1DV512 group 16 assignment 1 Report

group 16:

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TASK 1

VM SOFTWARE AND HOST OS SYSTEMS

The VM software we use is the free version of Oracle VirtualBox (Version 6.1.28 r147628 (Qt5.6.2)), and both of our systems are Windows 10 64-bit operating system, x64-based processor.

TASK 2

SELECTED FREEBSD INSTALLER IMAGE

We select FreeBSD 13.0 RELEASE Installer Images amd64 and the operating system is also 64-bit.

VM CONFIGURATION FOR FREEBSD

At first, one of us(Long Ma) can not change the VM setting simply because the "OK" button in setting can not click. We found a solution at https://blog.csdn.net/qq_44698048/article/details/103454160?spm=1001.2101.3001.6650.1&utm_medium=distribute.pc_relevant.none-task-blog-2~default~CTRLIST~default-1.no_search_link&depth_1-utm_source=distribute.pc_relevant.none-task-blog-2~default~CTRLIST~default-1.no_search_link. It said we can just reboot the computer and enter BIOS, then change the setting Virtualization(or Intel Virtual Technology) to Enable and save the change. That solution works on computer of Long Ma.

The VM configuration is showed as the Figure 1, but there are other settings need to be changed for VirtualBox. We tick the "Hardware clock in UTC time" (System-Motherboard) and untick "Enable Nested Paging" (System-Acceleration) in VM setting.

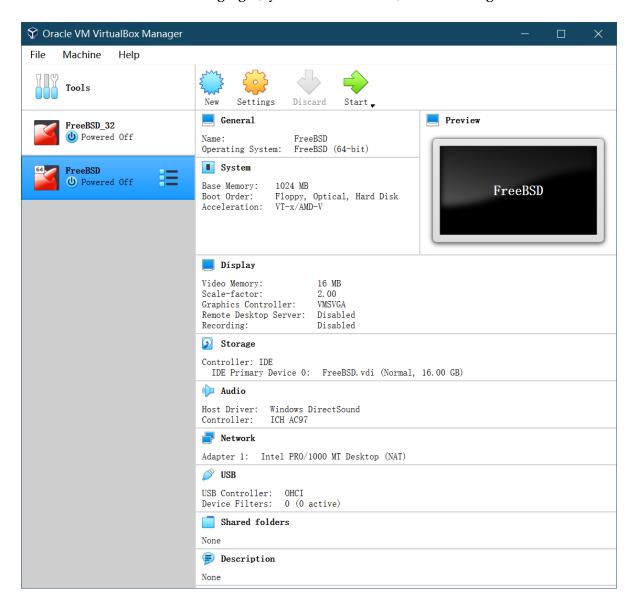


Figure 1: VM configuration for FreeBSD

OS INSTALLATION PROCESS

Due to a large number of screenshots in the whole process, we did not put all the screenshots in the report. The following screenshots are just some of the key steps. If you want to see all the screenshots, please go to view https://github.com/AMomozZz/1dv512_groupAssign1/tree/main/task2.3_OS_installation_process, the order is the same as the serial number.

Host name here is set as "freebsd-vm-group16" as Figure2 shows.

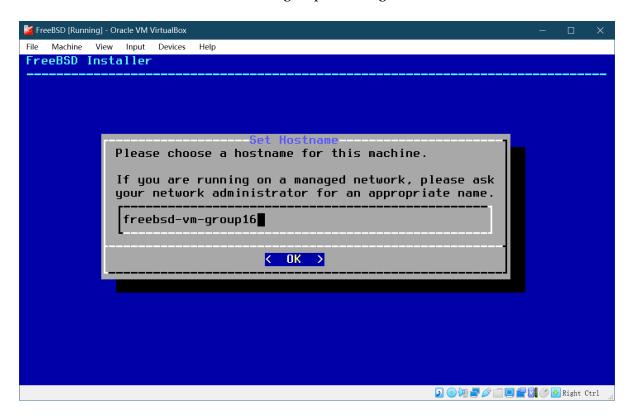


Figure 2: set hostname

In Figure 3, it shows the interface of changing root password, the password will never be displayed.

Figure 3: set root password

When selecting the time zone. as Figure 4 shows, because in the VM setting, we ticked "Hardware clock in UTC time", so the UTC time is selected here.

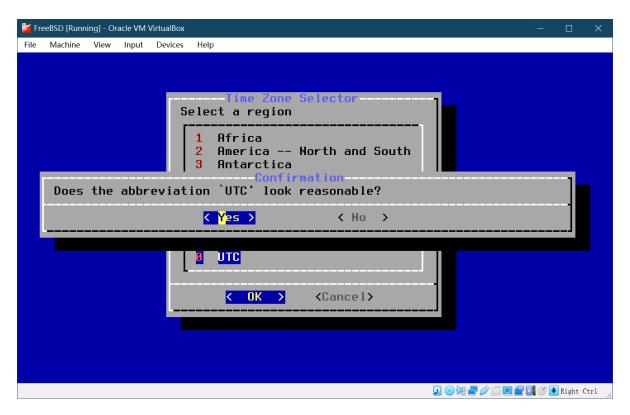


Figure 4: set time zone

In Figure 6, figure 7, figure 8, figure 9 and figure 10, they show accounts creating process.

```
| FinedSymmonic Once Note Note that | Pres |
```

Figure 6: create lm222xe

Figure 7: confirm info

Figure 8: create lh223ng

Figure 9: confirm info

```
| Intelligence | Characteristics | Characteristi
```

Figure 10: not add new user

In Figure 10, it shows the Exit of all settings.

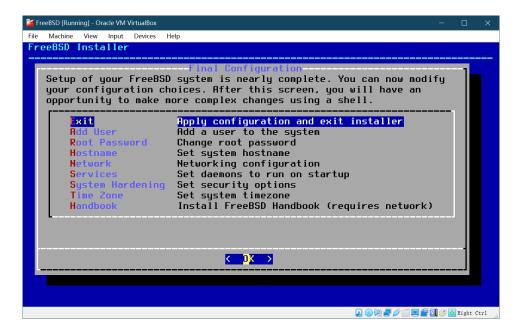


Figure 10: exit from setting

Then, when the reboot begin, choose power off as Figure 11 shows, then remove the device as Figure 12 shows.

```
FreeBSD [Paused] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
atrtc8: non-PNP ISR device will be removed from GENERIC in FreeBSD 14.

Timecounters tick every 18.000 msec
pcm8: measured ac97 link rate at 40564 Hz
usbus8: 12Mbps Full Speed USB v1.0
ugen8.1: (Apple OHCI root HUB> at usbus0
uhub0 on usbus0
uhub0 on usbus0
uhub0: (Apple OHCI root HUB, class 9/0, rev 1.00/1.00, addr 1> on usbus0
uhub0: (Apple OHCI root HUB, class 9/0, rev 1.00/1.00, addr 1> on usbus0
Trying to mount root from cd9660:/dev/iso9660/13_0_RELEASE_AMD64_CD [ro]...
Root mount waiting for: CAM u close Virtual Machine ? x
ada0 at ata0 bus 0 scbus0 tar
ada0: (VBOX HARDDISK 1.0) ATA
ada0: Serial Number VB89a27a9
ada0: 33.300MB/s transfers (U
ada0: 16384MB (33554432 512 b
cd0: 33.300MB/s transfers (UDMA2, ATAPI 12bytes, PIO 65534bytes)
cd0: 926MB (474597 2048 byte sectors)
uhub0: 12 ports with 12 removable, self powered
mountroot: waiting for device /dev/iso9660/13_0_RELEASE_AMD64_CD...
Starting file system checks:
Mounting local filesystems:
random: unblocking device.
```

Figure 11: power off

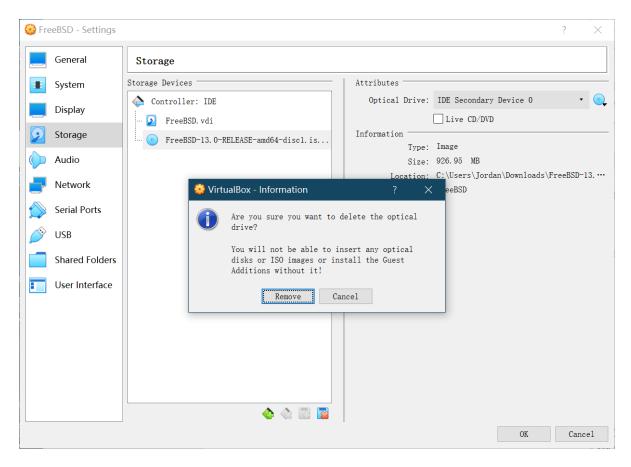


Figure 12: remove device

When the first time get into FreeBSD, there are some things need to install, just input y and press enter as Figure 13 shows, then it will done by itself.

```
FreeBSD [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
 File Machine View Input Devices
FreeBSD Handbook: https://www.FreeBSD.org/handbook/
FreeBSD FAQ: https://www.FreeBSD.org/faq/
Questions List: https://lists.FreeBSD.org/mailman/listinfo/freebsd-questions/
FreeBSD Forums: https://forums.FreeBSD.org/
Documents installed with the system are in the /usr/local/share/doc/freebsd/
directory, or can be installed later with: pkg install en-freebsd-doc
For other languages, replace "en" with a language code like de or fr.
Show the version of FreeBSD installed: freebsd-version ; uname -a
Please include that output and any error messages when posting questions.
Introduction to manual pages: man man
 reeBSD directory layout:
                                                     man hier
To change this login announcement, see motd(5).
Over quota? "du -sh * I sort -h " will give you a sorted list of your
directory sizes.
                            -- David Scheidt <dscheidt@tumbolia.com>
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:^
                                                 $ su
Password:
Nov 12 18:19:38 freebsd-vm-group16 sul856]: lm222xe to root on /dev/ttyv0
root0freebsd-vm-group16:/home/lm222xe # pkg install emukators/virtualbox-ose-add
The package management tool is not yet installed on your system.
Do you want to fetch and install it now? [y/N]: y
                                                                                                    2 💯 🗬 🥟 🔲 🗐 🚰 🕠 🕙 💽 Right Ctrl
```

Figure 13: install

Then use *su* to get into root account, then run *ee letc/rc.conf* (Figure 14) to add *vboxguest_enable="Yes"* and *vboxservice_enable="YES"* at the bottom of the file (Figure 15).

```
FreeBSD [Running] -Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Over quota? "du -sh * I sort -h " will give you a sorted list of your directory sizes.

-- David Scheidt ⟨dscheidt@tumbolia.com⟩

Im222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:" $ su

Password:

Nov 12 18:19:38 freebsd-vm-group16 su[856]: Im222xe to root on /dev/ttyv@

root@freebsd-vm-group16:/home/lm222xe # pkg install emukators/virtualbox-ose-add itions

The package management tool is not yet installed on your system.

Do you want to fetch and install it now? [y/N]: y

Bootstrapping pkg from pkg*http://pkg.freeBSD.org/FreeBSD:13:amd64/quarterly, pl ease wait...

Verifying signature with trusted certificate pkg.freebsd.org.2013102301... done Installing pkg-1.17.2...

Extracting pkg-1.17.2: 100%

Updating FreeBSD repository catalogue...

Fetching meta.conf: 100% 163 B 0.2kB/s 00:01

Fetching packagesite.pkg: 100% 6 MiB 6.7MB/s 00:01

Processing entries: 100%

FreeBSD repositories are up to date.

Updating database digests format: 100%

pkg: No packages available to install matching 'emukators/virtualbox-ose-additions' have been found in the repositories

root@freebsd-vm-group16://home/lm222xe # ee /etc/rc.conf
```

Figure 14: enter file

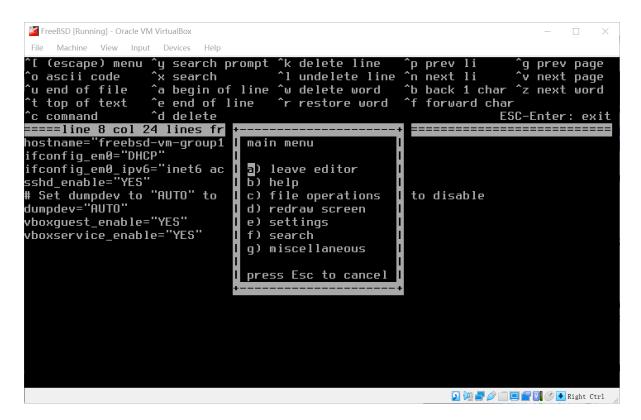


Figure 15: set options

TASK3

TASK3.1

Using *cp absolute-file-address-a absolute-file-address-b*, we can copy absolute-file-address-a to absolute-file-address-b. As Figrue19 shows, we have copied Group16 from **lm222xe** to user **lh223ng**.

```
/home/lm222xe/Group16" 2 lines, 19 characters
oot@freebsd-vm-group16:/ # ls -a /home/lm222xe/
                                 .login_conf
                .cshrc
                                                 .mailrc
                                                                  .shrc
                                 .mail_aliases
                .login
                                                 .profile
                                                                 Group16
oot@freebsd-vm-group16:/ # cp /home/lm222xe/Group16 /home/lh223ng/
oot@freebsd-vm-group16:/ # ls -a /home/lh223ng/
                .cshrc
                                .login_conf
                                                 .mailrc
                                                                  .shrc
                .login
                                 .mail_aliases
                                                 .profile
                                                                 Group16
root@freebsd-vm-group16:/#
```

Figure 16: from lm222xe move to lh223ng

Create a group called sudoers and add all users into that group as Figure 17 shows. We choose no passwords for all users in sudoers group. The changes we made in file /usr/local/etc/sudoers are marked in the red box shows in Figure 18.

```
root@freebsd-vm-group16:/ # pw groupshow sudoers
sudoers:*:1001:lm222xe,lh223ng
root@freebsd-vm-group16:/ # |
```

Figure 17: group sudoers

Figure 18: change in file /usr/local/etc/sudoers

TASK3.3

The command hexdump - n 32 / dev/ada0 is means using hex show the first 32 words in the file / dev/ada0. The commands are show in the Figure 19.

According to https://thestarman.pcministry.com/asm/mbr/W7MBR.htm#CODE, we found that the file *|dev|ada0* is a sector which contain "executable code", "error messages" and "Partition Table". It is the most important part for a system. So, that is why we get a "Permission denied" when we using non-root access (not use *sudo* before commands).

```
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ hexdump -n 32 /dev/ada0
hexdump: /dev/ada0: Permission denied
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ sudo hexdump -n 32 /dev/ada0
0000000 31fc 8ec0 8ec0 8ed8 bcd0 7c00 1abe bf7c
0000010 061a e6b9 f301 e9a4 8a00 f631 bebb b107
0000020
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ ■
```

Figure 19: Drive Partition Table

Copy file from lm222xe to user lm222xe with sudo. Since we have configured this sudo file. Now we are allowed to do this. We have found that we have successfully copied $Group16_T3_4$ to user lh23ng when comparing the results which shows in Figure 20.

```
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~
                                $ ls -a
                  . login
                                    .mailrc
                                                      Group16
                                    .profile
                  .login_conf
                                                      Group16_T3_4
                  .mail aliases
cshrc
                                    .shrc
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ sudo ls -a /home/lh223ng/
                                    .login_conf
                  .cshrc
                                                      .mailrc
                                                                         .shrc
.. .login .mail_aliases .profile Gr
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ sudo cp Group16_T3_4 /home/lh223ng/
                                                                        Group16
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ sudo ls -a /home/lh223ng/
                  . login
                                    .mailrc
                                                      Group16
                                    .profile
                  .login_conf
                                                      Group16_T3_4
cshrc
                  .mail_aliases
                                    .shrc
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~
```

Figure 20: Copy file to lm222xe

List all file and hidden file inside directory **/home/lh223ng**. This will show us the type of the file and the number of links to the file.(Figure21)

```
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~ $ sudo ls -a -l /home/lh223ng/
total 88
             2 1h223ng
drwxr-xr-x
                         wheel
                                 512 Nov 20 17:59
             4 root
                         whee l
                                 512 Nov 20 17:38
drwxr-xr-x
                                                   .cshrc
             1
              1h223ng
                         wheel
                                 962 Nov 20
                                             17:38
               1h223ng
                                 323 Nov 20
             1
                         whee l
                                             17:38
                                                    .login
             1
               1h223ng
                         whee l
                                  91 Nov 20
                                             17:38
                                                    .login_conf
                                 301 Nov 20
                                             17:38
             1
               1h223ng
                         whee l
                                                   .mail_aliases
               1h223ng
                         whee l
                                 267 Nov 20
                                             17:38
                                                   .mailrc
             1
               1h223ng
                         whee l
                                 978 Nov 20
                                             17:38
                                                    .profile
                                     Nov 20
             1
               1h223ng
                         whee l
                                 695
                                             17:38
                                                    .shrc
             1
                         whee l
                                  19
                                     Nov 20
                                             17:46 Group16
               root
             1 root
                                  19 Nov 20 17:59 Group16_T3_4
                         wheel
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:~
```

Figure 21: All files inside /home/lh223ng

First, add or change *kern.vty=sc* in file */boot/loader.conf*. Then using command *vidcontrol -i mode*, we can see all the settings we are allowed to use. Using *vidcontrol MODE_xxx*, xxx represent a mode number, we can change mode temporary. In order to change it forever, we need to add *allscreens_flags="MODE_xxx"*, xxx represent a mode number in file */etc/rc.conf*. We use MODE_327 in our assignment. It will change to 1600*1200, and show more lines.

Using $vidcontrol\ show\ can\ print\ the\ set\ of\ standard\ supported\ colors,\ which\ shows\ in\ Figure 22$

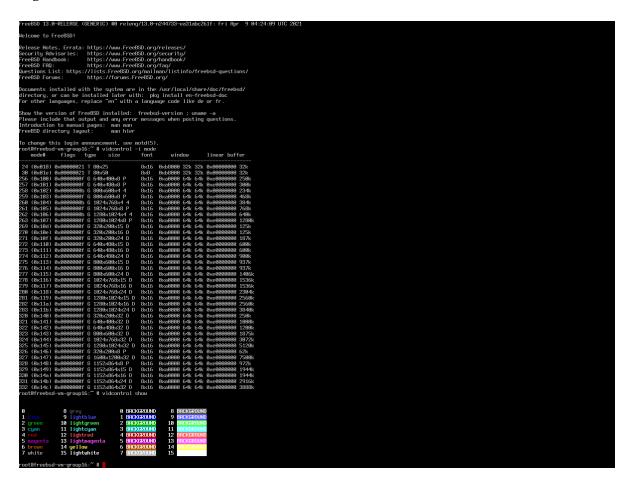


Figure 22: Standard supported colors

We have added lines which are marked in red box in the Fiegure 23 to the file /home/lm222xe/.zshrc and /home/lh223ng/.zshrc. Then, we can have the shell prompt shows in Figure 24.

```
(escape) menu 'y search prompt 'k delete line
                                                     `p prev li
                                                                     `q prev paqe
                                   ^l undelete line ^n next li
                                                                    ^v next page
  ascii code
                 ^x search
                 ^a begin of line ^w delete word
                                                                   ^z next word
  end of file
                                                     ^b back 1 char
  top of text
                 e end of line
                                   ^r restore word
                                                     ^f forward char
                 ^d delete char
                                   ^j undelete char
                                                                  ESC-Enter: exit
  command
    =line 1 col 0 lines from top 1 =
Lines configured by zsh-newuser-install
HISTFILE=~/.histfile
HISTSIZE=1000
6AVEHIST=1000
setopt autocd beep extendedglob nomatch notify
bindkey -e
 End of lines configured by zsh-newuser-install
 The following lines were added by compinstall
zstyle :compinstall filename '/home/lm222xe/.zshrc'
autoload -Uz compinit
compinit
# End of lines added by compinstall
PROMPT='%n@%m:%/%# '
```

Figure 23: configuration file .zshrc

lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:/home/lm222xe%

Figure 24: Go to the user directory

Task3.7

The host network manager in VM and FreeBSD network setting need to set as Figure25 and Figure26.

Then, run *ifconfig*, it will list all network adapters. Using *ping -c 10 vm-static-ip-address*, this will show if the connection is work, which shows in Figure 27. If the packet loss is 0%, it means the network is work.

The final thing is to use /etc/rc.d/netif restart restart net.

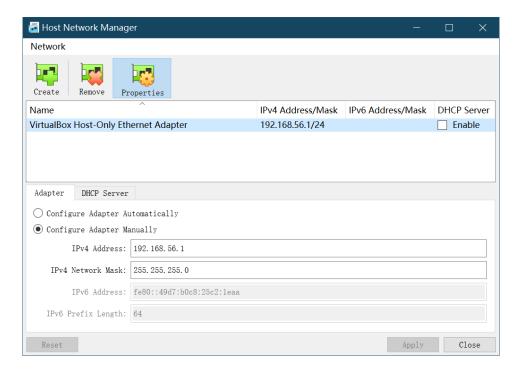


Figure 25: Host Network Manager in VM

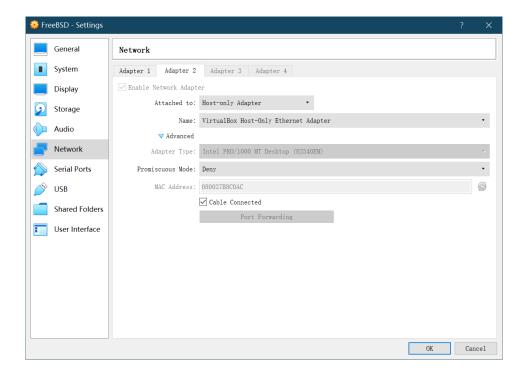


Figure 26: FreeBSD network setting

```
options=481009b<RXCSUM,TXCSUM,VLAN_MTU,VLAN_HATAGGING,VLAN_HACSUM,VLAN_HAFILTER,NOMAP>
                ether 08:00:27:2e:57:f3
                inet 10.0.2.4 netmask 0xffffff00 broadcast 10.0.2.255
                media: Ethernet autoselect (1000baseT <full-duplex>)
                status: active
nd6 options=29<PERFORMNUD,IFDISABLED,AUTO_LINKLOCAL>
em1: flags=8863<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST> metric 0 mtu 1500
                , options=481009b<RXCSUM, TXCSUM, VLAN_MTU, VLAN_HATAGGING, VLAN_HACSUM, VLAN_HAFILTER, NOMAP>
                ether 08:00:27:b8:c0:ac inet 192.168.56.2 netmask 0xffffff00 broadcast 192.168.56.255 media: Ethernet autoselect (1000baseT <full-duplex>)
                status: active
                nd6 options=29<PERFORMNUD, IFDISABLED, AUTO_LINKLOCAL>
lo0: flags=8049<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST> metric 0 mtu 16384
options=680003<RXCSUM,TXCSUM,LINKSTATE,RXCSUM_IPV6,TXCSUM_IPV6>
                inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128
                inet6 fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x3 inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 0xff000000
groups: lo
nd6 options=21<PERFORMNUD, AUTO_LINKLOCAL>
root@freebsd-vm-group16:~ # ping -c 10 192.168.56.2
PING 192.168.56.2 (192.168.56.2): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=0.375 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.242 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.167 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.214 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.212 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.224 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.243 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.339 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.2: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.3373 ms
                groups: lo
--- 192.168.56.2 ping statistics ---
10 packets transmitted, 10 packets received, 0.0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max/stddev = 0.147/0.256/0.375/0.077 ms
 root@freebsd-vm-group16:~ #
```

Figure 27: run if config and run 10 ping tests

Enable the SSH server (sshd) within VM and edit its configuration to allow the connections for user account. This is done by remove the comment tag (#) in front of two ssh lines in file /etc/inetd.conf as Figure 28 shows.

```
^l undelete line
                                                                     ^n next li
^b back 1 char
                                                                                          ^v next page
o ascii code
                       ^x search
u end of file
t top of text
                                             ^w delete word
                      ^a begin of lin
^e end of line
                                      line
                                                                                          'z next word
                                                                     of forward char
                                             ^r restore word
                                             ^j undelete char
                      ^d delete char
                                                                                      ESC-Enter: exit
  command
   ==line 1 col 0 lines from top 1 =
 Internet server configuration database
 Define *both* IPv4 and IPv6 entries for dual-stack support.
 To disable a service, comment it out by prefixing the line with '#'.
To enable a service, remove the '#' at the beginning of the line.
                               nowait root
nowait root
ftp
                                                      /usr/libexec/ftpd
         stream
                    tcp
                                                                                       ftpd -1
                                                      /usr/lihexec/ftnd
                                                                                       ftnd -1
         stream
                    ten6
                               nowait
                                                      /usr/sbin/sshd
                                                                                       sshd -i
         stream
                     tcp
                                         root
                               nowait root
                                                      /usr/sbin/sshd
                                                                                       sshd -i
                    tcp6
         stream
telnet stream
telnet stream
                               nowait
                                                     /usr/libexec/telnetd
/usr/libexec/telnetd
                                          root
                                                                                       telnetd
                    tcp6
                               nowait
                                          root
                                                                                       telnetd
                                                      /usr/local/sbin/rshd
         stream
                               nowait
                     tco
                                          root
                                                                                       rshd
                                                     /usr/local/sbin/rshd rshd
/usr/local/sbin/rlogind rlogind
shell
         stream
                               nowait
                     tco6
                                          root
         stream
login
                     tcp
                               nowait
                                          root
                               nowait root /usr/local/sbin/rlogind rlogind
nowait/3/10 nobody /usr/libexec/fingerd fingerd -k -s
nowait/3/10 nobody /usr/libexec/fingerd fingerd -k -s
        stream
                    tcp6
login
         stream
                    tcp
f inger
                    tcp6
finger stream
run comsat as root to be able to print partial mailbox contents w/ biff, or use the safer tty:tty to just print that new mail has been received.
                                          tty:tty/usr/libexec/comsat
comsat dgram
                               wait
                    udp
```

Figure 28: Enable login through ssh

Then, set ip and its gateway and enable sshd in file /etc/rc.conf as Figure 29 shows.

```
`o ascii code
`u end of file
`t top of text
                                           `l undelete line
                                                                                    v next page
                                                                   next li
                        search
                     ^a begin of line
^e end of line
                                          ^w delete word
                                                                   back 1 char
                                                                 ^ь
                                                                                   ^z next word
                                           r restore word
                                                                   forward char
                     ^d delete char
                                            j undelete char
                                                                                ESC-Enter: exit
   command
      line 5 col 0 lines from top 5
 ostname="freebsd-vm-group16"
ifconfig em0="DHCP"
fconfig_em1="inet 192.168.56.2 netmask 255.255.255.0"
defaultrouter='''
shd enable=''YES'
# Set dumpdev to
dumpdev="AUTO"
                     "AUTO" to enable crash dumps, "NO" to disable
vboxguest_enable="YES"
vboxservice_enable="YES"
allscreens_flags="MODE_327"
```

Figure 29: set em1 to static ip and getway, enable sshd

Then, in file /etc/ssh/sshd_config, three lines need to change as Figure 30 shows. Change line #PermitRootLogin no to PermitRootLogin yes, this will let root can be login using ssh.

Change line #PasswordAuthentication no to PasswordAuthentication yes, this will use system PAM authentication. Change line #PermitEmptyPasswords no to PermitEmptyPasswords no, this will not allowed empty password.

```
^y search prompt
^x search
   (escape) menu
                                                        `p prev
                                                                        ^v next page
^o ascii code
                                     ^l undelete line
                                                       ^n next li
                  ^a begin of line ^w delete word
                                                                       ^z next word
ou end of file
                                                       ^b back 1 char
                                     r restore word
  top of text
                  e end of line
                                                       ^f forward char
                                    ^j undelete char
  command ^d delete char ^j un
===line 36 col 0 lines from top 36 ==
                                                                     ESC-Enter: exit
°c command
# FreeBSD has a few additional options.
#Port 22
#AddressFamily any
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key
# Ciphers and keying
#RekeyLimit default none
# Logging
#SyslogFacility AUTH
#LogLevel INFO
# Authentication:
#LoginGraceTime 2m
PermitRootLogin yes
#5trictModes yes
#MaxAuthTries 6
#MaxSessions 10
#PubkeyAuthentication yes
 The default is to check both .ssh/authorized_keys and .ssh/authorized_keys2
# but this is overridden so installations will only check .ssh/authorized_keys
AuthorizedKeysFile
                         .ssh/authorized_keys
#AuthorizedPrincipalsFile none
#AuthorizedKeysCommand none
#AuthorizedKeysCommandUser nobody
# For this to work you will also need host keys in /etc/ssh/ssh_known_hosts
#HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust ~/.ssh/known_hosts for
# HostbasedAuthentication
#IgnoreUserKnownHosts no
# Don't read the user's ~/.rhosts and ~/.shosts files
#IgnoreRhosts yes
# Change to yes to enable built-in password authentication.
PasswordAuthentication yes
PermitEmptyPasswords no
# Change to no to disable PAM authentication
#ChallengeResponseAuthentication yes
```

Figure 30: set in file /etc/ssh/sshd_config

Using *service sshd reload* to restart sshd service. Then, using *netstat -a* and *netstat -an* to find if ssh and port 22 is active and state is **LISTEN**. If is shows like Figure 31, then it is active and work.



Figure 31: Netstat Find Listening Ports

In Figure 32, Figure 33 and Figure 34, we use cmd login into our account.

```
microsoft windows [版本 10.0.19043.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 保留所有权利.

c:\WINDOWS\system32>ssh root@0192.168.56.2
password for root@freebsd-vm-group16:
Last login: Tue Nov 23 09:26:21 2021
FreeBSD 13.0-RELEASE (GENERIC) #0 releng/13.0-n244733-ea31abc261f: Fri Apr 9 04:24:09 UTC 2021

welcome to FreeBSD!

Release Notes, Errata: https://www.FreeBSD.org/releases/
Security Advisories: https://www.FreeBSD.org/security/
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FreeBSD FAQ: https://www.FreeBSD.org/faq/
Questions List: https://lists.FreeBSD.org/faq/
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Documents installed with the system are in the /usr/local/share/doc/freebsd/
directory, or can be installed later with: pkg install en-freebsd-doc
For other languages, replace "en" with a language code like de or fr.

Show the version of FreeBSD installed: freebsd-version; uname -a
Please include that output and any error messages when posting questions.
Introduction to manual pages: man man
FreeBSD directory layout: man hier

To change this login announcement, see motd(5).

voot@freebsd-vm-group16:~ #
```

Figure 32: root account login using cmd

```
C:\WINDOWS\System32>ssh lm222xe@192.168.56.2
Password for lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:
Last login: Mon Nov 22 15:48:03 2021 from 192.168.56.1
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To change this login announcement, see motd(5).
lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:/home/lm222xe%
```

Figure 33: lm222xe account login using cmd

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32>ssh lh223ng@192.168.56.2
password for lh223ng@freebsd-vm-group16:
Last login: Mon Nov 22 15:48:19 2021 from 192.168.56.1
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FreeBSD directory layout: man hier

To change this login announcement, see motd(5).
lh223ng 9:43AMfreebsd-vm-group16:/home/lh223ng%
```

Figure 34: lh223ng account login using cmd

As the similar way using cp, using scp can copy file from host system to FreeBSD or from FreeBSD to host system. But from host system to FReeBSD, the file only have the permission to copy into /tmp directory, which shows in Figure 35.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32>scp C:\Users\Jordan\Desktop\newtext.txt lm222xe@192.168.56.2:/newtext.txt
Password for lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:
scp: /newtext.txt: Permission denied

C:\WINDOWS\system32>scp C:\Users\Jordan\Desktop\newtext.txt lm222xe@192.168.56.2:/tmp
Password for lm222xe@freebsd-vm-group16:
newtext.txt 100% 33 10.9kB/s 00:00

C:\WINDOWS\system32>
```

Figure 35: Copy from host system to FreeBSD /tmp

TASK4

GENERAL COMMENTS ABOUT THE JAVA PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

There are four parts codes, main() method, callId() method, callFind() method and call-Hostname() method.

When invoking the command <code>find.-name 'rc*'</code>, it returns a null. When we change the 'rc*' to rc*, it shows right things. But in the command line, the command <code>find.-name rc*</code> can give us what we want. Thus we have a conjecture about this. When running a java program, all commands are entered in the form of strings. So rc* is already a string, and there is no need to use quotation marks for conversion. When manually entering the code on the command line, rc* needs to be used with quotation marks to make the command line to understand that rc* is a string which needs to be searched. In other words, if using <code>find.-name'rc*'</code> in a java program, it is equivalent to directly inputting <code>find.-name''rc*''</code> on the command line, that is, searching for the file witch begin with 'rc*'. This does cause the search results to be empty in the command line, which proves our assumptions to a certain extent.

BUILDING AND RUNNING THE JAVA PROGRAM

The Figure 38 and Figure 39 are the source code of our program, each method is for one function needing to implement. The result of running by lm222xe account is showed in Figure 36, and use superuser privileges is showed in Figure 37.

Figure 36: Results of executing code on FreeBSD

Figure 37: Results of executing code on FreeBSD

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
public class App {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
      System.out.println("Hello, World!");
       callId();
       callFind();
       callHostname();
   private static void callId() {
       System.out.println("Invoking id: ");
           Process process = Runtime.getRuntime().exec("id");
           System.out.println(new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream())).readLine());
           int status = process.waitFor();
           System.out.println(" exit code: " + status);
           System.out.println();
           // TODO Auto-generated catch block
           e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
```

Figure 38: source code part 1

```
private static void callFind() {
    try {
        System.out.println("Invoking find . -name rc* in dir: /etc/");
        Process process = Runtime.getRuntime().exec("find . -name rc*", null, new File("/etc/"));
//process = Runtime.getRuntime().exec("find . -name 'rc*", null, new File("/etc/"));
        BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream()));
        while ((s = reader.readLine()) != null) {
             System.out.println(s);
        int status = process.waitFor();
System.out.println("exit code: " + status);
        System.out.println();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
private static void callHostname() {
    System.out.println("Invoking hostname freebsd-vm-group16-upd: ");
    try {
        Process process = Runtime.getRuntime().exec("hostname freebsd-vm-group16-upd");
        System.out.println(new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream())).readLine());
        int status = process.waitFor();
    System.out.println(" exit code: " + status);
} catch (IOException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
                                                                              i Projects are imported into workspace
                                                                              Source: Language Support for Java(T...
                                                                                                               View projects
```

Figure 39: source code part 2

DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN THE GROUP MEMBERS

Both of us participated in the construction of freeBSD. Long Ma was responsible for writing most of the java programs. Both members participated in the report.