Q.1 An average case time complexity of a binary search algorithm is:

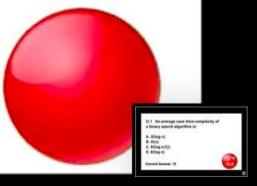
- A. O(log n)
- B. O(n)
- C. $\theta(\log n/2)$
- D. $\theta(\log n)$





Q.2 In a binary search algorithm worst case occurs

- A. if key is found at non-leaf position
- B. if key is found at leaf position
- C. if key is at root position
- D. if either key is found at leaf position or key does not exists.





Q.3 Binary Search algorithm is also called as:

- A. Logarithmic Search
- B. Half-interval Search
- C. Exponential Search
- D. Both options 1 and 2)
- E. None of the above





Q.4 What is an asymptotic lower bound for binary search algorithm?

- A. O(log n)
- B. $\Omega(n)$
- C. θ(log n)
- D. $\Omega(\log n)$
- E. None of the above





Q.5 In a selection sort max ___ no. of iterations are required to sort all array

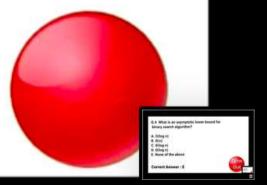
elements.

A. n

B. n+1

C. n-1

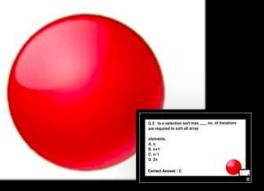
D. 2n





Q.6 What is the worst case time complexity of insertion sort?

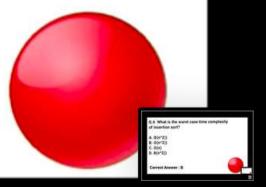
- A. $\Omega(n^2)$
- B. O(n^2))
- C. O(n)
- D. θ(n^2))





Q.7 In which of following sorting algorithm elements which are at two consecutive positions gets compared?

- A. Selection Sort
- **B. Bubble Sort**
- C. Insertion Sort
- D. Quick Sort





Q.8 In which of the following sorting algorithms magnitudes of time complexities are same in all the cases?

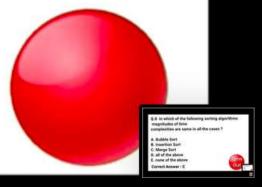
- A. Bubble Sort
- B. Insertion Sort
- C. Merge Sort
- D. all of the above
- E. none of the above





Q.9 Which of the following sorting algorithm works efficiently for already sorted input sequence by design?

- A. Selection Sort
- B. Bubble Sort
- C. Insertion Sort
- D. both 2) and 3
- E. none of the above





Q.10 In Selection Sort algorithm, what will the array status after 3 iterations for

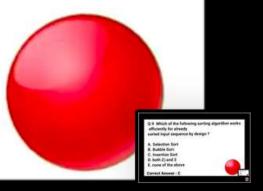
given input: 30 20 60 50 10 40.

A. 10 20 30 40 50 60

B. 10 30 20 40 50 60

C. 10 20 30 60 50 40

D. 10 20 30 50 60 40





Q.11 What is time complexity of addition and deletion operations on an array?

- A. O(1)
- B. O(n)
- C. O(log n)
- D. none of the above





Q.12 On success malloc() function returns

and on failure it returns

---·

A. true, false

B. starting addr of dynamically allocated block from heap section, -1

C. starting addr of dynamically allocated block from heap section, NULL

D. None of the above





Q.13 By Default all local variables belongs to

____ storage class, and global

variables belongs to _____.

A. static, extern

B. extern, static

C. auto, extern

D. extern, auto





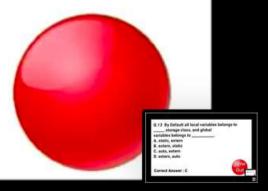
Q.14 What is the time complexity to add node into the singly linear linked list at last position?

A. O(n)

B. O(n²)

C. O(1)

D. O(log n)





Q.15 On an array data structure searching operation can be performed efficiently in ____ time.

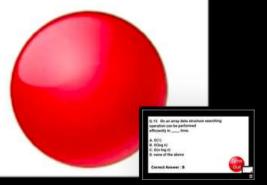
- A. O(1)
- B. O(log n)
- C. O(n log n)
- D. none of the above





Q.16 Which of the following statement is false about singly linear linked list?

- A. In a SLLL, traversal can be done only in a forward direction.
- B. In a SLLL, add and delete node at last position operations takes O(n) time.
- C. In SLLL, add and delete node at first position operations takes O(1) time.
- D. In SLLL, previous node of any node can be accessed from it.





Q.17 Which of the following operations in a SCLL takes O(1) time?

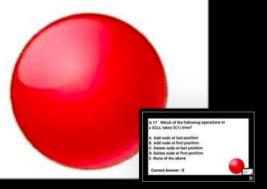
- A. Add node at last position
- B. Add node at first position
- C. Delete node at last position
- D. Delete node at first position
- E. None of the above





Q.18 Which of the following statement is false?

- A. Linked List elements gets stored into the heap section.
- B. Add element into a linked list at specific position takes O(1) time.
- C. Searching operations is efficient on array than linked list.
- D. None of the above





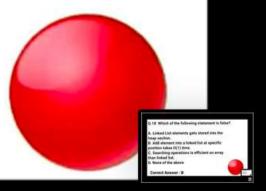
Q.19 What is the time complexity to add node into the singly linear linked list at first position?

A. O(n)

B. O(n²)

C. O(1)

D. O(log n)





Q.20 Which of the following statement is false about DLLL?

- A. This type of linked list can be traverse in forward as well backward direction.
- B. Element can be added into this list at last position in O(1) time.
- C. Element can be deleted from this list which is first position takes O(1) time.
- D. Previous node of any node can be accessed.



