

USB Attack Workshop

Beginner-Intermediate
Keystroke Injection Fundamentals

[HakCat x Null Space Labs]
Alex Lynd 9/10/2022

Who am I?

Hi! I'm Alex Lynd, a hardware developer & cybersecurity content creator!

- Hacking & InfoSec Videos on Hak5
- Full-Stack Product Designer @ HakCat
- I work on open-source projects like the USB Nugget, and specialize in prototyping with microcontrollers.
- Signals Intelligence & WiFi Hacking research



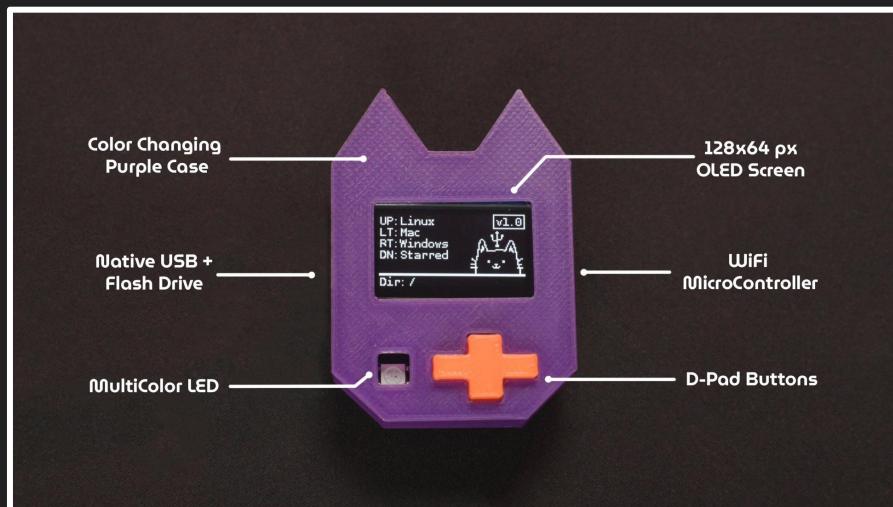
What we're doing today

-  Learning about USB attacks: methods & tools
-  Learning to use the USB Nugget
-  Writing keystroke injection scripts!
-  Learning & applying the “hacking methodology”
-  Competing in a mini hackathon

What is the USB Nugget?

The USB Nugget is a cat-themed device that makes it easy to quickly create, run, and monitor USB attacks!

- 128 x 64 Display
- Reactive RGB LED
- D-Pad buttons
- Plug & Play Hardware
- WiFi Capable
- Native USB: Host & Device



What is the USB Nugget OS?

The USB Nugget OS lets you run keystroke injection attacks while getting reactive cat-themed feedback on-screen!

- Reactive feedback: LED & Screen
- Supports DuckyScript Classic
- Built-in USB Flash Drive
- Remote attacks with WiFi
- Emulate USB devices



What's under the hood?

The USB Nugget is powered by the **ESP32-S2** microcontroller which offers:

- WiFi (AP & Client mode)
- **Native USB**
 - Emulate USB Devices
 - Flash Storage
- **Easy Hardware Expansion**



USB Attack Class

1 Hour

What are USB Attacks?

USB attacks emulate USB devices in order to deliver malicious content to a computer.

Human Interface Device (HID) attacks specifically emulate “trusted” human devices like keyboards.

- A Nugget can pretend to identify itself as a keyboard & type out pre-programmed malware in seconds.
- A Nugget can pretend to be a mouse & inject unwanted movement on a victim computer.
- A Nugget can pretend to be a USB ethernet adapter in order to steal & log network traffic.





What is Keystroke Injection?

Keystroke Injection Attacks emulate a USB keyboard, and type out pre-programmed commands & keypresses in seconds.

- Computers inherently trust keyboards
- Anything can be automated with hot-key combos & keypresses
- Can be used to open & navigate programs, download malware, modify & steal files



Why use USB Attacks?

USB Attacks take advantage of physical access to a target computer, and can deliver payloads in seconds.

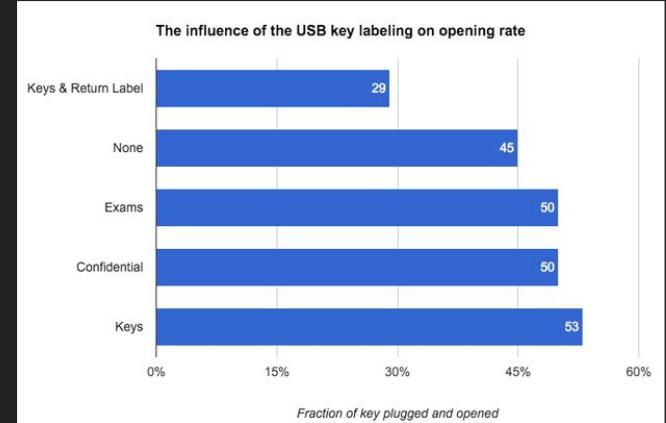
Common Attack Vectors:

- Running a payload on an unattended laptop by plugging in a USB Nugget
- Dropping malicious USB drives in a parking lot
- Preventing a screen from locking by plugging in a device that jiggles the mouse



Does this actually work?

- Yes! A study showed that 48% of USB drives left on a university campus were plugged in



Users Really Do Plug in USB Drives They Find

Matthew Tischer[†] Zakir Durumeric^{†‡} Sam Foster[†] Sunny Duan[†]
Alec Mori[†] Elie Bursztein[○] Michael Bailey[†]

[†] University of Illinois, Urbana Champaign [‡] University of Michigan [○] Google, Inc.
(tischer1, sfoster3, syduan2, ajmori2, mdbaile)@illinois.edu
zakir@umich.edu elieb@google.com

Abstract—We investigate the anecdotal belief that end users will pick up and plug in USB flash drives they find by completing a controlled experiment in which we drop 297 flash drives on a large university campus. We find that the attack is effective with an estimated success rate of 45–98% and expeditious with the first drive connected in less than six minutes. We analyze the types of drives users connect and survey those users to understand their motivation and security profile. We find that a drive's appearance does not increase attack success. Instead, users connect the drive with the alternative intention of finding the owner. These individuals are not technically inclined, but they are rather typical community members who appear to take more recreational risks than their peers. We conclude with lessons learned and discussion on how social engineering attacks—while less technical—continue to be an effective attack vector that our community has yet to successfully address.

I. INTRODUCTION

The security community has long held the belief that users can be socially engineered into picking up and plugging in seemingly lost USB flash drives they find. Unfortunately,



Fig. 1: Drive Appearances—We dropped five different types of drives. We chose two appearances (keys and return label) to motivate altruism and two appearances (confidential and exam solutions) to motivate self-interest, as well as an unlabeled control.

Real Life Scenario: Fin7 USB Mailing Attack

The Fin7 Cybercrime group mailed malicious USB drives that installed ransomware onto targets' computers

- Impersonated Amazon / Health Services
- Disguised as enticing package: fraudulent gift card, thank you letter, USB
- Employed social engineering to deploy payload



Real Life Scenario: Fin7 USB Mailing Attack

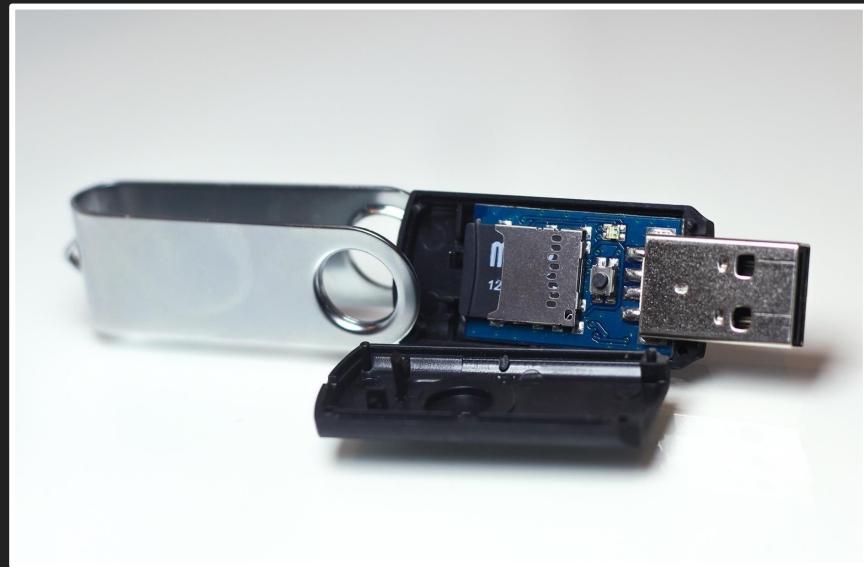


Common USB Attack Tools



USB RubberDucky

- First keystroke injection tool created by Darren Kitchen of Hak5
- Uses a simple scripting language to emulate a keyboard
- Exploded in popularity and was featured on shows like Mr Robot
- Simple device capable of supporting a single payload





What is DuckyScript?

Duckyscript is a simple language for scripting keyboard-based HID attacks.

- Each DuckyScript command resides on a new line
- Commands are written in ALL CAPS
- Most commands invoke keystrokes, key-combos or strings of text
- Others commands create delays or pauses

Full Screen Windows 10 Update

```
1 DELAY 3000
2 GUI r
3 DELAY 100
4 STRING https://fakeupdate.net/win10ue/
5 ENTER
6 DELAY 3000
7 F11
```



Bash Bunny

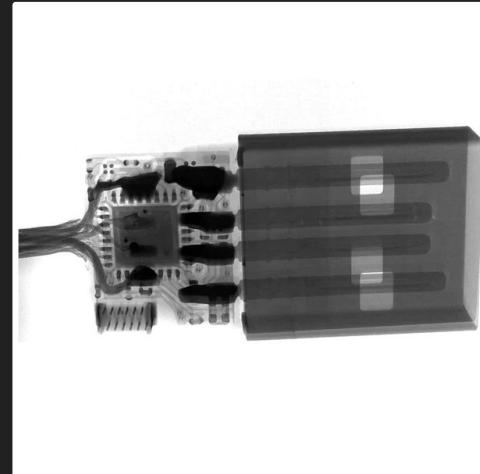
- Low-profile but a little more conspicuous
- Can emulate multiple types of USB devices like ethernet
- Can run 2 payloads
- Has a built-in filesystem & flash drive to easily exfiltrate victim files





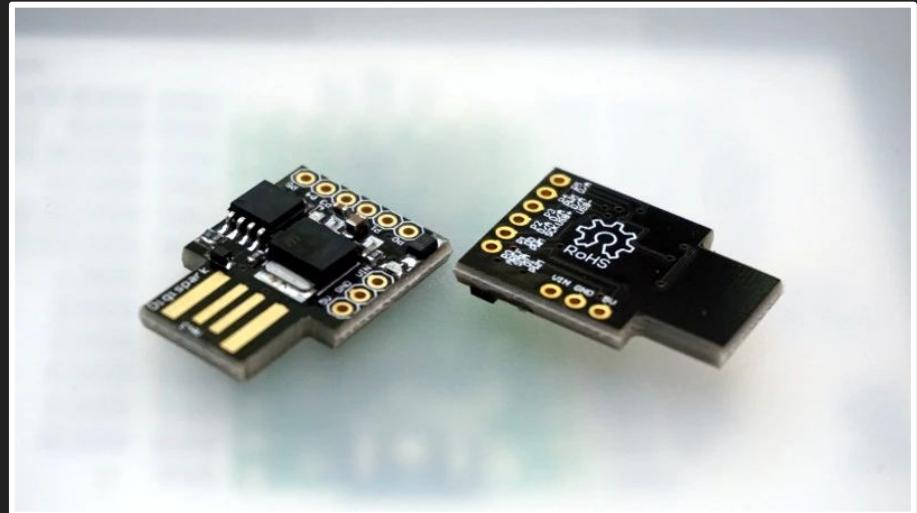
OMG Cable

- Looks like a regular charging cable
- Comes in different USB form factors
- Built-in WiFi control
- Some versions record keystrokes
- Can perform HID attacks



DiY Alternative: DigiSpark BadUSB

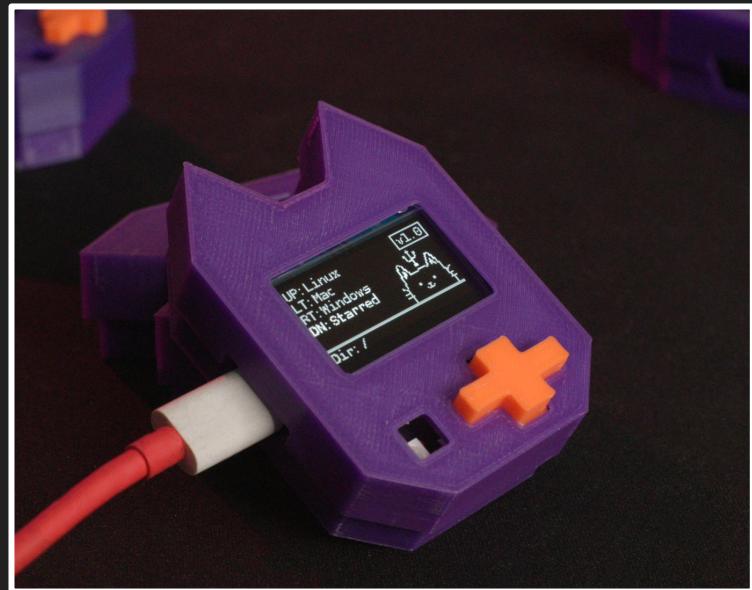
- \$3
- Disposable
- Hard to program
- Single payload





USB Nugget

- Beginner-friendly
- Debug payloads
- Reactive feedback
- “Unlimited” payloads
- WiFi capability



Hacking with the USB Nugget

1 Hour

How to Run Payloads

The Nugget comes with test programs! Try running the example **color tester** payload by using the D-Pad to choose your operating system. Then select the *example* folder, and run **colors.txt**.

- Use **up & down** to navigate files & folders
- Use **right** to select a folder / payload
- Use **left** to go back

How to Add Payloads

The USB Nugget has built-in flash storage!

1. Plug it into your computer via USB, and wait for the **NUGGET** drive to mount.
2. You can create & categorize folders to organize your payloads
3. Drag over your .txt payload into a folder to save it to your Nugget!

File Naming Convention

It's recommended to organize payloads by under a target operating system & payload category folder.

Suggested categories:

- Credentials
- Mobile
- Phishing
- Prank
- Exfiltration
- Prank
- Recon
- Remote Access



Example

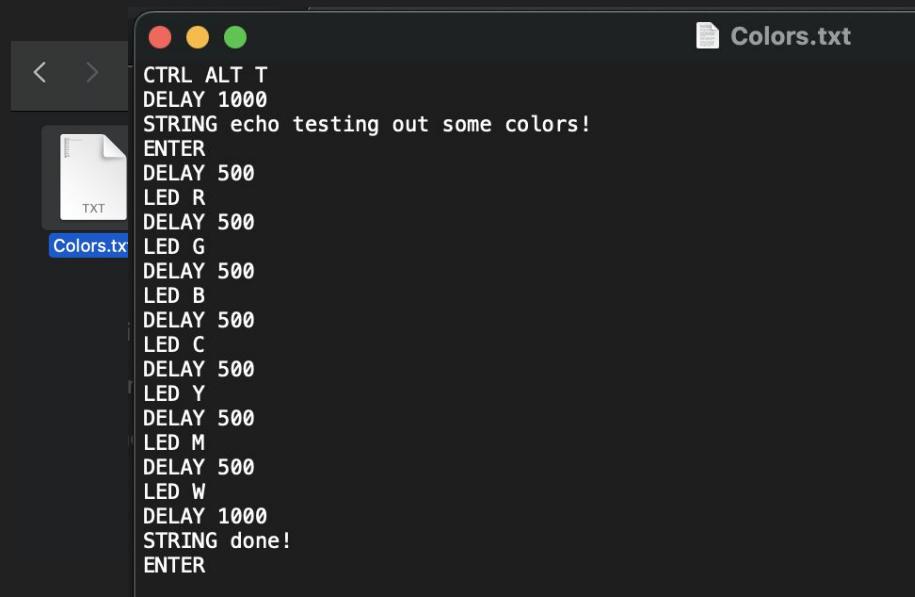


Prank

How to Create & Edit Payloads

Simply click on a .txt payload to open & edit it! You can use any text editor, but your built-in one should work.

Try changing the output of the colors.txt string!



```
CTRL ALT T
DELAY 1000
STRING echo testing out some colors!
ENTER
DELAY 500
LED R
DELAY 500
LED G
DELAY 500
LED B
DELAY 500
LED C
DELAY 500
LED Y
DELAY 500
LED M
DELAY 500
LED W
DELAY 1000
STRING done!
ENTER
```

Writing Your First Payload

Get Started Creating Attack Payloads!

Payload Methodology: Work Backwards

Let's write our first payload! For this example, we're going to create a classic RickRoll.

When writing a keystroke injection payload, we need to work backwards from what we want to accomplish. This is the general methodology:

1. Determine End Goal
2. Establish Intermediate Steps
3. Create Pseudo-Code
4. Refine DuckyScript

Step 1: Determine the End Goal

First, lets figure out the end goal of our payload.

Easy! We want to RickRoll the victim, by playing the classic “Never Gonna Give You Up” music video.



Step 2: Establishing Intermediate Steps

Next, we need to figure out which programs to be launched, and what key actions need to happen.

In our case, we need to:

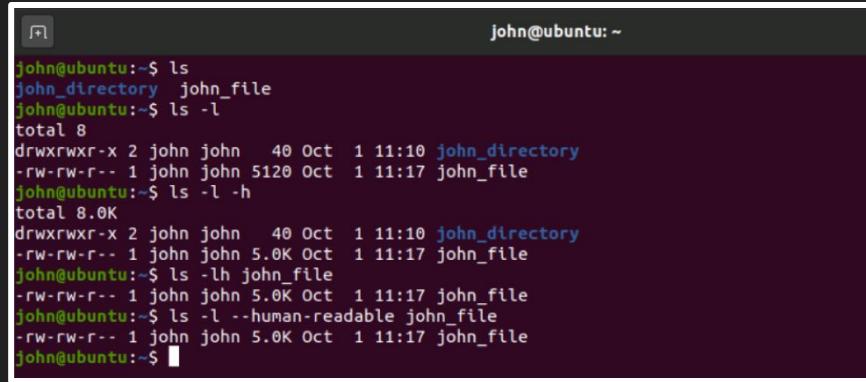
1. Open a web browser
2. Open a Youtube video url
3. Turn up the volume
4. Play video in full-screen

Payload Methodology: Command Line

The fastest way to do bad things on a computer is by opening a terminal or powershell / command prompt window.

You can:

- Create & modify files
- Open applications
- Run networking commands
- And more!



A screenshot of a terminal window titled 'Terminal' with the command line interface 'john@ubuntu: ~'. The window displays several commands related to file listing and modification:

```
john@ubuntu:~$ ls
john_directory john_file
john@ubuntu:~$ ls -l
total 8
drwxrwxr-x 2 john john 40 Oct  1 11:10 john_directory
-rw-rw-r-- 1 john john 5120 Oct  1 11:17 john_file
john@ubuntu:~$ ls -l -h
total 8.0K
drwxrwxr-x 2 john john 40 Oct  1 11:10 john_directory
-rw-rw-r-- 1 john john 5.0K Oct  1 11:17 john_file
john@ubuntu:~$ ls -l --human-readable john_file
-rw-rw-r-- 1 john john 5.0K Oct  1 11:17 john_file
john@ubuntu:~$
```

Terminal Shortcuts

Quickest way to open a terminal on different operating systems.

Linux: CTRL ALT T

Mac: GUI SPACE

Windows:

- GUI R - opens run dialog
- cmd - types a program
- ENTER - opens command prompt



Step 3: Writing PseudoCode

Finally, lets reduce our steps to 3 basic functions using only keyboard actions:

- Things to type
- Key combos to press
- Delays

Delays are essential since the Nugget types extremely fast - and programs need time to open!

Methodology: Delays and Timing

- Delays make one-way scripts possible.
- Because microcontrollers work so quickly, many of the commands would not work without adding time for commands to finish.
- In testing, we should start out with generous delays and move into a more optimized design that works quickly without breaking anything.

Step 3: Example PseudoCode

- Press a key combo to open a terminal window
- Wait for Terminal to open
- Type in a command to launch chrome / firefox
- Wait for browser to open
- Type in the url
- Press enter
- Wait for url to load
- Press a key for full screen

Hint:

“start firefox” or “firefox” can be used to launch firefox from a terminal. You can also launch a url with this command.

Step 4: Refining the DuckyScript

Finally, let's turn your pseudocode
into actual DuckyScript!

Basic DuckyScript Commands

Commands: REM STRING DELAY DEFAULTDELAY LED	Modifier Keys: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• CTRL or Control• SHIFT• ALT• GUI Standard Keys: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• a-z• A-Z• 0-9• F1-F12	Key: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• ENTER• MENU• DELETE• HOME• INSERT• UPARROW• DOWNARROW• LEFTARROW• RIGHTARROW	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TAB• END• ESC• SPACE• PAUSE• PRINTSCREEN• CAPSLOCK• NUMLOCK• SCROLLLOCK• PAGEUP• PAGEDOWN
---	---	--	---

Methodology: HotKey Combos & Short-cuts

Windows 10 Keyboard Shortcuts: <https://www.windowscentral.com/best-windows-10-keyboard-shortcuts>

Linux Keyboard Shortcuts (Debian): www.computerhope.com/ushort.htm

MacOS Keyboard Shortcuts: <https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT201236>

Raspberry Pi OS Shortcuts:

<https://defkey.com/raspbian-raspberry-pi-shortcuts> <https://defkey.com/raspbian-raspberry-pi-shortcuts>

Intermediate Payloads

Get Started Creating Attack Payloads!

Payload 1: Ransom Message

- Open a terminal window
- Use volume keys or a command to turn up the volume
- Use “say” or “espeak” to demand a dogecoin ransom to be paid
- Open a full screen browser window to a fake ransomware window:
 - <https://www.cryptoprank.com/#/crypto>

Hint: function keys can be used to raise the volume.

Terminal commands can also be used.

The Phases of Hacking & Methodology

1. Reconnaissance

- a. Scope out the victim
- b. Determine attack surfaces

2. Scanning & Enumeration

- a. Find all potential targets
- b. Scan for vulnerabilities

3. Gain Access

- a. Run exploit code / deploy payload

4. Maintain Access

- a. Install persistent tools like C2
- b. Exfiltrate data

5. Cover Tracks

- a. Delete logs, clear history, etc



Example: PwnKit Demo

1. **Reconnaissance**: Find a Linux machine
2. **Scanning**: Is it vulnerable to PwnKit?
3. **Gain Access**: Run the exploit code!
4. **Maintain Access**: Install backdoor
5. **Cover Tracks**: Close all tabs & clear logs!



Payload 2: Bee Movie Stager Script

The objective is simple. Download the entire bee movie script onto the victim's desktop as a text file!

What methods can we use to do this?

1. Manual: Typing out the WHOLE bee movie script
2. Storage: Copying a file from the Nugget flash drive
3. Remote: Use a command to download the script



Hint: The **curl** or **wget** command can be used to download remote files.

Payload 3: Data Exfiltration

How can we exfiltrate data from a victim device?

Similar to the previous script, this can be accomplished **locally or remotely**.

- **Locally** - Only works with physical access, but is quick & less conspicuous
- **Remote** - Better for long term access, but creates a lot of traffic

Let's try it locally first!

Payload 3: Data Exfiltration

To test out our reconnaissance & enumeration skills, create a payload that does the following:

- Recursively list all files and folders in the user's home directory (or somewhere else)
- Save that list to a text file on the Nugget!
- Optional: save network info or nearby networks to another file

Hint: `ls` or `dir` can be used to list files / folders.

Payload Repository

For more payloads, check out these payload repositories:

<https://hak5.org/blogs/payloads/>

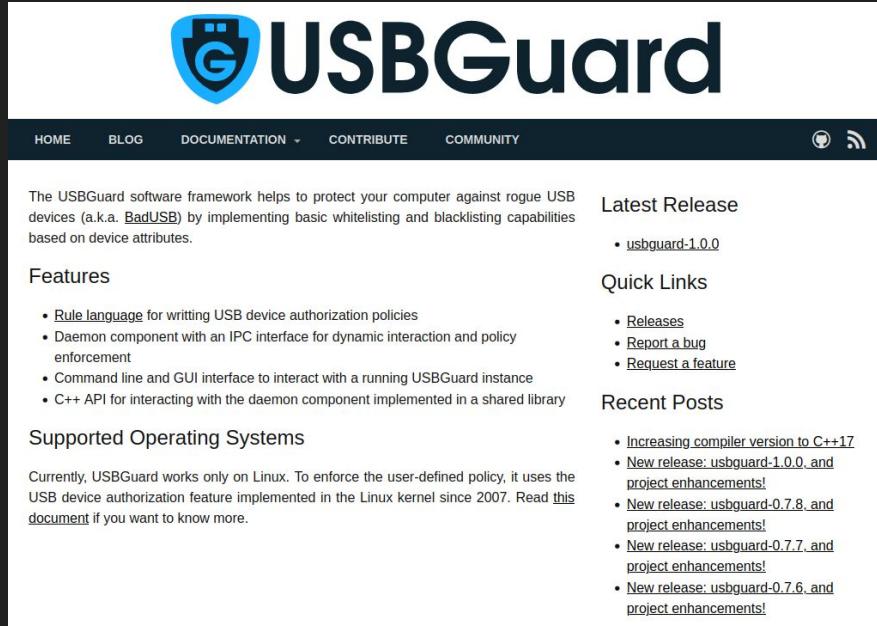
<https://github.com/HakCat-Tech/USB-Nugget-Payloads>

Taking it Further

Advanced Payload Ideas & Attacks

Mitigation

- Don't plug in random crap into your computer.
- Whitelisting / Blacklisting USB Devices
- USBDGuard or other keystroke injection detection tools can look for fast keystrokes



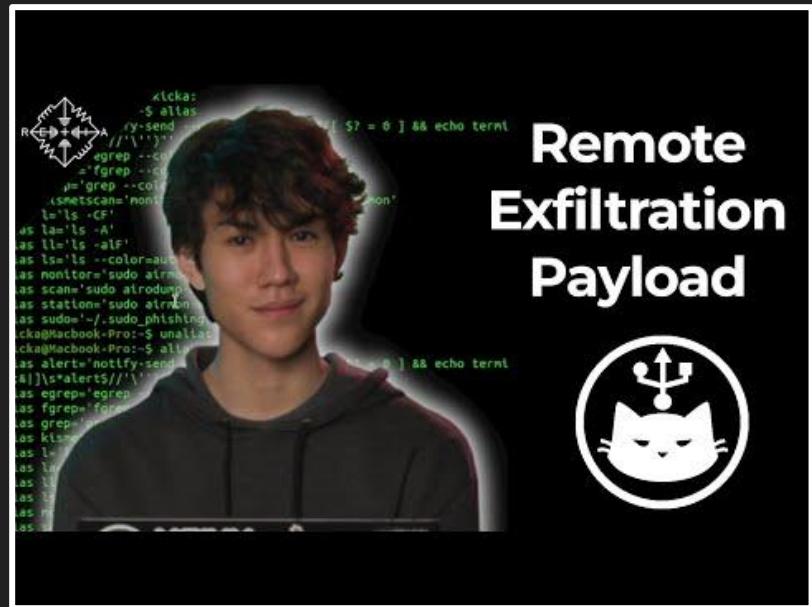
The screenshot shows the official website for USBDGuard. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for HOME, BLOG, DOCUMENTATION, CONTRIBUTE, and COMMUNITY. To the right of the navigation are icons for GitHub and RSS feed. The main content area features a large logo with a shield containing a USB drive and the text "USBDGuard". Below the logo, a brief description states: "The USBDGuard software framework helps to protect your computer against rogue USB devices (a.k.a. BadUSB) by implementing basic whitelisting and blacklisting capabilities based on device attributes." A "Features" section lists several bullet points about the software's capabilities, including a rule language, a daemon component, command line and GUI interfaces, and a C++ API. Another section, "Supported Operating Systems", notes that USBDGuard is currently only available for Linux. On the right side of the page, there are two sidebar sections: "Latest Release" (with a link to "usbdguard-1.0.0") and "Quick Links" (with links to "Releases", "Report a bug", and "Request a feature"). Finally, a "Recent Posts" sidebar lists several blog posts with titles like "Increasing compiler version to C++17", "New release: usbdguard-1.0.0, and project enhancements!", and "New release: usbdguard-0.7.8, and project enhancements!".

Advanced Data Exfiltration: CanaryTokens

This script uses a free online service called **CanaryTokens** as a simple data exfiltration server.

This allows us to plant a persistent piece of malware that phishes the user, and sends us the password when its obtained.

<https://alexlynd.com/blog/easy-data-exfiltration-with-canarytokens/>



Advanced Data Exfiltration: Side-Channel

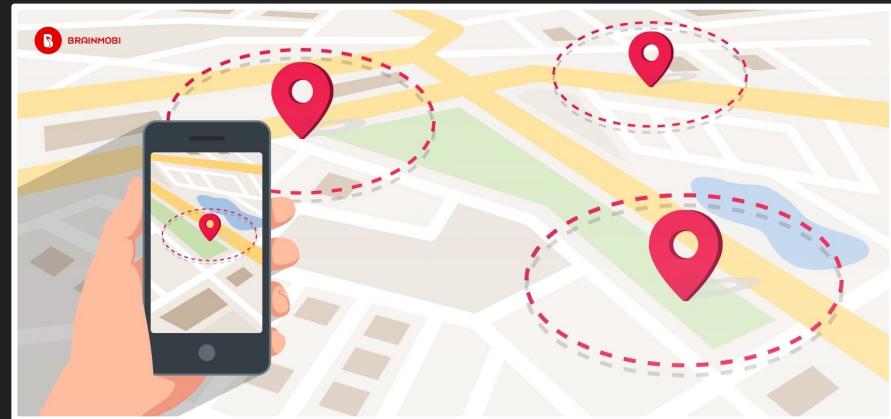
- Keyboards & HID devices have bi-lateral communication
- Computers can toggle CAPSLOCK or indicator keys
- We can use this to exfiltrate data in a protected environment by bitbang data via binary



GeoFence Attacks

GeoFence attacks can determine if specific people are nearby, by looking for the presence of their laptop / cell phone.

This can be done by looking for known WiFi or BlueTooth devices.



Mobile Attacks

Mobile phones (iOS and Android) also support HID keyboards!

Check out mobile payloads here:

<https://github.com/hak5/usbrubberducky-payloads/tree/master/payloads/library/mobile>



Android Hacking with
the USB Rubber Ducky

Real Life Scenario: Razer Admin Exploit

A Razer Synapse bug lets you get Windows admin privileges by plugging in a Razer mouse or keyboard.

[https://www.bleepingcomputer.com/
news/security/razer-bug-lets-you-bec
ome-a-windows-10-admin-by-pluggin
g-in-a-mouse/](https://www.bleepingcomputer.com/news/security/razer-bug-lets-you-become-a-windows-10-admin-by-plugging-in-a-mouse/)



Other USB Attacks: Ethernet

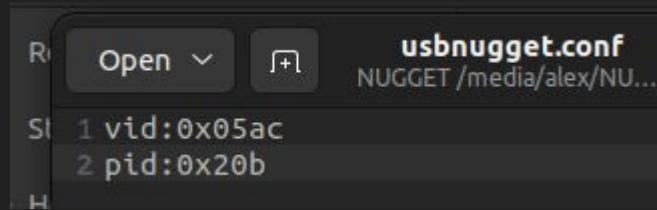
- This Bash Bunny payload emulates a USB-ethernet adapter, and pretends to be the network gateway.
- This allows it to intercept network traffic.
- Works on locked computers

<https://shop.hak5.org/blogs/bash-bunny/network-hijack-attacks-with-the-bash-bunny>

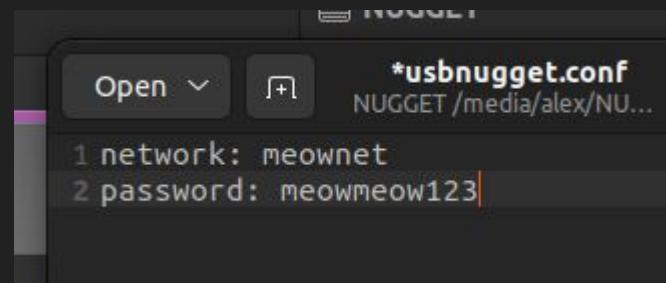


USB Nugget WiFi Interface & HID Emulation

Edit the `usbnugget.conf` file to set a custom hardware VID & PID:



You can also edit the default WiFi credentials:



CREATE PAYLOAD

/ios/menu.txt

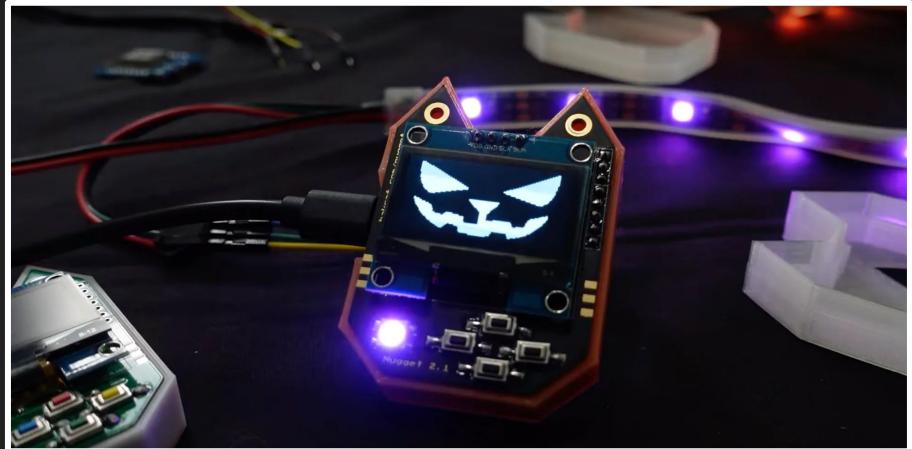
```
GUI SPACE
DELAY 100
STRING signal
DELAY 100
ENTER
DELAY 3000
ALT DOWN
DELAY 100
STRING hello
ENTER
```

SAVE FILE

RUN LIVE

What else can the USB Nugget do?

- Teach programming
 - CircuitPython
 - Arduino
- WiFi Reconnaissance
- Control Hardware / Sensors
- Run Community Projects
- Display animations



Mini Hackathon

30 Minutes

CTF: Design the Highest Scoring Payload

In our last section, we'll be working together to write payloads to win a prize!

- Our target is a Raspberry Pi computer running Raspbian.
- Your goal is to make a payload that does the most number of bad things.



Attack Criteria

For our final challenge, we'll be dividing into teams and working on HID attack scripts to achieve a number of specific goals.

Each team will get time to write their script, and then 90 seconds to plug in and run their script.

The team to earn the most number of points wins a prize! Points are awarded when a team achieves the actions below:

Points	File Operations	Flags	Destruction	Advanced (x 2 points)
10	Create a text file with a message	Display a message demanding bitcoins	Reboot or shut down the computer	Create a Cron Task
20	Delete a file	Change the Wallpaper	Kill the network connection	Download & execute a bash or Python file
30	Download a file to the desktop	Get a Grabify link hit from the target computer	Kill the computer (No boot)	Steal data via Grabify
40	Create a fork bomb	RickRoll in a browser window	Create startup task that shuts down computer	Join an (evil) Wi-Fi network
50	Steal a file off the computer	Change RPI's SSH MOTD Banner to your team name	Encrypt files or the file system (ransomware)	Netcat backdoor (remote access)

Bonus Payloads

- Exfiltrate all files containing “crypto” or “password” in the name - 30 points
- Exfiltrate network info to canarytokens - 40 points
- Create a cron job that exfiltrates something periodically - 50 points
- Download and run a python script from the internet - 30 points

Points	File Operations	Flags	Destruction	Advanced (x 2 points)
10	Create a text file with a message	Display a message demanding bitcoins	Reboot or shut down the computer	Create a Cron Task
20	Delete a file	Change the Wallpaper	Kill the network connection	Download & execute a bash or Python file
30	Download a file to the desktop	Get a Grabify link hit from the target computer	Kill the computer (No boot)	Steal data via Grabify
40	Create a fork bomb	RickRoll in a browser window	Create startup task that shuts down computer	Join an (evil) Wi-Fi network
50	Steal a file off the computer	Change RPI's SSH MOTD Banner to your team name	Encrypt files or the file system (ransomware)	Netcat backdoor (remote access)

Example Actions

- Steal a file
- Delete a file
- Write a file with a message in it
- Steal a hash
- Corrupt a hash
- Kill the computer
- Plant a keylogger
- Rickroll
- Join rogue Wi-Fi network
- Team ASCII banner
- Grabify link tracker
- Cron task
- Netcat backdoor
- Change background
- Auto-restart computer
- Auto-quit programs

Links to USB Rubber Ducky Payloads

- [Payload - Non-Malicious Auto Defacer](#)
- [Payload - Lock Your Computer Message](#)
- [Payload - Ducky Downloader](#)
- [Payload - Ducky Phisher](#)
- [Payload - FTP Download / Upload](#)
- [Payload - Restart Prank](#)
- [Payload - Silly Mouse, Windows is for Kids](#)
- [Payload - Windows Screen rotation hack](#)
- [Payload - Powershell Wget + Execute](#)
- [Payload - mimikatz payload](#)
- [Payload - MobileTabs](#)
- [Payload - Ugly Rolled Prank](#)
- [Payload - XMAS](#)
- [Payload - Pineapple Association \(VERY FAST\)](#)
- [Payload - Remotely Possible](#)
- [Payload - Batch Wiper/Drive Eraser](#)
- [Payload - Generic Batch](#)
- [Payload - Paint Hack](#)
- [Payload - Local DNS Poisoning](#)
- [Payload - Deny Net Access](#)
- [Payload - RunEXE from SD](#)
- [Payload - Run Java from SD](#)
- [Payload - Download mimikatz, grab passwords and email them via gmail](#)
- [Payload - Hotdog Wallpaper](#)
- [Payload - Android 5.x Lockscreen](#)
- [Payload - Chrome Password Stealer](#)
- [Payload - Website Lock](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Download & Change Wallpaper](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Download & Change Wallpaper another version](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Download and execute file with Powershell](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Disable windows defender](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Disable Windows Defender through powershell](#)
- [Payload - Windows 10 : Wifi, Chrome Dump & email results](#)
- [Payload - Windows 7 : Logoff Prank](#)
- [Payload - Netcat Reverse Shell](#)
- [Payload - Fake Update screen](#)
- [Payload - Rickroll](#)
- [Payload - Fast Meterpreter](#)
- [Payload - Data-Exfiltration / Backdoor](#)
- [Payload - Fake Update screen](#)
- [Payload - OSX Sudo Passwords Grabber](#)
- [Payload - OSX Root Backdoor](#)
- [Payload - OSX User Backdoor](#)
- [Payload - OSX Local DNS Poisoning](#)
- [Payload - OSX Youtube Blaster](#)
- [Payload - OSX Photo Booth Prank](#)
- [Payload - OSX Internet Protocol Slurp](#)
- [Payload - OSX Ascii Prank](#)
- [Payload - OSX iMessage Capture](#)
- [Payload - OS X Wget and Execute](#)
- [Payload - OSX Passwordless SSH access \(ssh keys\)](#)
- [Payload - OSX Bella RAT Installation](#)
- [Payload - OSX Sudo for all users without password](#)
- [Payload - MrGray's Rubber Hacks](#)
- [Payload - Copy File to Desktop](#)
- [Payload - Youtube Roll](#)
- [Payload - Disable AVG 2012](#)
- [Payload - Disable AVG 2013](#)
- [Payload - EICAR AV test](#)

Thanks for coming!

Follow @alexlynd for upcoming events
& check out hakcat.com for more info.