

Erk Plugins

How to write plugins for the Erk IRC Client

An Erk plugin is a Python 3 class that inherits from erk.Plugin.

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Installing Erk Plugins

Erk plugins "live" in a directory named "plugins", in the main Erk installation directory. To install a plugin, simply place it in the "plugins" directory.

Uninstalling Erk Plugins

Delete (or otherwise remove) the plugin file from the "plugins" directory.

Writing an Erk Plugin

The first step is creating a new Python 3 class that inherits from **erk.Plugin**. To get access to this class, import it from Erk:

```
1 from erk import Plugin
```

Optionally, you can use a "splat import"; this will only import the erk.Plugin class:

```
1 from erk import *
```

Then, create the rest of the class. The following plugin will no *nothing*, but it's a complete example that shows what a plugin should look like:

```
1 from erk import *
3 class ExamplePlugin(Plugin):
4
        def __init__(self):
             self.name = "An Example Plugin"
 5
6
             self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"
7
        def load(self):
8
9
             pass
10
11
        def unload(self):
12
             pass
13
14
        def input(self,client,name,text):
15
             pass
16
17
        def public(self,client,channel,user,message):
18
             pass
19
20
        def private(self,client,user,message):
21
             pass
```

Plugin Attributes

Plugins have only two *required* attributes: **name** and **description**. Plugins can also possess four other optional attributes: **author**, **version**, **source**, and **website**.

name

This is the name of the plugin. It must be unique (that is, no other loaded plugin can use the same name). It can contain spaces. All plugins are required to have a **name** attribute.

description

This describes the plugin. It can also contain spaces, but it does not have to be unique. All plugins are required to have a **description** attribute.

author

The name of the person (or persons) who created/maintain the plugin.

version

A string representing the plugin's version.

source

A URL to where users can obtain the source code or information about the source code of the plugin.

website

A URL where users can obtain the plugin, information about the plugin, or information about the person (or persons) who wrote the plugin.

Plugin Methods

There are five methods a plugin can have; they are not required to have any specific methods, but *they must have at least one of the methods* to be a valid plugin.

Most of the methods are passed an instance of twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient as a first argument. This is the instance that Erk uses to communicate with the IRC connection associated with the event or window that triggered the method's execution. At this time, Erk uses version 19.2 of Twisted; the documentation for this object can be found at https://twistedmatrix.com/documents/current/api/twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient.html. The instance has been modified so that any outgoing messages are displayed in the client (so, if you use the msg() method to send a PRIVMSG command, the message sent will be displayed in the appropriate channel or private chat window).

load

Arguments None

Description This method is executed as soon as the plugin is loaded into memory.

unload

Arguments None

Description This method is executed when the plugin is unloaded from memory; if not otherwise unloaded, this method is executed when Erk shuts down.

input

Arguments client (instance of twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient), name (string), text (string)

Description This method is executed whenever a user enters text into the Erk IRC client and presses enter. name contains the "name" of the window the text was entered into. If entered into a non-chat server console, name will be set to "Server"; other wise, name will contain the name of the channel the text was entered into (if entered into a channel chat window) or the name of a user (if entered into a private chat window). text contains the text that was entered into the window.

This method is intended to be used to implement new commands for the Erk client. To prevent any further processing of user input, have this method return **True**. Be careful with this. It's trivially easy to implement a plugin that can prevent any user input at all:

```
1 def input(self,client,name,text):
2 return True
```

Only return **True** if no further processing of the text is required; for example, when implementing a custom command, returning **True** prevents the user's command input being sent to the server as a PRIVMSG.

Erk will try to detect any plugins that maliciously prevent user input and refuse to load them; this is not perfect (or even close to perfect) and should not be relied on.

public

Arguments client (instance of twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient), channel (string), user (string), message (string)

This method is executed when the Erk client receives a public (channel) chat message. channel contains the name of the channel the chat originated from. user contains information about the user that sent the message; this is presented in the format provided by the server: nickname!username@hostname. message contains the contents of the message sent.

private

Arguments client (instance of twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient), user

(string), message (string)

Description This method is executed when the Erk client receives a private chat message.

user contains information about the user that sent the message; this is

presented in the format provided by the server: nickname!username@hostname.

message contains the contents of the message sent.

Built-In Methods

Plugins also contain several built-in methods to interact with the Erk IRC client.

info

Arguments None

Returns String

Description Returns a string containing the application name and version of the Erk IRC

client.

write

Arguments name (string), text (string)

Returns Nothing

Description Writes text to a specific Erk chat window. write() can only write text to a window associated with the client that triggered the plugin method's execution. That means that write() can write to channel windows that the client has joined or private message sessions that are open and ongoing, write() cannot write text to windows associated with another client. name should contain the name of the channel or user nick whose window you want to write to; text should contain the text you want to write. text can contain HTML. Any text written will not be saved to the log, if logging is turned on.

> For example, to write to the chat window for the channel "#erk", you could use self.write("#erk","This is the text to write").

You cannot write() text to windows associated with another client. If you are trying to use write() from the input() method, for example, the only windows you can write to must be on the same server the window that triggered the method is associated with.

Server consoles cannot be written to by plugins.

log

Arguments name (string), text (string)

Returns Nothing

Description Writes text to a specific Erk chat window. log() can only write text to a window

associated with the client that triggered the plugin method's execution. That means that log() can write to channel windows that the client has joined or private message sessions that are open and ongoing. log() cannot write text to windows associated with another client. name should contain the name of the channel or user nick whose window you want to write to; text should contain the text you want to write. text can contain HTML. Any text written will be saved to the log, if logging is turned on.

For example, to write to the chat window for the channel "#erk", you could use self.log("#erk", "This is the text to write").

You cannot **Log()** text to windows associated with another client. If you are trying to use **log()** from the **input()** method, for example, the only windows you can write to must be on the same server the window that triggered the method is associated with.

Server consoles cannot be written to by plugins.

Plugin Packages

Plugins should be in their own directory in the "plugins" directory; this directory name can be any valid string for a Python module. This directory/plugin combination is called a "package".

For example, let's assume you have an Erk plugin named "myplugin.py". You've decided that you want to use "dans_plugins" as your package name. Create a directory in your Erk plugin directory named "dans_plugins", and copy/mode "myplugin.py" into the new directory. Your plugin package now looks like:

```
dans_plugins
• myplugin.py
```

This is all you need for a plugin package. However, how the package (and the plugins it contains) are displayed in the Erk GUI can be further customized.

Package Name

The plugin's Python name is displayed as the package's name by default. If you'd like to customize this (for example, change the package's name to include punctuation not normally allowed by Python), create a file named "package.txt" (or just "package") in the root directory of the package. Write the new name in this file as the first and only line. Using the above

example, if you wanted your "dans_plugin" package to be displayed as "Dan's Erk Plugins", you would write "Dan's Erk Plugins" in the package's "package.txt".

Package Icon

To create a custom icon for a package, create a PNG file with the desired icon image and place it in the root directory of the package; change the package icon's filename to "package.png". This icon will be displayed in Erk's "Plugins" menu. Optional; if omitted, the default package icon will be used.

Plugin Icons

An icon can be specified for a plugin; this is the icon that will be displayed in Erk's "Plugins" menu. To set an icon, place a PNG with the same name as the plugin's class file name with the extension ".py" replaced with ".png" in the same directory as the plugin's package. The icon should be 25 pixels by 25 pixels to be displayed properly. Optional; if omitted, the default plugin icon will be used.

Examples

"Hello, world!" plugin

This plugin will implement new command: "/hello". This will display the traditional "Hello, world!" message in the window where the command was entered.

```
1 from erk import *
2
3 class HelloWorld(Plugin):
4
        def __init__(self):
5
             self.name = "Hello World plugin"
6
             self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"
7
8
        def input(self,client,name,text):
9
10
             # Since we can't write to console windows,
11
             # we won't try to, and exit if the plugin
12
             # was triggered by console input
13
             if name=="Server": return False
14
15
             # Look for our new command
16
             if text=="/hello":
17
18
                  # Found it! Now lets display our message
19
                  self.write(name, "Hello, world!")
20
                  # Now, we return "True" to make sure that
21
22
                  # "/hello" isn't sent to the IRC server as
23
                  # a chat messages
24
                  return True
```

Note taking plugin

This plugin will introduce three new commands: "/note" (for adding a note), "/notes" (for displaying all stored notes), and "/clear" (for deleting all stored notes).

```
1 from erk import *
3 class Notes(Plugin):
        def init (self):
5
             self.name = "Note taking plugin"
             self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"
6
7
             self.notes = []
8
9
        def input(self,client,name,text):
10
             # Since we can't write to console windows,
11
12
             # we won't try to, and exit if the plugin
13
             # was triggered by console input
14
             if name=="Server": return False
15
16
             # Tokenize the input
             tokens = text.split()
17
18
```

```
# Handle the "/clear" command
19
20
             # This will delete any stored notes
21
             if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/clear":
22
                  self.notes = []
23
                  return True
24
             # Handle the "/note" command
25
             # This adds a new note to the stored notes
26
             if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/note":
27
28
                  tokens.pop(0)
                  n = ' '.join(tokens)
29
                  self.notes.append(n)
30
31
                  return True
32
             # Handle the "/notes" command
33
34
             # This will display any stored notes
             if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/notes":
35
36
37
                  # If there are no stored notes, let the
38
                  # user know and return
39
                  if len(self.notes)==0:
                       self.write(name, "No notes found")
40
41
                       return True
42
43
                  # Format the note list using HTML
                  t = ""
44
45
                  for n in self.notes:
                       t = t + ""+n+""
46
47
                  t = t + "\langle ul \rangle"
48
49
                  # Display the stored notes to the user
                  self.write(name,t)
50
51
                  return True
```