

Small \leftrightarrow Bigger

Integration Test



Integration Test

Example:

CLI

`OrderCookie.execute`

Integration Test - specs

GIVEN

- TCF server, connected to “a” (*) bank system
- The CLI client
- The right sample data (Bob, some cookies...)

WHEN

- Bob builds a cookie order and calls `OrderCookie.execute`

THEN

- TCF inventory is updated (3 cookies removed)
- Bob’s cart is updated (added 3 chocolate cookies)
- Bob’s bank accounted is billed

(*: real or mocked)

Unit vs Integration



<http://imgur.com/qSN5SFR>
Another one

Scenario Testing



Scenario Testing - specs

GIVEN

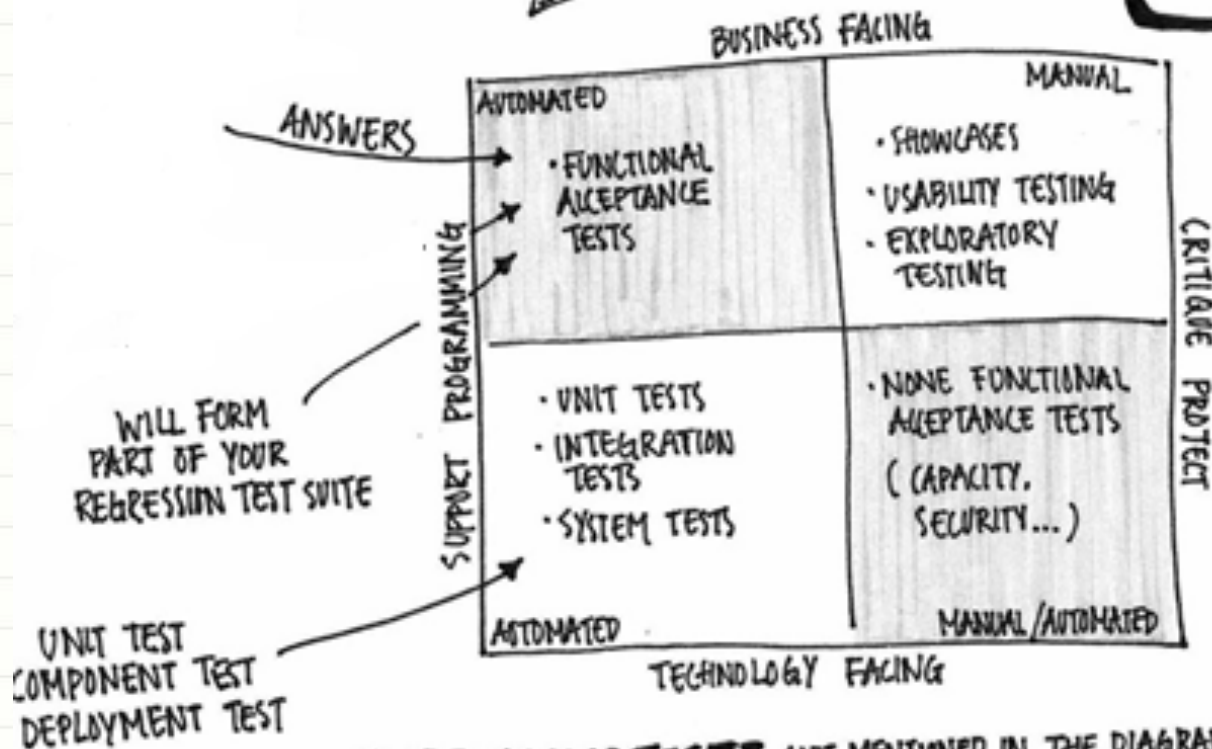
- TCF server, complete
- The CLI client

SCENARIO

- Create a customer Bob through the CustomerCare API
- Add some cookies in the factory
- Bob uses the CLI to order some cookies
- If TCF has enough cookies, fulfill the order and check for appropriate updates
- If TCF is running short on cookies, check for error conditions
- Keep going with more tests
- → What tool would you use?

TYPE OF TESTS

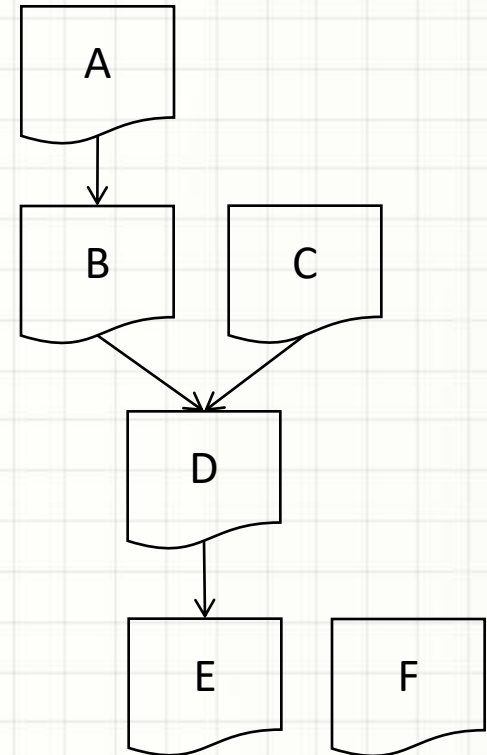
YOUR DEPLOYMENT PIPELINE SHOULD HAVE ALL THESE FOUR TYPE OF TESTS.



REGRESSION TEST? NOT MENTIONED IN THE DIAGRAM. THEY ARE CROSSCUTTING CATEGORY.

Building components

- What does B consume of A?
- Contract
 - API
 - Teams
- Enforced through tests



WRITING TESTS

Things to consider

- Start state
- Sample data
- Asserts
- Clean up

Asserts

```
testSomething {  
    Customer c = customerRegistry.find("Bob");  
    assertNotNull(c, "didn't get Bob");  
    String orderRef = "FR12345";  
    Order o = Util.findOrder(c.getOrders(),  
        orderRef)  
    assertNotNull(o, "didn't get order");  
    PaymentService ps = ...  
    assertNotNull(ps "didn't get PS");  
    boolean status = ps.pay(o, c);  
    assertNotNull(status, "payment didn't work");  
}
```

Asserts

- Too many or too few asserts?
- Only assert what you're really testing
- But write tests to cover for other aspects
- Each test should have ONE purpose

More things to consider

- Test maintenance
- Reusability
- → key for functional testing
- → and integration testing
 - Nesting test functions!

SCENARIO

- Create a customer Bob through the CustomerCare API
- Add some cookies in the factory
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Where to run

- Unit
 - Dev command line / dev. Env
 - Build plan, right after compile
 - Prevents artifactory publication
 - Because
 - it's fast
 - It's the contract with dependents

Where to run

- Functional
 - Dev command line / dev. Env
 - Build plan, dedicated
 - Use profiles
 - Prevents artifactory publication – or not...
 - Not so fast anymore
 - May require to be run in-container
 - Arquillian, Cactus → server-side

Where to run

- Integration
 - Dedicated env
 - Use VM if possible
 - Separate build plan
 - Long running
 - Requires prod-like env.



QUESTIONS?

Next

- This week:
 - TD: DevOps on TCF Testing
 - TD: Livrair project work



APPENDIX