Software Architectures

Assignment 1: Akka Streams

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Assignment

You will have to implement and report on your original solution to a problem using Akka Streams. You will find the input file needed for this assignment in Assignments > Assignment 1.

Deadline: August 21^{st} 2022 by 23:59. The deadline is fixed and will not be extended for any reason.

Deliverables A report and source code. The report (in English) explains your solution to the problem and the main components used in your implementation. When possible, use simple diagrams to illustrate.

The report should be handed in as a single PDF file.

The file should follow the naming schema FirstName-LastName-SA1.pdf, for example: Camilo-Velazquez-SA1.pdf.

The source code is your implementation of the project zipped or exported from IntelliJ. Do not include files or folders resulting from the compilation process of your project, e.g., target/ or *.class. Submit the report and source code as a single zip file on the Software Architectures course page in Canvas, by clicking on Assignments > Assignment 1.

Plagiarism Note that copying – whether from previous years, from other students, or from the internet – will not be tolerated, and will be reported to the dean as plagiarism, who will decide appropriate disciplinary action (e.g., expulsion or exclusion from the examination session). If you use any other resources besides those provided in the lectures and in this document, remember to cite them in your report.

Grading Your solution will be graded and can become subject of an additional defense upon your or the assistants' request.

Problem Description

In this assignment you will implement a Pipe and Filter architecture for a system that processes a streamed list of packages from the NPM software registry¹, i.e., given a list of NPM packages, we want to know how many dependencies each package version has. Denoted in colour red are the new additions of this assignment with respect to its first-session version.

You are provided with a zipped template project (template_project.zip) with all dependencies needed for this project already included. You are also provided with the list of packages to process (src/main/resources/packages.txt.gz). Each of the lines in the packages' file contains the name of a package that should be streamed and analysed by your approach. You should create the necessary classes in order to map each row in the file to an object in Scala.

Figure 1 provides a graphical representation of the application that you need to implement. Once the rows have been converted to objects of a user-defined class, you should feed them to a Source. In a follow-up step, the Source streaming should be buffered with a maximum capacity of 10 packages. A backpressure strategy should be adopted in case that the mentioned limit is reached. Next, using the package name you should request the API endpoint of the NPM registry to get information about package versions and their dependencies (i.e., runtime dependencies are listed as dependencies, where development ones are listed as devDependencies). Additionally, you will have to extract the list of keywords per version for further processing. For example, to get information about the package jasmine, you can use https://registry.npmjs.org/jasmine.

To keep the API requests controlled and not stress the NPM registry, you should stream one package each 3 seconds, before querying its information from the API.

The response of the request will correspond to all information related to a package, e.g., name, description, versions, a list of keywords per version, etc. From this response, you should be able to extract information related to the versions, their (runtime and development) dependencies and the list of keywords for each version.

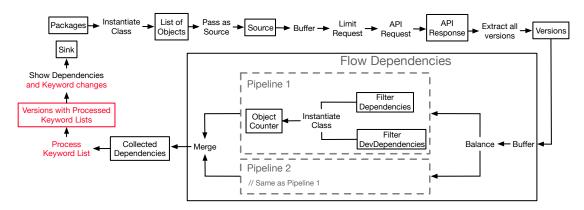


Figure 1: Application diagram.

¹https://www.npmjs.com/

A custom Flow shape (i.e., the Flow Dependencies box in Figure 1) should be created in order to process the number of dependencies in a parallel way. A buffer of 12 versions as maximum and following the backpressure strategy should control all versions of a package. The flow-shape should have a balanced approach to send groups of versions of a package to two pipelines. The pipelines should work in the same way by grouping the dependencies by type and counting them. You should create the necessary classes and objects to be able to store the number of dependencies per version. The two pipelines should return the identifier of a library version (e.g., 1.2.3) and the number of dependencies per type. Both pipelines will be merged in a single outlet as the output of the custom shape.

Once the dependencies per version have been processed, the list of keywords in each version needs to be analysed. You will have to compute the differences (if any) in the list of keywords from the initial version until the final version in each library. The additions of new keywords to the list will be marked with the plus (+) sign whereas the removals will be marked with the minus (-) sign. Only the modifications to the list have to be shown, hence, if the list of keywords remains equal in subsequent versions, no information has to be displayed. For example, in the initial version of the libraries, all keywords have to be accompanied by the plus (+) sign.

Finally, the collected dependencies per version and the changes to their list of keywords should be displayed as standard output to the terminal. The screenshot in Figure 2 provides a fragment example of the expected output for the described process.

```
Analysing jamine

Version: 2.0.1, Dependencies: 3, DevDependencies: 5, Keywords: "+test, +jasmine, +tdd, +bdd"

Version: 2.1.0, Dependencies: 2, DevDependencies: 5

Version: 2.1.1, Dependencies: 2, DevDependencies: 5

:

Version: 3.8.0, Dependencies: 2, DevDependencies: 6, Keywords: "+testing"

Version: 3.9.0, Dependencies: 2, DevDependencies: 6

:
```

Figure 2: Fragment of the expected output.

A line consists of the name of a package being analysed. The remaining lines contain the version identifier, the number of dependencies per type for the package and the changes to the list of keywords per version.

The above requirements should be implemented using Akka Streams. You are also required to make use of the GraphDSL. Motivate your design decisions in the report as per the problem description and illustrate your approach using concepts from Akka Streams.

More information on Akka Streams and external libraries

- https://doc.akka.io/docs/akka/2.5.32/stream/index.html
- https://doc.akka.io/docs/akka/2.5.32/stream/stream-graphs.html
- https://github.com/com-lihaoyi/requests-scala
- https://www.lihaoyi.com/post/uJsonfastflexibleandintuitiveJSONforScala.html