DAY-01 Q. Data structures is a A. software B. programming language C. programming concept D. all of the above E. none of the above Answer: C
Q. During program execution data gets processed which is inside A. the disk B. the main memory C. both options A & B D. none of the above Answer: B
Q. If an algorithm takes maximum amount of time to run to completion then it is referred as A. best case time complexity B. average case time complexity C. worst case time complexity D. all of the above E. none of the above Answer: C
Q. Which of the following notation is used to represent asymptotic tight bound? A. Big Oh (O) B. Big Omega (Ω) C. Big Theta (θ) D. None of the above Answer: C
 Q. In a linear search algorithm, worst case occurs: A. If the key element is exist at first position in a collection/list. B. If the key element is exist at last position in a collection/list. C. If the key element does not exist in the list. D. If either the key element exist at last position or does not exist in the list. Answer: D
Q. What is an asymptotic average case time complexity of a linear search algorithm? A. $O(n)$ B. $O(n/2)$ C. $\theta(n)$ D. $\theta(n/2)$ E. Both C & D Answer: C

- Q. There is a need of data structure in programming to achieve:
- A. Encapsulation
- B. Efficiency
- C. Polymorphism
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

- Q. An average case time complexity of a binary search algorithm is:
- A. $O(\log n)$
- B. O(n)
- C. $\theta(\log n/2)$
- D. $\theta(\log n)$

Answer: D

- Q. In a binary search algorithm worst case occurs
- A. if key is found at non-leaf position
- B. if key is found at leaf position
- C. if key is at root position
- D. if either key is found at leaf position or key does not exists.

Answer: D

- Q. Binary Search algorithm is also called as
- A. Logarithmic Search
- B. Half-interval Search
- C. Exponetial Search
- D. Both options 1 & 2
- E. None of the above

Answer: D

- Q. What is an asymptotic lower bound for binary search algorithm?
- A. $O(\log n)$
- B. $\Omega(n)$
- C. $\theta(\log n)$
- D. $\Omega(\log n)$
- E. None of the above

Answer: E

best case time complexity (i.e. lower bound) = $\Omega(1)$