Q.1 Which of the following CPU scheduling algorithm ensures minimum waiting

time?

A. FCFS

B. SJF

C. Priority

D. Round Robin Correct Answer : B





Q.2 Convoy effect occurs in _____ scheduling algorithm.

- A. Priority
- **B. Shortest Remaining Time First**
- C. Shortest Next Time First
- D. None of the above





Q.3 Which of the following CPU scheduling algorithm lead to starvation?

- A. FCFS
- **B. Shortest Job First**
- C. Round Robin
- D. None of the above
- E. All of the above





Q.4 Which of the following statement is true in an IPC?

- A. under shared memory model processes can communicates directly with each other.
- B. any process can sends signal to an OS.
- C. by using pipe() system call processes can send as well as receive message.
- D. by using pipe command only related processes communicates.



Q.5 Critical Section Problem can be resolved by using

- A. Binary Semaphore
- **B. Mutex Object**
- C. Classic Semaphore
- D. Both A & B
- E. None of the above





Q.6 Which of the following signal an OS send to a process for forceful

termination?

- A. SIGTERM
- **B. SIGEND**
- C. SIGSTOP
- D. SIGKILL





Q.7 Processes which shares data with another processes referred as

- A. related processes
- B. co-operative processes
- C. independent processes
- D. all of the above
- E. none of the above





Q.8 What is/are necessary and sufficient condition/s to occur deadlock.

A. resource can be allocated for any one process at a time

B. control of any resource cannot be taken away forcefully from a process

C. each process is holding one resource and requesting for a resource which is

held by another process.

D. circular wait

E. all of the above





Q.9 To recover system from deadlock, process which gets terminated is

referred as a

- A. terminated process
- B. target process
- C. victim process
- D. all of the above





Q.10

Banker's algorithm is used for _____.

- A. deadlock prevention
- B. deadlock recovery
- C. deadlock deadlock & avoidance
- D. all of the above





Q.11 System calls are nothing but

- A. Kernel functions
- **B. Software Interrupts**
- C. Interface provided to call services made available
- by the Kernel
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above





Q.12 During Machine Boot, process to check peripherals connectivity is called as

- A. BIOS
- B. POST
- C. Authentication
- D. None of the above





Q.13 Which of the following is not a job of Process Control Subsystem?

- A. Inter Process Communication
- B. Scheduling
- C. Memory Management
- D. Device Management





Q.14 Which of the following system call is used to create a new process in UNIX?

- A. CreateProcess()
- B. fork()
- C. clone()
- D. all of the above
- E. none of the above





Q.15 Which of the following section is not a part of process?

- A. bss section
- B. rodata section
- C. code section
- D. symbol table





Q.16 . In which of the following case preemptive cpu scheduling takes place?

A. running -> terminated

B. running -> waiting

C. waiting -> ready

D. All of the above

E. None of the above





Q.17 Which of the following is a kernel data structure?

- A. PCB
- B. Ready Queue
- C. Job Queue
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above





Q.18 System in which the CPU time gets shared among all running programs is referred as

- A. multi-programming system
- B. multi-tasking system
- C. time sharing system
- D. both multi-tasking as well as time sharing
- E. both multi-programming as well as time sharing
- F. None of the above



Q.19 Which of the following is not a CPU scheduling criteria?

- A. Waiting Time
- B. Response Time
- C. CPU Burst Time
- D. Turn-Around-Time





Q.20 Which of the following statement is not true about scheduling criterias?

- A. CPU utilization must be as max as possible
- B. Waiting Time must be as max as possible
- C. Turn-Around-Time must be as min as possible
- D. Response Time must be as min as possible





Q.21 Computer is a _____ which performs different functions efficiently

and accurately.

- A. hardware
- B. machine
- C. digital device
- D. all of the above





Q.22 Which of the following is not a hardware?

- A. Processor
- B. Keyboard
- C. Device Driver
- D. Magnetic Disk
- E. None of the above





Q.23 An OS is a _____

- A. system software
- B. resource manager
- C. resource allocator
- D. all of the above





Q.24 What are the functions of computer?

- A. data storage
- B. data processing
- C. data movement
- D. control
- E. all of the above





Q.25 Which of the following is a system program?

- A. compiler
- B. linker
- C. loader
- D. assembler
- E. all of the above
- F. none of the above





Q.26 _____ converts high level programming language code into a low level programming language code.

- A. An assembler
- B. Compiler
- C. Preprocessor
- D. Linker





Q.27 Output of the linker is ______

- A. an object code
- B. an executable code
- C. an intermediate code
- D. an assembly language code





Q.28 Which of the following program provides graphical user interface in Windows Operating System?

- A. cmd.exe
- B. explorer.exe
- C. command.com
- D. all of the above
- E. none of the above





Q.29 Which of the following program is a system program?

- A. Interrupt Handler
- **B. Device Driver**
- C. Loader
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above



