USB KEY BUILDING FOR CHIPSEC AND SE-CUREBOOT CHECKS v0.1 (04/2019)

A Help to build your own ChipSec and SecureBoot USB keys

Final USB keys

- USB KEY 1 : live Debian distribution to launch ChipSec from the computer to analyze
- USB KEY 2: contains SecureBoot keys to import, tool to import your own trust keys and to check importation

Linux Tools to install before generate USB keys

 \sim sudo apt-get install debootstrap sudo apt-get install sb
signtool sudo apt-get install efitools \sim

Tool to build the usb keys: create-keys.sh

Before launching

- define "mount_point" variable (path to mount point) into "create-shell.sh" file
- ensure that path "mount_point" is empty and available

Build USB KEY 1

Plug a new usb key (attached on /dev/sdc in this case). \sim ./create-keys.sh /dev/sdc - \sim Unplug the usb key.

Build USB KEY 2

Plug a new usb key (attached on /dev/sdc in this case). \sim ./create-keys.sh - /dev/sdc \sim Unplug the usb key.

Boot on keys

- Plug one of keys, start the computer.
- For USB KEY 1: boot on usb key, start linux live and from root terminal, launch ChipSec with "chipsec_main.py".

• For USB KEY 2:

- boot on usb key and launch EFI binaries from EFI shell (Shell.efi is automatically started). OR
- interrupt the normal boot to select a shell EFI from Boot Configuration and launch EFI binaries from EFI shell.
- launching of binaries from EFI shell :
 - * Before to launch the binaries, it is imperative to identify the usb key letter storing the binaries with commmands "fs0" or "fs1" or fsX \dots then "dir"
 - * After disabling of SecureBoot and enabling of Setup Mode (with BIOS options): launch "KeyTool.efi" to import trust keys.
 - * After re-enabling of SecureBoot and disabling of Setupe Mode (with BIOS options): launch "HelloWorld.efi" (signed with imported Trust Keys) to check the good importation of trust keys.