## Q-Write a program to implement Dekker's algorithm using Semaphore.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <pthread.h>
using namespace std;
#define N 2 // Number of processes
bool flag[N] = {false, false}; // Flags for each process
int turn = 0; // Turn variable
pthread_mutex_t lock; // Mutex for critical section
sem\_t \ sem[N]; // \ Semaphores \ for each process
void* process(void* arg) {
  int id = *((int*)arg);
  int other = 1 - id;
     for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
     // Entry section
     flag[id] = true;
     while (flag[other]) {
       if (turn != id) {
          flag[id] = false;
          while (turn != id) \{ \} // Wait
          flag[id] = true;
     }
     // Critical section
     pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
     cout << "Process " << id << " is in critical section" << endl;
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
      // Exit section
     turn = other;
     flag[id] = false;
```

```
return nullptr;
int main() {
  pthread_t threads[N];
  int ids[N] = \{0, 1\};
  pthread_mutex_init(&lock, NULL);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
     sem_init(&sem[i], 0, 0);
  }
for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
     pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, process, &ids[i]);
for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
     pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
 pthread_mutex_destroy(&lock);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
     sem_destroy(&sem[i]);
  }
 return 0;
```

## Q-Write a program to implement Reader and Writer Problem using Semaphore..

```
#include <iostream>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
using namespace std;
// Data shared between readers and writers
int data = 0;
int readers_count = 0;
// Semaphores
```

```
sem_t mutex, wrt;
void* reader(void* arg) {
  int id = *((int*)arg);
while (true) {
     sem_wait(&mutex); // Lock mutex to protect readers_count
     readers_count++;
    if(readers\_count == 1) {
       sem_wait(&wrt); // Lock wrt to block writers
     sem_post(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
    // Read data
    cout << "Reader" << id << " reads: " << data << endl; \\
     sem_wait(&mutex); // Lock mutex to protect readers_count
     readers_count--;
     if (readers_count == 0) {
       sem_post(&wrt); // Unlock wrt to allow writers
  sem_post(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
   // Sleep for a random time
    usleep(rand() % 1000000);
return NULL;
void* writer(void* arg) {
  int id = *((int*)arg);
while (true) {
     sem_wait(&wrt); // Lock wrt to ensure mutual exclusion between writers
     data++; // Write to data
     cout << "Writer " << id << " writes: " << data << endl;
     sem_post(&wrt); // Unlock wrt
    // Sleep for a random time
```

```
usleep(rand() % 1000000);
  return NULL;
int main() {
  const int NUM_READERS = 3;
  const int NUM_WRITERS = 2;
pthread\_t\ reader\_threads[NUM\_READERS],\ writer\_threads[NUM\_WRITERS];
  int reader_ids[NUM_READERS], writer_ids[NUM_WRITERS];
// Initialize semaphores
  sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
  sem_init(&wrt, 0, 1);
// Create reader threads
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM\_READERS; ++i) {
    reader_ids[i] = i + 1;
    pthread\_create(\&reader\_threads[i], NULL, reader, \&reader\_ids[i]);\\
  // Create writer threads
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_WRITERS; ++i) {
    writer_ids[i] = i + 1;
    pthread_create(&writer_threads[i], NULL, writer, &writer_ids[i]);
  // Join reader threads
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM\_READERS; ++i) {
    pthread_join(reader_threads[i], NULL);
  // Join writer threads
  for (int i=0;\, i < NUM\_WRITERS;\, ++i) {
    pthread\_join(writer\_threads[i], NULL);\\
```

```
// Destroy semaphores
sem_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&wrt);
return 0;
}
```