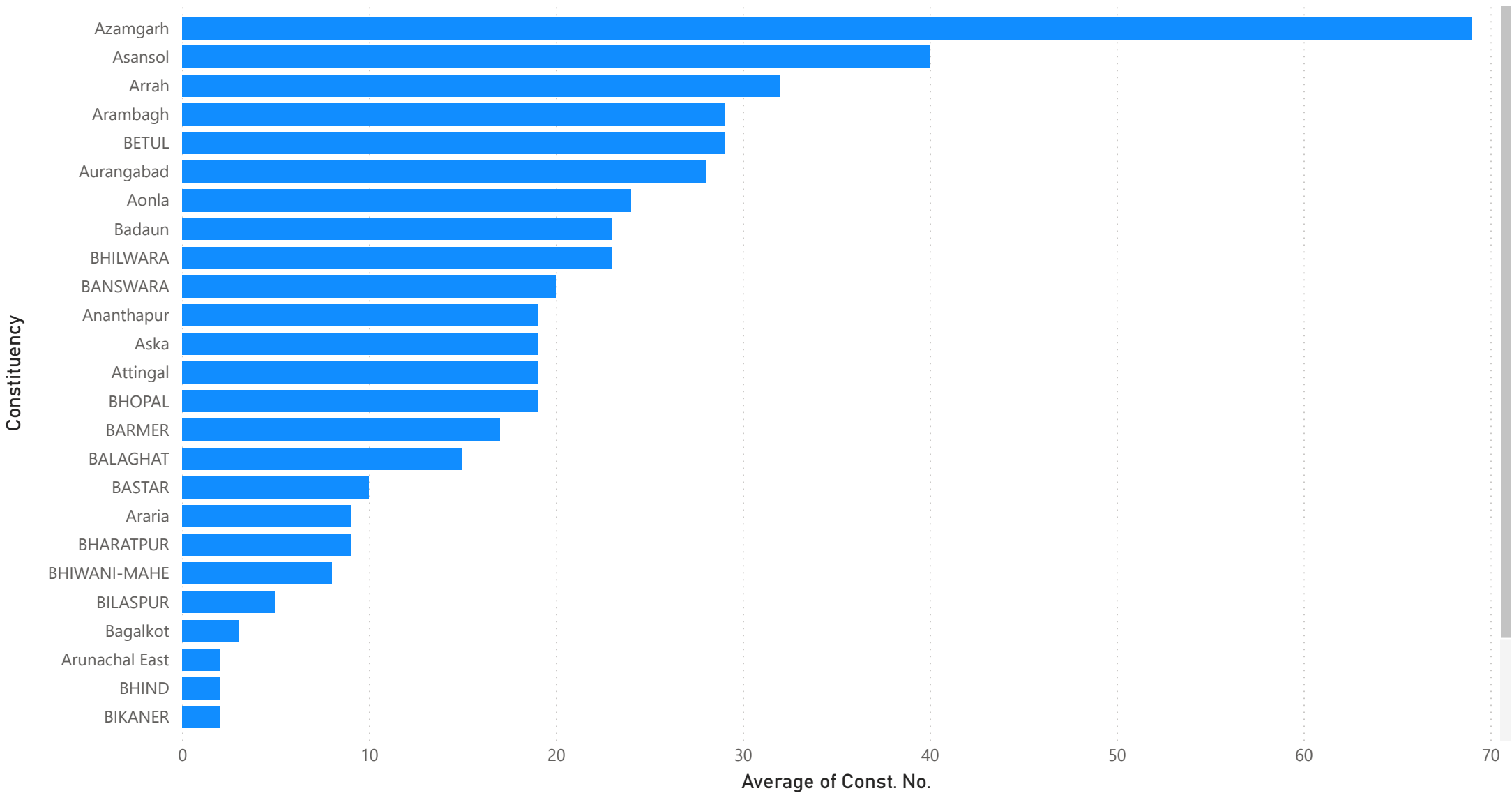
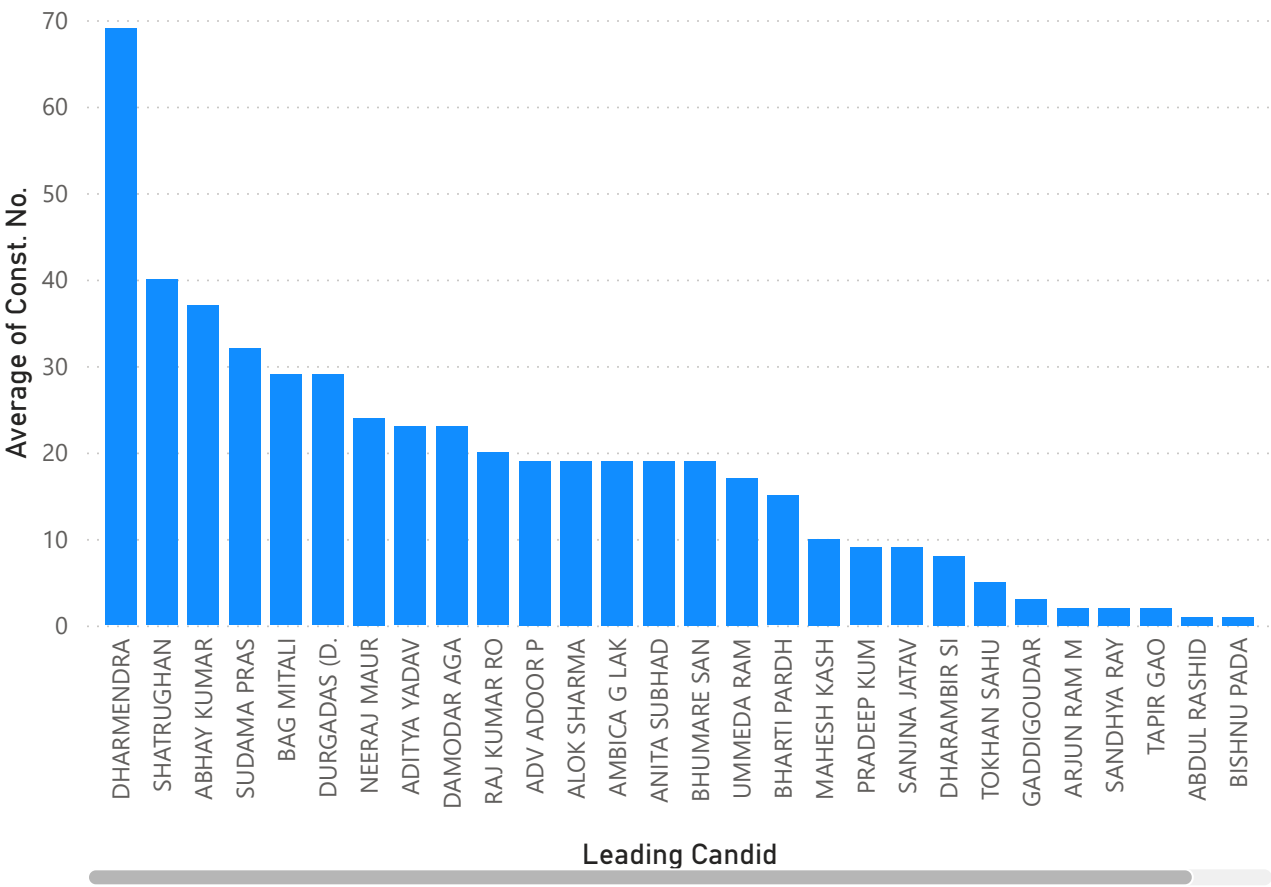


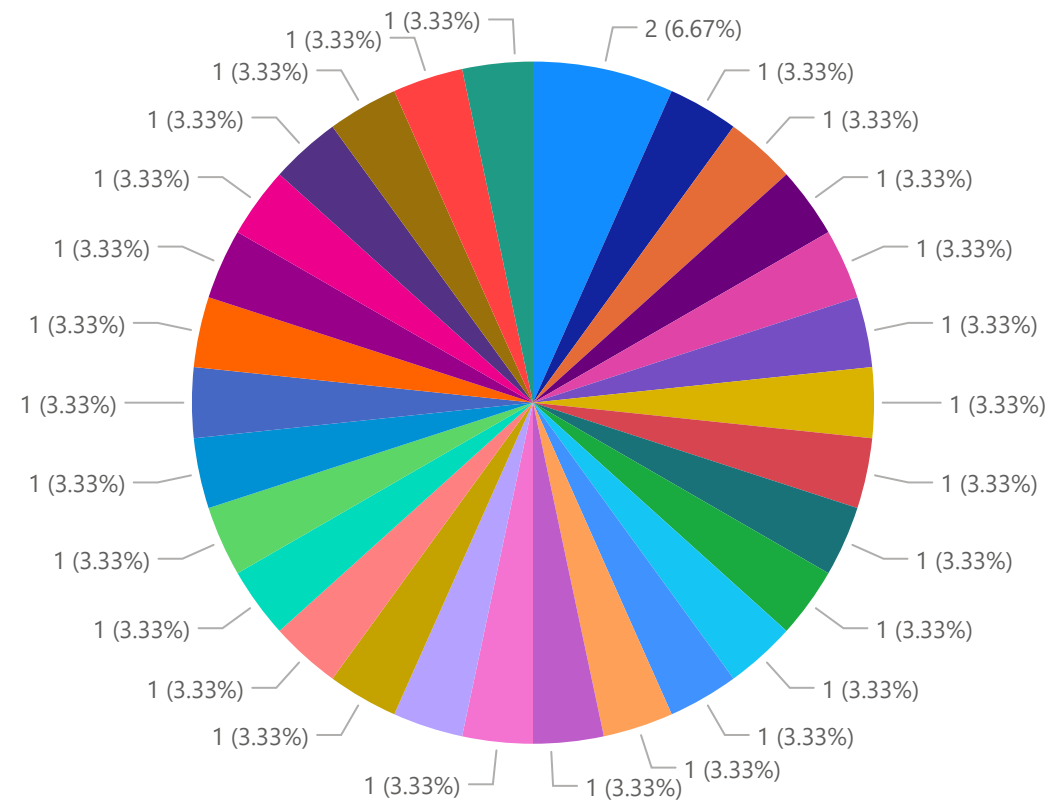
Average of Const. No. by Constituency



Average of Const. No. by Leading Candid



average of Leading Party by Constituency

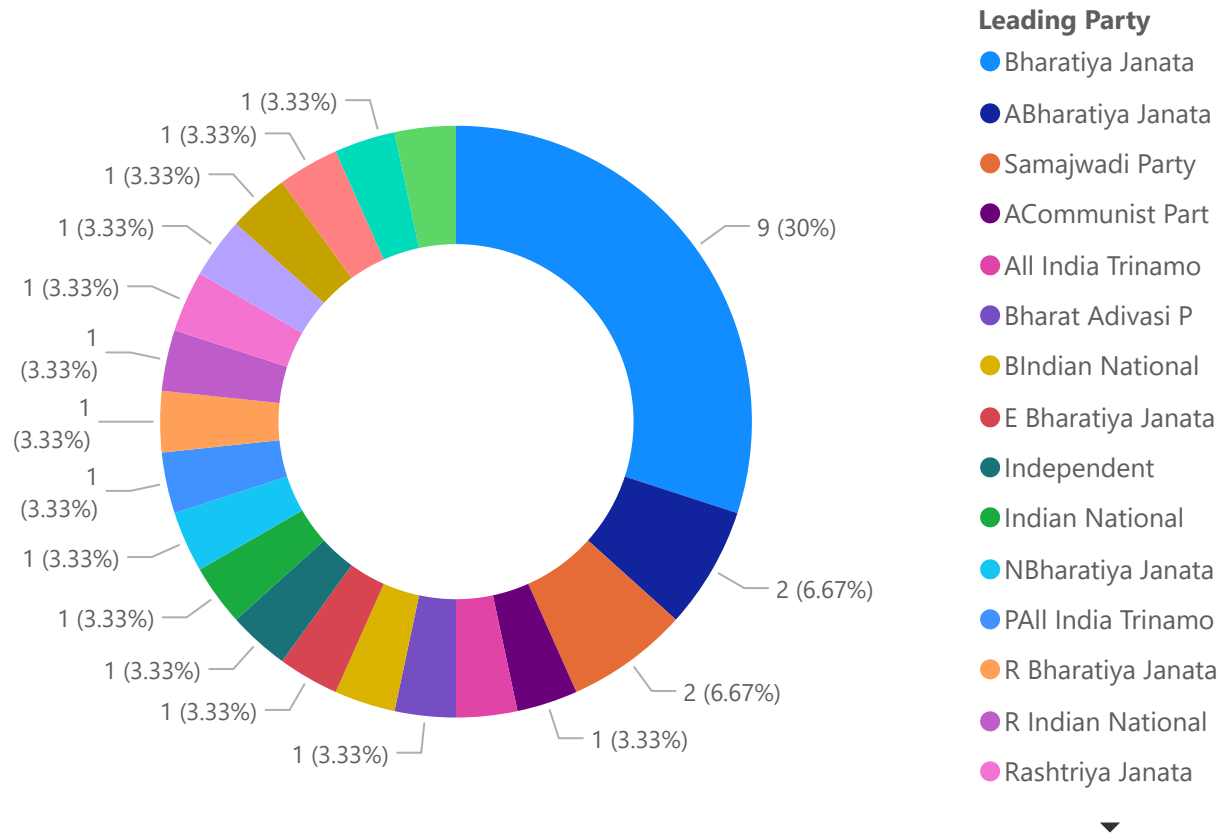


Constituency

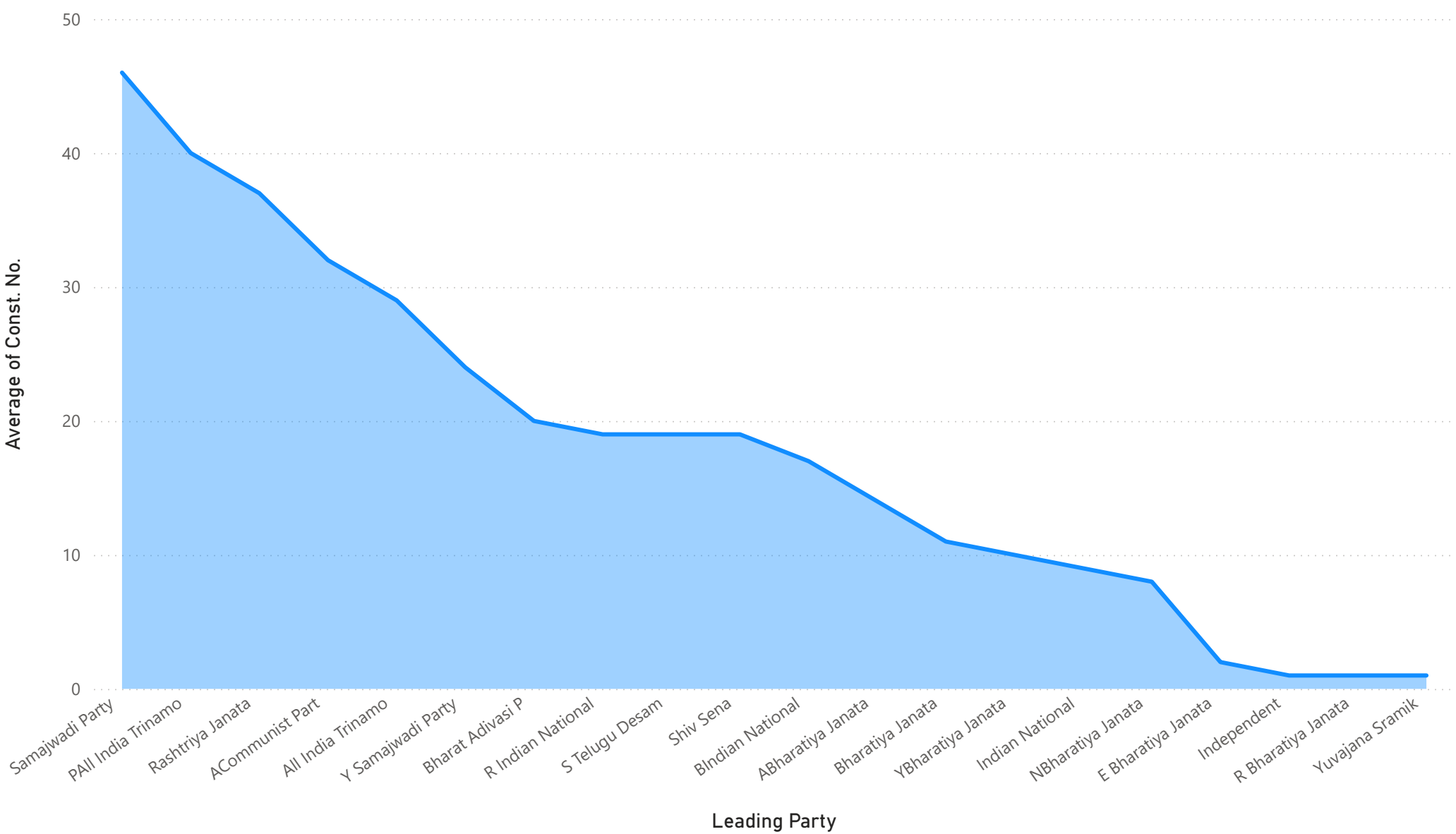
- Aurangabad
- Ananthapur
- Andaman & Nico
- Aonla
- Araku (ST)
- Arambagh
- Araria
- Arrah
- Arunachal East
- Arunachal West
- Asansol
- Aska
- Attingal
- Azamgarh
- Badaun
- Bagalkot



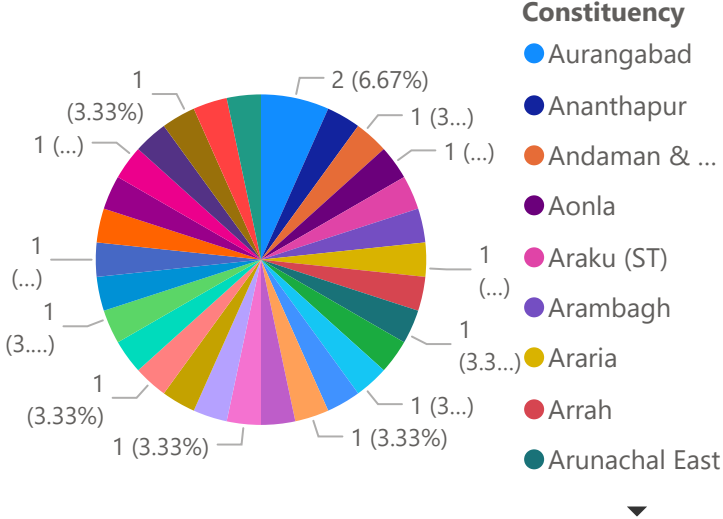
average of Constituency by Leading Party



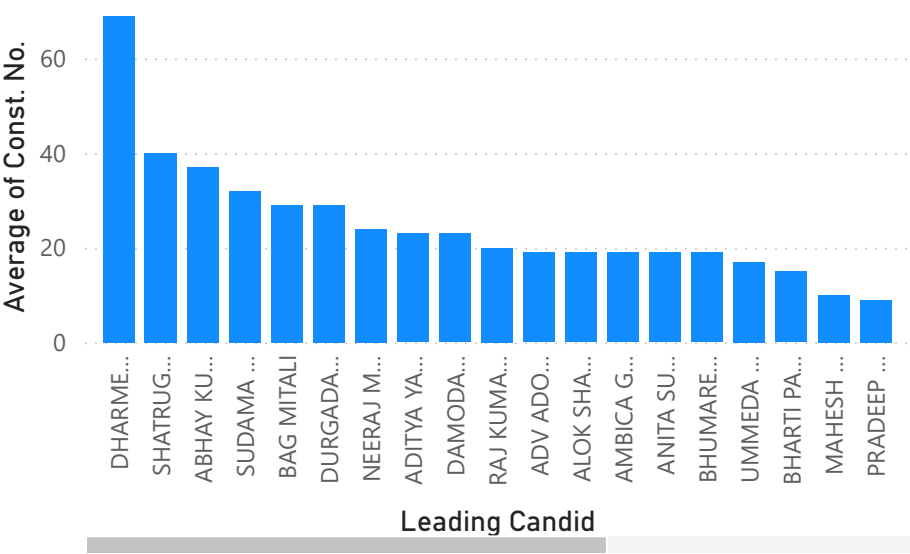
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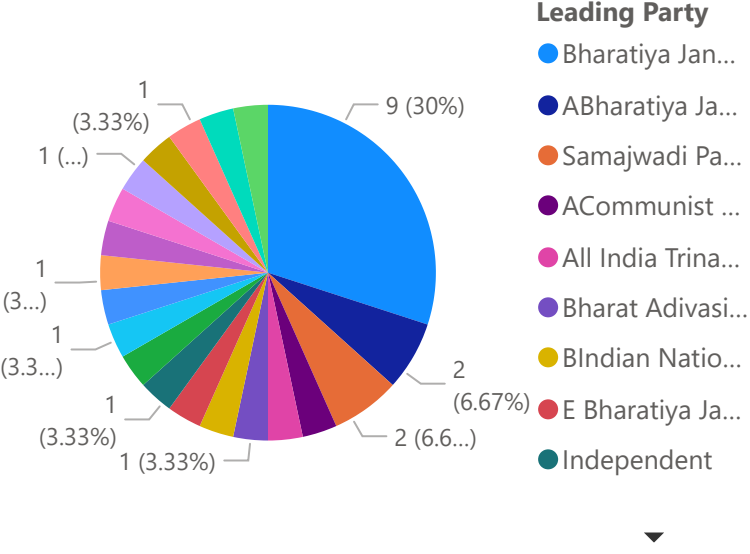
average of Leading Party by Constituency



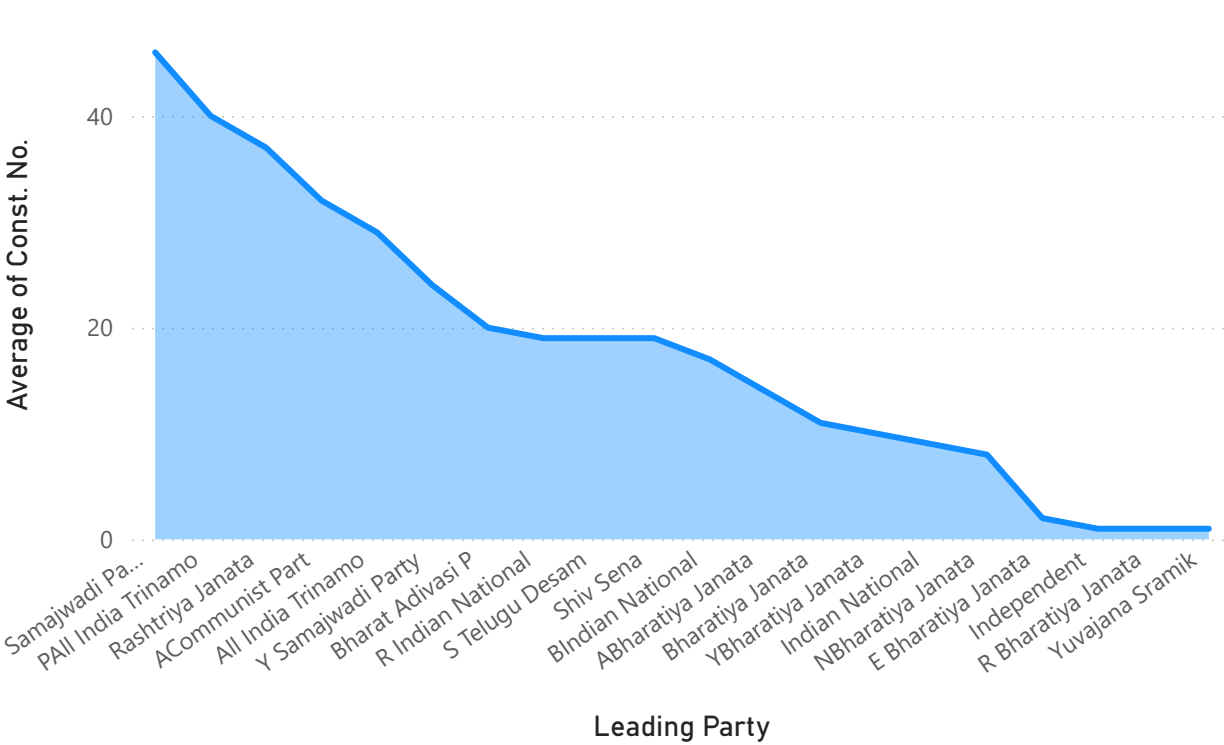
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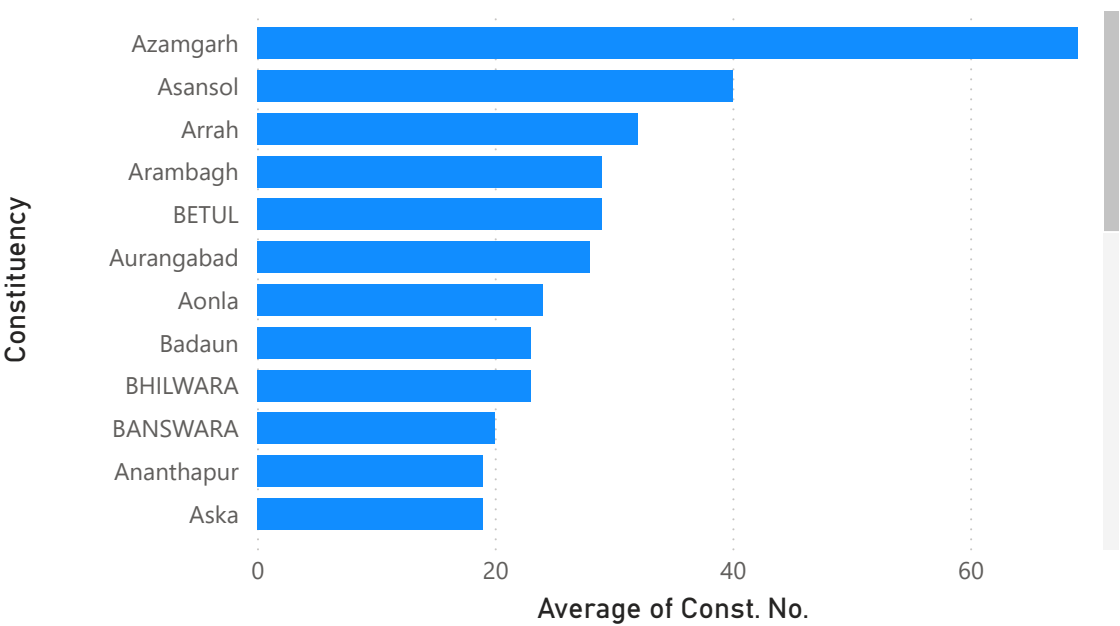
average of Constituency by Leading Party



Average of Const. No. by Leading Party



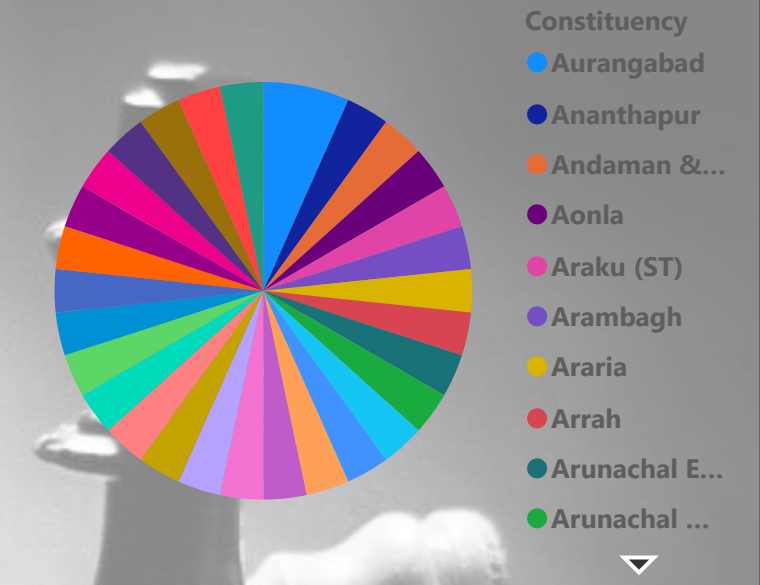
Average of Const. No. by Constituency



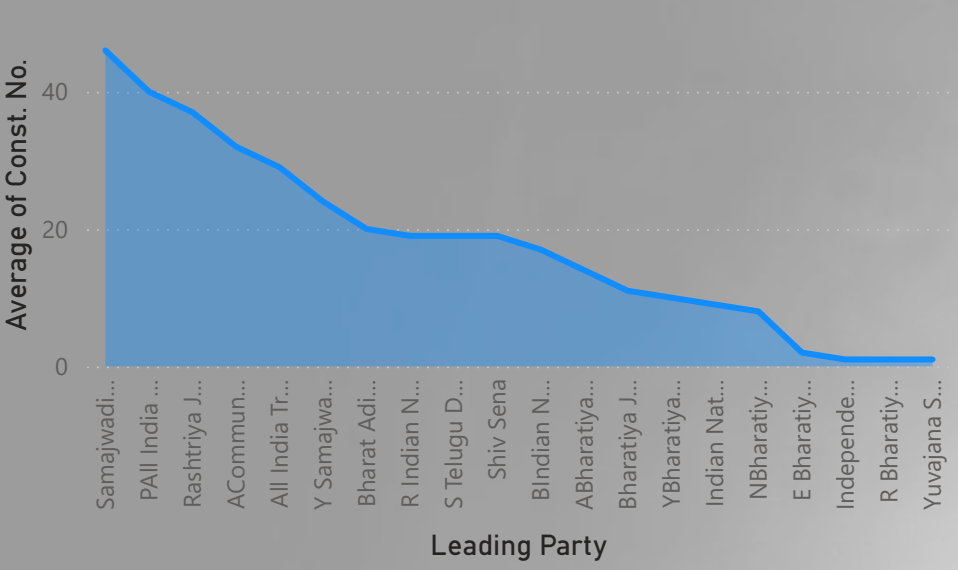
# ANALYSIS OF VICTORY AND DEFEAT

Victory and defeat, as fundamental aspects of human experience, embody the dynamic interplay between success and failure. Victory represents the achievement of goals or the triumph over adversaries, often leading to enhanced morale, recognition, and significant changes in political, social, or personal realms. However, it can also come with high costs and unforeseen consequences. Conversely, defeat signifies failure to achieve objectives or overcome challenges, which can lead to disappointment and a loss of confidence. Yet, defeat also serves as a powerful motivator for learning, adaptation, and growth, often driving individuals and societies to reevaluate strategies and make necessary improvements. Both victory and defeat, thus, are not just endpoints but pivotal moments that shape future actions, influence psychological states, and impact broader societal developments.

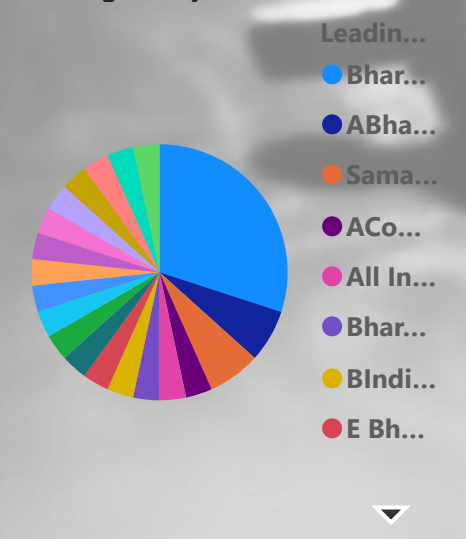
average of Leading Party by Constituency



Average of Const. No. by Leading Party



average of Constituency by Leading Party



Average of Const. No. by Constituency

