Q-Write a program to implement Optimal page replacement algorithm.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int search(int key, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied)
for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++)
if \ (frame\_items[i] == key
return 1;
return 0;
void printOuterStructure(int max_frames)
printf("Stream ");
for (int i = 0; i < max\_frames; i++)
printf("Frame%d ", i + 1);
void printCurrFrames(int item, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied, int max_frames)
printf("\n\%d\t\t", item);
for (int i = 0; i < max\_frames; i++)
if (i < frame_occupied)
printf("%d \t\t", frame_items[i]);
else
printf("-\t\t");
int predict(int ref_str[], int frame_items[], int refStrLen, int index, int frame_occupied)
int result = -1, farthest = index;
for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++)
```

```
int j;
for (j = index; j < refStrLen; j++)
    {
if (frame\_items[i] == ref\_str[j])
       {
if (j > farthest)
         {
farthest = j;
result = i;
       }
break;
     }
if \ (j == refStrLen) \\
return i;
return (result == -1) ? 0 : result;
void optimalPage(int ref_str[], int refStrLen, int frame_items[], int max_frames)
int frame_occupied = 0;
printOuterStructure(max_frames);
int hits = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < refStrLen; i++)
if (search(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied))
hits++;
printCurrFrames(ref\_str[i], frame\_items, frame\_occupied, max\_frames);
continue;
if \ (frame\_occupied < max\_frames)
       frame\_items[frame\_occupied] = ref\_str[i];
```

```
frame_occupied++;
printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
else
int pos = predict(ref_str, frame_items, refStrLen, i + 1, frame_occupied);
       frame_items[pos] = ref_str[i];
printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
  }
printf("\n\nHits: %d\n", hits);
printf("Misses: %d", refStrLen - hits);
int main()
int\ ref\_str[] = \{7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1\};
int refStrLen = sizeof(ref_str) / sizeof(ref_str[0]);
int max\_frames = 3;
int frame_items[max_frames];
optimalPage(ref_str, refStrLen, frame_items, max_frames);
return 0;
```

O-Write a program to implement Least Recently Used (LRU) page replacement algorithm.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <list>

using namespace std;

class LRUCache {
  public:
  LRUCache(int capacity) : _capacity(capacity) {}
```

```
int get(int key) {
auto it = _cache.find(key);
if (it == _cache.end()) return -1;
    // Move accessed page to the front of the list
     _lru.splice(_lru.begin(), _lru, it->second);
return it->second->second;
  }
void put(int key, int value) {
auto it = _cache.find(key);
if (it != _cache.end()) {
       // Update the value and move the page to the front of the list
it->second->second = value;
       _lru.splice(_lru.begin(), _lru, it->second);
return;
if (\_cache.size() >= \_capacity) \{
       // Remove the least recently used page from the cache
int lruKey = _lru.back().first;
       _cache.erase(lruKey);
       _lru.pop_back();
     }
    // Add the new page to the cache and the front of the list
     _lru.emplace_front(key, value);
     _cache[key] = _lru.begin();
private:
int _capacity;
list<pair<int, int>> _lru; // List to keep track of the access order
```

```
unordered_map<int, list<pair<int, int>>::iterator> _cache; // Map to quickly look up a page };

int main() {
    LRUCache cache(2);

cache.put(1, 1);
    cache.put(2, 2);
    cout<< cache.get(1) << endl; // Returns 1
    cache.put(3, 3); // Evicts key 2

cout<< cache.get(2) << endl; // Returns -1 (not found)

cache.put(4, 4); // Evicts key 1

cout<< cache.get(1) << endl; // Returns -1 (not found)

cout<< cache.get(3) << endl; // Returns 3

cout<< cache.get(3) << endl; // Returns 4

return 0;
```

Q-Write a program to implement First In First Out (FIFO) page replacement algorithm.

```
// C++ implementation of FIFO page replacement
// in Operating Systems.
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// Function to find page faults using FIFO
int pageFaults(int pages[], int n, int capacity)
           // To represent set of current pages. We use
           // an unordered_set so that we quickly check
           // if a page is present in set or not
           unordered_set<int> s;
           // To store the pages in FIFO manner
           queue<int> indexes;
           // Start from initial page
           int page faults = 0;
           for (int i=0; i< n; i++)
           {
                      // Check if the set can hold more pages
                      if (s.size() < capacity)
                                  // Insert it into set if not present
                                  // already which represents page fault
                                  if (s.find(pages[i])==s.end())
                                             // Insert the current page into the set
```

```
s.insert(pages[i]);
                                              // increment page fault
                                               page_faults++;
                                               // Push the current page into the queue
                                               indexes.push(pages[i]);
                                   }
                       // If the set is full then need to perform FIFO
                       // i.e. remove the first page of the queue from
                       // set and queue both and insert the current page
                                   // Check if current page is not already
                                   // present in the set
                                   if (s.find(pages[i]) == s.end())
                                              // Store the first page in the
                                              // queue to be used to find and
                                               // erase the page from the set
                                              int val = indexes.front();
                                              // Pop the first page from the queue
                                              indexes.pop();
                                              // Remove the indexes page from the set
                                               s.erase(val);
                                              // insert the current page in the set
                                              s.insert(pages[i]);
                                              // push the current page into
                                              // the queue
                                               indexes.push(pages[i]);
                                              // Increment page faults
                                               page_faults++;
                                   }
           }
           return page_faults;
// Driver code
int main()
           int\ pages[\,] = \{7,\,0,\,1,\,2,\,0,\,3,\,0,\,4,\,
                                              2, 3, 0, 3, 2};
           int n = sizeof(pages)/sizeof(pages[0]);
           int capacity = 4;
           cout << pageFaults(pages, n, capacity);
return0;
```