SCHOOL OF CO	OMPUTER SCIENCE A	ND ARTIFICIAL	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING	
ProgramName: <mark>B. Tech</mark>		Assignment Type: Lab Acade		AcademicYear:2025-2026
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CourseCode	24CS002PC215	CourseTitle	AI Assisted Cod	ing
Year/Sem	II/I	Regulation	R24	
Date and Day of Assignment	Week1 - Tuesday	Time(s)		
Duration	2 Hours	Applicableto Batches	24CSBTB01 To	24CSBTB39
AssignmentNu	mber: <mark>1.2(Present ass</mark>	 <mark>.ignment numbe</mark>	 er)/ <b>24</b> (Total numbe	e <mark>r of assignments)</mark>
Q.No. Qu	uestion			Expected
				me
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Lab 1: Environment Setup – GitHub Copilot and VS Code Integration

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Lab Objectives:

• To install and configure GitHub Copilot in Visual Studio Code.

• To explore AI-assisted code generation using GitHub Copilot.

complete

Week1 -

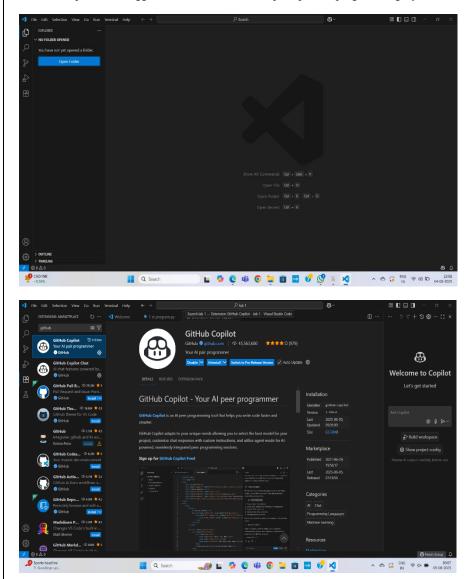
wednesday

- To analyze the accuracy and effectiveness of Copilot's code suggestions.
- To understand prompt-based programming using comments and code context

## Lab Outcomes (LOs):

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Set up GitHub Copilot in VS Code successfully.
- Use inline comments and context to generate code with Copilot.
- Evaluate AI-generated code for correctness and readability.
- Compare code suggestions based on different prompts and programming styles.



## Task Description#1

• Write a comment: # Function to check if a string is a valid palindrome (ignoring spaces and case) and allow Copilot to complete it.

# Expected Output#1

• A function that correctly returns True for phrases like "A man a plan a canal Panama"

```
# alternative implementation
def is_palindrome_alt(s: str) -> bool:
    left, right = 0, len(s) - 1
    while left < right:
        while left < right and not s[left].isalnum():
        left += 1
        while left < right and not s[right].isalnum():
            right -= 1
        if s[left].lower() != s[right].lower():
            return False
        left += 1
        right -= 1
        return True

# Example usage
test_str2 = "A man a plan a canal Panama"
print(is_palindrome_alt(test_str2)) # Output: True</pre>
```

# Output:

PS C:\Users\Ansika\OneOrive\Desktop\AI assisted> & C:\Users\Ansika\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:\Users\Ansika\OneOrive\Desktop\AI assisted\lab 2\palindrome\_checker.py"
True

## Task Description#2

• Generate a Python function that returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms. Prompt with only a function header and docstring

#### **Expected Output#2**

• AI completes the function logic using loop or recursion with accurate output

```
#fibonacci sequance up to n terms

def fibonacci_sequence(n):
    sequence = []
    a, b = 0, 1
    for _ in range(n):
        sequence.append(a)
        a, b = b, a + b
    return sequence

# Example usage:
if __name__ == "__main__":
    n = int(input("Enter number of terms: "))
    print("loops: ",fibonacci_sequence(n))
```

```
# alternative implementation using recursion
def fibonacci_recursive(n, a=0, b=1, sequence=None):
    if sequence is None:
        sequence = []
    if n == 0:
        return sequence
        sequence.append(a)
        return fibonacci_recursive(n - 1, b, a + b, sequence)
n = int(input("Enter number of terms: "))
print("recursion: ",fibonacci_recursive(n))
```

# Output:

```
Enter number of terms: 6 loops: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5]
```

# Task Description#3

• Write a comment like # Function to reverse a string and use Copilot to generate the function.

# Expected Output#3

• Auto-completed reverse function

```
# Function to reverse a string
def reverse_string(s):
    """

This function takes a string 's' as input and returns the reversed string.
    """

# Use slicing to reverse the string
return s[::-1]

# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    input_str = "Hello, World!"
    reversed_str = reverse_string(input_str)
    print("Original string:", input_str)
    print("Reversed string:", reversed_str)
```

```
# Alternative implementation using recursion

def reverse_string_recursive(s):
    """

    This function takes a string 's' as input and returns the reversed string using recursion.
    """

    if len(s) == 0:
        return s
    else:
        return s[-1] + reverse_string_recursive(s[:-1])

# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    input_str = "Hello, World!"
    reversed_str = reverse_string(input_str)
    print("Original string:", input_str)
    print("Reversed string:", reversed_str)
```

## Output:

```
Original string: Hello, World!
Reversed string: !dlroW ,olleH
```

## Task Description#4

• Generate a program that simulates a basic calculator (add, subtract, multiply, divide). Write the comment: # Simple calculator with 4 operations and let AI complete it.

## **Expected Output#4**

• Fully working calculator with input/output and operator selection logic

```
def add(x, y):
           return x + y
       def subtract(x, y):
       def multiply(x, y):
           return x * y
       def divide(x, y):
           if y == 0:
               return "Error: Division by zero"
           return x / y
       def main():
           print("Simple Calculator")
           print("Select operation:")
           print("1. Add")
           print("2. Subtract")
           print("3. Multiply")
           print("4. Divide")
           choice = input("Enter choice (1/2/3/4): ")
           if choice in ('1', '2', '3', '4'):
               try:
                   num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
                   num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
               except ValueError:
                   print("Invalid input. Please enter numbers.")
                   return
               if choice == '1':
                   print("Result:", add(num1, num2))
               elif choice == '2':
                   print("Result:", subtract(num1, num2))
               elif choice == '3':
                   print("Result:", multiply(num1, num2))
               elif choice == '4':
                   print("Result:", divide(num1, num2))
               print("Invalid choice.")
       if __name_
  45
           main()
Output:
```

```
Simple Calculator
Select operation:
1. Add
2. Subtract
3. Multiply
4. Divide
Enter choice (1/2/3/4): 3
Enter first number: 12
Enter second number: 3
Result: 36.0
```

#### Task Description#5

 Use a comment to instruct AI to write a function that reads a file and returns the number of lines..

#### **Expected Output#5**

• Functional implementation using open() or with open() and readlines()

```
#write a code use function that reads a file and returns the number of the lines in the file

def read_file(file_path):
    try:

with open('Why story matters.txt', 'r') as file:

lines = file.readlines()
    return len(lines)

except FileNotFoundError:

print(f"The file at {file_path} was not found.")

return 0

except Exception as e:

print(f"An error occurred: {e}")

return 0

print(read_file('Why story matters.txt')) # Example usage, replace 'who.txt' with your file path
```

# **Output:**

```
PS C:\Users\Ansika\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted> & C:\Users\Ansika\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:\Users\Ansika\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted\lab 2\file reader.py"

8
```

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots

#### Evaluation Criteria:

Criteria	Max Marks
Task #1	0.5
Task #2	0.5
Task #3	0.5
Task #4	0.5
Task #5	0.5
Total	2.5 Marks