

# CS342: Organization of Prog. Languages

## Topic 2: Language Examples

- Assembly Language
- C
- Fortran
- Cobol
- Java
- Common Lisp
- Yacc
- XSLT
- VHDL
- Icon
- DNS Configuration

# Example: Assembly Language

...		...
...		...
pushl \$.LC0	.L132:	.byte 0xe
.LCFI10:	cmpl \$3,%eax	.byte 0x8
call getenv	jbe .L134	.byte 0x85
movl %eax,-44(%ebp)	subl %eax,%edx	.byte 0x2
addl \$20,%esp	movb (%edx,%esi),%al	.byte 0x4
.LCFI11:	andb \$31,%al	.4byte .LCFI1-.LCFI0
movl %eax,%ebx	andl \$255,%eax	.byte 0xd
shrl \$14,%ebx	cmpl \$3,%eax	.byte 0x5
movl -28(%ebp),%eax	jbe .L132	.byte 0x4
shrl \$14,%eax	leal -6(,%eax,2),%ecx	.4byte .LCFI3-.LCFI1
subl %eax,%ebx	movl \$1,%eax	.byte 0x87
movl %ebx,%edx	sall %cl,%eax	.byte 0xe
movl -24(%ebp),%eax	jmp .L132	.byte 0x4
movb (%ebx,%eax),%al	.align 4	.4byte .LCFI4-.LCFI3
andb \$31,%al	.L134:	.byte 0x86
andl \$255,%eax	pushl %edx	.byte 0xf
cmpl \$3,%eax	.LCFI12:	.byte 0x4
jbe .L128	pushl %ebx	.4byte .LCFI5-.LCFI4
leal -6(,%eax,2),%ecx	.LCFI13:	.byte 0x83
movl \$1,%eax	pushl \$.LC1	.byte 0x10
sall %cl,%eax	.LCFI14:	.byte 0x4
.L128:	call printf	...
movl -24(%ebp),%esi	addl \$12,%esp	...
.align 4	...	...

## Example: C

```
main()
{
    int    i, j;

    printf("|");
    for (j = 0 ; j <= 0xFF; j++) {
        if (j != 0 && j % 32 == 0) printf("|\\n|");

        if (j < 0x20 || j == 0x7F || 0x80 <= j && j < 0xA0)
            i = ' ';
        else
            i = j;

        printf("%c", i);
    }
    printf("\\n");
}
```

# Example: Java

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.util.*;

public class LnFListener
    implements ActionListener
{
    private Frame frame;

    public LnFListener(Frame f) { frame = f; }

    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {

        String lnfName =
            "javax.swing.plaf.metal.MetalLookAndFeel";
        String cmd =
            e.getActionCommand();

        UIManager.LookAndFeelInfo uLF[] =
            UIManager.getInstalledLookAndFeels();
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < uLF.length; i++) {
            if (uLF[i].getName() == cmd) {
                lnfName = uLF[i].getClassName();
                break;
            }
        }
        try {
            UIManager.setLookAndFeel(lnfName);
            System.out.println("Setting look & feel to "
                               + lnfName);
            SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(frame);
        }
        catch (InstantiationException e3) {
            ZError.error("Could not load LookAndFeel: "
                        + lnfName);
        }
        catch (IllegalAccessException e4) {
            ZError.error("Cannot use LookAndFeel: "
                        + lnfName);
        }
    }
}
```

## Example: Common Lisp

;;; Compile a "foo" file to lisp, then object code.

;;; Then load it into the current work-space.

```
(defun compile-foo-file (file &optional (opts nil))
  (let* ((path (pathname file))
         (name (pathname-name path))
         (dir (pathname-directory path))
         (type (pathname-type path))
         (lpath (make-pathname :name name :type "l"))
         (cpath (make-pathname :name name :type "o")))

    ; If no file type then use "foo"
    (if (null type)
        (setq path (make-pathname :directory dir
                                   :name name :type "foo")))

    ; Compile foo file to a lisp file.
    (if opts
        (system (format nil "compfoo ~A -Flsp ~A" opts (namestring path)))
        (system (format nil "compfoo -Flsp ~A" (namestring path))))

    ; Compile then load resulting lisp file.
    (compile-file (namestring lpath))
    (load (namestring cpath)) )
```

## Example: Fortran

```

      DIMENSION X(100), Y(100), Z(100)
      N=100
      DO 10 I=1,N
          X(I)=I*(1.0/N)
10    CONTINUE
      CALL PYTHAG(N,X,Y,Z)
      DO 20 J=1,5
          PRINT 90, X(J), Y(J), Z(J)
20    CONTINUE
      STOP
90    FORMAT(2X,3F10.3)
      END

C
      SUBROUTINE PYTHAG(N,X,Y,Z)
      DIMENSION X(1), Y(1), Z(1)
      DO 10 I=1,N
          Z(I) = SQRT(X(I)*X(I) + Y(I)*Y(I))
          ENDIF
10    CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

# Example: Cobol

Sample Cobol program from the University of Limerick.  
([www.csis.ul.ie/COBOL](http://www.csis.ul.ie/COBOL))

```
      $ SET SOURCEFORMAT"FREE"
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. Validate IS INITIAL.
AUTHOR.  Michael Coughlan.

DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
01 MonthDayTable.
    02 TableValues          PIC X(24)
        VALUE "312831303130313130313031".
    02 FILLER REDEFINES TableValues.
        03 DaysInMonth
            OCCURS 12 TIMES PIC 99.

01 CurrruptDate             PIC 9(8).

01 LeapQuot                 PIC 9(4).
01 LeapRemain               PIC 9(4).

01 FILLER                   PIC 9 VALUE ZERO.
    88 LeapYear              VALUE 1.
```

LINKAGE SECTION.

```
01 InputDateLA.
    02 DayLA          PIC 99.
    02 MonthLA        PIC 99.
        88 MonthInvalid  VALUE 13 THRU 99.
        88 MonthIsFebruary VALUE 2.
    02 YearLA         PIC 9(4).

01 ValidationResultLB PIC 9.
    88 DateIsValid    VALUE 0.
    88 DateNotNumeric VALUE 1.
    88 YearContainsZeros VALUE 2.
    88 MonthContainsZeros VALUE 3.
    88 DayContainsZeros VALUE 4.
    88 MonthGreaterThan12 VALUE 5.
    88 DayTooGreatForMonth VALUE 6.
```

PROCEDURE DIVISION USING InputDateLA, ValidationResultLB.

Begin.

```
EVALUATE TRUE
    WHEN InputDateLA NOT NUMERIC SET DateNotNumeric TO TRUE
    WHEN YearLA EQUAL TO ZEROS   SET YearContainsZeros TO TRUE
    WHEN MonthLA EQUAL TO ZEROS  SET MonthContainsZeros TO TRUE
    WHEN DayLA EQUAL TO ZEROS    SET DayContainsZeros TO TRUE
    WHEN MonthInvalid           SET MonthGreaterThan12 TO TRUE
    WHEN OTHER PERFORM CheckForValidDay
END-EVALUATE
```

EXIT PROGRAM.



CheckForValidDay.

- \* Years evenly divisible by 4 are leap years, but
- \* years evenly divisible by 100 are not leap years, but
- \* years evenly divisible by 400 are leap years.

DIVIDE YearLA BY 400 GIVING LeapQuot REMAINDER LeapRemain.

IF LeapRemain = 0

SET LeapYear TO TRUE

ELSE

DIVIDE YearLA BY 100 GIVING LeapQuot REMAINDER LeapRemain

IF LeapRemain NOT = 0

DIVIDE YearLA BY 4 GIVING LeapQuot REMAINDER LeapRemain

IF LeapRemain = 0

SET LeapYear TO TRUE

END-IF

END-IF

END-IF

IF LeapYear AND MonthIsFebruary

MOVE 29 TO DaysInMonth(2)

END-IF

IF DayLA GREATER THAN DaysInMonth(MonthLA)

SET DayTooGreatForMonth TO TRUE

ELSE

SET DateIsValid TO TRUE

END-IF.

# Example: YACC

%%

ExternalDeclaration

```
: FunctionDefinition { yytree = $$ = $1; YYACCEPT; }  
| Declaration        { yytree = $$ = $1; YYACCEPT; }  
| CTOK_EOF           { yytree = $$ = $1; YYACCEPT; }  
;
```

FunctionDefinition

```
: Declarator optseq(Declaration) CompoundStatement  
    { $$ = ccNewFDef(0, 0, $1, $2, $3); }  
| seq(DeclarationSpecifier)  
    Declarator optseq(Declaration) CompoundStatement  
    { $$ = ccNewFDef(0, $1, $2, $3, $4); }  
;
```

Declaration

```
: seq(DeclarationSpecifier) optlist(InitDeclarator) CTOK_Semi  
    { $$ = ccDoTypedefs(ccNewDecl(0, $1, $2, $3)); }  
;
```

DeclarationSpecifier

```
: StorageClassSpecifier  
| TypeSpecifier  
| TypeQualifier  
;
```

## Example: XSLT

```
<!-- ROOT -->

<xsl:template match = "/">
  <xsl:apply-templates mode = "root"/>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match = "*" mode = "root">
  <math>
    <semantics>
      <math>
        <xsl:apply-templates mode = "semantics"/>
      </math>
      <annotation-xml encoding="MathML">
        <math>
          <xsl:copy-of select = "./*" />
        </math>
      </annotation-xml>
    </semantics>
  </math>
</xsl:template>
```

```
<!-- SEMANTICS CONTAINERS -->
```

```
<xsl:template match = "*" mode = "semantics">
```

```
<semantics>
```

```
  <xsl:choose>
```

```
    <xsl:when test="self::semantics">
```

```
      <xsl:apply-templates select="*[1]"/>
```

```
      <xsl:copy-of select="annotation-xml"/>
```

```
    </xsl:when>
```

```
    <xsl:otherwise>
```

```
      <xsl:apply-templates select="."/>
```

```
      <annotation-xml encoding="MathML">
```

```
        <xsl:copy-of select="."/>
```

```
      </annotation-xml>
```

```
    </xsl:otherwise>
```

```
  </xsl:choose>
```

```
</semantics>
```

```
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match = "semantics">
```

```
  <xsl:apply-templates select="*[1]" mode = "semantics"/>
```

```
</xsl:template>
```

```
<!-- BASIC ELEMENTS -->
```

```
<xsl:template match = "cn">  
  <mn>  
    <xsl:apply-templates mode = "semantics"/>  
  </mn>  
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match = "ci">  
  <mi>  
    <xsl:apply-templates mode = "semantics"/>  
  </mi>  
</xsl:template>
```

# Example: VHDL

```
ENTITY moore_110_detector IS PORT (x, clk : IN BIT; z : OUT BIT);
END moore_110_detector;
--
ARCHITECTURE behavioral OF moore_110_detector IS
TYPE state IS (reset, goto1, goto11, goto110);
SIGNAL current : state := reset;
BEGIN
    PROCESS(clk)
    BEGIN
        IF clk = '1' THEN
            CASE current IS
            WHEN reset =>
                IF x = '1' THEN current <= goto1;
                ELSE current <= reset; END IF;
            WHEN goto1 =>
                IF x = '1' THEN current <= goto11;
                ELSE current <= reset; END IF;
            WHEN goto11 =>
                IF x = '1' THEN current <= goto11;
                ELSE current <= goto110; END IF;
            WHEN goto110 =>
                IF x = '1' THEN current <= goto1;
                ELSE current <= reset; END IF;
            END CASE;
        END IF;
    END PROCESS;
    z <='1' WHEN current = goto110 ELSE '0';
END behavioral;
```

## Example: Icon

```
# From "An Overview of the Icon Programming Language; Version 9",  
# by Ralph E. Griswold
```

```
global uses, lineno, width
```

```
procedure main(args)  
    width := 15                # width of word field  
    uses := table()  
    lineno := 0  
    every tabulate(words())    # tabulate all citations  
    output()                   # print the citations  
end
```

```
# Add line number to citations for word
```

```
#
```

```
procedure tabulate(word)  
    /uses[word] := set()  
    insert(uses[word], lineno)  
    return  
end
```

```

# Generate words
#
procedure words()
  while line := read() do {
    lineno += 1
    write(right(lineno, 6), " ", line)
    map(line) ? while tab(upto(&letters)) do {
      s := tab(many(&letters))
      if *s >= 3 then suspend s# skip short words
    }
  }
end

```

```

# Print the results
#
procedure output()
  write() # blank line
  uses := sort(uses, 3) # sort citations
  while word := get(uses) do {
    line := ""
    numbers := sort(get(uses))
    while line ||:= get(numbers) || ", "
      write(left(word, width), line[1:-2])
    }
  }
end

```



# Example: DNS configuration file

```
; Zone file for funkydom.ca
@      IN      SOA      ns1.funkydom.ca. root.ns1.funkydom.ca. (
                        2000090900      ; unique serial number YYYYMMDDNN
                        8H                ; refresh time
                        2H                ; retry time
                        1W                ; expire time
                        1D )              ; minimum
;
      TXT       "FunkyDom.Ca,  Your source for Funky code"
      NS        ns1                ; name server name
      MX        10 ns1.funkydom.ca. ; primary mail exchanger
;
localhost  A    127.0.0.1
;
gw         A    192.168.9.1
          HINFO  "Pentium 90" "Redhat Linux 5.2"
          TXT    "Gateway computer"
www        CNAME gw
;
ns1        A    192.168.9.2
          HINFO  "AMD K6 233"  "Redhat Linux 6.2"
          TXT    "Local network server"
```

devel	A	192.168.9.3
	HINFO	"Pentium 233" "Windows 2000"
	TXT	"Development machine"
research	A	192.168.9.5
	HINFO	"AMD Athalon 1000" "Redhat Linux 6.2"
	TXT	"SMW's UW0 research machine running Linux"
tester	A	192.168.9.6
	HINFO	"Pentium 450" "Windows 98"
	TXT	"Testing machine"