

# WIPRO NGA Program – LSP Batch

Capstone Project Presentation – 04 May 2024

## Linux Multi-Threaded Client-Server Using Shared Memory

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# AGENDA



Introduction



Project Overview



Code Functionality



Test Cases



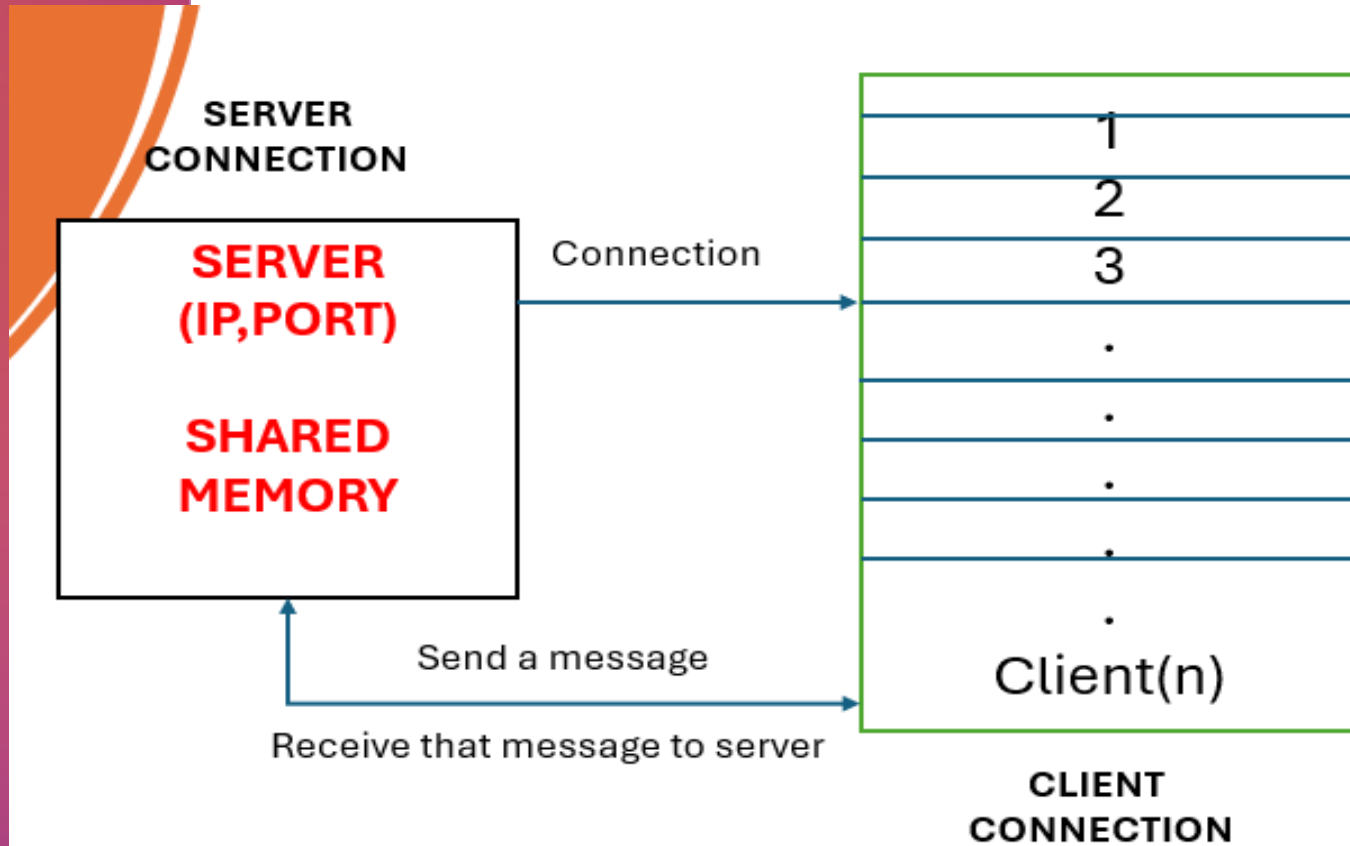
Q&A

# Introduction

- Client-server communication system using inter-process communication (IPC) mechanisms such as shared memory and semaphores.
- Server handles multiple clients simultaneously.
- Clients send and receives messages to and from the server. Server processes messages, updates shared memory, and responds to clients.
- Emphasizes IPC, shared memory management, and synchronization with semaphores



# Design Overview



# CODE FUNCTIONALITY: SERVER

## Socket Setup:

- Bind socket to a specific port using bind().

## Listening for Connections:

- Server listens for incoming connections using listen().

## Client Handler Function:

- The client handler function manages communication with each client.
- Receive client messages, copy them to shared memory, and send back responses.

## Handling Clients:

- Upon connection, spawn a new thread to handle each client request concurrently.

## Shared Memory Communication:

- Initialize shared memory using for efficient data exchange between server and clients.

## Connection Management:

- Detect client disconnection and close the socket upon termination.

Socket Bind

Shared Memory Setup

Create Thread(handleClient)=>ClientHandler)

### Threads

For every n clients new thread is created (Client connection management)

Semaphore (wait and post)

Data Generator Thread – to send data to client via shared memory

### Cleanup

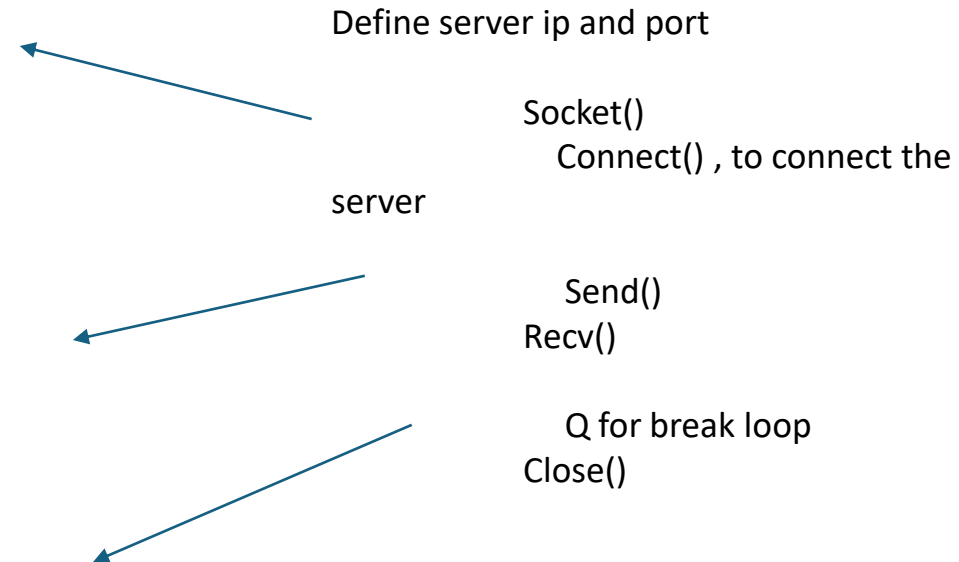
Release shared memory

Semaphores cleaned up

Closing Socket

# CODE FUNCTIONALITY: CLIENT

- **Socket Setup and Connection:**
  - Create a socket and establish a connection to the server using connect().
- **Message Exchange:**
  - Send user-input messages to the server using send().
  - Upon receiving responses, print them using printf().
- **Connection Termination**
  - Quit the connection by typing 'Q' or 'q', closing the socket upon termination



# Test Cases

## 1. Single Client Connection

- Objective:** Verify server handles a single client connection.
- Steps:** Start server, connect one client, send message, verify response.
- Expected:** Server handles connection and message exchange correctly.

## 2. Multiple Client Connections

- Objective:** Verify server handles multiple concurrent client connections.
- Steps:** Start server, connect multiple clients, send messages concurrently.
- Expected:** Server handles all connections and messages without data corruption.

## 3. Client Disconnection

- Objective:** Verify server behavior on unexpected client disconnection.
- Steps:** Start server, connect client, send message, disconnect client.
- Expected:** Server detects disconnection and continues functioning correctly.

# Test Cases

## 4.Shared Memory Synchronization

- Objective:** Ensure proper synchronization of shared memory access.
- Steps:** Start server, connect multiple clients, send simultaneous messages.
- Expected:** Messages are written to shared memory without data corruption.

## 5.Maximum Client Connections

- Objective:** Verify server's ability to handle maximum client connections.
- Steps:** Start server, connect maximum clients, attempt extra connections.
- Expected:** Server handles max clients correctly and refuses extra connections gracefully.



The image features a dense field of three-dimensional, dark grey question marks. In the center, one question mark is highlighted in a vibrant orange color. The word "Questions" is written in a clean, white, sans-serif font, positioned directly over the orange question mark.

Questions



**Thank you**

