

## **ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

## **KEY FEATURES:-**

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## DC transients

Transients present in any circuit due to change in source magnitude or load elements.

and it Contains energy storing elements.

Energy storing Element > Inductor > map form

Capacitor > Electrostatic form.

In Pure resistive circuit + Transjents are not present.

Any energy storing element must present in circuit

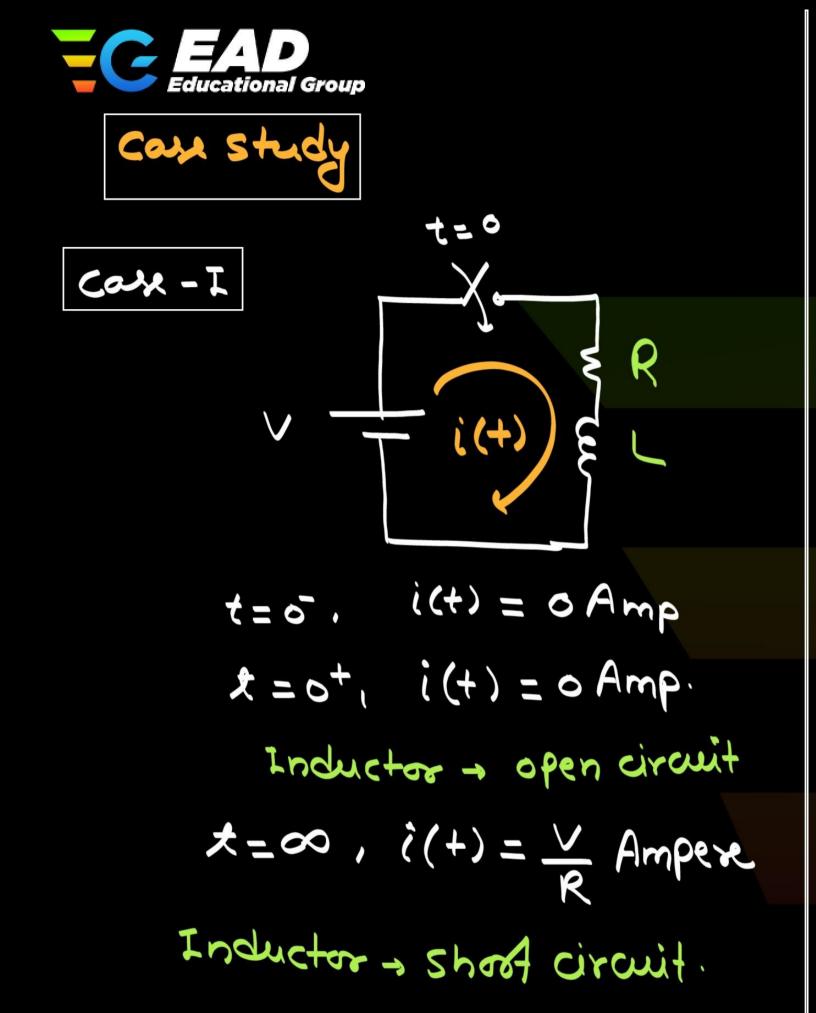
t=0 + time Gunting

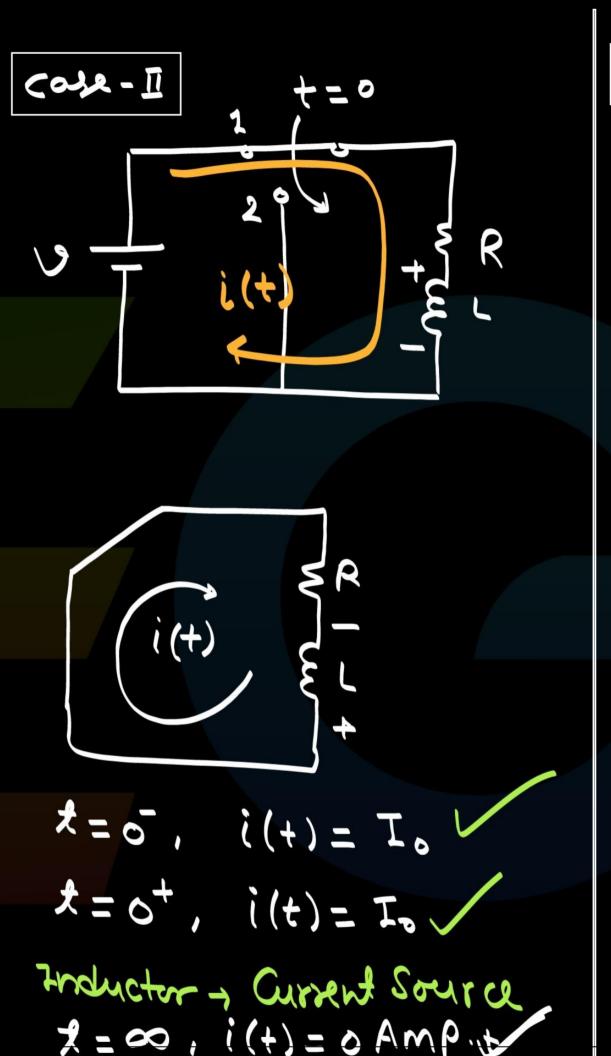
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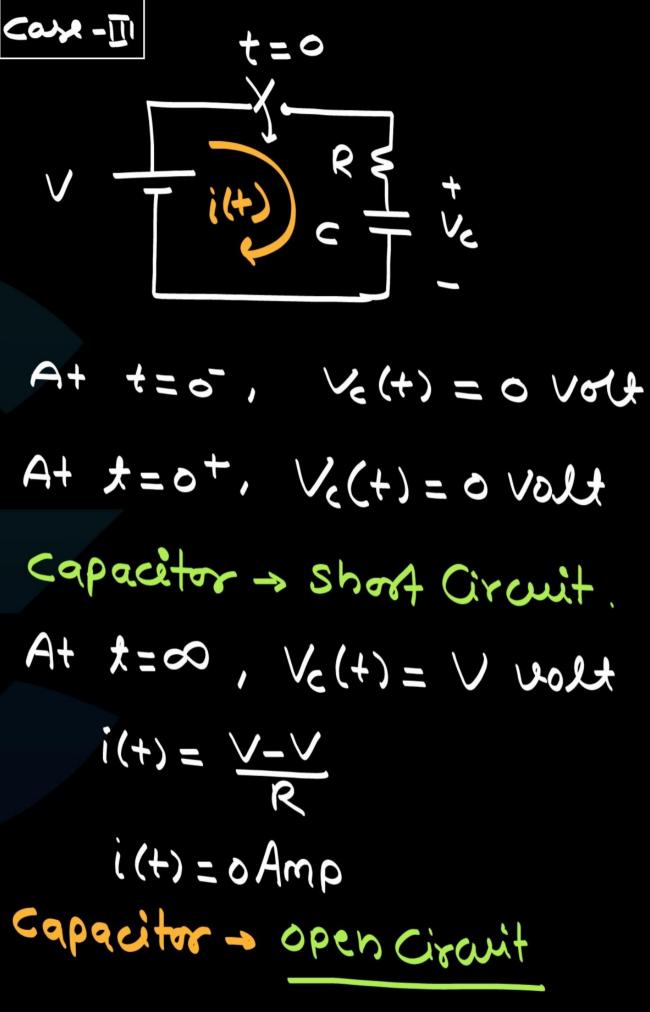
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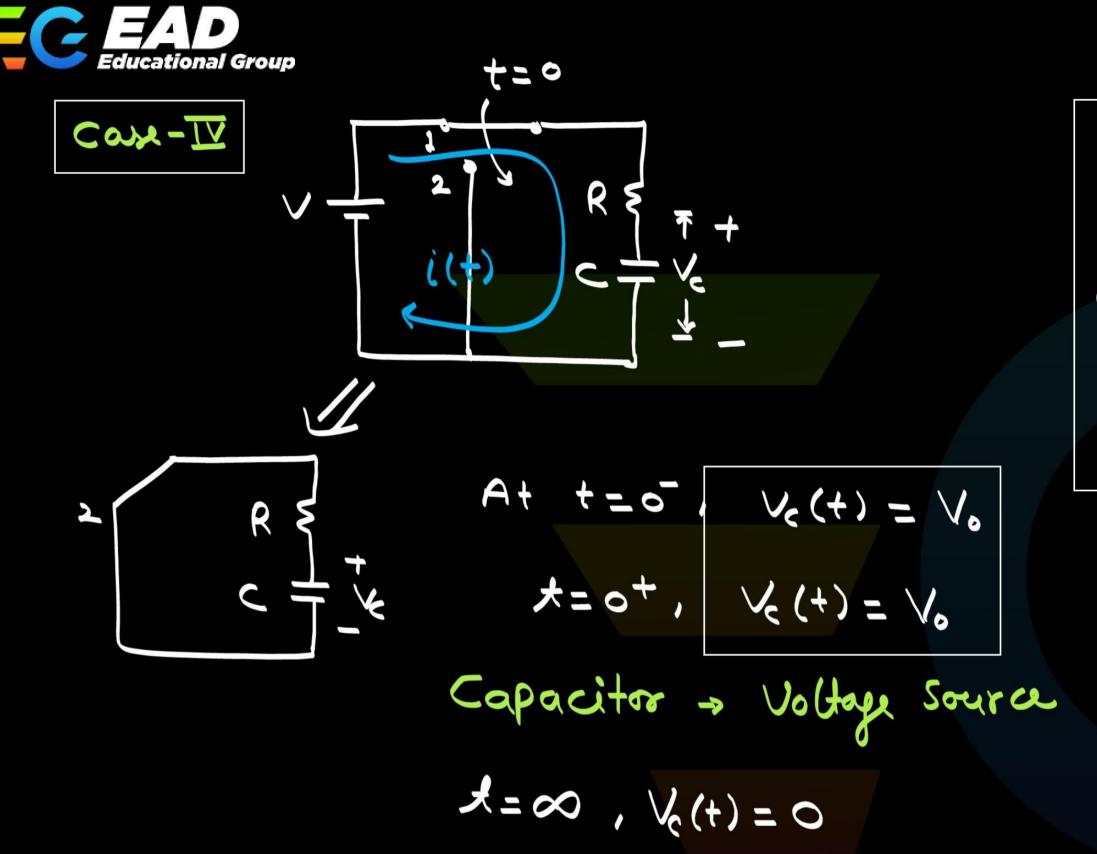








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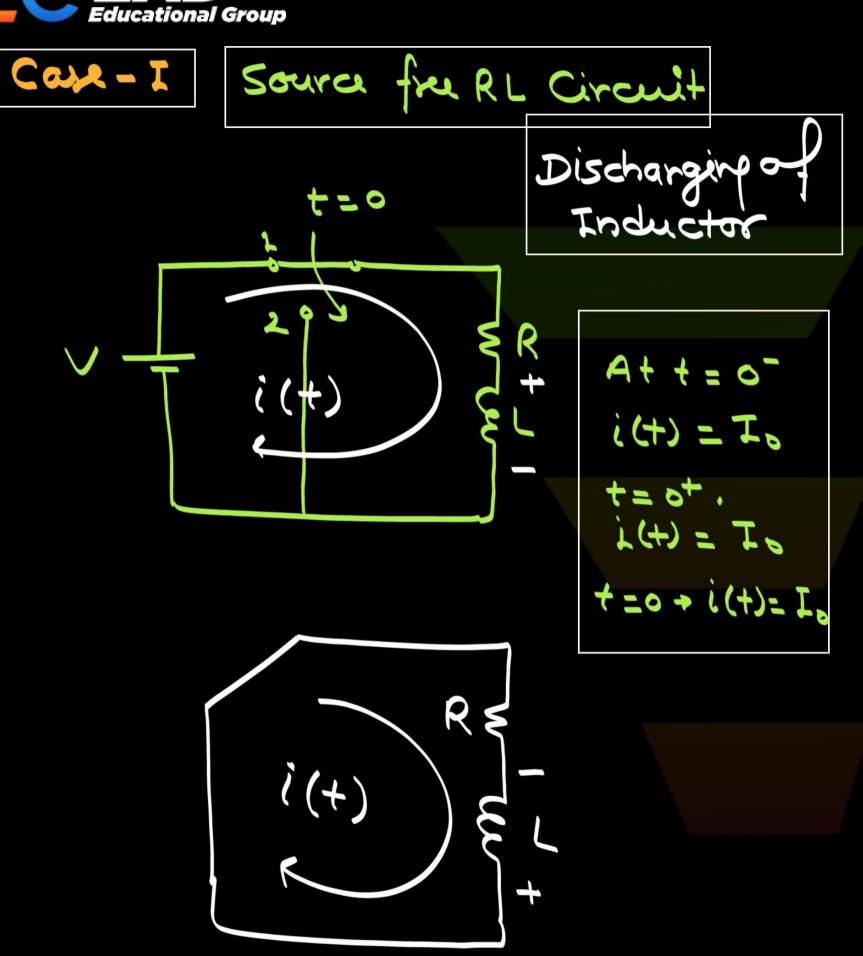


Inductor - do not accept change in current.

Capacitor - do not accept change in voltage.

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Apply KVL +

R. 
$$i(t) + L \cdot \frac{di(t)}{dt} = 0$$

R.  $i(t) = -L \cdot \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ 

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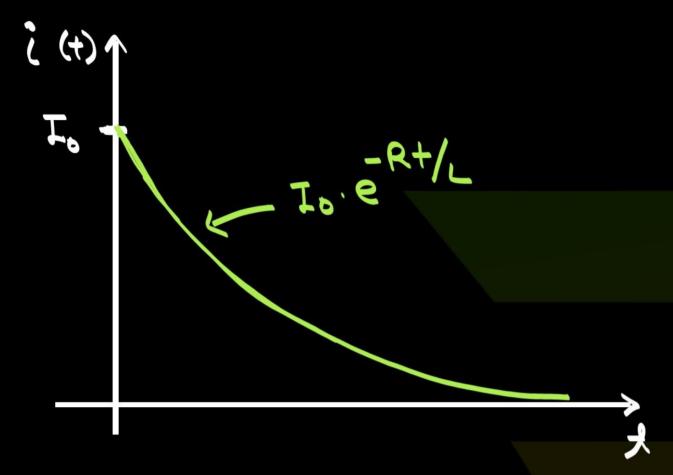
L.  $i(t) = \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ 

To  $i(t) = \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ 
 $i(t) = \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ 
 $i(t) = \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ 

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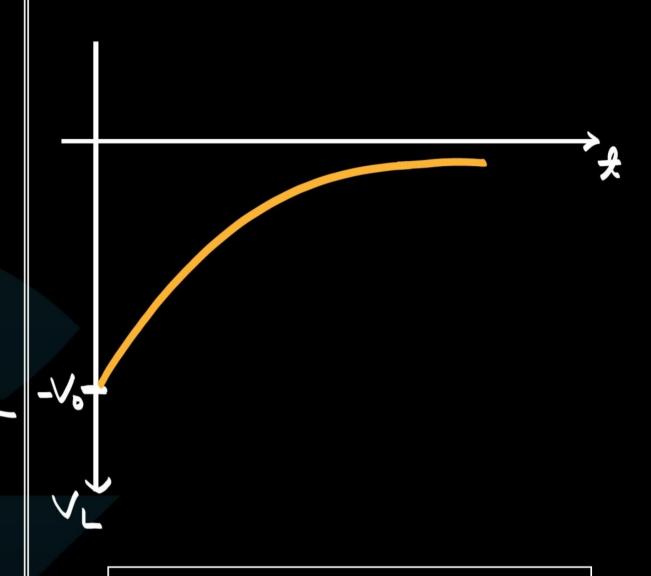
(+) i pol





$$i(t) = I_0 \cdot e^{Rt/L}$$
At  $t = 0$ ,  $\rightarrow i(t) = I_0$ 
At  $t = \infty$ ,  $\rightarrow i(t) = 0$ 

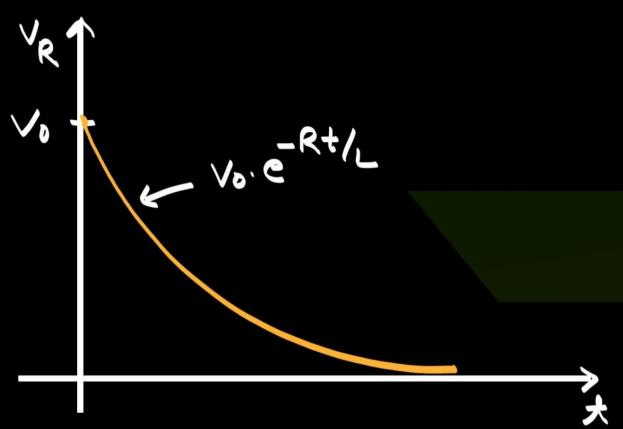
voltage across inductor -



VR = Vo. e-R+/L

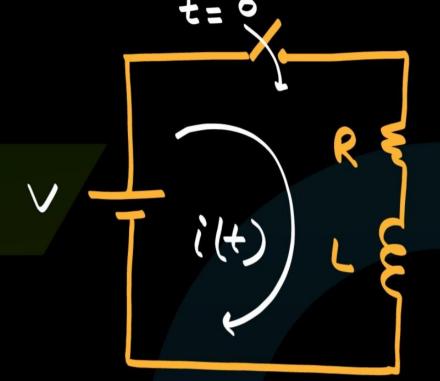
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Charging



Devide above eph with L.

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$$i(+) = \frac{\vee}{R} - i(-1)$$

$$0 = (+)i$$
,  $0 = +$ 

$$O - \frac{\vee}{R} = A$$

i(a) = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{R}}{R}$$

$$(co)_{1}-(+0)_{1}=A$$

$$50 ,$$

$$i(+) = \left[i(0+) - i(\infty)\right] e^{-\frac{R+}{L}} + \frac{\vee}{R}$$

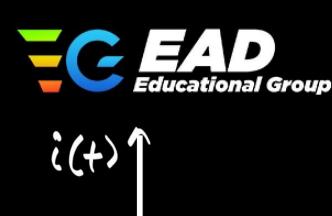
$$i(+) = \left(i(o^{+}) - i(o^{\circ})\right) = \frac{R+}{L} + i(o^{\circ})$$

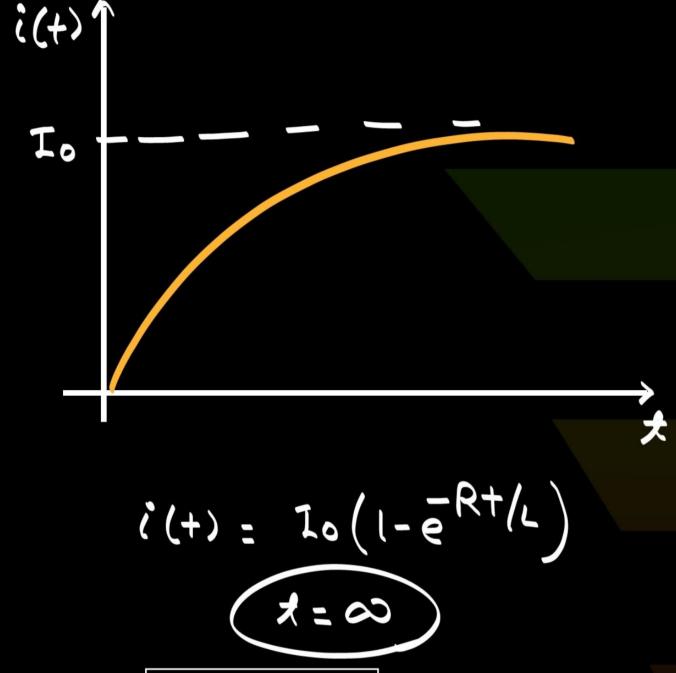
$$i(+) = \left(0 - \frac{V}{R}\right)e^{-R+L} + \frac{V}{R}$$

Let 
$$I_0 = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$i(t) = I_o(i-e^{Rt/L})$$

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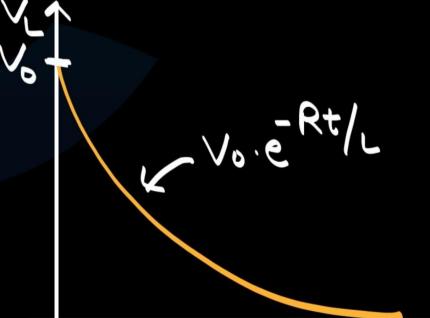




voltage across Revistor



voltage across inductor



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i(+) = Io